§ 3 Compare the Algorithms

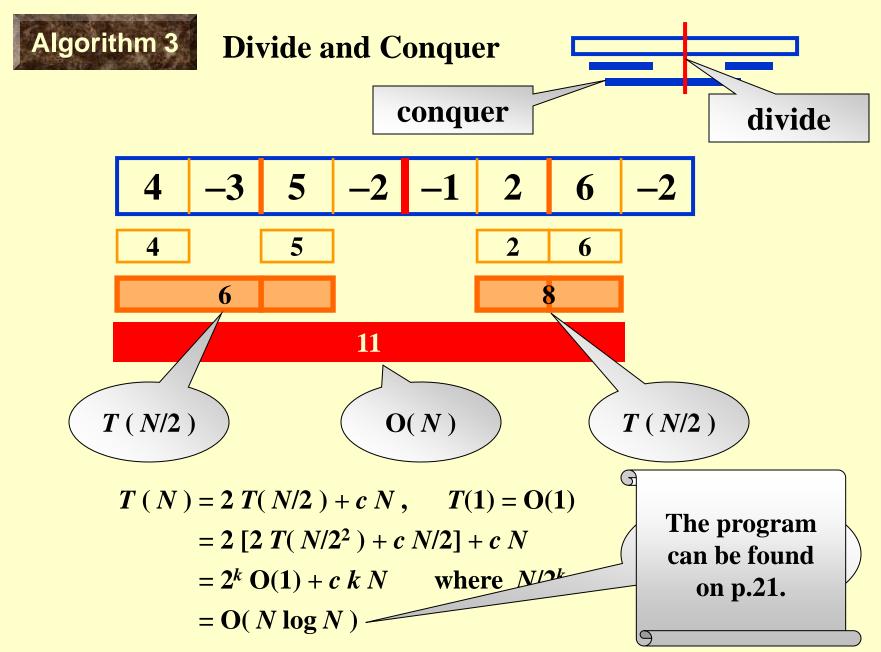
[Example] Given (possibly negative) integers $A_1, A_2, ..., A_N$, find the maximum value of $\sum_{k=i}^{j} A_k$.

```
Algorithm 1
int MaxSubsequenceSum (const int A[], int N)
         int ThisSum, MaxSum, i, j, k;
        MaxSum = 0; /* initialize the maximum sum */
/* 1*/
/* 2*/
        for(i = 0; i < N; i++) /* start from A[ i ] */
            for(j = i; j < N; j++) { /* end at A
/* 3*/
/* 4*/
                 ThisSum = 0;
                                               Detailed analysis
                 for(k = i; k \le j; k++) is given on p.18-19.
/* 5*/
                     ThisSum += A[ k ]; /* su-
/* 6*/
/* 7*/
                 if ( ThisSum > MaxSum )
/* 8*/
                                                   / max sum */
                     MaxSum = ThisSum; /* up/
            } /* end for-j and for-i */
/* 9*/
        return MaxSum;
                                 T(N) = O(N^3)
```

Algorithm 2

```
int MaxSubsequenceSum (const int A[], int N)
        int ThisSum, MaxSum, i, j;
/* 1*/
        MaxSum = 0; /* initialize the maximum sum */
/* 2*/
        for( i = 0; i < N; i++ ) { /* start from A[ i ] */
/* 3*/
            ThisSum = 0;
            for(j = i; j < N; j++) { /* end at A[j] */
/* 4*/
                 ThisSum += A[ j ]; /* sum from A[ i ] to A[ j ] */
/* 5*/
/* 6*/
                 if ( ThisSum > MaxSum )
/* 7*/
                     MaxSum = ThisSum; /* update max sum */
            } /* end for-j */
        } /* end for-i */
/* 8*/
       return MaxSum;
```

$$T(N) = O(N^2)$$



Algorithm 4

On-line Algorithm

```
int MaxSubsequenceSum( const int A[], int N)
        int ThisSum, MaxSum, j;
/* 1*/
        ThisSum = MaxSum = 0;
/* 2*/
        for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
/* 3*/
           ThisSum += A[j];
            if (ThisSum > MaxSum)
/* 4*/
/* 5*/
                 MaxSum = ThisSum;
/* 6*/
           else if (ThisSum < 0)
/* 7*/
                ThisSum = 0;
        } /* end for-j */
/* 8*/
        return MaxSum;
                               At any point in time, the algorithm
                               can correctly give an answer to the
                               subsequence problem for the data
T(N) = O(N)
                                      it has already read.
A[] is scanned once only.
```

Running times of several algorithms for maximum subsequence sum (in seconds)

Algorithm Time		1	2	3	4
		$O(N^3)$	$O(N^2)$	$O(N \log N)$	$\mathbf{O}(N)$
	N=10	0.00103	0.00045	0.00066	0.00034
Input Size	N =100	0.47015	0.01112	0.00486	0.00063
	N = 1,000	448.77	1.1233	0.05843	0.00333
	N =10,000	NA	111.13	0.68631	0.03042
	N=100,000	NA	NA	8.0113	0.29832

Note: The time required to read the input is not included.

§ 4 Logarithms in the Running Time

```
Example Binary Search:
   Given: A[0] \le A[1] \le ... \le A[N-1]; X
          Find X
   Task:
   Output: i if X = A[i]
           -1 if X is not found
                             mid
                                                          high
low
                         X ~ A [mid]
               high = mid - 1
                                   low = mid + 1
```

mid

high

low

```
int BinarySearch (const ElementType A[],
                       ElementType X, int N)
       int Low, Mid, High;
       Low = 0; High = N - 1:
                                       Very useful in
       while 4
/* 2*/
                                           data are
/* 3*/
                 Home work:
     Self-study Euclid's Algorithm
            and Exponentiation
/* 8*/
       } /* enu
     return NotFound; /* NotFound is defined as -1 */
/* 9*/
    T_{warst}(N) = O(\log N)
```

§ 5 Checking Your Analysis



When
$$T(N) = O(N)$$
, check if $T(2N)/T(N) \approx 2$

When
$$T(N) = O(N^2)$$
, check if $T(2N)/T(N) \approx 4$

When
$$T(N) = O(N^3)$$
, check if $T(2N)/T(N) \approx 8$

• • • • • •



When
$$T(N) = O(f(N))$$
, check if

$$\lim_{N\to\infty}\frac{T(N)}{f(N)}\approx \text{Constant}$$

Read the example given on p.28 (Figures 2.12 & 2.13).



Laboratory Project 1

Performance Measurement

Normal: Search

Hard: A+B

Due: Monday, March 11th, 2024 at 10:00pm

don't co If it v it should be and harde.

I will not read and grade any program which has less than 30% lines commented.



