

# General Foster Care Recruitment:

Orientation Session









# Purpose

The orientation meeting is designed to provide prospective individuals/families with information on the criteria of becoming a resource parent in the District of Columbia for children in foster care. We hope by providing you this overview, that includes sharing the philosophy of the agency, demographics on youth in foster care, key terminology, the support and resources offered, testimony by a current resource parent, and the overall process from training to licensure to placement of a child in your home, that you will be able to make an informed decision and complete an application to begin the process of becoming a foster/adoptive resource parent.













#### **CFSA Notice of Non-Discrimination**

D.C. Human Rights Act of 1977 Concerning all Children, Youth, Adults, and Employees Engaged in Care, Services, and/or Resources Available through the CFSA

In accordance with the D.C. Human Rights Act of 1977, as amended, D.C. Official Code § 2-1401.01 *et seq.*, the Child and Family Services Agency (CFSA) does not discriminate on the basis of actual or perceived: race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, marital status, personal appearance, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, familial status, family responsibilities, political affiliation, disability, or place of residence or business.













# **Terminology**

NOTE: You may hear the terms foster parent and resource parent used interchangeably in this presentation.

The term "resource parent" is typically used to broadly refer to any adult who is currently functioning as – or is in the process of becoming – a kinship caregiver, foster parent, respite provider, legal guardian, or child-specific adoptive parent. All resource parents complete a minimum of 30 pre-service training hours and a licensing process that ensures their preparation to safely care for a child in their home.













# **Child and Family Services Agency**



The District's Child and Family Services Agency (CFSA) is the local public organization authorized to protect child victims of abuse and neglect. Our mission is to improve the safety, permanence, and wellbeing of abused and neglected children and youth up to age 21. CFSA's 4 Pillars are the foundation for improved performance and guide policy and practice for the child welfare system.









#### Four Pillars Agenda: Values-Based



Children grow up best with their families. We remove children only when necessary to keep them safe.

Foster care is temporary. We start planning for permanence the day a child enters care.



Front Yard

Every child exits care as quickly as possible for a safe, supportive family or life-long connection. Older youth have skills for successful adulthood.

Every child is entitled to a nurturing environment that supports healthy growth and development, good physical and mental health, and academic achievement.









#### DC Foster Care: Citywide Snapshot

CFSA understands from our experience, and research confirms, that children develop best and have the easiest transitions into a foster home when they remain close to their birth families, their friends, their community. As of March 12, 2020, there were 740 District children and teens (aged 0-20) under the custody of CFSA residing in foster care.

#### Gender

49% Female 51% Male

#### Race/ Ethnicity

86% Black/African American

9% Hispanic

1% Asian

3% White

1% American Indian

#### **Ages of Children**

28% 1-5

26% 6-11

22% 12-16

24% 17-20













#### **Public Agency Adoption**

Adoption through a public agency differs from adoption through a private agency or through a private attorney in several ways:

- Children in foster care with a goal of adoption are not yet legally free for adoption. Legally freeing a child for adoption can be subject to a lengthy court process. Therefore all adoptive parents will foster the child for some amount of time before the adoption is finalized in court.
- Infants and toddlers are generally not available, older youth are available.
- Because we encourage shared parenting, and because children may maintain direct contact with birth family members, you are likely to meet and work with the birth family.
- Adopting from a public system is low in cost and the agency provides comprehensive pre-adoption training and post-adoption services, including a monthly financial stipend.













## **Pathways to Adoption**

CFSA generally has between 50 to 60 children and youth in need of an adoptive home. Most are African American. As of March 12, 2020, 85 percent of available youth are ages 12 to 20. 15 percent are ages 6 to 11. Less than 1 percent are age five or younger. There are two pathways to adopting a child through a public agency:

- Foster to Adopt: A prospective parent becomes licensed and serves as a foster parent. When no kinship resources are located, the foster parent then has priority to adopt the child in his/her home if and when the child's goal becomes adoption.
- Child-Specific Adoption: A prospective parent becomes interested in a specific child available for adoption, through one of the channels CFSA uses to promote adoption or through direct recruitment. This person becomes licensed as a foster parent so CFSA can make a pre-adoptive placement of the specific child in his/her home.
- To see children available for adoption from CFSA, visit: <a href="www.adoptuskids.org">www.adoptuskids.org</a> or www.adoptionstogether.org/adopting/adopt-an-older-child/heart-gallery













#### Who are the Children in Foster Care?

All children in foster care have experienced some level of trauma. Removal from home is traumatic, children are removed from a familiar place to an unknown environment and may lead to difficulty trusting adults.

- 20% are removed due to abuse (physical, emotional, and sexual abuse)
- 80% are removed due to neglect (physical, emotional, educational, medical)
- $\blacksquare$  75% of the children come into care from Wards 5 (19%) 7 (24%) and 8 (32%)
- 50% of the children are not only removed from their family, but are removed from their community
- 100% of the children and teens want to be in a nurturing and supportive environment













# What is Shared Parenting?

Shared parenting" is an active, supportive relationship between birth parents and foster parents that is aimed at minimizing loss and trauma, easing a child's adjustment to foster care, and expediting permanency.

- Shared parenting usually starts with an Icebreaker a facilitated, in-person conversation so everyone can get to know each other.
- When a child is newly placed in the resource home, consultation with biological parents or family members can be key to understanding the child.
- Children in foster care take comfort in knowing that their birth and resource parents are working together and there's no need to feel divided loyalty.
- Even when the birth parent is not available for shared parenting conversations, maintaining connections with other family members can be an important bridge for the child in a time of transition.













#### The Five Competencies of Resource Parents

- 1. Protect and nurture children keep them safe and cared for.
- 2. Meet children's developmental needs and delays support their emotional, social, physical, educational or other needs.
- 3. Support children's relationships with their birth families (mother, father, siblings, others relatives) help them build positive relationships with their birth parents and other persons important to them.
- 4. Connect children to relationships that are safe, nurturing, and intended to last a lifetime (preferably with their parents but, if that is not possible, then with relatives, or adoption by this family or another family).
- 5. Work as a member of our professional team meet with social workers and others to support the children and their families.













#### **Support for Resource Parents & Children**

#### **Sample supports for Resource Parents:**

- Monthly Board & Care Payment
- Daycare Vouchers
- In-person and online training
- Respite Care
- Support worker
- Telephone Support Line



#### Sample supports for Children:

- Educational Specialists
- Mental Health Coordinator
- Nursing Care Services
- Tutors and Mentors
- Teen Services: career specialist, pre-college counseling, financial counseling
- Emergency mobile stabilization service for children experiencing an emotional or mental health crisis.







## **The Foster Parent Support Unit**

CFSA's Foster Parent Support Unit (FPSU) provides on-going support to licensed foster family providers with the goal of retaining them as viable long-term placement resources. Two key ways this is done are:

- FPSU social workers are assigned to serve as the support worker for foster parents and help by assisting them as they navigate the licensing and foster care experience as long as they are serving as foster parents.
- Respite via BOND are foster parent support models based on the "extended family" concept where a "Squad Leader" provides peer support services, including occasional respite care, and support to four to ten other foster parents caring for children in "satellite homes" that are part of the support network.













# **Presentation**

# **Resource Parent Foster Care Alumni**













## **The Licensing Process**

- ✓ Attend the orientation session at CFSA
- Determine your eligibility to foster
- Compete the "At-Home Consultation" with your assigned Recruiter and register for pre-service training
- Complete 30 hours of pre-service training
- Participate in the home study process
- Submit required documentation and clearances













#### **At-Home Consultation Meeting**

- ☐ Preliminary assessment of home/apt and Chapter 60 Regulations requirements.
- Assess the available of the individual/family' time and support.
- Register to upcoming pre-service training.













#### Criteria to Become a Resource Parent

- Be at least 21 years of age
- Can be single, married with or without children in the home
- Live in the District of Columbia
- Have enough income to meet the reasonable living needs of their family without relying on foster care board and care payments. (CFSA uses the current year's Federal Poverty Index based on household size to evaluate the sufficiency of income.)
- No record of child abuse/neglect
- Be in good physical and mental health
- Have enough space in your home or apartment for children to sleep separately from adults and opposite sex if they are over the age of 5
- Have the time and ability to provide good care, guidance, and support to children and teens











#### **Pre-Service Training**

CFSA uses the New Generation-Parent Resources for Information Development and Education (NG-PRIDE) curriculum for the 30-hour pre-service training which includes six in-person sessions and four on-line clusters. Topics include:

- Introduction to the Licensing Process
- Roles and relationships in foster care
- The importance of the foster child's family and the foster child's relationship
- Developmental needs of children in foster care
- Awareness of cultural and religious differences
- Managing behaviors and discipline techniques
- Child abuse and neglect, including prevention, reporting, investigation, and services
- Supportive services available in the community
- Self-awareness, communication skills, problem solving
- Preparation for fostering













#### **Pre-Service Class Schedules**

- Offered monthly throughout the year, except December
- Classes last six weeks, one day per week
- Weekday classes vary by month but include Mondays, Tuesdays, and
   Wednesdays from 6:30 9:30 pm and all day Saturdays
- Attendance at all in-person sessions is mandatory
- On-line cluster sessions must be completed before the next in-person session











#### **DCMR Chapter 60 Regulations**

Chapter 60 contains the regulations that determine what is needed to foster children in the District of Columbia. They can be found online at: <a href="https://cfsa.dc.gov/sites/default/files/dc/sites/cfsa/publication/attachments/foster-home.pdf">https://cfsa.dc.gov/sites/default/files/dc/sites/cfsa/publication/attachments/foster-home.pdf</a>

#### For example:

- Traditional Foster Parents may not be licensed with a one bedroom home
- Bedrooms must be at least 70 sq. feet for one child; 100 sq. feet for two children; 150 sq. feet for three children
- Bedrooms must have two forms of egress (e.g., door and window), no bars allowed on bedroom windows
- Boys and girls must have separate bedrooms after age 5; a child older than 18 months cannot share a room with an adult
- Adult roommates/tenants will be required to participate in the home study process







## **Home Study Assessment**

- Must be completed within 100 days of pre-service start date
- Includes a minimum of 2-4 home visits
- Includes an assessment of the physical space
- All persons in the home must be interviewed this provides the licensing worker with a biography of you and your family, answers questions in reference to your abilities, resources and willingness to foster, and helps to determine if fostering is right for you













#### **Inspections and Other Requirements**

- A fire inspection of the applicant's residence
- Lead-based paint inspection for homes accepting children age five (5)
   years old and under
  - The lead inspection is at no cost to the property owner or lease holder
  - If the home fails the inspection, the property owner is responsible for lead abatement at his/her own cost
  - Once cited, abatement is required or the homeowner will be fined
  - Deciding to not move forward with foster care licensing does not eliminate the requirement for lead abatement
- First Aid and CPR certification for the resource parents
- Medical examinations for all persons in the household, including children













#### **Background Clearances**

All persons that are 18 years old or older that reside in the home must complete the necessary clearances.

- FBI background check
- Local police: clearances are needed from each state or jurisdiction in which you have resided from the time you were 18 years old
- Child Protection Register clearances

**NOTE.** Resource parents must identify Backup Childcare Providers during the licensing process. These backup providers must complete the same clearances listed above.













# After licensing, then what...

You will meet with your team members:

- Resource Parent Support Worker
- Re-licensing worker
- And you will receive the Resource Parent Handbook, also accessible at <a href="https://cfsa.dc.gov/page/foster-parents">https://cfsa.dc.gov/page/foster-parents</a>

When a child is placed with you, you will meet:

- The child's assigned social worker
- A network of partners to support you and your family
- The interdisciplinary team: (i.e., attorneys, GALs, therapist).
- And you will begin to receive the monthly board and care payment













#### **Placing Children in Your Home**

#### The CFSA Placement Division:

- Will only call parents licensed as foster/adoptive parents for placement
- Will furnish as much information as we have available on the child at the time of placement
- Record all placement acceptance and denial calls













#### **Next Steps**

- Review the application to determine if you meet the requirements
- If you are eligible, complete all sections of the application
- Review your application with the facilitator
- Completed an application, schedule with the recruiter the at-home consultation meeting.
- Registration for training is done during the "at-home consultation"

Please, immediately speak to a facilitator before completing the application if the following applies to you:

- If there are any concerns, questions or clarifications that are needed
- You have taken foster parent training previously









# Questions









