'Partitive Articles' in Old Spanish and Old Portuguese?

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Functional historical linguists have claimed that in contexts lacking maximality/familiarity (Hawkins 1978, Heim 1982), Old Spanish (OSp) *del* (1a) and Old Portuguese (OPt) *do* are so-called *partitive articles* (cf., e.g., Lapesa 1964 and Mattos e Silva 2008). Partitive articles (PAs) are indefinite determiners (Ihsane 2008, Dobrovie-Sorin/Beyssade 2012) available in Modern Gallo- (1b) and Italo-Romance. They correspond to bare nouns in Mod. Spanish/Portuguese and – in the singular – are mass determiners (Stark 2008, against Chierchia 1998):

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(1) a. OSp.
            destiénpren=la [...]
                                         con
                                                del
                                                        vinagre
                                                                      fuerte
                                                PA?
                                                        vinegar
            dissolve.IMP.3PL=3FSG.ACC with
                                                                      strong
            'Dissolve it with [?] strong vinegar.' (Gerardus Falc., 13th century)
                                                         vinaigre
b. Mod.Fr. la=dissoudre
                                                *(du)
                                         avec
                                                                      fort
            3FSG.ACC=dissolve.INF
                                         with
                                                PA.MSG vinegar
                                                                      strong
            'to dissolve it with vinegar'
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Crucially, both functional (Körner 1981, Carlier/Lamiroy 2014) and formal (Stark 2008, Gerards/Stark 2020) typological approaches on the availability of PAs predict OSp/OPt not to allow such elements. This is because both languages possess unambiguous nominal number marking and differential object marking, taken to be in cross-linguistically complementary distribution with PAs in Romance. The research question (RQ) of the contribution, hence, is to assess if OSp *del* (1a) and OPt *do* really do falsify established typological generalizations on the available of PAs – i.e., mass determiners – in Romance systems of nominal determination.

Methodology: The RQ is tackled by means of a theoretically-informed study of four data sets from the corpora CORDE and CdP (n = 3,144; 12^{th} – 20^{th} century) and from 20 OSp/6 OPt technical treatises (n = 2,960; 13^{th} – 17^{th} century). The data – annotated for 21 external, lexical, (morpho)syntactic, semantic, and pragmatic criteria – are analyzed by help of conditional inference tree-based random forests as well as binomial mixed logistic regression modelling.

Results: I show that OSp del (1a) and OPt do are never PAs. Hence, these languages do not falsify typological approaches on the availability of PAs in Romance. Instead, the nominals studied are always bare partitives (BPs, Hoeksema 1996), i.e., binominal expressions with PPs embedding a superset-denoting definite. Yet, I demonstrate that in 13th-15th-century OSp/OPt, such superset definites are not always strong definites but may, possibly as a Romance innovation, get weakly referential representative object interpretations (ROIs; cf. Krifka et al. 1995). ROI-nominals yield type readings by means of what may be considered 'deferred' kind reference: they denote inherently non-specific, semantically number neutral regular objects relevant only as typical instantiations of their corresponding kinds (cf. In Alaska we filmed the grizzly, i.e., 'the animal type URSUS ARCTOS HORRIBILIS'). The arguments adduced for the ROI-analysis of the supersets in OSp/OPt del/do-nominals (1a; cf. Gerards 2020) – favored by post-modification, priming by other ROI-nominals, and preferably used to introduce important discourse referents – comprise (a) the restriction of such nominals to technical prose, (b) their compatibility with unambiguous kind-level modifiers and (c) with modifiers evincing non-specificity, (d) their being demonstrably semantically number neutral, and (e) the attestation of other determiners with ROI-readings in OSp/OPt. As the availability of ROI-supersets in bare partitives has, so far, largely gone unnoticed (but cf. Oosterhof 2006 on Dutch), the analysis provided is not only relevant for Romance (historical) linguistics but also makes a significant contribution to the cross-linguistic study of the semantics of (bare) partitives.

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