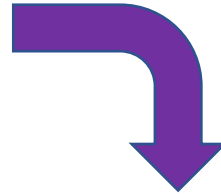


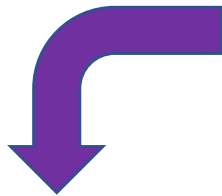
Procédure d'installation Debian 11 (Linux).



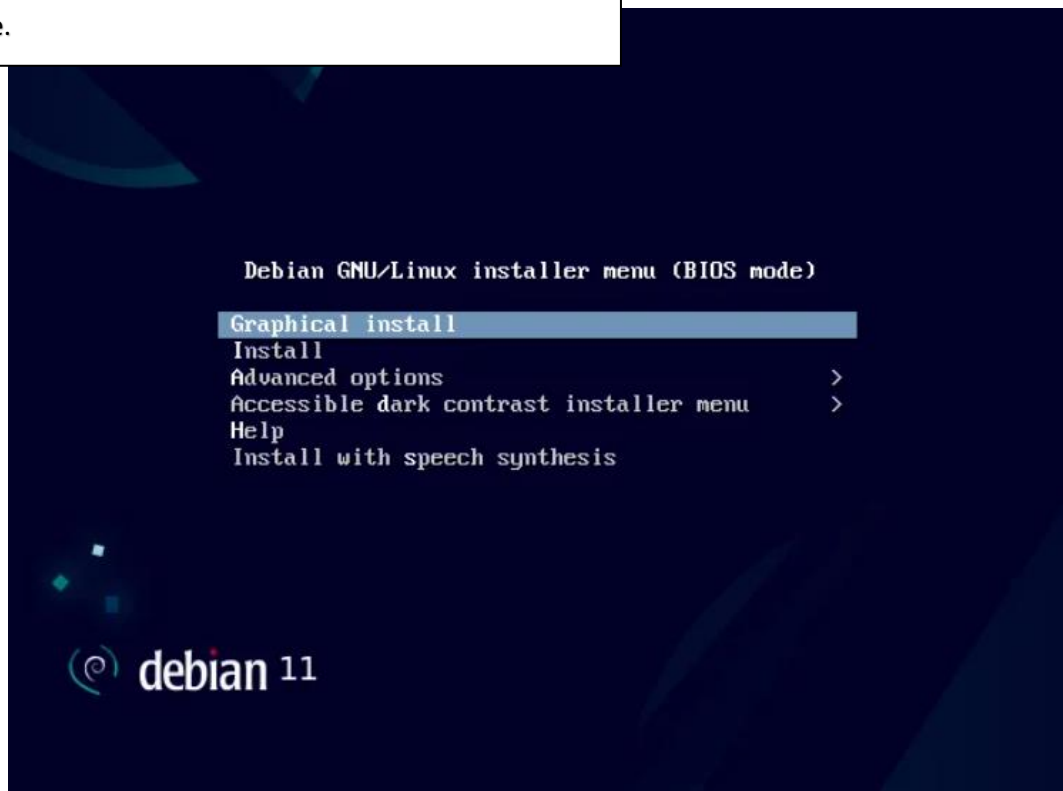
Pour commencer, vous devrez installer l'iso Debian 11 sur le site suivant :
<https://www.debian.org/CD/http-ftp/>




Par la suite, redémarrez le système cible sur lequel vous souhaitez installer Debian 11.



Vous obtiendrez un menu d'installation indiquant différentes méthodes d'installation. Choisissez l'une des méthodes proposées pour installer Debian 11 sur votre système.



 **debian 11**

Choisissez le langage qui vous convient.

Select a language

Choose the language to be used for the installation process. The selected language will also be the default language for the installed system.

Language:

Chinese (Simplified)	-	中文(简体)
Chinese (Traditional)	-	中文(繁體)
Croatian	-	Hrvatski
Czech	-	Čeština
Danish	-	Dansk
Dutch	-	Nederlands
Dzongkha	-	ཇོངཀ་མ་གསལ་སྐད་
English	-	English
Esperanto	-	Esperanto
Estonian	-	Eesti
Finnish	-	Suomi
French	-	Français
Galician	-	Galego
Georgian	-	ქართული
German	-	Deutsch

Screenshot

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 **debian 11**

Choisissez votre localisation.

Select your location

The selected location will be used to set your time zone and also for example to help select the system locale. Normally this should be the country where you live.

This is a shortlist of locations based on the language you selected. Choose "other" if your location is not listed.

Country, territory or area:

India

Ireland

Israel

New Zealand

Nigeria

Philippines

Seychelles

Singapore

South Africa

United Kingdom

United States

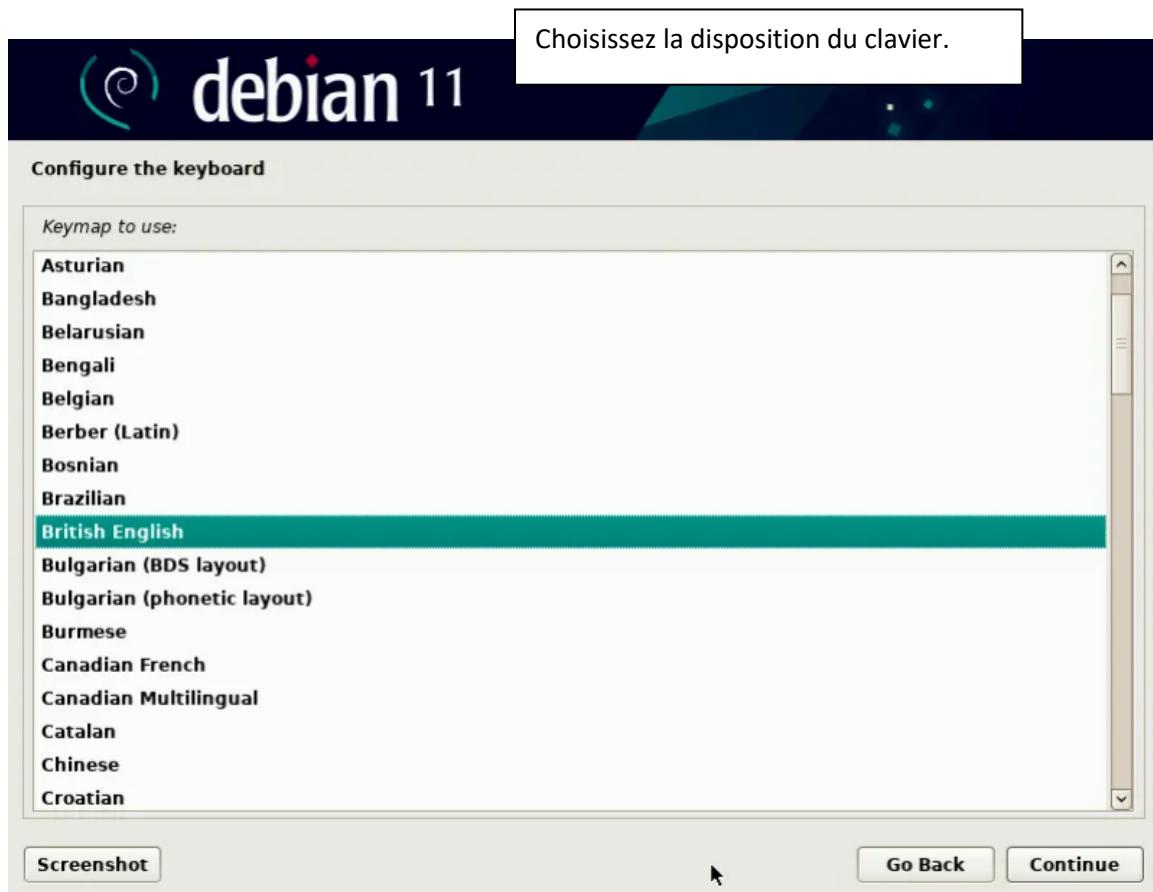
Zambia

Zimbabwe

other

Screenshot

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 **debian 11**


Configure the network

The domain name is the part of your Internet address to the right of your host name. It is often something that ends in .com, .net, .edu, or .org. If you are setting up a home network, you can make something up, but make sure you use the same domain name on all your computers.

Domain name:

Dans l'écran suivant, spécifiez le nom de domaine.



 **debian 11**

Set up users and passwords

You need to set a password for 'root', the system administrative account. A malicious or unqualified user with root access can have disastrous results, so you should take care to choose a root password that is not easy to guess. It should not be a word found in dictionaries, or a word that could be easily associated with you.

A good password will contain a mixture of letters, numbers and punctuation and should be changed at regular intervals.

The root user should not have an empty password. If you leave this empty, the root account will be disabled and the system's initial user account will be given the power to become root using the "sudo" command.

Note that you will not be able to see the password as you type it.

Root password:

☐ Show Password in Clear

Please enter the same root password again to verify that you have typed it correctly.

Re-enter password to verify:

☐ Show Password in Clear

Spécifiez le mot de passe de l'utilisateur root et appuyez sur continuer pour continuer



 **debian 11**

Créer un utilisateur local et configurer son mot de passe.

Set up users and passwords

A user account will be created for you to use instead of the root account for non-administrative activities.

Please enter the real name of this user. This information will be used for instance as default origin for emails sent by this user as well as any program which displays or uses the user's real name. Your full name is a reasonable choice.

Full name for the new user:

Screenshot

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 **debian 11**

Choisissez la méthode de partitionnement :

Partition disks

The installer can guide you through partitioning a disk (using different standard schemes) or, if you prefer, you can do it manually. With guided partitioning you will still have a chance later to review and customise the results.

If you choose guided partitioning for an entire disk, you will next be asked which disk should be used.

Partitioning method:

Guided - use entire disk

Guided - use entire disk and set up LVM

Guided - use entire disk and set up encrypted LVM

Manual

Screenshot

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Choisissez le disque sur lequel les partitions seront créées pour Debian 11.

 **debian 11**

Partition disks

Note that all data on the disk you select will be erased, but not before you have confirmed that you really want to make the changes.
Select disk to partition:

SCSI1 (0,0,0) (sda) - 42.9 GB Msft Virtual Disk


Screenshot

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Il faut ensuite choisir le schéma de partition. En fonction de la taille du disque et des exigences, choisissez le schéma de partitions en conséquence.

 **debian 11**

Partition disks

Selected for partitioning:
SCSI1 (0,0,0) (sda) - Msft Virtual Disk: 42.9 GB

The disk can be partitioned using one of several different schemes. If you are unsure, choose the first one.
Partitioning scheme:

All files in one partition (recommended for new users)
Separate /home partition
Separate /home, /var, and /tmp partitions

Screenshot

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 **debian 11**

Choisissez "Oui" pour écrire les modifications sur le disque, puis cliquez sur Continuer.

Partition disks

Before the Logical Volume Manager can be configured, the current partitioning scheme has to be written to disk. These changes cannot be undone.

After the Logical Volume Manager is configured, no additional changes to the partitioning scheme of disks containing physical volumes are allowed during the installation. Please decide if you are satisfied with the current partitioning scheme before continuing.

The partition tables of the following devices are changed:
SCSI1 (0,0,0) (sda)

Write the changes to disks and configure LVM?

☐ No

☒ Yes

Screenshot

Continue



 **debian 11**

Spécifiez la taille du disque que vous souhaitez utiliser pour les partitions Debian 11, par défaut, il prend toute la taille du disque.

Partition disks

You may use the whole volume group for guided partitioning, or part of it. If you use only part of it, or if you add more disks later, then you will be able to grow logical volumes later using the LVM tools, so using a smaller part of the volume group at installation time may offer more flexibility.

The minimum size of the selected partitioning recipe is 8.3 GB (or 19%); please note that the packages you choose to install may require more space than this. The maximum available size is 42.4 GB.

Hint: "max" can be used as a shortcut to specify the maximum size, or enter a percentage (e.g. "20%") to use that percentage of the maximum size.

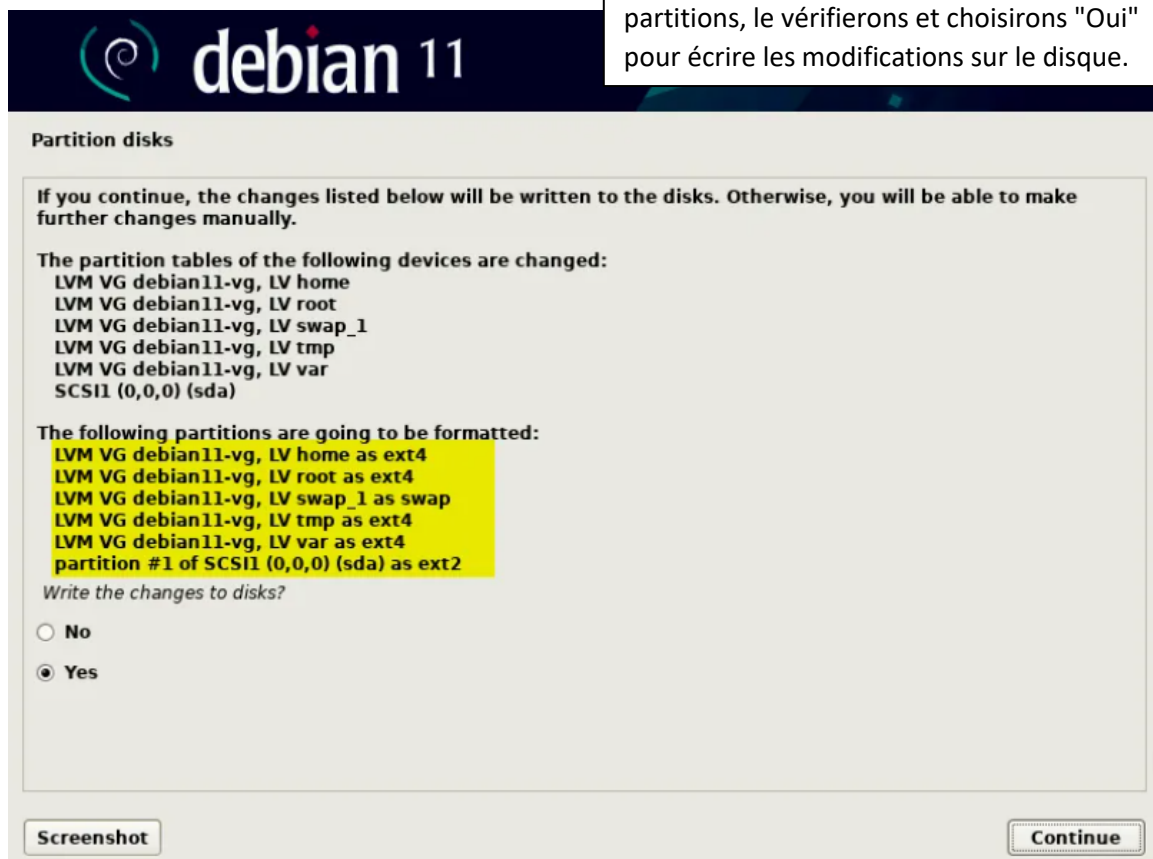
Amount of volume group to use for guided partitioning:

42.4 GB

Screenshot

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 **debian 11**

Configure the package manager

Scanning your installation media finds the label:
Debian GNU/Linux 11.0.0_Bullseye_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-1 20210814-10:04

You now have the option of scanning additional media for use by the package manager (apt). Normally these should be from the same set as the one you booted from. If you do not have any additional media, this step can just be skipped.

If you wish to scan more media, please insert another one now.
Scan extra installation media?

☒ **No**

☐ **Yes**

Screenshot

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Après quelques minutes, il vous sera demandé d'analyser le support d'installation, choisissez "Non" et cliquez sur Continuer pour poursuivre l'installation.



 **debian 11**

Configure the package manager

A network mirror can be used to supplement the software that is included on the installation media. This may also make newer versions of software available.

You are installing from a DVD image. Even though it contains a large selection of packages, some may be missing. If you have a reasonably good Internet connection, use of a mirror is suggested if you plan to install a graphical desktop environment.

Use a network mirror?

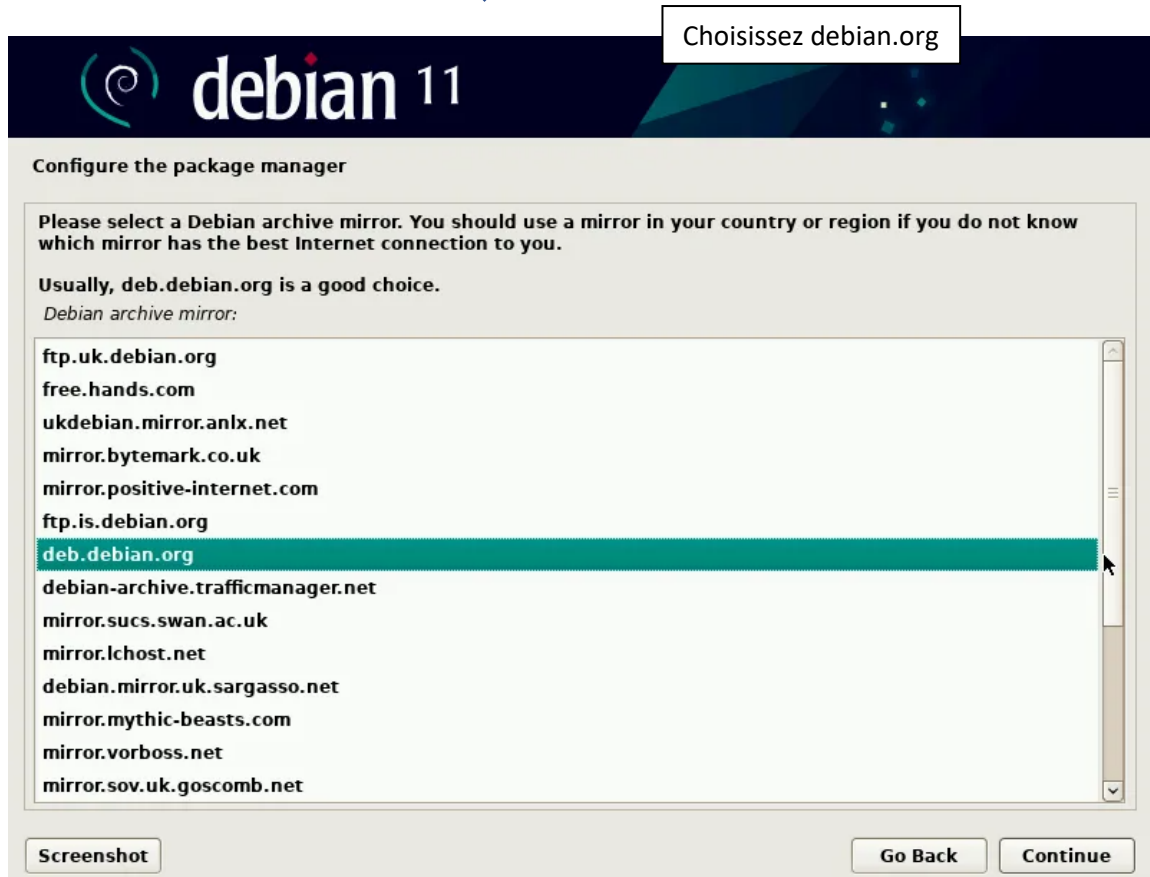
☐ **No**

☒ **Yes**

Screenshot

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Dans la page suivante, choisissez "Oui" pour configurer le miroir du réseau.





 **debian 11**

Dans la page suivante, cliquez sur Continuer si votre système n'utilise aucun serveur proxy. Si vous l'utilisez, spécifiez les détails, puis continuez.

Configure the package manager

If you need to use a HTTP proxy to access the outside world, enter the proxy information here. Otherwise, leave this blank.


The proxy information should be given in the standard form of "http://[[user][:pass]@]host[:port]/".
HTTP proxy information (blank for none):

Screenshot

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 **debian 11**

Dans la page suivante, il vous sera demandé de participer à l'enquête sur les packages, choisissez "Non", puis cliquez sur Continuer.

Configuring popularity-contest

The system may anonymously supply the distribution developers with statistics about the most used packages on this system. This information influences decisions such as which packages should go on the first distribution CD.

If you choose to participate, the automatic submission script will run once every week, sending statistics to the distribution developers. The collected statistics can be viewed on <https://popcon.debian.org/>.

This choice can be later modified by running "dpkg-reconfigure popularity-contest".
Participate in the package usage survey?

☒ No
☐ Yes

Screenshot

Continue



Maintenant, choisissez l'environnement de bureau dans la liste et d'autres utilitaires tels que SSH à installer :

Software selection

At the moment, only the core of the system is installed. To tune the system to your needs, you can choose to install one or more of the following predefined collections of software.

Choose software to install:

- ☒ Debian desktop environment
- ☒ ... GNOME
- ☐ ... Xfce
- ☐ ... GNOME Flashback
- ☐ ... KDE Plasma
- ☐ ... Cinnamon
- ☐ ... MATE
- ☐ ... LXDE
- ☐ ... LXQt
- ☐ web server
- ☒ SSH server
- ☒ standard system utilities

Screenshot Continue



Dans l'écran suivant, choisissez "Oui" pour installer le chargeur de démarrage Grub sur le disque dur principal.

Install the GRUB boot loader

It seems that this new installation is the only operating system on this computer. If so, it should be safe to install the GRUB boot loader to your primary drive (UEFI partition/boot record).

Warning: If your computer has another operating system that the installer failed to detect, this will make that operating system temporarily unbootable, though GRUB can be manually configured later to boot it.

Install the GRUB boot loader to your primary drive?

☐ No

☒ Yes

Screenshot Go Back Continue





Vous verrez maintenant l'écran de connexion, entrez les informations d'identification créées dans les étapes précédentes pour commencer à utiliser Debian 11.



Vous êtes fin prêt à l'utilisation !

