

Thesis Script

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This document contains the codes and results obtained by Maria Laura Mahecha Escobar in her master thesis at Lund university.

The research question we are aiming to answer is: Does the migratory behaviour of birds that breed either polar or subpolar varies with changes in daylength? We are considering migratory behavior as three different factors: night activity, orientation and fueling.

```
setwd("E:/Users/mlmah/OneDrive/Documentos/MLME/Maestria/Animal Ecology 2022-2024/Tesis/Dat
```

For running this script you need the following packages installed in your workspace:

```
library(knitr)
library(circular)
library(ggplot2)
library(rmarkdown)
library(quarto)
library(lmerTest)
library(cowplot)
library(lme4)
library(dplyr)
library(janitor)
library(tvthemes)
library(phytools)
library(bpnreg)
```

```
library(CircStats)
library(RSQLite)
library(data.table)
library(remotes)
```

0.1 Emlen funnel analysis

In this code there are two different codes for handling emlen funnels data. The first one is manually and the second one is using the package circular.

0.1.1 Emlen analysis manual

This code aims to convert Susanne's excel sheet into an R code step by step.

To calculate the mean direction, r value and p value for each emlen funnel experiments we need to know if the distribution is unimodal or axial (bimodal). You can notice this in the paper when you count scratches or using mathematical functions. To know if you have an axial distribution your angles need to be doubled and then compare the values from them with an unimodal distribution.

Final vectors that contain the values for the sin and cos for angle 1 and 2 in the sector and that we are going to use from this part of the code are:

```
@sen24sector_1
@cos24sector_1
@sen24sector_2
@cos24sector_2
```

In this section we are going to calculate basic trigonometric functions for posterior analysis. From this part we are interested in:

```
@arctan_angle1
@arctan_angle2
```

x and y values for both angles

```
EmlenFunnels_RawData<-read.table("E:\\Users\\mlmah\\OneDrive\\Documentos\\MLME\\Maestria\\
EmlenFunnel<- dplyr::select(EmlenFunnels_RawData, c("Ring","S1","S2","S3","S4","S5","S6","

sectors<-as.data.frame(dplyr::select(EmlenFunnels_RawData, c("S1","S2","S3","S4","S5","S6"

##angle 1##
senSectors_angle1<-mapply("*,as.data.frame(sectors),sen24sector_1) #Multiplies each column
```

```

senData_angle1<-rowSums(senSectors_angle1) #It sums each column and creates a vector with
y_angle1<-senData_angle1/EmlenFunnel$TotalScratches #Calculates the y value for angle 1

cosSectors_angle1<-mapply("*",as.data.frame(sectors),cos24sector_1) #Multiplies each column
cosData_angle1<-rowSums(cosSectors_angle1) #It sums each column and creates a vector with
x_angle1<-cosData_angle1/EmlenFunnel$TotalScratches #Calculates the x value for angle 1

tan_angle1<-(y_angle1/x_angle1) #Calculates the tangent for angle 1
arctan_angle1<-atan2(y_angle1,x_angle1)*(180/pi) #Calculates the arctan for angle 1
pre_dir_1<-ifelse(arctan_angle1<0, arctan_angle1+360, arctan_angle1) #Calculates the direction

##angle2##
senSectors_angle2<-mapply("*",as.data.frame(sectors),sen24sector_2) #Multiplies each column
senData_angle2<-rowSums(senSectors_angle2) #It sums each column and creates a vector with
y_angle2<-senData_angle2/EmlenFunnel$TotalScratches #Calculates the y value for angle 2

cosSectors_angle2<-mapply("*",as.data.frame(sectors),cos24sector_2) #Multiplies each column
cosData_angle2<-rowSums(cosSectors_angle2) #It sums each column and creates a vector with
x_angle2<-cosData_angle2/EmlenFunnel$TotalScratches #Calculates the x value for angle 2

tan_angle2<-(y_angle2/x_angle2) #Calculates the tangent for angle 2
arctan_angle2<-atan2(y_angle2,x_angle2)*(180/pi) #Calculates the arctan for angle 2
pre_dir_2<-ifelse(arctan_angle2<0, arctan_angle2+360, arctan_angle2) #Calculates the direction
pre_dir_2a<-pre_dir_2/2 #Calculates the first direction of a bimodal distribution
pre_dir_2b<-pre_dir_2a+180 #Calculates the second direction of a bimodal distribution

```

In this section we are going to handling with axial data. Axial data returns two different values for direction and we need to choose only one for it. In this case, the way of doing so is selecting the angle that has most of the scratches. You can do this manually and modifying your database or you can use the code below. This code searches for the values in the original database and compares which one is higher. Then writes the obtained direction from it.

```

#To know the nearest value and find the direction in axial data

###2a###
# Create a vector to store the closest positions for direction 2a
closest_positions_2a <- numeric(length(pre_dir_2a))
for (i in 1:length(pre_dir_2a)) {# Calculate the distance to each value in sectorAngle_1_deg
  distances_2a <- abs(pre_dir_2a[i] - sectorAngle_1_deg)# Find the position of the closest
  closest_positions_2a[i] <- which.min(distances_2a)
}

```

```

#print(closest_positions_2a) #prints the position of the closest value for the angle given
closest_positions_2a <-as.vector(paste("S", closest_positions_2a, sep="")) #Put an "S" bef

###2b###
# Create a vector to store the closest positions for direction 2b
closest_positions_2b <- numeric(length(pre_dir_2b))
for (i in 1:length(pre_dir_2b)) {# Calculate the distance to each value in sectorAngel_1_d
  distances_2b <- abs(pre_dir_2b[i] - sectorAngle_1_deg)# Find the position of the closest
  closest_positions_2b[i] <- which.min(distances_2b)
}
#print(closest_positions_2b) #prints the position of the closest value for the angle given
closest_positions_2b<-as.vector(paste("S", closest_positions_2b, sep="")) #Put an "S" befo

#To extract number of scratches and compare
  #For direction_2a
scratches_2a <- vector() #create an empty vector of unknown dimensions
for (i in seq_along(closest_positions_2a)) { #For a sequence of data in the vector
  scratches_2a <- c(scratches_2a, EmlenFunnel[i, closest_positions_2a[i]]) #match the name
}
#scratches_2a

  #For direction_2b
scratches_2b <- vector() #create an empty vector of unknown dimensions
for (i in seq_along(closest_positions_2b)) { #For a sequence of data in the vector
  scratches_2b <- c(scratches_2b, EmlenFunnel[i, closest_positions_2b[i]]) #match the name
}
#scratches_2b

bimodal_dir<-ifelse(scratches_2a<scratches_2b,pre_dir_2b, pre_dir_2a) #If the number of sc

```

In this section we will calculate the mean length of the vectors (r) and the overall direction of the individual (@directionEmlen)

```

r_value_1<-sqrt(((x_angle1)^2)+((y_angle1)^2)) #Calculates the r value for angle 1
r_value_2<-sqrt(((x_angle2)^2)+((y_angle2)^2)) #calculates the r value for both angles in
rvalue<-ifelse(r_value_1>r_value_2, r_value_1, r_value_2)
#rvalue

directionEmlen<- ifelse(r_value_1>r_value_2,pre_dir_1, bimodal_dir) #compares r values and
directionEmlen<- as.circular(directionEmlen, units='degrees', template='geographics', modu

```

```

pvalue_1_uniformity<-(exp(-(EmlenFunnel$TotalScratches)*((r_value_1)^2)))
pvalue_2_uniformity<-(exp(-(EmlenFunnel$TotalScratches)*((r_value_2)^2)))
pvalue_uniformity<-ifelse(r_value_1>r_value_2, pvalue_1_uniformity,pvalue_2_uniformity)

EmlenFunnels_withDir<-cbind(EmlenFunnels_RawData,directionEmlen,rvalue,pvalue_uniformity)
#EmlenFunnels_withDir

EmlenDir_Capture<-subset(EmlenFunnels_withDir, Treatment=="capture")
EmlenDir_Control<-subset(EmlenFunnels_withDir, Treatment=="control")
EmlenDir_24h<-subset(EmlenFunnels_withDir, Treatment=="treatment")

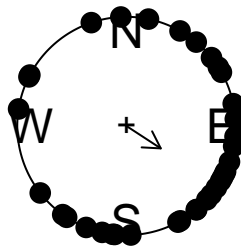
rtest_capture<- rayleigh.test(EmlenDir_Capture$directionEmlen)
rtest_control<- rayleigh.test(EmlenDir_Control$directionEmlen)
rtest_treatment<- rayleigh.test(EmlenDir_24h$directionEmlen)

#circ.plot(directionEmlen, cex=1.5, bin=720, stack=FALSE, shrink=1.3)

plot(EmlenDir_Capture$directionEmlen, cex=1.5, bin=720, stack=FALSE, sep=0.035, shrink=1.3)
arrows.circular(mean.circular(EmlenDir_Capture$directionEmlen), y=rtest_capture$statistic,

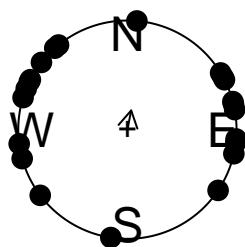
```

Capture day



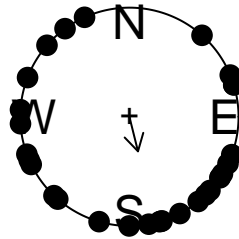
```
plot(EmlenDir_Control$directionEmlen, cex=1.5, bin=720, stack=FALSE, sep=0.035, shrink=1.3,
arrows.circular(mean.circular(EmlenDir_Control$directionEmlen), y=rtest_control$statistic,
```

Control day



```
plot(EmlenDir_24h$directionEmlen, cex=1.5, bin=720, stack=FALSE, sep=0.035, shrink=1.3, ma
arrows.circular(mean.circular(EmlenDir_24h$directionEmlen), y=rtest_treatment$statistic, l
```

24h daylength



```
w.capture<-watson.test(as.circular(EmlenDir_Capture$directionEmlen))  
print(paste("The Watson's test p-value for capture day is", w.capture$statistic))
```

```
[1] "The Watson's test p-value for capture day is 0.275968099535453"
```

```
w.control<-watson.test(EmlenDir_Control$directionEmlen)  
print(paste("The Watson's test p-value for control days is", w.control$statistic))
```

```
[1] "The Watson's test p-value for control days is 0.124882816924962"
```

```
w.treatment<-watson.test(EmlenDir_24h$directionEmlen)  
print(paste("The Watson's test p-value for treatment days is", w.treatment$statistic))
```

```
[1] "The Watson's test p-value for treatment days is 0.19762190591541"
```

In this section we will perform the models we want to test. At the moment bpnme models are not running. I have errors on them. Needs to be solved in the immediate future.

```

EmlenFunnels_withDir$NumericID<-as.factor(EmlenFunnels_withDir$NumericID)
EmlenFunnels_withDir$Treatment<-as.factor(EmlenFunnels_withDir$Treatment)
EmlenFunnels_withDir$DayLength<-as.numeric(EmlenFunnels_withDir$DayLength)
EmlenFunnels_withDir$BreedingDistribution<-as.factor(EmlenFunnels_withDir$BreedingDistribution)
EmlenFunnels_withDir$Rad_Dir<-as.circular(deg2rad(EmlenFunnels_withDir$directionEmlen), type="d")
EmlenFunnels_withDir$DummyTreatment<-ifelse(EmlenFunnels_withDir$Treatment== "control", 0, 1)
EmlenFunnels_withDir$DummyBreed<-ifelse(EmlenFunnels_withDir$BreedingDistribution== "subpopulation", 0, 1)
EmlenFunnels_withDir<-as.data.frame(EmlenFunnels_withDir)

#to interpret the output https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/bpnreg/vignettes/FAQ.html

#pred_orientation_1<-bpnme(Rad_Dir ~ DummyTreatment * DummyBreed + (1|NumericID), EmlenFunnels_withDir)

# pred_orientation_1<-bpnme(Rad_Dir ~ Treatment * BreedingDistribution + (1|NumericID), EmlenFunnels_withDir)
# pred_orientation_2<-bpnme(Rad_Dir ~ DayLength * BreedingDistribution + (1|NumericID), EmlenFunnels_withDir)

```

0.1.2 Using ‘circular’ package

In this section (I need to tidy up the text and the comment son the code), I will perform the same analysis and some other test on the emlen funnel data using ‘circular’ package.

The code needs some tidy as well

```

setwd("E:/Users/mlmah/OneDrive/Documentos/MLME/Maestria/Animal Ecology 2022-2024/Tesis/Data")
#read .csv data file and assign it a name
Emlen_IndData_2<-read.table("E:/Users/mlmah/OneDrive/Documentos/MLME/Maestria/Animal Ecology 2022-2024/Tesis/Data/Emlen_IndData_2.csv")

#check data
names(Emlen_IndData_2) #returns names of the columns

```

[1] "Date"	"Species"	"BreedingDistribution"
[4] "NumericID"	"Treatment"	"Group"
[7] "DayLength"	"StartTime"	"WindDirection"
[10] "WindSpeed"	"X.m.s."	"CloudCover"
[13] "Ring"	"Line"	"S1"
[16] "S2"	"S3"	"S4"
[19] "S5"	"S6"	"S7"
[22] "S8"	"S9"	"S10"
[25] "S11"	"S12"	"S13"
[28] "S14"	"S15"	"S16"
[31] "S17"	"S18"	"S19"


```
[34] "S20"           "S21"           "S22"
[37] "S23"           "S24"           "TotalScratches"
```

```
head(Emlen_IndData_2) #returns first 6 rows
```

	Date	Species	Breeding	Distribution	NumericID	Treatment	Group	DayLength
1	20/04/2023	Robin		Polar	1	capture	local	14:34
2	20/04/2023	Robin		Polar	2	capture	local	14:34
3	20/04/2023	Robin		Polar	3	capture	local	14:34
4	20/04/2023	Robin		Polar	4	capture	local	14:34
5	20/04/2023	Robin		Polar	5	capture	local	14:34
6	26/04/2023	Robin		Polar	5	treatment	total	24:00

	StartTime	WindDirection	WindSpeed	X.m.s.	CloudCover	Ring	Line	S1	S2	S3	S4
1	19:11	NO	46	12,2	1	DK51988	C	16	25	34	70
2	19:11	NO	46	12,2	1	DK52084	C	54	83	46	30
3	19:11	NO	46	12,2	1	DK51990	D	23	30	23	33
4	19:11	NO	46	12,2	1	DK51980	C	70	71	71	86
5	19:11	NO	46	12,2	1	DK52068	C	44	39	63	82
6	19:22	V	267	6,1	2	DK52068	C	76	95	86	87

	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	S10	S11	S12	S13	S14	S15	S16	S17	S18	S19	S20	S21	S22	S23
1	84	82	95	106	111	103	107	115	89	73	41	26	15	20	20	25	29	28	21
2	75	92	82	87	99	80	110	99	113	118	85	33	42	40	21	17	30	29	55
3	26	27	26	42	31	46	40	50	53	42	52	36	44	28	27	25	34	47	77
4	91	102	104	118	107	123	120	125	80	97	94	98	95	96	87	93	81	56	82
5	103	120	119	105	162	171	150	153	137	111	81	70	64	73	63	68	77	75	46
6	93	89	84	96	102	105	98	89	83	87	79	94	99	78	66	78	82	61	60

	S24	TotalScratches
1	15	1350
2	44	1564
3	70	932
4	82	2229
5	51	2227
6	58	2025

```
dim(Emlen_IndData_2) #returns dimensions - rows and columns
```

```
[1] 87 39
```

```
str(Emlen_IndData_2) #compilation of the above
```

```

'data.frame':  87 obs. of  39 variables:
 $ Date           : chr  "20/04/2023" "20/04/2023" "20/04/2023" "20/04/2023" ...
 $ Species        : chr  "Robin" "Robin" "Robin" "Robin" ...
 $ BreedingDistribution: chr  "Polar" "Polar" "Polar" "Polar" ...
 $ NumericID      : int  1 2 3 4 5 5 1 3 4 2 ...
 $ Treatment      : chr  "capture" "capture" "capture" "capture" ...
 $ Group          : chr  "local" "local" "local" "local" ...
 $ DayLength      : chr  "14:34" "14:34" "14:34" "14:34" ...
 $ StartTime      : chr  "19:11" "19:11" "19:11" "19:11" ...
 $ WindDirection  : chr  "NO" "NO" "NO" "NO" ...
 $ WindSpeed      : int  46 46 46 46 267 267 267 267 ...
 $ X.m.s.         : chr  "12,2" "12,2" "12,2" "12,2" ...
 $ CloudCover     : int  1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 ...
 $ Ring           : chr  "DK51988" "DK52084" "DK51990" "DK51980" ...
 $ Line           : chr  "C" "C" "D" "C" ...
 $ S1             : int  16 54 23 70 44 76 43 18 38 26 ...
 $ S2             : int  25 83 30 71 39 95 36 45 55 35 ...
 $ S3             : int  34 46 23 71 63 86 43 52 45 30 ...
 $ S4             : int  70 30 33 86 82 87 50 55 71 50 ...
 $ S5             : int  84 75 26 91 103 93 88 48 90 49 ...
 $ S6             : int  82 92 27 102 120 89 96 55 99 58 ...
 $ S7             : int  95 82 26 104 119 84 94 33 123 69 ...
 $ S8             : int  106 87 42 118 105 96 121 43 127 64 ...
 $ S9             : int  111 99 31 107 162 102 129 43 118 73 ...
 $ S10            : int  103 80 46 123 171 105 115 47 115 82 ...
 $ S11            : int  107 110 40 120 150 98 98 24 103 81 ...
 $ S12            : int  115 99 50 125 153 89 93 26 91 86 ...
 $ S13            : int  89 113 53 80 137 83 89 30 82 72 ...
 $ S14            : int  73 118 42 97 111 87 70 28 83 72 ...
 $ S15            : int  41 85 52 94 81 79 65 10 78 43 ...
 $ S16            : int  26 33 36 98 70 94 11 17 53 53 ...
 $ S17            : int  15 42 44 95 64 99 8 17 48 51 ...
 $ S18            : int  20 40 28 96 73 78 10 25 42 53 ...
 $ S19            : int  20 21 27 87 63 66 37 28 52 50 ...
 $ S20            : int  25 17 25 93 68 78 35 25 34 42 ...
 $ S21            : int  29 30 34 81 77 82 41 32 33 38 ...
 $ S22            : int  28 29 47 56 75 61 31 17 30 34 ...
 $ S23            : int  21 55 77 82 46 60 43 18 41 30 ...
 $ S24            : int  15 44 70 82 51 58 47 22 38 35 ...
 $ TotalScratches : int  1350 1564 932 2229 2227 2025 1493 758 1689 1276 ...

```



```

$ 60      : int  84 75 26 91 103 93 88 48 90 49 ...
$ 75      : int  82 92 27 102 120 89 96 55 99 58 ...
$ 90      : int  95 82 26 104 119 84 94 33 123 69 ...
$ 105     : int 106 87 42 118 105 96 121 43 127 64 ...
$ 120     : int 111 99 31 107 162 102 129 43 118 73 ...
$ 135     : int 103 80 46 123 171 105 115 47 115 82 ...
$ 150     : int 107 110 40 120 150 98 98 24 103 81 ...
$ 165     : int 115 99 50 125 153 89 93 26 91 86 ...
$ 180     : int  89 113 53 80 137 83 89 30 82 72 ...
$ 195     : int  73 118 42 97 111 87 70 28 83 72 ...
$ 210     : int  41 85 52 94 81 79 65 10 78 43 ...
$ 225     : int  26 33 36 98 70 94 11 17 53 53 ...
$ 240     : int  15 42 44 95 64 99 8 17 48 51 ...
$ 255     : int  20 40 28 96 73 78 10 25 42 53 ...
$ 270     : int  20 21 27 87 63 66 37 28 52 50 ...
$ 285     : int  25 17 25 93 68 78 35 25 34 42 ...
$ 300     : int  29 30 34 81 77 82 41 32 33 38 ...
$ 315     : int  28 29 47 56 75 61 31 17 30 34 ...
$ 330     : int  21 55 77 82 46 60 43 18 41 30 ...
$ 345     : int  15 44 70 82 51 58 47 22 38 35 ...
$ TotalScratches : int 1350 1564 932 2229 2227 2025 1493 758 1689 1276 ...

```

```
Emlen_IndData_2 <- Emlen_IndData_2 %>%
```

```

  mutate(Week = case_when(
    between(Date, as.Date("2023-04-20"), as.Date("2023-04-26")) ~ 1,
    between(Date, as.Date("2023-04-28"), as.Date("2023-05-04")) ~ 2,
    between(Date, as.Date("2023-05-08"), as.Date("2023-05-14")) ~ 3,
    between(Date, as.Date("2023-05-16"), as.Date("2023-05-22")) ~ 4,
    between(Date, as.Date("2023-05-25"), as.Date("2023-05-31")) ~ 5,
    TRUE ~ 6 # Defining values for each week with date intervals
  ))

```

```
View(Emlen_IndData_2)
```

```
datalong_EmlenInd_2<-pivot_longer( #makes it a frequency to rep after
```

```

  Emlen_IndData_2,
  cols=c("0","15","30","45","60","75","90","105","120","135","150","165","180","195","210"
  names_to="sector",
  values_to="count")

```

```

uniqueValues_ID<-unique(datalong_EmlenInd_2$Identificator)

results_df <- data.frame(Identificator = uniqueValues_ID, #create an empty dataframe to
                        test_statistic = numeric(length(uniqueValues_ID)),
                        p_value = numeric(length(uniqueValues_ID)),
                        Mean = numeric(length(uniqueValues_ID)),
                        rho= numeric(length(uniqueValues_ID)))

# Loop through unique identifiers
for (i in uniqueValues_ID) {
  subset_data <- subset(datalong_EmlenInd_2, Identificator == i) #subsets data for each id
  IndData <- as.data.frame(as.numeric(unlist(subset_data)))
  IndData <- na.omit(IndData)
  longdata <- as.numeric(rep(subset_data$sector, times = subset_data$count)) #repeats the
  longdata <- deg2rad(longdata) # Convert to radians
  rayleigh_test <- rayleigh.test(longdata) #performs rayleigh test for each entry in the d
  r1 <- rho.circular(longdata, na.rm = FALSE)
  test_statistic <- rayleigh_test$statistic
  p_value <- rayleigh_test$p.value
  MeanDir<- mean.circular(longdata)

  # Convert the mean direction from radians to degrees and correct negative values
  MeanDir_deg <- rad2deg(MeanDir) # Convert to degrees
  if (MeanDir_deg < 0) {
    MeanDir_deg <- 360 + MeanDir_deg # Wrap around negative values
  }

  # Assign results to the correct rows
  row_index <- which(results_df$Identificator == i)
  results_df$rho[row_index] <- r1
  results_df$test_statistic[row_index] <- test_statistic
  results_df$p_value[row_index] <- p_value
  results_df$Mean[row_index]<- MeanDir_deg
}

View(results_df)

mergedEmlen<-merge(results_df, Emlen_IndData_2, by = "Identificator") #merge both dataframes
View(mergedEmlen)

mergedEmlen$Mean<-as.circular(deg2rad(mergedEmlen$Mean))

```

```
mergedEmlen<-filter(mergedEmlen, p_value<0.05)
str(mergedEmlen)
```

```
'data.frame': 72 obs. of 45 variables:
 $ Identificator : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ test_statistic : num 0.432 0.273 0.06 0.106 0.261 ...
 $ p_value : num 3.74e-110 3.23e-51 3.50e-02 1.36e-11 1.51e-66 ...
 $ Mean : 'circular' num 2.17 2.31 4.17 2.62 2.45 ...
 ..- attr(*, "circularp")=List of 6
 .. ..$ type : chr "angles"
 .. ..$ units : chr "radians"
 .. ..$ template: chr "none"
 .. ..$ modulo : chr "asis"
 .. ..$ zero : num 0
 .. ..$ rotation: chr "counter"
 $ rho : num 0.432 0.273 0.06 0.106 0.261 ...
 $ Date : Date, format: "2023-04-20" "2023-04-20" ...
 $ Species : chr "Robin" "Robin" "Robin" "Robin" ...
 $ BreedingDistribution: chr "Polar" "Polar" "Polar" "Polar" ...
 $ NumericID : int 1 2 3 4 5 5 1 3 4 2 ...
 $ Treatment : chr "capture" "capture" "capture" "capture" ...
 $ Group : chr "local" "local" "local" "local" ...
 $ DayLength : chr "14:34" "14:34" "14:34" "14:34" ...
 $ StartTime : chr "19:11" "19:11" "19:11" "19:11" ...
 $ WindDirection : chr "NO" "NO" "NO" "NO" ...
 $ WindSpeed : int 46 46 46 46 46 267 267 267 267 267 ...
 $ X.m.s. : chr "12,2" "12,2" "12,2" "12,2" ...
 $ CloudCover : int 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 ...
 $ Ring : chr "DK51988" "DK52084" "DK51990" "DK51980" ...
 $ Line : chr "C" "C" "D" "C" ...
 $ 0 : int 16 54 23 70 44 76 43 18 38 26 ...
 $ 15 : int 25 83 30 71 39 95 36 45 55 35 ...
 $ 30 : int 34 46 23 71 63 86 43 52 45 30 ...
 $ 45 : int 70 30 33 86 82 87 50 55 71 50 ...
 $ 60 : int 84 75 26 91 103 93 88 48 90 49 ...
 $ 75 : int 82 92 27 102 120 89 96 55 99 58 ...
 $ 90 : int 95 82 26 104 119 84 94 33 123 69 ...
 $ 105 : int 106 87 42 118 105 96 121 43 127 64 ...
 $ 120 : int 111 99 31 107 162 102 129 43 118 73 ...
 $ 135 : int 103 80 46 123 171 105 115 47 115 82 ...
 $ 150 : int 107 110 40 120 150 98 98 24 103 81 ...
 $ 165 : int 115 99 50 125 153 89 93 26 91 86 ...
```

```

$ 180      : int  89 113 53 80 137 83 89 30 82 72 ...
$ 195      : int  73 118 42 97 111 87 70 28 83 72 ...
$ 210      : int  41 85 52 94 81 79 65 10 78 43 ...
$ 225      : int  26 33 36 98 70 94 11 17 53 53 ...
$ 240      : int  15 42 44 95 64 99 8 17 48 51 ...
$ 255      : int  20 40 28 96 73 78 10 25 42 53 ...
$ 270      : int  20 21 27 87 63 66 37 28 52 50 ...
$ 285      : int  25 17 25 93 68 78 35 25 34 42 ...
$ 300      : int  29 30 34 81 77 82 41 32 33 38 ...
$ 315      : int  28 29 47 56 75 61 31 17 30 34 ...
$ 330      : int  21 55 77 82 46 60 43 18 41 30 ...
$ 345      : int  15 44 70 82 51 58 47 22 38 35 ...
$ TotalScratches : int 1350 1564 932 2229 2227 2025 1493 758 1689 1276 ...
$ Week         : num  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

```

```
View(mergedEmlen)
```

```

#To check unique values and how many data points a ring has to perform a paired test
uniqueValues_Ring<-unique(mergedEmlen$Ring)
length(uniqueValues_Ring)

```

```
[1] 37
```

```

occurrences <- mergedEmlen %>% count(Ring) #to see how many times a ring occurs in the data
print(occurrences)

```

```

      Ring n
1 DK51980 2
2 DK51988 2
3 DK51990 2
4 DK51996 2
5 DK52030 1
6 DK52068 2
7 DK52084 2
8 DK52429 1
9 DK52626 1
10 DK52630 2
11 DK52631 2
12 DK52636 2
13 DK52638 2

```

```

14 DK52639 2
15 DK52640 2
16 DK52642 1
17 DK52700 1
18 DK52702 2
19 DK52704 1
20 DK52705 3
21 DK52712 1
22 DK52713 3
23 DK52976 1
24 DK53160 1
25 DK53182 1
26 DK53193 3
27 DK53195 2
28 DK53341 3
29 DK53342 2
30 DK53343 2
31 DK53345 3
32 DK53346 3
33 DK53347 3
34 DK53348 1
35 DK53349 2
36 DK53350 3
37 DK53359 3

```

```

#t0 TESTS
EmlenData_ForTest<- dplyr::select(mergedEmlen, c("Identificator", "test_statistic","p_valu

Emlen_local<-filter(EmlenData_ForTest, Group=="local") #just local
Emlen_local<-Emlen_local %>%
  group_by(Ring) %>%
  summarise(circular_mean = mean.circular(Mean))

Emlen_total<-filter(EmlenData_ForTest, Group=="total") #just 24h treatment

nrow(Emlen_local)

```

```
[1] 34
```

```
nrow(Emlen_total)
```


[1] 25

```
#watson.williams.test FOR ALL THE DATA

Watson_data <- list(
  Emlen_total$Mean <- as.circular(Emlen_total$Mean, units="degrees", template="geographics")
  Emlen_local$circular_mean <- as.circular(Emlen_local$circular_mean, units="degrees", template="geographics")
)
watson.williams.test(Watson_data) #Watson test not paired
```

Watson-Williams test for homogeneity of means

data: 1 and 2
F = 1.7475, df1 = 1, df2 = 57, p-value = 0.1915
sample estimates:
Circular Data:
Type = angles
Units = radians
Template = none
Modulo = asis
Zero = 0
Rotation = counter
mean of 1 mean of 2
3.063224 2.482513

```
#To perform a paired test (Hotelling test)

common_ids <- intersect(Emlen_local$Ring, Emlen_total$Ring)

# Filter dataframes to include only common IDs
Emlen_local_ID <- Emlen_local[Emlen_local$Ring %in% common_ids, ]
Emlen_total_ID <- Emlen_total[Emlen_total$Ring %in% common_ids, ]

nrow(Emlen_local_ID)
```

[1] 22

```
nrow(Emlen_total_ID)
```

[1] 22

```

Emlen_hotelling<-merge(Emlen_local_ID, Emlen_total_ID, by="Ring")
Emlen_hotelling<-dplyr::select(Emlen_hotelling, c("Ring","circular_mean","Mean", "Week"))
Emlen_hotelling$circular_mean<-as.vector(rad2deg(Emlen_hotelling$circular_mean))
Emlen_hotelling$circular_mean <- (Emlen_hotelling$circular_mean + 360) %% 360
Emlen_hotelling$Mean<-as.vector(rad2deg(Emlen_hotelling$Mean))

source("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/olitroski/circular/master/paired.hotelling.r") #
paired.hotelling(Emlen_hotelling$circular_mean, Emlen_hotelling$Mean)

```

Test de Hottelling para muestras circulares pareadas

```

k pares          = 22
Estadistico F    = 0.54868
Critico 5%       = 3.4928
p-valor          = 0.58616

```

```

#And for a circular ANOVA
Emlen_Anova<-Emlen_hotelling
colnames(Emlen_Anova)<-c("Ring","local","total","Week")
Emlen_Anova<-pivot_longer(data= Emlen_Anova,
                           cols = "local":"total",
                           names_to = "Group",
                           values_to = "Mean")
Emlen_Anova$Mean<-as.circular(deg2rad(Emlen_Anova$Mean))

emlenanova <- bpnr(pred.I = Mean ~ Group + Week, data = Emlen_Anova,
                  its = 1000, burn = 100, n.lag = 3, seed = 101)

summary(emlenanova)

```

	Length	Class	Mode
beta1	3000	-none-	numeric
beta2	3000	-none-	numeric
Likelihood	44000	-none-	numeric
its	1	-none-	numeric
n.lag	1	-none-	numeric
burn-in	1	-none-	numeric
p1	1	-none-	numeric
p2	1	-none-	numeric
theta	44	-none-	numeric

a.x	1000	-none-	numeric
a.c	1000	-none-	numeric
b.c	1000	-none-	numeric
SAM	1000	-none-	numeric
AS	1000	-none-	numeric
SSDO	1000	-none-	numeric
circ.diff	1000	-none-	numeric
Call	7	-none-	call
lin.coef.I	15	-none-	numeric
lin.coef.II	15	-none-	numeric
circ.coef	30	-none-	numeric
circ.coef.cat	5	-none-	numeric
circ.coef.means	10	-none-	numeric
model.fit	13	-none-	list
mm	8	-none-	list

`emlenanova`

Projected Normal Regression

Model

Call:

```
bpnr(pred.I = Mean ~ Group + Week, data = Emlen_Anova, its = 1000,
      burn = 100, n.lag = 3, seed = 101)
```

MCMC:

```
iterations = 1000
burn-in = 100
lag = 3
```

Model Fit:

	Statistic Parameters	
lppd	-72.964	6.0000
DIC	157.851	5.9647
DIC.alt	157.580	5.8292
WAIC1	157.845	5.9582
WAIC2	158.548	6.3100

Linear Coefficients

Component I:

	mean	mode	sd	LB HPD	UB HPD
(Intercept)	-0.71242	-0.48253	0.55443	-1.76561	0.36218
Grouptotal	-0.23298	-0.13957	0.33761	-0.91715	0.39341
Week	0.10793	0.11613	0.21696	-0.30855	0.49709

Component II:

	mean	mode	sd	LB HPD	UB HPD
(Intercept)	1.10825	1.08267	0.56824	0.099835	2.305498
Grouptotal	-0.14152	-0.17201	0.34855	-0.754507	0.573949
Week	-0.44013	-0.38520	0.22669	-0.921133	-0.042738

Circular Coefficients

Continuous variables:

mean ax	mode ax	sd ax	LB ax	UB ax
2.61770	2.66831	1.34098	0.26688	4.67955

mean ac	mode ac	sd ac	LB ac	UB ac
-2.97964	-2.85531	0.73359	0.64358	4.32347

mean bc	mode bc	sd bc	LB bc	UB bc
4.31192	0.90676	48.93835	-6.32760	9.75045

mean AS	mode AS	sd AS	LB AS	UB AS
0.92403	0.68983	3.86373	-0.94339	3.90253

mean SAM	mode SAM	sd SAM	LB SAM	UB SAM
1.0261573	0.6671395	3.6441613	0.0060955	5.2933585

mean SSD0	mode SSD0	sd SSD0	LB SSS0	UB SSD0
-0.83139	-1.07788	0.63357	-1.96911	0.76106

Categorical variables:

Means:

	mean	mode	sd	LB	UB
(Intercept)	2.1327	2.1653	0.48719	1.2274	3.1837
Grouptotal	2.3466	2.4769	0.44449	1.4646	3.2576

Differences:

mean	mode	sd	LB	UB
------	------	----	----	----

```
Grouptotal -0.20163 -0.14363 0.37222 -1.0115 0.4306
```

```
coef_circ(emlenanova, type = "continuous", units = "degrees")
```

	mean	mode	sd	LB HPD	UB HPD
Week ax	2.61770	2.6683	1.34098	0.26688	4.67955
Week ac	-170.72066	-163.5973	42.03164	36.87463	247.71682
Week bc	247.05500	51.9536	2803.96079	-362.54496	558.65956
Week AS	52.94328	39.5245	221.37551	-54.05252	223.59867
Week SAM	58.79448	38.2243	208.79506	0.34924	303.28710
Week SSDO	-0.83139	-1.0779	0.63357	-1.96911	0.76106

```
coef_circ(emlenanova, type = "categorical", units = "degrees")
```

\$Means

	mean	mode	sd	LB	UB
(Intercept)	122.20	124.06	27.914	70.325	182.41
Grouptotal	134.45	141.92	25.467	83.918	186.65

\$Differences

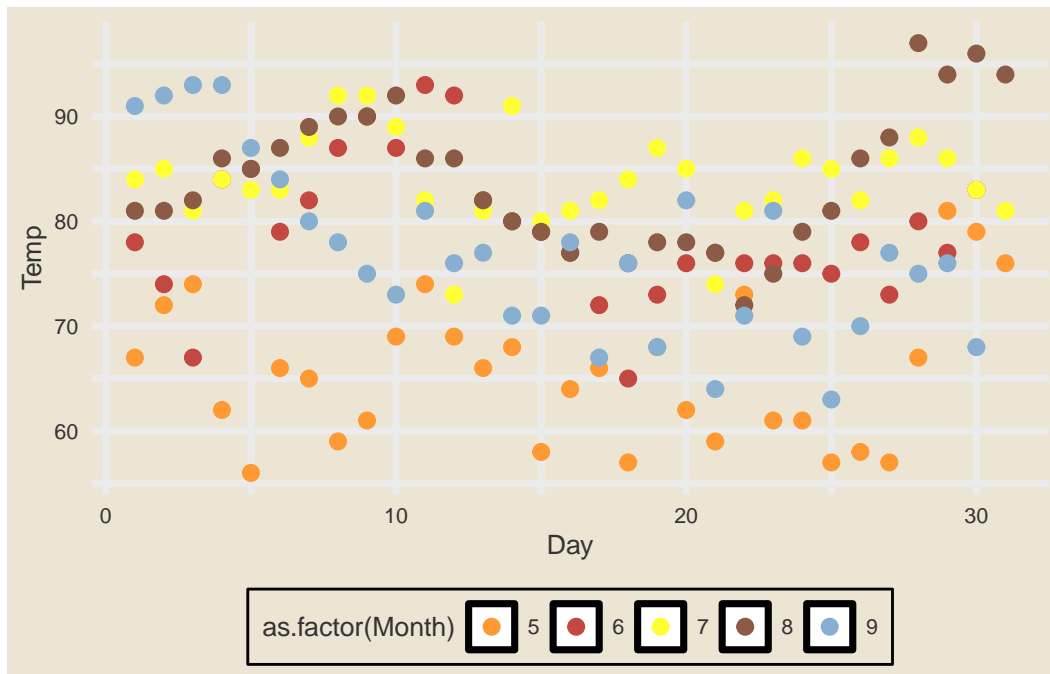
	mean	mode	sd	LB	UB
Grouptotal	-11.553	-8.2294	21.327	-57.953	24.672

```
fit(emlenanova)
```

	Statistic	Parameters
lppd	-72.964	6.0000
DIC	157.851	5.9647
DIC.alt	157.580	5.8292
WAIC1	157.845	5.9582
WAIC2	158.548	6.3100

0.2 Color palette

This is the code for the color palette, the last step when I finish everything and I want to make it pretty. Im using a default dataset



0.3 Cuartito de San Alejo

This is the part of the code where I put everything I tried and does not worked but I don't want to delete