Assignment Requirements for Character Driver Enhancements

Use IOCTL reference code given in Day2 from Linux Device Drivers

Function: my_read()

1. Partial Read and Write

Requirement:

- Implement **partial read and write functionality** to allow reading and writing data in **smaller chunks** rather than the entire buffer at once.
- Ensure that **read/write pointers** are correctly managed to track how much data has been read or written.

Details:

- Use a **read pointer (read_ptr)** to keep track of the position in the buffer from where the next read will start.
- Use a write pointer (write_ptr) to keep track of where new data is written.
- Handle **wrap-around cases** when the end of the buffer is reached (circular buffer behavior).

Example Scenario:

- If the buffer size is 1000 bytes and the user reads 500 bytes, the next read should start from the 501st byte.
- If the buffer reaches its end, the read should **wrap around to the beginning** of the buffer.

2. Reverse Read Enable/Disable (via IOCTL)

Requirement:

- Implement a feature to enable or disable reverse reading using an IOCTL command.
- When **reverse read is enabled**, the my_read() function should return data starting from the **end of the buffer** instead of the beginning.

Details:

- Add a global flag (reverse_read_enabled) that can be set or cleared via an IOCTL command.
- When enabled, the my_read() function should read the data in reverse order (from end to start).

```
#define IOCTL_ENABLE_REVERSE_READ _IO('a', 4)
#define IOCTL_DISABLE_REVERSE_READ _IO('a', 5)
```

Example Scenario:

• If the buffer contains the string "HelloWorld", a normal read would return "HelloWorld", but a reverse read would return "dlroWolleH".

3. Return System Information on Read (Enable via IOCTL)

Requirement:

Add an IOCTL command to toggle the return of system information (like CPU usage, free memory, etc.) when the my_read() function is called.

Details:

- When the **system info read mode is enabled**, the my_read() function should **ignore the buffer content** and instead return **system information**.
- Use Linux kernel APIs like si_meminfo() to fetch memory usage and other details.

```
#define IOCTL_ENABLE_SYSINFO_READ _IO('a', 6)
#define IOCTL_DISABLE_SYSINFO_READ _IO('a', 7)
```

Example Scenario:

• If the system info mode is enabled, calling my_read() might return:

```
CPU Usage: 25%
Free Memory: 512 MB
```

Function: my_write()

1. Data Size Limit Handling

Requirement:

• Implement a feature to **limit the maximum size of data** that can be written to the buffer in a single write operation.

Details:

- Set a maximum data size limit (e.g., 512 bytes) for each write operation.
- If the user tries to write more than the allowed size, **reject the operation** and return an **appropriate error message**.

Example Scenario:

• If the maximum write size is set to **512 bytes**, and the user tries to write **600 bytes**, the driver should return an error like "Data size limit exceeded".

2. Log Write Operations (with Timestamps)

Requirement:

- Maintain a log of all write operations, including:
 - Number of bytes written.
 - o Timestamp of the write operation.

Details:

• Use a **log buffer** to store the write operation details.

Example Scenario:

After a write operation, the log might look like:

```
[12:30:45] 100 bytes written
[12:31:10] 200 bytes written
```

Function: my_ioctl()

1. Dynamic Buffer Allocation

Requirement:

 Add an IOCTL command to dynamically allocate or resize the buffer used by the driver.

Details:

- Allow the user to **increase or decrease** the size of the buffer at runtime.
- Ensure that **existing data is preserved** when resizing the buffer.

```
#define IOCTL_SET_BUFFER_SIZE_IOW('a', 8, int)
```

Example Scenario:

 The user can call an IOCTL command to increase the buffer size from 1000 bytes to 2000 bytes.

2. Device Statistics

Requirement:

- Add an IOCTL command to return device statistics, including:
 - Number of read operations.
 - Number of write operations.
 - Total bytes read.
 - Total bytes written.

Details:

• Maintain a **statistics structure** in the driver to track these values.

```
#define IOCTL_GET_STATS _IOR('a', 8, int)
```

Example Scenario:

• Calling the IOCTL command might return:

```
Reads: 10
Writes: 5
Bytes Read: 1000
Bytes Written: 500
```

4. Reset Device (Factory Reset)

Requirement:

- Add an IOCTL command to reset the device to factory settings, which includes:
 - Clearing all buffers.
 - Resetting all statistics.

Details:

• Ensure that the **device is fully reset** to its initial state.

Example Scenario:

• After a factory reset, the buffer should be empty, and all statistics should be set to **0**.

Requirements to Update test_app.c for Communicating with the Enhanced Driver

To test the enhanced functionalities of the **character driver**, the **user-space application (test_app.c)** needs to be modified to handle **IOCTL commands** and test various features like **partial reads/writes**, **reverse reads**, **system info retrieval**, **encryption**, and **log retrieval**.

Here are the **requirements for modifying test_app.c** to support these new features.

General Requirements for test_app.c

- 1. Provide a Menu-Driven Interface
 - Add a menu in test_app.c that lists all the features available in the driver.
 - The user should be able to select options to:
 - Enable/disable reverse read.
 - Enable/disable system info read mode.
 - Retrieve device statistics.

2. Add IOCTL Command Support

- o Implement the necessary ioctl() calls to communicate with the driver for:
 - Enabling/disabling reverse read.
 - Enabling/disabling system info mode.
 - Retrieving device statistics.
 - Set buffer size
 - Reset buffer

Specific Changes to test_app.c

Menu Option for Partial Read/Write

- Implement partial read and write functionality in the application.
- Allow the user to specify how many bytes to read/write.

Menu Example:

Menu:

- 1. Open Device
- 2. Write to Device (Partial Write)
- 3. Read from Device (Partial Read)
- 4. Enable Reverse Read
- 5. Disable Reverse Read
- 6. Enable System Info Read Mode
- 7. Disable System Info Read Mode
- 8. Get Device Statistics
- 9. Reset Device
- 10. Close Device
- 11. Exit