

Emilio Flores - DSC 650 - Project 2 - Milestone 2

Wine Quality Classifier Model

Import Libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Import Data

```
In [2]: # Import csv file
wqt_df = pd.read_csv('WineQT.csv')
```

Clean Data

```
In [3]: # Remove 'ID' column
wqt_df = wqt_df.drop('Id', axis=1)
```

Prepare Model

```
In [4]: # Define features
X = wqt_df.drop('quality', axis=1)

# Define target
y = wqt_df['quality']
```

```
In [5]: # Split data into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
In [28]: # Find best parameters
param_grid = {
    'n_estimators': [50, 100, 150],
    'max_depth': [None, 5, 10, 15],
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
    'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4],
    'max_features': ['sqrt', 'log2']
}

# Create random forest model
rf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
```

```
# Run grid search to find best parameters
grid_search = GridSearchCV(estimator=rf, param_grid=param_grid,
                           cv=5, scoring='accuracy', n_jobs=-1)

# Fit grid search
grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Print results
print("Best Parameters:", grid_search.best_params_)
print("Best Score:", grid_search.best_score_)
```

Best Parameters: {'max_depth': 15, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'min_samples_leaf': 1, 'min_samples_split': 2, 'n_estimators': 150}
 Best Score: 0.6520146520146521

```
In [29]: # Select best performing parameters
best_rf = grid_search.best_estimator_

# Make predictions
y_pred = best_rf.predict(X_test)
```

Model Accuracy

```
In [30]: # Print accuracy score
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

Accuracy: 0.7030567685589519

```
In [31]: # Print classification report
print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
4	0.00	0.00	0.00	6
5	0.72	0.81	0.76	96
6	0.68	0.66	0.67	99
7	0.72	0.69	0.71	26
8	0.00	0.00	0.00	2
accuracy			0.70	229
macro avg	0.42	0.43	0.43	229
weighted avg	0.68	0.70	0.69	229

```
c:\Users\emili\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
  _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
c:\Users\emili\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
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  _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
```

```
In [32]: # Print confusion matrix
```

```
print("Confusion Matrix:\n", confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
```

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[ 0  3  3  0  0]
 [ 0 78 17  1  0]
 [ 0 28 65  6  0]
 [ 0  0  8 18  0]
 [ 0  0  2  0  0]]
```

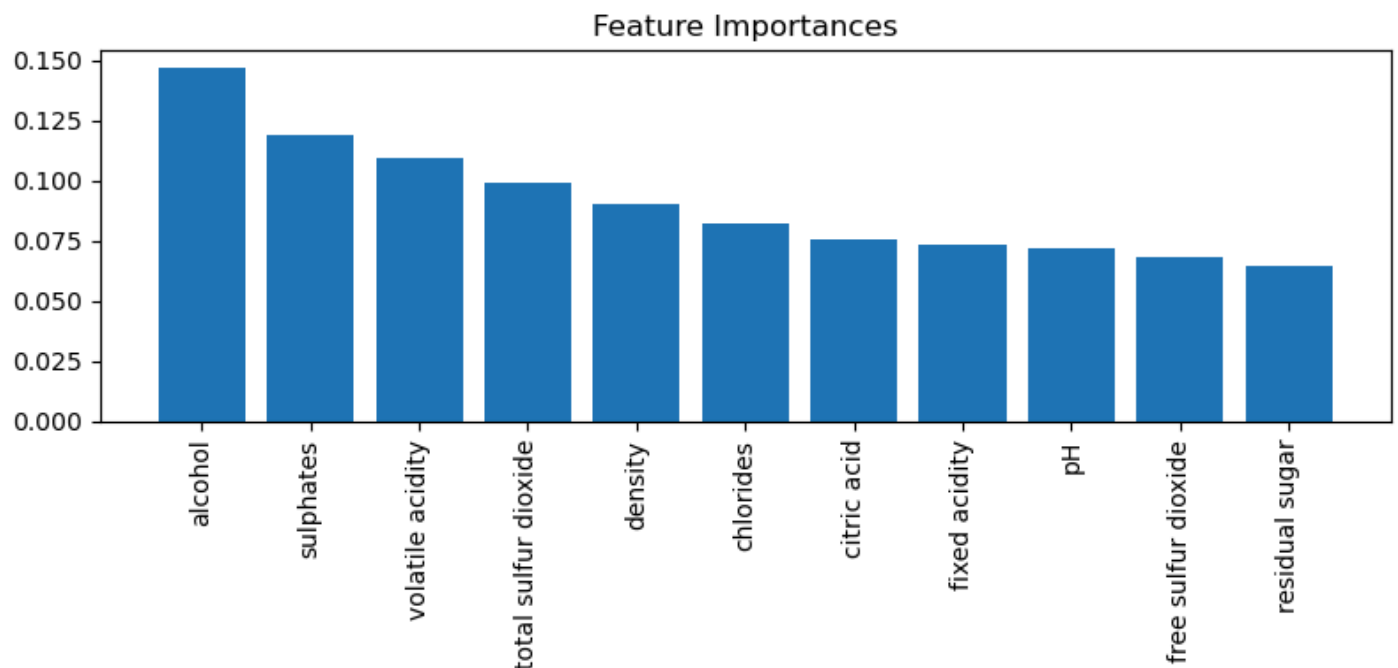
Visualization

```
In [33]: # Plot top importance factors
importances = best_rf.feature_importances_
features = X.columns
indices = importances.argsort()[::-1]

# Select figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
plt.bar(range(X.shape[1]), importances[indices])

# Add title and Labels
plt.title("Feature Importances")
plt.xticks(range(X.shape[1]), [features[i] for i in indices], rotation=90)

# Show plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [34]: # Plot Decision Tree
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))
plot_tree(best_rf.estimators_[0], feature_names=X.columns,
          class_names=True, filled=True, rounded=True)
plt.show()
```

