

3. Write down 5 triggers. Triggers should be meaningful.

```
USE Son
   I)
          Go
CREATE TRIGGER Number_of_available_seat_decrease
ON SEAT_RESERVATION
AFTER INSERT
AS BEGIN
UPDATE LEG_INSTANCE
SET Number_of_available_seats=Number_of_available_seats-1
   II)
         GO
CREATE TRIGGER CR_database
ON ALL SERVER
AFTER CREATE_DATABASE
AS
BEGIN
PRINT('Yeni bir TABLO oluşturuldu')
   III) GO
CREATE TRIGGER dr_table
ON ALL SERVER
AFTER DROP_TABLE
AS
BEGIN
PRINT('Bir Tablo Silindi..')
END;
   IV)
          GO
CREATE TRIGGER Number_of_available_seat_increase
ON SEAT RESERVATION
AFTER DELETE
AS BEGIN
UPDATE LEG INSTANCE
SET Number_of_available_seats=Number_of_available_seats+1
   V)
          G0
CREATE TRIGGER Corona_Virus
ON CUSTOMER
FOR INSERT
if(exists(SELECT * FROM inserted WHERE Country='İngiltere'))
BEGIN
PRINT('Koronavirüs tehlikesi olduğundan dolayı 15 gün karantinada kalmalısınız')
```

4. Write down 5 check constraints. Check constraints should be meaningful. 4.1. In AIRPLANE TYPE, Max seats only can be between 1 and 700 use Son ALTER TABLE AIRPLANE_TYPE ADD CONSTRAINT AIRPLNAE_Max_seats CHECK(Max_seats BETWEEN 1 AND 700) 4.2. Weekdays in FLIGHT can be 'Pazartesi', 'Salı', 'Çarşamba', 'Persembe', 'Cuma ', 'Cumartesi, and 'Pazar' ALTER TABLE FLIGHT ADD CONSTRAINT FLIGHT WEEKDAYS CHECK(Weekdays='Pazartesi' or Weekdays='Sal1' or Weekdays='Çarşamba' or Weekdays='Persembe' or Weekdays='Cuma ' or Weekdays='Cumartesi' or Weekdays='Pazar') 4.3. Amount in FARE , should be smaller than 10000 ALTER TABLE FARE ADD CONSTRAINT FARE_AMOUNT CHECK (Amount < 10000) 4.4. Number of available seats in LEG INSTANCE, should be between 1 and 700 ALTER TABLE LEG_INSTANCE ADD CONSTRAINT LEG_INSTANCE_NUMBER_OF_AVAILABLE_SEATS CHECK(Number of available seats>=1 AND Number of available seats<700)</pre> 4.5. Date in LEG INSTANCE, should be bigger than '2016-01-01'

ALTER TABLE LEG_INSTANCE ADD CONSTRAINT LEG_INSTANCE_DATE

CHECK(Date>'2016-01-01')

5.A Write sample INSERT, DELETE and UPDATE statements for 5 of the tables you choose.

INSERT

```
INSERT INTO FLIGHT (Flight_number ,Airline ,Weekdays)
VALUES(7, 'THK', 'Pazartesi')
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER(Passaport_number,E_Mail
, Address, Country, Customer phone, Customer name)
VALUES(124365879, 'tarik@gmail.com', 'salim mah', 'kore', '1112', 'Hasan')
INSERT INTO COMPANY(Company_name)
VALUES('G')
INSERT INTO AIRLINE(Company_name ,Airplane_id ,Total_number_of_seats,Airplane_type)
VALUES('B', 1734, 42, 'AIRBUS')
INSERT INTO FARE(Flight_number ,Fare_code ,Amount,Restrictions)
VALUES (2,723,340,'AAAA')
INSERT INTO AIRPLANE (Company_name ,Airplane_id ,Total_number_of_seats,Airplane_type)
VALUES('C', 3322, 22, 'CARGO')
UPDATE
UPDATE AIRPORT
SET State='Cubuk'
WHERE Airport_code = 2
UPDATE FLIGHT
SET Weekdays='Cumartesi'
WHERE Airline='THK'
UPDATE FLIGHT LEG
SET Millage information='200 mil eksik'
WHERE Flight_number=5
UPDATE LEG_INSTANCE
SET Number_of_available_seats=123
WHERE Arrival airport code=3;
UPDATE FARE
SET Amount=350
WHERE Fare_code=223
```

DELETE

```
DELETE FROM COMPANY WHERE Company_name='F'

DELETE FROM FFC WHERE Tottal_milage=454

DELETE FROM AIRPLANE WHERE Airplane_id=1234

DELETE FROM SEAT_RESERVATION WHERE Customer_name='Veli'

DELETE FROM FARE WHERE Amount=350
```

- 5. Write down the following SQL statements:
- B. Write 10 SELECT statements for the database you have implemented.
- I. 3 of them should use minimum 2 tables.
- I.1. Selecting which seats are reserved by CUSTOMERs

```
use Son
SELECT CUSTOMER.Passaport_number , CUSTOMER.Customer_name,
SEAT_RESERVATION.Seat_number
FROM CUSTOMER,SEAT_RESERVATION
WHERE CUSTOMER.Passaport number=SEAT RESERVATION.Passaport number
```

I.2 . Select statement which puts in order Fare_code, Restrictions and Amount data for each FLIGHT according to Flight_number

```
use Son
SELECT FLIGHT.Flight_number,FARE.Fare_code ,FARE.Amount,FARE.Restrictions
FROM FARE ,FLIGHT
WHERE FARE.Flight_number=FARE.Flight_number
ORDER BY Flight_number
```

1.3 Select statement for COUNTRY information based on Customer name

```
use Son
SELECT SEAT_RESERVATION.Customer_name ,CUSTOMER.Country

FROM CUSTOMER,SEAT_RESERVATION
WHERE SEAT_RESERVATION.Passaport_number=CUSTOMER.Passaport_number
```



II. 4 of them should use minimum 3 tables.

II.1. Select statement of Max_seat, Airport_code, Airport_name for AIRPLANEs which has more than 100 seats

```
use Son
SELECT AIRPLANE_TYPE.Max_seats ,CAN_LAND.Airport_code

FROM AIRPLANE_TYPE,CAN_LAND
WHERE Max_seats>100 and CAN_LAND.Airplane_type_name=AIRPLANE_TYPE.Airplane_type_name
```

II.2. Select statement for Restrictions and Mileage_informations based on days of the week

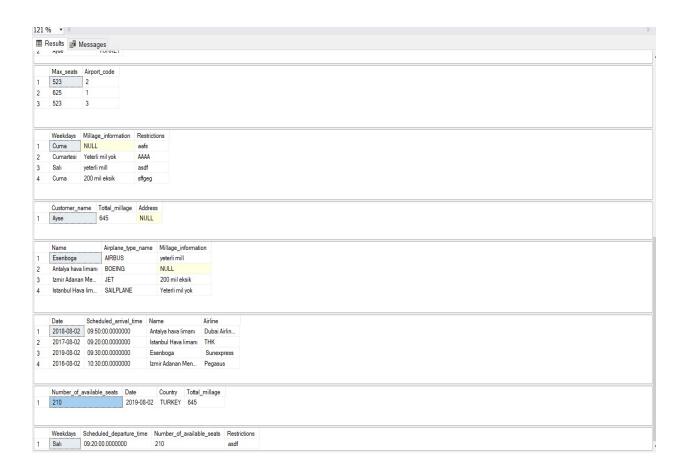
```
use Son
SELECT FLIGHT.Weekdays ,FLIGHT_LEG.Milage_information ,FARE.Restrictions
FROM FLIGHT,FARE,FLIGHT_LEG
WHERE FARE.Flight_number=FLIGHT.Flight_number AND
FLIGHT_LEG.Flight_number=FLIGHT.Flight_number
```

II.3. Select statement for Addresses and Total mileage information based on Customer names

```
use Son
SELECT SEAT_RESERVATION.Customer_name, FFC.Tottal_milage,CUSTOMER.Address
FROM SEAT_RESERVATION,FFC,CUSTOMER
WHERE SEAT_RESERVATION.Passaport_number=CUSTOMER.Passaport_number AND
FFC.Passaport_number=CUSTOMER.Passaport_number
```

II.4 . Select statement of Airport_name and Milage_information for planes which CAN_LAND

```
use Son
SELECT AIRPORT.Name ,CAN_LAND.Airplane_type_name,FLIGHT_LEG.Milage_information
FROM AIRPORT,CAN_LAND,FLIGHT_LEG
WHERE CAN_LAND.Airport_code=AIRPORT.Airport_code AND
FLIGHT_LEG.Departure_airport_code=AIRPORT.Airport_code
```



III. 3 of them should use minimum 4 tables

III.1. Select statement for an AIRPLANE's AIRLINE, Airport name and Scheduled arrival time

```
use Son
SELECT LEG_INSTANCE.Date , FLIGHT_LEG.Scheduled_arrival_time ,AIRPORT.Name ,FLIGHT.Airline

FROM LEG_INSTANCE, FLIGHT_LEG ,AIRPORT,FLIGHT
WHERE LEG_INSTANCE.Flight_number=FLIGHT_LEG.Flight_number AND
LEG_INSTANCE.Leg_number=FLIGHT_LEG.Leg_number
AND FLIGHT_LEG.Flight_number=FLIGHT.Flight_number AND
FLIGHT_LEG.Flight_number=FLIGHT.Airport code
```

III.2. Select statement for Date, Country and Total_milage attributes in cases where Number of avaliable seats on an AIRPLANE is more than 209

```
use Son
SELECT LEG_INSTANCE.Number_of_available_seats ,SEAT_RESERVATION.Date
,CUSTOMER.Country,FFC.Tottal_milage

FROM LEG_INSTANCE,SEAT_RESERVATION,CUSTOMER,FFC
WHERE LEG_INSTANCE.Number_of_available_seats>=210 and
LEG_INSTANCE.Flight_number=SEAT_RESERVATION.Flight_number AND
SEAT_RESERVATION.Passaport_number =CUSTOMER.Passaport_number AND
CUSTOMER.Passaport number=FFC.Passaport number
```

III.3. Select statement of Departure_time, Number_of_available_seats and Restrictions AIRPLANEs that departures on Weekdays = "Salı"

```
use Son
SELECT FLIGHT.Weekdays,
FLIGHT_LEG.Scheduled_departure_time,LEG_INSTANCE.Number_of_available_seats,FARE.Restrictions

FROM FARE,FLIGHT,LEG_INSTANCE,FLIGHT_LEG
WHERE FLIGHT.Weekdays='Salı' and FARE.Flight_number=FLIGHT.Flight_number AND
LEG_INSTANCE.Flight_number=FLIGHT_LEG.Flight_number AND
FLIGHT_LEG.Flight_number=FLIGHT.Flight_number
```

- 5.C. Write 4 SELECT statements to exemplify nested and/or correlated nested queries.
- 1. Select statement for FLIGHTs which's FARE is more than average amount for flights

```
SELECT *
FROM FARE
WHERE Amount > (
    SELECT AVG(Amount)
    FROM FARE);
```

2. Number of avaliable seats on LEG INTANCEs to City="Ankara"

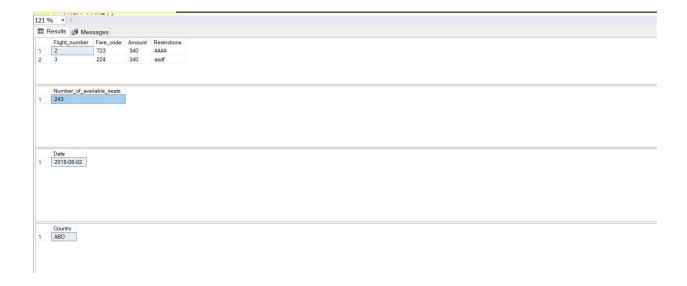
```
SELECT Number_of_available_seats
FROM LEG_INSTANCE
WHERE Arrival_airport_code IN(
    SELECT Airport_code
    FROM AIRPORT
    WHERE City='Ankara'
)
```

3. Dates of which CUSTOMERs named 'Ali' have a FLIGHT

```
SELECT Date
FROM SEAT_RESERVATION
WHERE Leg_number IN(
    SELECT Leg_number
    FROM LEG_INSTANCE
    WHERE Customer_name='Ali'
)
```

4. Countries which can be flown to between dates "01-01-2017" AND "2019-01-01"

```
FROM CUSTOMER
WHERE Passaport_number IN(
    SELECT Passaport_number
    FROM SEAT_RESERVATION
        WHERE Date BETWEEN '2017-01-01' AND '2019-01-01'
)
```



5.D. Write 2 SELECT statements to exemplify EXISTS and NOT EXISTS statements.

EXIST

1.1. Gives Scheduled_departure _time information for FLIGHT_LEGs on Weekdays = "Salı"

```
SELECT Scheduled_departure_time
FROM FLIGHT_LEG
WHERE EXISTS (SELECT Airline FROM FLIGHT WHERE
FLIGHT.Flight_number=FLIGHT_LEG.Flight_number AND Weekdays='Salı')

1.2. Gives Amount information for FAREs on Weekdays = "Cuma"

SELECT Amount
FROM FARE
WHERE EXISTS (SELECT Flight_number FROM FLIGHT WHERE
```

FLIGHT.Flight_number=FARE.Flight_number AND Weekdays='Cuma')

NOT EXIST

1.1. Gives Airport_code information if there is an AIRPLANE_TYPE with "Max_seats = 565" doesn't exist.

```
SELECT Airport_code
FROM CAN_LAND
WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT * FROM AIRPLANE_TYPE WHERE
CAN_LAND.Airplane_type_name=AIRPLANE_TYPE.Airplane_type_name AND Max_seats=565 )
```

1.2. Gives Customer_name information there is a LEG_INSTANCE with Arrival_time = "11:21:11" doesn't exist.

```
SELECT Customer_name
FROM SEAT_RESERVATION
WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT * FROM LEG_INSTANCE WHERE
SEAT_RESERVATION.Date=LEG_INSTANCE.Date AND Arrival_time='11:21:11' )
```



5.E. Write 3 SELECT statements to exemplify LEFT, RIGHT and FULL OUTER JOIN statements.

1 - LEFT JOIN

1.1.

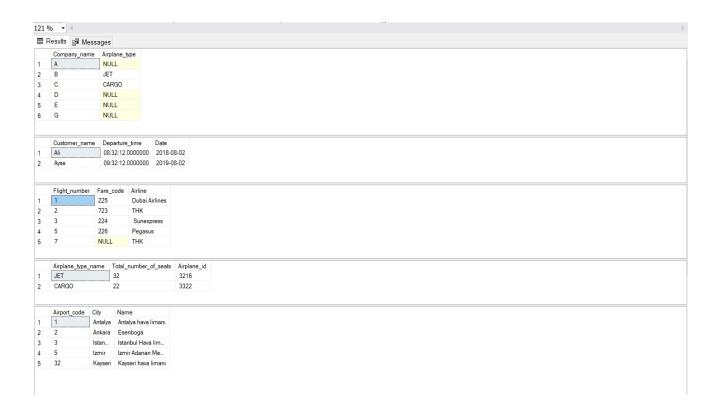
```
SELECT COMPANY.Company_name, AIRPLANE.Airplane_type FROM COMPANY
LEFT JOIN AIRPLANE
ON COMPANY.Company_name=AIRPLANE.Company_name
```

1.2.

```
SELECT SEAT_RESERVATION.Customer_name, LEG_INSTANCE.Departure_time ,LEG_INSTANCE.Date
FROM SEAT_RESERVATION
LEFT JOIN LEG_INSTANCE
ON SEAT_RESERVATION.Date=LEG_INSTANCE.Date
```

1.3.

```
SELECT FLIGHT.Flight_number ,FARE.Fare_code, FLIGHT.Airline
FROM FLIGHT
LEFT JOIN FARE
ON FLIGHT.Flight_number=FARE.Flight_number
```



2 - RIGHT JOIN

2.1.

```
SELECT AIRPLANE_TYPE.Airplane_type_name
,AIRPLANE.Total_number_of_seats,AIRPLANE.Airplane_id
FROM AIRPLANE_TYPE
RIGHT JOIN AIRPLANE
ON AIRPLANE.Airplane_type=AIRPLANE_TYPE.Airplane_type_name
```

2.2.

```
SELECT CAN_LAND.Airport_code,AIRPORT.City,AIRPORT.Name
FROM CAN_LAND
RIGHT JOIN AIRPORT
ON CAN_LAND.Airport_code=AIRPORT.Airport_code
```

2.3.

```
SELECT LEG_INSTANCE.Flight_number, LEG_INSTANCE.Date, FLIGHT_LEG.Millage_information
FROM LEG_INSTANCE
RIGHT JOIN FLIGHT_LEG
ON FLIGHT_LEG.Flight_number=LEG_INSTANCE.Flight_number
```

	Airplane_type_	name	Total_numb	er_of_seats	Airplane_id	
1	JET	ET 32		3216		
2	CARGO		22		3322	
	Airport_code	City	Name			
1	1		Antalya h	ava limanı		
2	2	Ankara	Esenbog	а		
	3	Istan	Istanbul I	lava lim		
	5	Izmir	Izmir Ada	nan Me		
	32	Kayser	i Kayseri h	ava limanı		
	Flight_number	Date	Mi	lage_informa	tion	
	1		3-08-02 NU			
	2	2017	7-08-02 Ye	terli mil yok		
	3		0-08-02 ye			
	5	2016	6-08-02 20	0 mil eksik		
	Airport_code				_arrival_time	
	1	-	hava limani			
	2	Esenbo	-	09:50:00.0		
	3		ıl Hava lim			
	5		danan Me	09:30:00.0	000000	
	32	Kayser	Kayseri hava limanı NULL			
	Passaport_nun	nber (Customer_na	me Date	Flight	number
	987654321	ı	Busra	NULL	NULL	
	123456789		Hasan	2018-0		
	124365879		Hasan	NULL	NULL	
	124563978		Hatice	NULL	NULL	
123654789		Melih 2019-0		08-02 3		
	Passaport_nun	nber [Date	Address	Country	E_Mail
	123456789		2018-08-02	denizlili ma	h ABD	ali@gmail.com
2	123654789		2019-08-02	NULL	TURKEY	NULL
3	NULL	1	NULL	salim mah	kore	tarik@gmail.c
4	NULL		NULL	deniz mah	K KORE	NULL
5	NULL		NULL	saluk mah	CIN	Veli@gmail.c

3 - FULL OUTER JOIN

3.1.

```
SELECT AIRPORT.Airport_code,AIRPORT.Name,FLIGHT_LEG.Scheduled_arrival_time
FROM FLIGHT_LEG
FULL OUTER JOIN AIRPORT
ON FLIGHT_LEG.Arrival_airport_code=AIRPORT.Airport_code
ORDER BY AIRPORT.Airport_code
```

3.2.

```
SELECT CUSTOMER.Passaport_number
,CUSTOMER.Customer_name,SEAT_RESERVATION.Date,SEAT_RESERVATION.Flight_number
FROM CUSTOMER
FULL OUTER JOIN SEAT_RESERVATION
ON CUSTOMER.Passaport_number=SEAT_RESERVATION.Passaport_number
ORDER BY CUSTOMER.Customer_name

3.3.
```

```
SELECT SEAT_RESERVATION.Passaport_number,
SEAT_RESERVATION.Date,CUSTOMER.Address,CUSTOMER.Country,CUSTOMER.E_Mail
FROM SEAT_RESERVATION
FULL OUTER JOIN CUSTOMER
ON CUSTOMER.Passaport_number=SEAT_RESERVATION.Passaport_number
ORDER BY CUSTOMER.Passaport number
```

- 6. Create 5 views that are reasonable.
- 1. The view created according to CUSTOMERs' Name and Country data.

```
use Son
go
CREATE VIEW Customer_info
AS
SELECT Country,Customer_name
FROM CUSTOMER
```

2. The view which holds Passport_number information for CUSTOMERs whose names starts with the letter "A"

```
use Son
GO
CREATE VIEW Customer_name_passaport
AS
SELECT Customer_name , Passaport_number
FROM CUSTOMER
WHERE Customer_name LIKE 'A%'
```

3. The view which holds Date and Flight_number information for FLIGHTs dated from 2016 to 2022

```
use Son
GO
CREATE VIEW LEG_INSTANCE_DATE_FLIGHT_NUMBER
AS
SELECT Date, Flight_number
FROM LEG_INSTANCE
WHERE Date >'2016-01-01' AND Date<'2022-01-01'
```

4. The view that shows on which days of the week, AIRLINE THK organizes FLIGHTs

```
use Son
GO
CREATE VIEW FLIGHT_on_WEEKDAYS
AS
SELECT Weekdays, Airline
FROM FLIGHT
WHERE Airline LIKE 'THK'
```

5. The view which holds Airplane_type and Company_name information for an AIRPLANE

```
use Son
GO
CREATE VIEW AIRPLANE_TYPE_COMPANY_NAME
AS
SELECT Company_name,Airplane_type
FROM AIRPLANE
```