## Emotion Inertia Analysis

### Rongrong (Emma) Mo

### Contents

0.1	Descri	iptive statistics					
0.2	Linear	Linear Mixed Effects Model: emotional responses by trial type & demographics					
	0.2.1	How different trial types & demographics affect negative emotional response (Ineg)?					
	0.2.2	How different trial types & demographics affect positive emotional response (Ipos)?					
	0.2.3	How different trial types & demographics affect arousal emotional response (Iaro)?					
0.3	Autore	Autoregressive Modeling					
	0.3.1	Assign 12 inertia scores for each participant					
	0.3.2	Normalize the skewed inertia types					
	0.3.3	Compar	e means and sd of the 12 inertia types	21			
		0.3.3.1	aro_inertia_neg (mean = 0.031) vs. aro_inertia_pos (mean = 0.007)	22			
		0.3.3.2	neg_inertia (mean = -0.024) vs. pos_inertia (mean = -0.032):	24			
		0.3.3.3	neg_inertia_pos (mean = -9.32e-06) vs. pos_inertia_neg (-3.28e-05):	25			
		0.3.3.4	pos_inertia_pos vs. pos_inertia_neg:	26			
		0.3.3.5	neg_inertia_neg vs. neg_inertia_pos:	28			
		0.3.3.6	pos_inertia_neu vs. neg_inertia_neu:	29			
		0.3.3.7	Multivariate ANOVA of 12 inertia types:	30			
		0.3.3.8	re-test by Bonferroni	31			
	0.3.4	Compare 12 emotional inertia types by demographics					
		0.3.4.1	By Sex	32			
		0.3.4.2	By ethnicity	38			
		0.3.4.3	by age	46			
	0.3.5	Correlation between inertia types					
0.4	CLPM			49			

```
0.4.1 Cross-lag paths (how one emotion affect another at the next time point) &
           Inertia
                                                                  49
           0.4.1.1
                 53
           0.4.1.2
                 0.4.1.3
                 0.1 Descriptive statistics
feelings_initial <- load("feelings_initial.RData")</pre>
ls()
## [1] "dat"
                     "feelings_initial" "Iaro_wide"
                                                     "Ineg_wide"
## [5] "Ipos_wide"
summary(feelings_initial)
##
              Class
     Length
                       Mode
##
         4 character character
str(dat)
## 'data.frame':
                16380 obs. of 9 variables:
## $ subj
            : Factor w/ 156 levels "f001", "f002", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ trial.num: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ trial.val: Factor w/ 3 levels "neg", "neu", "pos": 3 1 1 3 3 2 2 1 1 3 ...
            : Factor w/ 3 levels "male", "female", ...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ sex
## $ age
            : int 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 ...
            : Factor w/ 7 levels "Asian or Pacific Islander",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ ethn
## $ Ineg
                 1 4 2 1 1 1 1 3 5 1 ...
            : num
## $ Ipos
            : num
                 3.69 1 1 1 4 ...
## $ Iaro
            : num 2.86 3 2 2 3 ...
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
     filter, lag
```

```
The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
participant_info <- dat %>% distinct(subj, age, sex, ethn)
participant info
##
       subj age
                                                                        ethn
                    sex
##
  1
       f001
             19 female
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
##
       f002
   2
             25 female
                                                     Black/African American
##
   3
       f003
             19 female
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
##
       f004
             19 female
                                                     Black/African American
   4
##
   5
       f005
             20 female
                                                            Latino/Hispanic
                                                            White/Caucasian
##
   6
       f006
             21 female
##
  7
             20 female
                                                                       Other
       f007
##
   8
       f008
             23 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
  9
##
       f009
             19 female
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
## 10
       f010
             24 female
                                                            Latino/Hispanic
## 11
       f011
             26 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
## 12
       f012
             19 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
## 13
       f013
             24 female
## 14
       f015
             19 female
                                                                       Other
## 15
       f016
             29 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
## 16
       f019
             26 female
## 17
       f020
             20 female
                                                     Black/African American
## 18
       f021
             18 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
##
   19
       f022
             18 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
## 20
       f023
                                                            White/Caucasian
             20 female
##
  21
       f024
             19
                  other
                                                            White/Caucasian
   22
       f025
                                                            White/Caucasian
##
             22 female
##
   23
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
       f026
              18 female
   24
       f027
              18 female
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                            White/Caucasian
##
  25
       f028
             18 female
##
   26
       f029
             18 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
## 27
       f030
             18 female
                                                                       Other
## 28
       f031
             18 female
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
  29
                                                            White/Caucasian
##
       f032
             23 female
##
  30
       f034
             21 female
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
##
   31
       f035
             21 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
##
   32
       f037
             20 female
                                                            Latino/Hispanic
##
   33
       f038
             19 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
## 34
       f039
              19 female
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
##
   35
       f040
              19 female American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native
##
   36
       f041
             18 female
                                                  Asian or Pacific Islander
##
   37
       f045
             22 female
                                                            White/Caucasian
   38
                                                     Black/African American
##
       f046
              18 female
```

White/Caucasian

## 39

f047

24 female

##	40	f048	24	female	White/Caucasian
					Asian or Pacific Islander
	41	f049		female	
##	42	f052		female	Asian or Pacific Islander
##	43	f053		female	Other
##	44	f054		female	White/Caucasian
##	45	f055		female	Asian or Pacific Islander
##	46	f056		female	Asian or Pacific Islander
##	47	f057		female	White/Caucasian
##	48	f060		female	White/Caucasian
##	49	f063		female	White/Caucasian
##	50	f064		female	Asian or Pacific Islander
##	51	f066		female	White/Caucasian
##	52	f067	27	female	Asian or Pacific Islander
##	53	f069	19	female	Other
##	54	f070	18	female	White/Caucasian
##	55	f071	21	female	White/Caucasian
##	56	f072	23	female	White/Caucasian
##	57	f073	21	female	Black/African American
##	58	f074	27	female	Latino/Hispanic
##	59	f075	19	female	Asian or Pacific Islander
##	60	f076	21	female	White/Caucasian
##	61	f077	19	female	White/Caucasian
##	62	f078	22	female	Other
##	63	f080	21	female	White/Caucasian
##	64	f081	19	female	Latino/Hispanic
##	65	f082	18	female	White/Caucasian
##	66	f083		female	Asian or Pacific Islander
##	67	f085		female	Asian or Pacific Islander
##	68	f086		female	White/Caucasian
##	69	f088		female	White/Caucasian
##	70	f089		female	White/Caucasian
##	71	f090		female	White/Caucasian
	72	f092		female	White/Caucasian
	73	f093		female	White/Caucasian
	74	f094		female	Black/African American
	75	f096		female	Asian or Pacific Islander
##	76	f098		female	White/Caucasian
	77	f102		female	Black/African American
	78	f103		female	Latino/Hispanic
	79	f103		female	White/Caucasian
	80	f104		female	White/Caucasian
	81	f910		female	Latino/Hispanic
	82	f911		female	Asian or Pacific Islander
	83	f912		female	White/Caucasian
	84	f915		female	Latino/Hispanic
	85	m002	27	male	White/Caucasian
	86	m003	22	male	Latino/Hispanic
##	87	m004	19	male	Asian or Pacific Islander

##	88	m005	25	male				White/Caucasian
##	89	m006	23	male				White/Caucasian
##	90	m007	27	male			Bla	ack/African American
##	91	m008	19	male			Asian	or Pacific Islander
##	92	m009	20	male				Latino/Hispanic
##	93	m010	21	male	American	Indian/Native	America	an or Alaskan Native
##	94	m011	20	male				White/Caucasian
##	95	m012	18	male	American	Indian/Native	America	an or Alaskan Native
##	96	m013	18	${\tt male}$				White/Caucasian
##	97	m015	20	${\tt male}$				Other
##	98	m016	25	${\tt male}$			Bla	ack/African American
##	99	m019	21	${\tt male}$				Latino/Hispanic
##	100	m020	19	${\tt male}$				Latino/Hispanic
##		m021	19	male				White/Caucasian
##		m022	26	male				White/Caucasian
##		m023	22	male				White/Caucasian
##		m024	23	male				White/Caucasian
##		m025	18	male				White/Caucasian
##		m026	23	male				Latino/Hispanic
##		m027	26	male				ack/African American
##		m028	22	male			Bla	ack/African American
##		m029	19	male		T 11 /2T		White/Caucasian
##		m032	19		American	Indian/Native	America	an or Alaskan Native
##		m033	24	male				Latino/Hispanic
##		m035	19	male				White/Caucasian
##		m037	23	male				White/Caucasian
##		m040	26	male				White/Caucasian
##		m042 m043	21 23	male male			Agian	White/Caucasian or Pacific Islander
##		m043	23 19	male				or Pacific Islander
##		m044	26	male			ASIAII	Other
##		m043	24	male				White/Caucasian
##		m048	22	male				Decline to state
		m049	25	male				White/Caucasian
##		m050	23	male				White/Caucasian
		m051	19	male			Asian	or Pacific Islander
##		m053	20	male				White/Caucasian
##	125	m055	19	male			Asian	or Pacific Islander
##		m056	29	male				Latino/Hispanic
##	127	m057	18	male				White/Caucasian
##	128	m058	18	male				White/Caucasian
##	129	m059	19	male				Decline to state
##	130	m060	27	${\tt male}$				Latino/Hispanic
##	131	m061	18	${\tt male}$			Asian	or Pacific Islander
##	132	m063	22	${\tt male}$				White/Caucasian
##	133	m064	18	${\tt male}$				White/Caucasian
##		m065	20	${\tt male}$				White/Caucasian
##	135	m066	19	male				White/Caucasian

```
## 136 m068
                  male
                                                           White/Caucasian
             22
## 137 m069
                                                           White/Caucasian
             18
                  male
## 138 m070
             20
                  male
                                                           White/Caucasian
## 139 m071
                  male
                                                 Asian or Pacific Islander
             19
                                                           White/Caucasian
## 140 m072
             19
                  male
                                                    Black/African American
## 141 m073
             23
                  male
## 142 m074
                  male
                                                 Asian or Pacific Islander
## 143 m075
             18
                  male
                                                           White/Caucasian
## 144 m077
                  male
                                                           White/Caucasian
             18
                                                 Asian or Pacific Islander
## 145 m078
             18
                  male
## 146 m080
                                                           White/Caucasian
             18
                  male
## 147 m083
                  male
                                                           White/Caucasian
                                                           White/Caucasian
## 148 m084
             18
                  male
## 149 m085
                  male
                                                    Black/African American
             18
                                                 Asian or Pacific Islander
## 150 m086
             18
                  male
## 151 m087
             19
                  male
                                                           White/Caucasian
## 152 m088
             18
                  male
                                                           White/Caucasian
## 153 m089
             19
                  male
                                                    Black/African American
## 154 m090
             20
                  male
                                                           White/Caucasian
                                                 Asian or Pacific Islander
## 155 m091
             23
                  male
                  male
## 156 m907
             24
                                                           White/Caucasian
mean_age <- mean(participant_info$age, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
cat("Mean age:", mean_age, "\n")
## Mean age: 20.82051
sd_age <- sd(participant_info$age, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
cat("SD of age:", sd_age, "\n")
## SD of age: 2.936944
female_prop <- mean(participant_info$sex == "female", na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
cat("Proportion of female participants:", female_prop)
## Proportion of female participants: 0.5320513
summary(dat[, c("Ineg", "Ipos", "Iaro")])
##
                                           Iaro
         Ineg
                          Ipos
           :1.000
                            :1.000
                                             :1.000
##
    Min.
                     Min.
                                     Min.
    1st Qu.:1.000
                    1st Qu.:1.000
                                     1st Qu.:1.000
## Median :2.000
                    Median :2.000
                                     Median :3.000
   Mean
          :3.075
                    Mean
                          :3.066
                                     Mean
                                           :3.265
##
    3rd Qu.:5.000
                     3rd Qu.:5.000
                                     3rd Qu.:5.000
##
    Max.
          :9.000
                    Max.
                            :9.000
                                     Max.
                                            :9.000
```

• Mean score of Iaro is higher than the other two

```
# identify NAs
colSums(is.na(dat))
##
        subj trial.num trial.val
                                         sex
                                                   age
                                                             ethn
                                                                        Ineg
                                                                                  Ipos
##
           0
                      0
                                           0
                                                     0
                                                                0
                                                                                     0
        Iaro
##
##
           0
There are no NAs in the dataset.
# identify outliers using z-score
# Calculate Z-scores for Ineg, Ipos, and Iaro
dat$z_Ineg <- scale(dat$Ineg)</pre>
dat$z_Ipos <- scale(dat$Ipos)</pre>
dat$z_Iaro <- scale(dat$Iaro)</pre>
# Identify outliers (Z-score > 3 or < -3)
outliers_Ineg <- dat[abs(dat$z_Ineg) > 3, ]
outliers_Ineg
   [1] subj
                  trial.num trial.val sex
                                                  age
                                                             ethn
                                                                        Ineg
## [8] Ipos
                   Iaro
                             z_Ineg
                                        z_Ipos
                                                  z_Iaro
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
outliers_Ipos <- dat[abs(dat$z_Ipos) > 3, ]
outliers_Ipos
## [1] subj
                  trial.num trial.val sex
                                                  age
                                                             ethn
                                                                        Ineg
## [8] Ipos
                  Iaro
                             z_Ineg
                                        z_Ipos
                                                  z_Iaro
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
outliers_Iaro <- dat[abs(dat$z_Iaro) > 3, ]
outliers_Iaro
## [1] subj
                  trial.num trial.val sex
                                                             ethn
                                                                        Ineg
                                                  age
## [8] Ipos
                  Iaro
                             z_Ineg
                                        z_Ipos
                                                  z_Iaro
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
```

There are no outliers.

# 0.2 Linear Mixed Effects Model: emotional responses by trial type & demographics

- Each participant has multiple trials, so the trials within a participant are likely correlated
- Data is nested
- Each participant may have their own baseline level of emotional responses
- fixed effects (trial.val, sex, age, ethn) explain the variation between individuals
- random effects (1|subj) explain the correlation of repeated measures within individuals

## 0.2.1 How different trial types & demographics affect negative emotional response (Ineg)?

```
library(lme4)
## Loading required package: Matrix
# Mixed-effects model for predicting Ineg
model_ineg <- lmer(Ineg ~ trial.val + sex + age + ethn + (1|subj), data = dat)
summary(model_ineg)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: Ineg ~ trial.val + sex + age + ethn + (1 | subj)
     Data: dat
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 58969.5
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -3.9915 -0.5714 -0.0487 0.5031 5.6660
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
             Name
                         Variance Std.Dev.
             (Intercept) 0.5259
                                  0.7252
## subj
## Residual
                         2.0745
                                  1.4403
## Number of obs: 16380, groups: subj, 156
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                                                          Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept)
                                                          5.218934
                                                                     0.443816
## trial.valneu
                                                         -4.076439
                                                                     0.034381
## trial.valpos
                                                         -4.086175 0.024311
## sexfemale
                                                          0.317543
                                                                     0.121858
```

```
## sexother
                                                         -0.031652
                                                                    0.747300
## age
                                                         0.001809
                                                                    0.021086
## ethnBlack/African American
                                                         -0.060943
                                                                    0.237892
## ethnLatino/Hispanic
                                                                    0.232008
                                                         -0.317652
## ethnOther
                                                         0.138570
                                                                    0.290750
## ethnWhite/Caucasian
                                                         0.070420
                                                                    0.155354
## ethnAmerican Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native -0.692261
                                                                    0.393608
## ethnDecline to state
                                                         -0.275510
                                                                    0.543413
                                                         t value
## (Intercept)
                                                          11.759
                                                        -118.566
## trial.valneu
## trial.valpos
                                                        -168.079
## sexfemale
                                                           2.606
## sexother
                                                          -0.042
## age
                                                           0.086
## ethnBlack/African American
                                                          -0.256
## ethnLatino/Hispanic
                                                          -1.369
## ethnOther
                                                           0.477
## ethnWhite/Caucasian
                                                           0.453
## ethnAmerican Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native
                                                          -1.759
## ethnDecline to state
                                                          -0.507
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
               (Intr) trl.vln trl.vlp sexfml sexthr age
                                                          etB/AA ethL/H ethnOt
## trial.valne -0.019
## trial.valps -0.027 0.354
## sexfemale -0.197 0.000
                              0.000
## sexother
              -0.070 0.000
                              0.000
                                      0.084
## age
              -0.941 0.000
                              0.000
                                      0.021 0.059
## ethnBlck/AA -0.026 0.000
                              0.000
                                      0.072 -0.002 -0.149
## ethnLtn/Hsp 0.065 0.000
                              0.000
                                      0.072 -0.008 -0.250 0.334
## ethnOther
             -0.081 0.000
                              0.000 -0.044 -0.006 -0.038 0.234 0.244
                              0.000
## ethnWht/Ccs -0.091 0.000
                                      0.107 -0.062 -0.171 0.468
                                                                  0.496 0.357
## ethAI/NAoAN -0.141 0.000
                              0.000
                                      0.123  0.012  0.029  0.176  0.178  0.134
## ethnDclntst -0.067 0.000
                              0.000
                                      0.144 0.010 -0.027 0.139 0.145 0.096
              ethW/C eIAoAN
##
## trial.valne
## trial.valps
## sexfemale
## sexother
## age
## ethnBlck/AA
## ethnLtn/Hsp
## ethnOther
## ethnWht/Ccs
## ethAI/NAoAN 0.271
## ethnDclntst 0.211 0.092
```

- Random effects: each participant has a different baseline emotional response
  - (1|subj): represents the random effect
    - \* each participant (subj) has a different baseline deviation (intercept).
    - \* This accounts for the correlation between multiple trial results from the same participant
- REML score (residual maximum likelihood estimate): assess the model fit
- Fixed Effects:
  - Intercept: Negative trial
  - trial.valneu (Neutral trial): Estimate = -4.08, t = -118.57, a very significant negative value.
    - \* Compared to the baseline (negative trial), the neutral trial significantly decreases negative emotions (Ineg)
  - trial.valpos (Positive trial): Estimate = -4.09, t = -168.08, also significant.
    - \* the positive trial also significantly decreases negative emotions compared to the negative trial
  - sexfemale: Estimate = 0.317543, t = 2.606.
    - \* Females have significantly higher negative emotional responses (Ineg) compared to males
  - The effects of age and ethnicity are small and not significant

## 0.2.2 How different trial types & demographics affect positive emotional response (Ipos)?

```
# Mixed-effects model for predicting Ipos
model_ipos <- lmer(Ipos ~ trial.val + sex + age + ethn + (1|subj), data = dat)
summary(model_ipos)</pre>
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: Ipos ~ trial.val + sex + age + ethn + (1 | subj)
      Data: dat
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 60034.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                10 Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -3.8302 -0.5834 -0.0294 0.5335 5.4659
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
             Name
                         Variance Std.Dev.
## subj
             (Intercept) 0.5687
                                  0.7541
## Residual
                         2.2138
                                  1.4879
## Number of obs: 16380, groups: subj, 156
##
```

```
## Fixed effects:
##
                                                          Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept)
                                                           0.71768
                                                                      0.46141
## trial.valneu
                                                           0.33658
                                                                      0.03552
## trial.valpos
                                                           4.03432
                                                                      0.02511
## sexfemale
                                                           0.20020
                                                                      0.12669
## sexother
                                                          -1.13135
                                                                      0.77693
## age
                                                           0.02213
                                                                      0.02192
## ethnBlack/African American
                                                           0.08731
                                                                      0.24732
## ethnLatino/Hispanic
                                                          -0.33718
                                                                      0.24121
## ethnOther
                                                          -0.01740
                                                                      0.30228
## ethnWhite/Caucasian
                                                           0.13375
                                                                      0.16151
## ethnAmerican Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native -0.93997
                                                                      0.40921
## ethnDecline to state
                                                          -0.33289
                                                                      0.56496
##
                                                          t value
## (Intercept)
                                                            1.555
## trial.valneu
                                                            9.477
## trial.valpos
                                                          160.642
## sexfemale
                                                            1.580
## sexother
                                                           -1.456
## age
                                                            1.010
## ethnBlack/African American
                                                            0.353
## ethnLatino/Hispanic
                                                           -1.398
## ethnOther
                                                           -0.058
## ethnWhite/Caucasian
                                                            0.828
## ethnAmerican Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native -2.297
## ethnDecline to state
                                                           -0.589
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
               (Intr) trl.vln trl.vlp sexfml sexthr age
                                                            etB/AA ethL/H ethnOt
## trial.valne -0.019
## trial.valps -0.027 0.354
## sexfemale
              -0.197 0.000
                               0.000
## sexother
               -0.070 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.084
               -0.941 0.000
## age
                               0.000
                                       0.021 0.059
## ethnBlck/AA -0.026 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.072 -0.002 -0.149
## ethnLtn/Hsp 0.065 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.072 -0.008 -0.250 0.334
## ethnOther
               -0.081 0.000
                               0.000 -0.044 -0.006 -0.038 0.234
                                                                    0.244
## ethnWht/Ccs -0.091 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.107 -0.062 -0.171 0.468
                                                                    0.496 0.357
## ethAI/NAoAN -0.141 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.123 0.012 0.029 0.176
                                                                    0.178
                                                                           0.134
## ethnDclntst -0.067 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.144 0.010 -0.027 0.139
                                                                    0.145
                                                                           0.096
##
               ethW/C eIAoAN
## trial.valne
## trial.valps
## sexfemale
## sexother
## age
## ethnBlck/AA
```

```
## ethnLtn/Hsp
## ethnOther
## ethnWht/Ccs
## ethAI/NAoAN 0.271
## ethnDclntst 0.211 0.092
```

- Intercept (negative trial): estimate = 0.72, t-value = 1.56. The effect of negative trial on positive emotions (Ipos) is small.
- trial.valneu: estimate = 0.34, t-value = 9.48. Compared to value, the neutral trial significantly increases positive emotions (Ipos).
- trial.valpos: estimate = 4.03, t-value = 160.64. Compared to valueg, the positive trial largely increases positive emotions (Ipos), and the effect is extremely significant.
- sexfemale: estimate = 0.20, t = 1.58. Females tend to have slightly higher positive emotional responses than males.
- ethnAmerican Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native: estimate = -0.94, t = -2.30. This ethnicity tends to have significantly lower positive emotional responses compared to the reference group (Asian or Pacific Islander).
- trial.valneu and trial.valpos have a correlation of 0.354, showing that the effects of neutral and positive trials are somewhat related.

## 0.2.3 How different trial types & demographics affect arousal emotional response (Iaro)?

```
# Mixed-effects model for predicting Iaro
model_aro <- lmer(Iaro ~ trial.val + sex + age + ethn + (1|subj), data = dat)
summary(model_aro)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: Iaro ~ trial.val + sex + age + ethn + (1 | subj)
##
      Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 59841.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
                1Q Median
##
       Min
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -4.4843 -0.6288 -0.1072 0.5760 4.8022
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
             Name
                         Variance Std.Dev.
                                  1.262
##
  subj
             (Intercept) 1.593
                         2.168
                                  1.472
## Residual
## Number of obs: 16380, groups: subj, 156
## Fixed effects:
##
                                                          Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept)
                                                           2.92802
                                                                      0.76311
```

```
## trial.valneu
                                                          -2.25913
                                                                      0.03515
                                                         -0.30058
## trial.valpos
                                                                      0.02485
## sexfemale
                                                          0.22642
                                                                      0.20959
## sexother
                                                         -1.53358
                                                                      1.28529
## age
                                                           0.02904
                                                                      0.03627
## ethnBlack/African American
                                                           0.22313
                                                                      0.40915
## ethnLatino/Hispanic
                                                           0.12385
                                                                      0.39903
## ethnOther
                                                           0.52839
                                                                      0.50007
## ethnWhite/Caucasian
                                                           0.06932
                                                                      0.26720
## ethnAmerican Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native -0.85245
                                                                      0.67697
## ethnDecline to state
                                                           0.07313
                                                                      0.93462
##
                                                         t value
                                                            3.837
## (Intercept)
## trial.valneu
                                                         -64.279
## trial.valpos
                                                         -12.095
## sexfemale
                                                            1.080
## sexother
                                                           -1.193
## age
                                                           0.801
## ethnBlack/African American
                                                            0.545
## ethnLatino/Hispanic
                                                            0.310
## ethnOther
                                                            1.057
## ethnWhite/Caucasian
                                                            0.259
## ethnAmerican Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native -1.259
## ethnDecline to state
                                                            0.078
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
               (Intr) trl.vln trl.vlp sexfml sexthr age
                                                           etB/AA ethL/H ethnOt
## trial.valne -0.012
## trial.valps -0.016 0.354
## sexfemale
              -0.197 0.000
                               0.000
## sexother
               -0.070 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.084
## age
               -0.942 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.021 0.059
## ethnBlck/AA -0.026 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.072 -0.002 -0.149
## ethnLtn/Hsp 0.065 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.072 -0.008 -0.250 0.334
## ethnOther
               -0.081 0.000
                               0.000 -0.044 -0.006 -0.038 0.234 0.244
## ethnWht/Ccs -0.091 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.107 -0.062 -0.171 0.468
                                                                    0.496 0.357
## ethAI/NAoAN -0.141 0.000
                                       0.123 0.012 0.029 0.176
                               0.000
                                                                    0.178
                                                                           0.134
## ethnDclntst -0.067 0.000
                               0.000
                                       0.144 0.010 -0.027 0.139
                                                                   0.145
##
               ethW/C eIAoAN
## trial.valne
## trial.valps
## sexfemale
## sexother
## age
## ethnBlck/AA
## ethnLtn/Hsp
## ethnOther
## ethnWht/Ccs
```

```
## ethAI/NAoAN 0.271
## ethnDclntst 0.211 0.092
```

- Intercept (negative trial): estimate = 2.93, t-value = 3.84. The effect of negative trial on arousal (Iaro) is moderate.
- trial.valneu: estimate -2.26, t-value = -64.28. Compared to valneg, the neutral trial significantly decreases arousal (Iaro), which can be expected.
- trial.valpos: estimate = -0.30, t-value = -12.10. Compared to valueg, the **positive trial** also significantly decreases arousal (Iaro), but the effect is small.
- Other fixed effects are not significant.

#### 0.3 Autoregressive Modeling

#### 0.3.1 Assign 12 inertia scores for each participant

Assign 1 overall inertia score for pos, neg, and aro for each participant:

```
library(dplyr)
library(purrr)
library(broom)
# Create a function to return inertia (lag-1 beta value)
get_inertia <- function(x) {</pre>
  # Create lagged data
 lag_x <- dplyr::lag(x)</pre>
 df <- data.frame(current = x, lagged = lag_x)</pre>
  df <- na.omit(df)</pre>
  # Linear regression: current ~ lagged
 model <- lm(current ~ lagged, data = df)</pre>
  coef(model)["lagged"]
}
# find inertia scores for the 3 emotions for each participant
overall inertia <- dat %>%
  group_by(subj) %>%
  summarise(
    pos_inertia = get_inertia(Ipos),
    neg_inertia = get_inertia(Ineg),
    aro_inertia = get_inertia(Iaro)
  )
overall_inertia
```

```
## # A tibble: 156 x 4
## subj pos_inertia neg_inertia aro_inertia
## <fct> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
```

```
## 1 f001
                -0.0956
                            -0.149
                                       -0.139
## 2 f002
                 0.0187
                             0.0682
                                        0.0974
## 3 f003
                -0.0855
                           -0.143
                                        0.0149
## 4 f004
                           -0.0705
                0.0648
                                        0.0150
## 5 f005
                -0.0433
                           -0.0918
                                       -0.0962
## 6 f006
                -0.0750
                            0.160
                                        0.175
## 7 f007
                0.0834
                             0.0245
                                        0.190
## 8 f008
                -0.0125
                            -0.0254
                                        0.00949
## 9 f009
                             0.0865
                                       -0.136
                 0.0162
## 10 f010
                 0.164
                             0.110
                                        0.0143
## # i 146 more rows
```

##

For each of the 3 emotional reactions (pos, neg, aro), assign 1 inertia score for each of the 3 trial type (pos, neg, neu)

```
library(tidyr)
```

```
## Attaching package: 'tidyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:Matrix':
##
##
       expand, pack, unpack
# For each subj × trial.val × emotion
inertia_long <- dat %>%
  group_by(subj, trial.val) %>%
  summarise(
   pos_inertia = get_inertia(Ipos),
   neg_inertia = get_inertia(Ineg),
   aro_inertia = get_inertia(Iaro),
    .groups = "drop"
  )
# Reshape into wide format: 1 row per participant, 9 inertia scores
inertia_wide <- inertia_long %>%
 pivot_wider(
   names_from = trial.val,
    values_from = c(pos_inertia, neg_inertia, aro_inertia),
    names_glue = "{.value}_{trial.val}"
  )
inertia wide
```

```
## # A tibble: 156 x 10
## subj pos_inertia_neg pos_inertia_neu pos_inertia_pos neg_inertia_neg
```

```
<fct>
                      dbl>
                                      dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
##
                    -0.0233
                                                     0.0214
                                                                     -0.203
##
   1 f001
                                    NA
## 2 f002
                    -0.0233
                                    -0.115
                                                    -0.00418
                                                                      0.376
## 3 f003
                    0.131
                                    -0.0939
                                                    -0.127
                                                                     -0.106
                                    -0.0111
## 4 f004
                    -0.0732
                                                     0.196
                                                                      0.0689
## 5 f005
                     0.223
                                                                      0.107
                                    -0.0769
                                                     0.0571
## 6 f006
                    -0.0883
                                    -0.161
                                                     0.239
                                                                      0.416
## 7 f007
                    -0.0233
                                    -0.0888
                                                     0.0636
                                                                      0.191
## 8 f008
                     0.0422
                                    -0.247
                                                                     -0.174
                                                     0.0363
## 9 f009
                    -0.0560
                                     0.0590
                                                     0.0652
                                                                      0.0603
## 10 f010
                    -0.0233
                                                                      0.220
                                     0.0577
                                                     0.199
## # i 146 more rows
## # i 5 more variables: neg_inertia_neu <dbl>, neg_inertia_pos <dbl>,
       aro inertia neg <dbl>, aro inertia neu <dbl>, aro inertia pos <dbl>
# Find the reason of NAs
# Whether there's not enough data for each subj x trial.val group?
dat %>%
  group_by(subj, trial.val) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) \%
 filter(n < 5)
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'subj'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
## # A tibble: 0 x 3
## # Groups:
               subj [0]
## # i 3 variables: subj <fct>, trial.val <fct>, n <int>
# Whether some emotion ratings for certain trial type are always the same?
dat %>%
  group_by(subj, trial.val) %>%
  summarise(
    Ineg_var = var(Ineg),
   Ipos var = var(Ipos),
   Iaro_var = var(Iaro)
  ) %>%
  filter(Ineg_var == 0 | Ipos_var == 0 | Iaro_var == 0)
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'subj'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
## # A tibble: 106 x 5
```

```
## # Groups:
                subj [80]
##
            trial.val Ineg_var Ipos_var Iaro_var
##
      <fct> <fct>
                           <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
##
    1 f001 neu
                          0
                                   0.267
                                             0.352
    2 f001
                          0
                                   1.61
                                             1.08
##
            pos
    3 f002
                          0
                                   1.26
                                             1.35
##
            neu
##
   4 f002
            pos
                          0
                                   1.51
                                             1.14
##
    5 f005
            neu
                          0
                                   0.267
                                             0.0667
    6 f007
                          0
                                   0.0663
##
            neu
                                             0
   7 f007
                                             0.382
##
            pos
                          0
                                   0.786
    8 f013
                                   0.0659
##
                          0
                                             0
            neu
##
   9 f019
                          0.124
                                   4.92
            neu
                                             0
## 10 f020 neu
                          0
                                   2.52
                                             1.55
## # i 96 more rows
```

- The reason of NAs is not due to insufficient data for each subj  $\times$  trial.val group
- NAs are also not likely to be caused by zero-variance of some emotion inertia ratings, since NAs from inertia wide are more than the number of Var = 0.

```
# Merge all inertia scores (by subj)
inertia_all <- overall_inertia %>%
  left_join(inertia_wide, by = "subj")
inertia_all
```

```
## # A tibble: 156 x 13
      subj pos_inertia neg_inertia aro_inertia pos_inertia_neg pos_inertia_neu
##
      <fct>
                                                             <dbl>
                                                                              <dbl>
##
                   <dbl>
                               <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
##
    1 f001
                -0.0956
                             -0.149
                                         -0.139
                                                           -0.0233
                                                                            NA
   2 f002
                              0.0682
                                          0.0974
                                                           -0.0233
                                                                            -0.115
##
                 0.0187
    3 f003
##
                -0.0855
                             -0.143
                                          0.0149
                                                            0.131
                                                                            -0.0939
##
   4 f004
                 0.0648
                             -0.0705
                                          0.0150
                                                           -0.0732
                                                                            -0.0111
##
   5 f005
                -0.0433
                             -0.0918
                                         -0.0962
                                                            0.223
                                                                            -0.0769
##
   6 f006
                -0.0750
                              0.160
                                          0.175
                                                           -0.0883
                                                                            -0.161
##
   7 f007
                  0.0834
                              0.0245
                                          0.190
                                                           -0.0233
                                                                            -0.0888
   8 f008
                -0.0125
                             -0.0254
                                          0.00949
                                                            0.0422
                                                                            -0.247
##
   9 f009
##
                  0.0162
                              0.0865
                                         -0.136
                                                           -0.0560
                                                                             0.0590
## 10 f010
                  0.164
                              0.110
                                          0.0143
                                                           -0.0233
                                                                             0.0577
## # i 146 more rows
## # i 7 more variables: pos_inertia_pos <dbl>, neg_inertia_neg <dbl>,
       neg_inertia_neu <dbl>, neg_inertia_pos <dbl>, aro_inertia_neg <dbl>,
## #
## #
       aro_inertia_neu <dbl>, aro_inertia_pos <dbl>
```

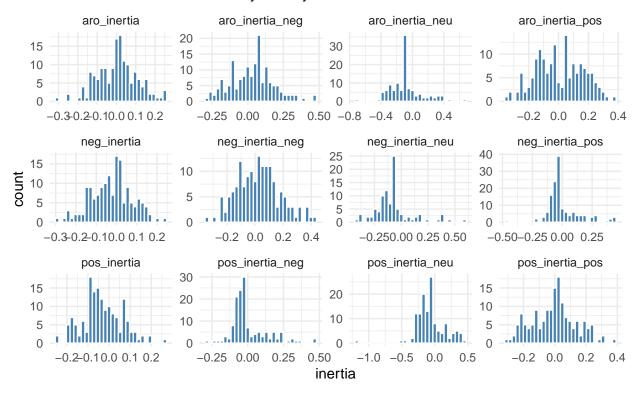
```
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(e1071) # for skewness
library(psych) # for describe()
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'psych'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
      %+%, alpha
# Convert to inertia_long format
inertia_long <- inertia_all %>%
 pivot_longer(-subj, names_to = "inertia_type", values_to = "inertia")
# Distribution & Skewness
inertia_long %>%
 group_by(inertia_type) %>%
 mutate(
   skew = skewness(inertia, na.rm = TRUE),
   normality_p = shapiro.test(inertia)$p.value
 ) %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = inertia)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 30, fill = "steelblue", color = "white") +
 facet_wrap(~ inertia_type, scales = "free") +
 theme_minimal() +
 labs(title = "Histogram of Inertia Scores across Participants",
       subtitle = "Check for skewness & normality visually")
```

## Warning: Removed 159 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat\_bin()').

### Histogram of Inertia Scores across Participants

Check for skewness & normality visually



```
# describe_stats for all 3 + 9 = 12 types of inertia
describe_stats <- inertia_long %>%
  group_by(inertia_type) %>%
  summarise(
    n = sum(!is.na(inertia)),
    sd = sd(inertia, na.rm = TRUE),
    Q1 = quantile(inertia, 0.25, na.rm = TRUE),
    Q3 = quantile(inertia, 0.75, na.rm = TRUE),
    skewness = skewness(inertia, na.rm = TRUE),
    normality_p = shapiro.test(inertia)$p.value
)
describe_stats
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 7
      inertia_type
##
                                 sd
                                         01
                                                   Q3 skewness normality p
##
      <chr>
                       <int>
                              <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
                                                                      <dbl>
##
   1 aro inertia
                         156 0.103 -0.0630
                                             0.0666
                                                       -0.0809
                                                                   6.10e- 1
##
    2 aro_inertia_neg
                         156 0.150
                                    -0.0772
                                              0.124
                                                        0.230
                                                                   1.39e- 1
    3 aro_inertia_neu
                         117 0.208
                                            -0.00947
                                                        0.715
                                                                   3.86e- 5
##
                                    -0.182
##
   4 aro_inertia_pos
                         154 0.157
                                    -0.117
                                              0.134
                                                        0.0368
                                                                   1.11e- 1
    5 neg_inertia
                         156 0.0998 -0.0890
                                              0.0316
                                                       -0.120
                                                                   8.17e- 1
##
                         156 0.151 -0.0928
                                                        0.253
                                                                   4.16e- 1
    6 neg_inertia_neg
                                             0.117
```

```
## 7 neg_inertia_neu
                       95 0.177 -0.166 -0.0635
                                                     1.30
                                                              1.30e- 7
## 8 neg_inertia_pos
                                                              6.69e-10
                       141 0.139 -0.0694 0.0458
                                                     1.08
## 9 pos_inertia
                       156 0.0927 -0.0889 0.0276
                                                    0.290
                                                              2.67e- 1
## 10 pos_inertia_neg
                       140 0.129 -0.0691 0.0479
                                                    1.27
                                                              2.32e- 9
## 11 pos inertia neu
                       130 0.216 -0.167
                                           0.0242
                                                    -0.399
                                                              8.44e-8
## 12 pos_inertia_pos
                       156 0.141 -0.119
                                                              1.17e- 1
                                           0.0684
                                                     0.0816
```

Inertia scores that are not normal:

- neg\_inertia\_pos: normality\_p = 6.689087e-10; skewness = 1.07982750
  - Under positive stimuli, negative emotion inertia is right-skewed: a few individuals have unusually persistent negative emotions
- pos\_inertia\_neg: normality\_p = 2.318693e-09; skewness = 1.27067898
  - Under negative stimuli, positive emotion inertia is strongly right-skewed: most people have low inertia in positive feelings, with a few showing strong inertia
- pos\_inertia\_neu: normality\_p = 8.436415e-08; skewness = -0.39896752
  - For neutral stimuli, positive emotion inertia is slightly left-skewed
- neg\_inertia\_neu: normality\_p = 1.296106e-07; skewness = 1.29575508
  - For neutral stimuli, negative emotion inertia is strongly right-skewed
- aro inertia neu: normality p = 3.859573e-05; skewness = 0.71497318
  - For neutral stimuli, arousal inertia is right-skewed

#### 0.3.2 Normalize the skewed inertia types

```
# Transform the skewed inertia types to normal
library(bestNormalize)

skewed_vars <- c(
    "neg_inertia_pos", "pos_inertia_neg", "pos_inertia_neu",
    "neg_inertia_neu", "aro_inertia_neu"
)

inertia_long_normalized <- inertia_long %>%
    group_by(inertia_type) %>%
    mutate(
    inertia_trans = if_else(
        inertia_type %in% skewed_vars,
        orderNorm(inertia)$x.t, # transform only these
        inertia # leave others unchanged
    )
)
```

```
## Warning: There were 6 warnings in 'mutate()'.
## The first warning was:
## i In argument: 'inertia_trans = if_else(...)'.
## i In group 3: 'inertia_type = "aro_inertia_neu"'.
## Caused by warning in 'orderNorm()':
## ! Ties in data, Normal distribution not guaranteed
## i Run 'dplyr::last_dplyr_warnings()' to see the 5 remaining warnings.
```

#### inertia\_long\_normalized

```
## # A tibble: 1,872 x 4
## # Groups: inertia_type [12]
     subj inertia_type inertia inertia_trans
##
     <fct> <chr>
                                         <dbl>
##
                           <dbl>
## 1 f001 pos_inertia
                         -0.0956
                                        -0.0956
## 2 f001 neg_inertia
                          -0.149
                                        -0.149
## 3 f001 aro_inertia
                          -0.139
                                        -0.139
## 4 f001 pos_inertia_neg -0.0233
                                         0.244
## 5 f001 pos_inertia_neu NA
## 6 f001 pos_inertia_pos 0.0214
                                         0.0214
## 7 f001 neg_inertia_neg -0.203
                                        -0.203
## 8 f001 neg_inertia_neu NA
                                        NA
## 9 f001 neg_inertia_pos NA
                                        NA
## 10 f001 aro inertia neg -0.187
                                        -0.187
## # i 1,862 more rows
```

#### 0.3.3 Compare means and sd of the 12 inertia types

```
# Find mean value of each of the 12 inertia types

inertia_means <- inertia_long_normalized %>%
  group_by(inertia_type) %>%
  summarise(
    mean_inertia = mean(inertia_trans, na.rm = TRUE),
    sd_inertia = sd(inertia_trans, na.rm = TRUE),
    n = sum(!is.na(inertia_trans))
) %>%
  arrange(desc(abs(mean_inertia)))

inertia_means
```

```
## 2 aro_inertia_neg 0.0308
                                        0.150
                                                 156
## 3 neg_inertia
                      -0.0244
                                        0.0998
                                                 156
## 4 neg_inertia_neg 0.0242
                                        0.151
                                                 156
## 5 aro_inertia_pos 0.00693
                                        0.157
                                                 154
## 6 pos inertia pos -0.00589
                                        0.141
                                                 156
## 7 aro inertia
                                        0.103
                       0.00482
                                                 156
## 8 neg inertia neu -0.0000523
                                        0.998
                                                  95
## 9 aro_inertia_neu -0.0000440
                                        0.998
                                                 117
## 10 pos inertia neg -0.0000328
                                        0.999
                                                 140
## 11 neg_inertia_pos -0.00000932
                                        0.999
                                                 141
## 12 pos_inertia_neu 0.000000373
                                        0.999
                                                 130
```

- aro\_inertia\_neu: Extremely high SD (0.998) arousal inertia under neutral stimuli varies greatly across individuals
- neg\_inertia\_pos: Negative near-zero mean (-9.32e-06) but very high variance (sd = 0.999);
  - Negative emotion is likely to bounce back after positive stimuli
  - Huge individual differences
- pos\_inertia\_neg: Negative near-zero mean (-3.28e-05) but very high variance (sd = 0.999);
  - Positive emotion is likely to bounce back after negative stimuli
  - Huge individual differences

#### 0.3.3.1 aro\_inertia\_neg (mean = 0.031) vs. aro\_inertia\_pos (mean = 0.007)

- participants show slightly greater arousal persistence following negative stimuli (M = 0.0308) compared to positive stimuli
- but the difference is non-significant (p-value = 0.1727)

```
library(dplyr)
library(broom)
library(effectsize)

## ## Attaching package: 'effectsize'

## The following object is masked from 'package:psych':

## ## phi

inertia_compare_aro <- inertia_long_normalized %>%
    filter(inertia_type %in% c("aro_inertia_neg", "aro_inertia_pos")) %>%
    filter(!is.na(inertia_trans))

t_result_aro <- t.test(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_aro)
print(t_result_aro)</pre>
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: inertia_trans by inertia_type
## t = 1.3669, df = 306.81, p-value = 0.1727
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group aro_inertia_neg and group are
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.01049249 0.05823600
## sample estimates:
## mean in group aro_inertia_neg mean in group aro_inertia_pos
                    0.030804571
                                                0.006932816
##
cohen_d_result_aro <- cohens_d(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_aro)</pre>
print(cohen_d_result_aro)
## Cohen's d | 95% CI
## -----
## 0.16 | [-0.07, 0.38]
## - Estimated using pooled SD.
anova_result_aro <- aov(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_aro)</pre>
summary(anova_result_aro)
##
                Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## inertia_type 1 0.044 0.04416 1.87 0.173
## Residuals 308 7.275 0.02362
eta_squared_result_aro <- eta_squared(anova_result_aro, partial = TRUE)</pre>
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
print(eta_squared_result_aro)
## # Effect Size for ANOVA
##
## Parameter | Eta2 | 95% CI
## inertia_type | 6.03e-03 | [0.00, 1.00]
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at [1.00].
```

```
inertia_compare_negpos <- inertia_long_normalized %>%
 filter(inertia_type %in% c("neg_inertia", "pos_inertia")) %>%
 filter(!is.na(inertia_trans))
t_result_negpos <- t.test(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_negpos)</pre>
print(t_result_negpos)
0.3.3.2 neg_inertia (mean = -0.024) vs. pos_inertia (mean = -0.032):
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: inertia_trans by inertia_type
## t = 0.73868, df = 308.32, p-value = 0.4607
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group neg inertia and group pos in
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.01340656 0.02952216
## sample estimates:
## mean in group neg_inertia mean in group pos_inertia
##
                -0.02436017
                                          -0.03241797
cohen_d_result_negpos <- cohens_d(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_negpos)
print(cohen_d_result_negpos)
## Cohen's d | 95% CI
## -----
        | [-0.14, 0.31]
## 0.08
##
## - Estimated using pooled SD.
anova_result_negpos <- aov(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_negpos)</pre>
summary(anova_result_negpos)
                Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## inertia_type 1 0.0051 0.005064
                                     0.546 0.461
## Residuals 310 2.8773 0.009281
eta_squared_result_negpos <- eta_squared(anova_result_negpos, partial = TRUE)</pre>
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
  to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
```

```
print(eta_squared_result_negpos)
## # Effect Size for ANOVA
##
## Parameter
                      Eta2 |
                                   95% CI
## inertia_type | 1.76e-03 | [0.00, 1.00]
##
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at [1.00].
  • Negative emotions appeared to decay slightly more slowly (M = -0.024) than
     positive ones (M = -0.032), but the difference is not significant (p-value = 0.461)
  • on average, both emotional valences exhibited similarly rapid decay, and individual variability
    may overshadow any consistent group-level differences
  • Cohen's d effect size = 0.08: difference between neg_inertia and pos_inertia is small
inertia_compare_negpos2 <- inertia_long_normalized %>%
  filter(inertia_type %in% c("neg_inertia_pos", "pos_inertia_neg")) %>%
  filter(!is.na(inertia_trans))
t_result_negpos2 <- t.test(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_negpos2)
print(t_result_negpos2)
0.3.3.3 neg_inertia_pos (mean = -9.32e-06) vs. pos_inertia_neg (-3.28e-05):
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: inertia_trans by inertia_type
## t = 0.00019662, df = 278.99, p-value = 0.9998
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group neg_inertia_pos and group po
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.2345872 0.2346341
## sample estimates:
## mean in group neg_inertia_pos mean in group pos_inertia_neg
                   -9.318999e-06
##
                                                  -3.275277e-05
cohen_d_result_negpos2 <- cohens_d(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_negpos</pre>
print(cohen_d_result_negpos2)
## Cohen's d | 95% CI
```

## 2.35e-05 | [-0.23, 0.23]

## - Estimated using pooled SD.

##

```
anova_result_negpos2 <- aov(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_negpos2)</pre>
summary(anova_result_negpos2)
##
                 Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                       0.0 0.0000
## inertia_type
                  1
## Residuals
                279 278.4 0.9978
eta_squared_result_negpos2 <- eta_squared(anova_result_negpos2, partial = TRUE)
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
print(eta_squared_result_negpos2)
## # Effect Size for ANOVA
##
                                   95% CI
## Parameter
                      Eta2 |
## inertia_type | 1.39e-10 | [0.00, 1.00]
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at [1.00].
```

- Interpretation: Emotions tend to reset quickly when the stimulus is the opposite, potentially due to contrast effects or attentional shifts, meaning that people are likely to be affected by opposite stimuli
- no statistically significant difference (p = 0.9998)
- Cohen's d effect size = 2.35e-05: difference between neg\_inertia\_pos and pos\_inertia\_neg is negligible

```
# pos_inertia_pos vs. pos_inertia_neg: effect size

pos_pos_vs_pos_neg <- inertia_long_normalized %>%
    filter(inertia_type %in% c("pos_inertia_pos", "pos_inertia_neg")) %>%
    filter(!is.na(inertia_trans))

t_result <- t.test(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = pos_pos_vs_pos_neg)
print(t_result)</pre>
```

#### 0.3.3.4 pos\_inertia\_pos vs. pos\_inertia\_neg:

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: inertia_trans by inertia_type
## t = 0.068807, df = 143.95, p-value = 0.9452
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group pos_inertia_neg and group pos
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1624810 0.1742013
## sample estimates:
## mean in group pos_inertia_neg mean in group pos_inertia_pos
                  -3.275277e-05
                                               -5.892885e-03
##
cohen_d_result <- cohens_d(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = pos_pos_vs_pos_neg)</pre>
print(cohen_d_result)
## Cohen's d | 95% CI
## -----
## 8.44e-03 | [-0.22, 0.24]
## - Estimated using pooled SD.
anova_result <- aov(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = pos_pos_vs_pos_neg)</pre>
summary(anova_result)
##
                Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## inertia_type 1 0.0 0.0025 0.005 0.942
## Residuals 294 141.8 0.4822
eta_squared_result <- eta_squared(anova_result, partial = TRUE)</pre>
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
print(eta_squared_result)
## # Effect Size for ANOVA
##
## Parameter | Eta2 | 95% CI
## inertia_type | 1.79e-05 | [0.00, 1.00]
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at [1.00].
```

```
# neq_inertia_neq vs. neq_inertia_pos: effect size
inertia_compare_neg_inertia <- inertia_long_normalized %>%
 filter(inertia_type %in% c("neg_inertia_neg", "neg_inertia_pos")) %>%
 filter(!is.na(inertia_trans))
t_result_neg <- t.test(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_neg_inertia)</pre>
print(t result neg)
0.3.3.5 neg inertia neg vs. neg inertia pos:
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
## data: inertia_trans by inertia_type
## t = 0.28528, df = 145.81, p-value = 0.7758
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group neg_inertia_neg and group neg
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1437375 0.1922333
## sample estimates:
## mean in group neg_inertia_neg mean in group neg_inertia_pos
                   2.423859e-02
cohen_d_result_neg <- cohens_d(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_neg_inertia
print(cohen_d_result_neg)
## Cohen's d | 95% CI
## -----
## 0.03
        | [-0.19, 0.26]
## - Estimated using pooled SD.
anova_result_neg <- aov(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_neg_inertia)
summary(anova result neg)
##
                Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## inertia_type 1 0.04 0.0435
                                   0.09 0.765
## Residuals
               295 143.26 0.4856
eta_squared_result_neg <- eta_squared(anova_result_neg, partial = TRUE)</pre>
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
```

```
print(eta_squared_result_neg)
## # Effect Size for ANOVA
##
## Parameter
                     Eta2 |
                                  95% CI
## -----
## inertia_type | 3.04e-04 | [0.00, 1.00]
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at [1.00].
# pos_inertia_neu vs. neq_inertia_neu: effect size
inertia_compare_neu <- inertia_long_normalized %>%
 filter(inertia_type %in% c("pos_inertia_neu", "neg_inertia_neu")) %>%
 filter(!is.na(inertia_trans))
t_result_neu <- t.test(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_neu)</pre>
print(t_result_neu)
0.3.3.6 pos_inertia_neu vs. neg_inertia_neu:
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: inertia_trans by inertia_type
## t = -0.00038854, df = 202.78, p-value = 0.9997
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group neg inertia neu and group por
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.2657990 0.2656943
## sample estimates:
## mean in group neg_inertia_neu mean in group pos_inertia_neu
##
                  -5.232923e-05
                                                 3.726862e-08
cohen_d_result_neu <- cohens_d(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_neu)</pre>
print(cohen_d_result_neu)
## Cohen's d |
                95% CI
## -----
## -5.24e-05 | [-0.26, 0.26]
##
## - Estimated using pooled SD.
```

```
anova_result_neu <- aov(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_compare_neu)
summary(anova_result_neu)
##
                Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## inertia_type 1
                    0.0 0.0000
## Residuals 223 222.4 0.9973
eta_squared_result_neu <- eta_squared(anova_result_neu, partial = TRUE)
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
print(eta_squared_result_neu)
## # Effect Size for ANOVA
##
## Parameter
                                  95% CI
               Eta2 |
## inertia_type | 6.77e-10 | [0.00, 1.00]
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at [1.00].
# Overall there's no statistically significant difference between the 12 inertia types
anova_result <- aov(inertia_trans ~ inertia_type, data = inertia_long_normalized)</pre>
summary(anova_result)
0.3.3.7 Multivariate ANOVA of 12 inertia types:
##
                 Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                       0.5 0.0466 0.125
## inertia type 11
               1701 634.8 0.3732
## Residuals
## 159 observations deleted due to missingness
# Find partial eta squared for effect size
partial_eta_squared_result <- eta_squared(anova_result, partial = TRUE)</pre>
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
```

#### partial\_eta\_squared\_result

```
## # Effect Size for ANOVA
##
## Parameter | Eta2 | 95% CI
## ------
## inertia_type | 8.07e-04 | [0.00, 1.00]
##
## - One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at [1.00].
```

• Partial eta squared = 0.0008, which is a very small effect size

```
# original p-values by pairwise t-test

raw_pvals <- c(
    0.1727,  # aro_inertia_neg vs aro_inertia_pos
    0.4607,  # neg_inertia vs pos_inertia
    0.9998,  # neg_inertia_pos vs pos_inertia_neg
    0.9452,  # pos_inertia_pos vs pos_inertia_neg
    0.7758,  # neg_inertia_neg vs neg_inertia_pos
    0.9997  # pos_inertia_neu vs neg_inertia_neu
)

# Bonferroni adjusted p-values
p.adjust(raw_pvals, method = "bonferroni")</pre>
```

#### 0.3.3.8 re-test by Bonferroni

```
## [1] 1 1 1 1 1 1
```

#### 0.3.4 Compare 12 emotional inertia types by demographics

```
# Pivot transformed inertia data to wide format

inertia_wide_trans <- inertia_long_normalized %>%
    select(subj, inertia_type, inertia_trans) %>%
    tidyr::pivot_wider(
        names_from = inertia_type,
        values_from = inertia_trans
)

# Extract demographic info from your original dat
```

```
demo_info <- dat %>%
  select(subj, sex, age, ethn) %>%
  distinct()
# Merge the transformed inertia data with demographics
inertia_full <- inertia_wide_trans %>%
  left join(demo info, by = "subj")
inertia full
## # A tibble: 156 x 16
##
      subj pos_inertia neg_inertia aro_inertia pos_inertia_neg pos_inertia_neu
##
      <fct>
                  <dbl>
                               <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                                           <dbl>
                                                                            <dbl>
##
   1 f001
                -0.0956
                            -0.149
                                        -0.139
                                                           0.244
                                                                          NΑ
## 2 f002
                 0.0187
                             0.0682
                                         0.0974
                                                           0.244
                                                                          -0.184
## 3 f003
                -0.0855
                            -0.143
                                         0.0149
                                                           0.935
                                                                          -0.145
## 4 f004
                 0.0648
                            -0.0705
                                         0.0150
                                                          -0.779
                                                                           0.535
                -0.0433
## 5 f005
                            -0.0918
                                        -0.0962
                                                           1.49
                                                                           0.0579
## 6 f006
                -0.0750
                             0.160
                                         0.175
                                                          -1.08
                                                                          -0.581
## 7 f007
                 0.0834
                             0.0245
                                         0.190
                                                           0.244
                                                                          -0.0869
## 8 f008
                -0.0125
                            -0.0254
                                         0.00949
                                                           0.641
                                                                          -1.10
## 9 f009
                 0.0162
                             0.0865
                                        -0.136
                                                          -0.434
                                                                           0.724
## 10 f010
                 0.164
                              0.110
                                         0.0143
                                                           0.244
                                                                           0.699
## # i 146 more rows
## # i 10 more variables: pos_inertia_pos <dbl>, neg_inertia_neg <dbl>,
       neg_inertia_neu <dbl>, neg_inertia_pos <dbl>, aro_inertia_neg <dbl>,
## #
       aro_inertia_neu <dbl>, aro_inertia_pos <dbl>, sex <fct>, age <int>,
## #
       ethn <fct>
# Inertia types by Sex (mean)
# By sex
inertia_full %>%
  group_by(sex) %>%
  summarise(across(starts_with("pos_") | starts_with("neg_") | starts_with("aro_"),
                   ~mean(.x, na.rm = TRUE)))
0.3.4.1 By Sex
## # A tibble: 3 x 13
##
            pos_inertia pos_inertia_neg pos_inertia_neu pos_inertia_pos neg_inertia
     sex
##
     <fct>
                                   <dbl>
                                                                    <dbl>
                  <dbl>
                                                   <dbl>
                                                                                <dbl>
## 1 male
                -0.0206
                                  0.126
                                                 -0.0479
                                                                -0.000842
                                                                              -0.0241
## 2 female
                -0.0432
                                 -0.0984
                                                  0.0620
                                                                -0.0106
                                                                              -0.0245
```

```
## 3 other 0.0144 -0.881 -1.51 0.0190 -0.0339
## # i 7 more variables: neg_inertia_neg <dbl>, neg_inertia_neu <dbl>,
## # neg_inertia_pos <dbl>, aro_inertia_dbl>, aro_inertia_neg <dbl>,
## # aro_inertia_neu <dbl>, aro_inertia_pos <dbl>
```

- On average, males showed slightly higher positive emotion inertia (M = -0.021) than females (M = -0.043)
- pos\_inertia\_neg: male(0.1255) vs. female(-0.0984)
  - On average, Females lose positive emotions quickly in response to negative stimuli
- neg\_inertia\_pos: male (-0.0489) vs. female(0.0297)
  - On average, Females retain negative emotions more than males even under positive stimuli -> showing difficulty to let go of negativity
- This may partly explain why females are more likely to get depression

```
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(purrr)
# Transform into long_format
inertia_sex_long <- inertia_full %>%
  filter(!is.na(sex)) %>%
 pivot_longer(
    cols = starts_with("pos_") | starts_with("neg_") | starts_with("aro_"),
    names_to = "inertia_type",
    values_to = "inertia_value"
  )
# Check for normality using Shapiro test
normality_test <- inertia_sex_long %>%
  group_by(inertia_type, sex) %>%
 filter(n() >= 3) %>% # Keep groups with sample size >= 3
  summarise(
   n = n()
    shapiro_p = shapiro.test(inertia_value)$p.value,
    skewness = e1071::skewness(inertia_value, na.rm = TRUE),
    .groups = "drop"
  ) %>%
 mutate(normal = ifelse(shapiro_p >= 0.05, "Yes", "No"))
normality_test
```

```
## # A tibble: 24 x 6
## inertia_type sex n shapiro_p skewness normal
## <chr> <fct> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
```

```
## 1 aro_inertia
                      male
                                72
                                       0.520 -0.226 Yes
## 2 aro_inertia
                      female
                                83
                                       0.637 -0.0532 Yes
## 3 aro_inertia_neg male
                                72
                                       0.287
                                               0.182 Yes
## 4 aro_inertia_neg female
                                               0.278 Yes
                                83
                                       0.583
## 5 aro inertia neu male
                                72
                                       0.971
                                               0.0313 Yes
## 6 aro_inertia_neu female
                                              -0.0292 Yes
                                83
                                       0.941
## 7 aro inertia pos male
                                72
                                       0.216
                                              -0.0686 Yes
## 8 aro_inertia_pos female
                                83
                                       0.489
                                               0.0951 Yes
## 9 neg_inertia
                                       0.819
                                               0.0121 Yes
                      male
                                72
## 10 neg_inertia
                      female
                                83
                                       0.645 -0.198 Yes
## # i 14 more rows
```

```
# Check for significant difference by sex with ANOVA
library(broom)

anova_results <- inertia_sex_long %>%
  filter(!is.na(inertia_value), !is.na(sex)) %>%
  group_by(inertia_type) %>%
  do({
    model <- aov(inertia_value ~ sex, data = .)
    tidy(model)
}) %>%
  filter(term == "sex") %>%
  select(inertia_type, p.value, statistic)
anova_results
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 3
## # Groups:
               inertia_type [12]
##
      inertia_type
                      p.value statistic
##
      <chr>>
                        <dbl>
                                   <dbl>
## 1 aro_inertia
                        0.190
                                 1.68
                                 1.22
##
   2 aro_inertia_neg
                        0.298
## 3 aro_inertia_neu
                        0.452
                                 0.570
## 4 aro_inertia_pos
                        0.225
                                 1.51
## 5 neg_inertia
                        0.995
                                 0.00487
## 6 neg_inertia_neg
                        0.988
                                 0.0117
## 7 neg_inertia_neu
                        0.175
                                 1.77
## 8 neg_inertia_pos
                        0.531
                                 0.636
## 9 pos_inertia
                        0.280
                                 1.28
## 10 pos_inertia_neg
                        0.285
                                 1.27
## 11 pos_inertia_neu
                                 1.35
                        0.262
## 12 pos_inertia_pos
                        0.899
                                 0.107
```

• one-way ANOVA revealed that these differences were not statistically significant: among the 12 inertia types, none of them has statistically significant difference in sex

```
# Find eta squared of inertia types by sex
library(effectsize)
library(broom)
library(dplyr)
eta_squared_results <- inertia_sex_long %>%
  filter(!is.na(inertia_value), !is.na(sex)) %>%
  group_by(inertia_type) %>%
  do({
    model <- aov(inertia_value ~ sex, data = .)</pre>
    # broom::tidy for F and p-value
    tidy_model <- tidy(model) %>%
      filter(term == "sex")
    if(nrow(tidy_model) > 0){
      # eta squared
      eta_sq <- eta_squared(model, partial = TRUE) %>%
        filter(Parameter == "sex")
      data.frame(
        inertia_type = unique(.$inertia_type),
        F_value = tidy_model$statistic,
        p_value = tidy_model$p.value,
        partial_eta_squared = eta_sq$Eta2
      )
    } else {
      data.frame(
        inertia_type = unique(.$inertia_type),
        F_{value} = NA,
        p_value = NA,
        partial_eta_squared = NA
      )
    }
 })
```

```
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
```

```
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
```

#### print(eta\_squared\_results)

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
## # Groups:
               inertia_type [12]
##
      inertia type
                      F_value p_value partial_eta_squared
      <chr>
                                <dbl>
##
                        <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
## 1 aro inertia
                                0.190
                      1.68
                                                0.0215
## 2 aro_inertia_neg 1.22
                                0.298
                                                0.0157
## 3 aro inertia neu 0.570
                                0.452
                                                 0.00493
## 4 aro_inertia_pos 1.51
                                0.225
                                                0.0196
## 5 neg_inertia
                      0.00487
                                0.995
                                                 0.0000637
## 6 neg_inertia_neg 0.0117
                                0.988
                                                 0.000153
## 7 neg_inertia_neu 1.77
                                0.175
                                                 0.0371
## 8 neg_inertia_pos 0.636
                                0.531
                                                 0.00913
## 9 pos_inertia
                      1.28
                                0.280
                                                 0.0165
## 10 pos_inertia_neg 1.27
                                0.285
                                                 0.0181
## 11 pos_inertia_neu 1.35
                                0.262
                                                 0.0209
## 12 pos_inertia_pos 0.107
                                0.899
                                                 0.00139
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 2
## # Groups: inertia_type [12]
##
     inertia_type
                     cohens_d
##
     <chr>
                        <dbl>
  1 pos_inertia
                      0.245
##
## 2 pos_inertia_neg 0.225
## 3 pos_inertia_pos 0.0688
## 4 neg_inertia
                      0.00414
## 5 neg_inertia_neg 0.00726
## 6 aro_inertia
                     -0.288
## 7 aro_inertia_neg -0.128
## 8 aro_inertia_neu -0.140
## 9 aro_inertia_pos 0.264
## 10 pos_inertia_neu -0.110
## 11 neg_inertia_neu 0.269
## 12 neg_inertia_pos -0.0785
# retest sex difference by Bonferroni
Bonferroni_results <- eta_squared_results %>%
 ungroup() %>%
 mutate(bonferroni_p = p.adjust(p_value, method = "bonferroni"))
Bonferroni_results
```

##	# 1	A tibble: 12 x 5				
##		inertia_type	$F_{value}$	p_value	partial_eta_squared	bonferroni_p
##		<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
##	1	aro_inertia	1.68	0.190	0.0215	1
##	2	aro_inertia_neg	1.22	0.298	0.0157	1
##	3	aro_inertia_neu	0.570	0.452	0.00493	1
##	4	aro_inertia_pos	1.51	0.225	0.0196	1
##	5	neg_inertia	0.00487	0.995	0.0000637	1
##	6	neg_inertia_neg	0.0117	0.988	0.000153	1
##	7	neg_inertia_neu	1.77	0.175	0.0371	1
##	8	${\tt neg\_inertia\_pos}$	0.636	0.531	0.00913	1
##	9	pos_inertia	1.28	0.280	0.0165	1
##	10	<pre>pos_inertia_neg</pre>	1.27	0.285	0.0181	1
##	11	pos_inertia_neu	1.35	0.262	0.0209	1
##	12	${\tt pos\_inertia\_pos}$	0.107	0.899	0.00139	1

- All stay non-significant after Bonferroni correction
  - no significant difference between sex for each of the inertia types

```
# By ethnicity (mean)
inertia_full %>%
  group_by(ethn) %>%
  summarise(across(starts_with("pos_") | starts_with("neg_") | starts_with("aro_"), ~mean(., neg_")
```

## 0.3.4.2 By ethnicity

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 13
            pos_inertia pos_inertia_neg pos_inertia_neu pos_inertia_pos neg_inertia
##
     <fct>
                   <dbl>
                                   <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                                     <dbl>
                                                                                  <dbl>
               -0.0460
## 1 Asian~
                                  0.0420
                                                   0.0161
                                                                 -0.0293
                                                                               -0.0169
## 2 Black~
                0.00711
                                  0.176
                                                   0.292
                                                                  0.0223
                                                                               -0.0267
## 3 Latin~
               -0.0172
                                  0.219
                                                   0.333
                                                                  0.0259
                                                                               -0.0306
## 4 Other
                                 -0.297
               -0.0102
                                                  -0.0267
                                                                 -0.000646
                                                                               -0.0207
## 5 White~
               -0.0373
                                 -0.0209
                                                  -0.138
                                                                 -0.0116
                                                                               -0.0327
## 6 Ameri~
               -0.0393
                                 -0.280
                                                   0.264
                                                                 -0.00919
                                                                                0.0856
## 7 Decli~
               -0.0831
                                 -1.03
                                                   0.317
                                                                  0.148
                                                                                0.00606
## # i 7 more variables: neg_inertia_neg <dbl>, neg_inertia_neu <dbl>,
       neg_inertia_pos <dbl>, aro_inertia <dbl>, aro_inertia_neg <dbl>,
## #
       aro_inertia_neu <dbl>, aro_inertia_pos <dbl>
```

On average (without checking for statistical significance):

- American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native: the only group with neg\_inertia  $> 0 \ (0.086)$  -> tend to stay in negative states longer
- Black/African American: the only group with pos\_inertia > 0 (0.007) -> tend to stay in positive states longer (which is unexpected)
- White/Caucasian: the only group with inertia < 0 across all three emotions (general pos, neg, aro) -> tend to bounce back quickly overall (emotionally adaptive).
  - This may reflect greater access to resources, social safety nets, and less exposure to systemic stressors for White people.
- Both "Other" and "Decline to state" have much higher aro\_inertia than others.
  - This may suggest that the people who are less confident or more confused about their identities are likely to face heightened stress, social vigilance, or lack of belonging-all known to elevate arousal.
- But these patterns did not reach statistical significance

```
# By ethnicity (check for significance)
library(tidyr)
library(dplyr)
library(purrr)
```

```
library(broom)
inertia_ethn_long <- inertia_full %>%
 filter(!is.na(ethn)) %>%
 pivot longer(
    cols = matches("inertia"),
 names_to = "inertia_type",
 values_to = "inertia_value"
  )
# Check for significant between-group difference using ANOVA
library(broom)
anova_ethn_results <- inertia_ethn_long %>%
  filter(!is.na(inertia_value), !is.na(ethn)) %>%
  group_by(inertia_type) %>%
  do(tidy(aov(inertia_value ~ ethn, data = .))) %>%
 filter(term == "ethn") %>%
  select(inertia_type, p.value, statistic)
anova_ethn_results
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 3
## # Groups:
              inertia_type [12]
##
     inertia_type    p.value statistic
##
     <chr>
                       <dbl>
                                 <dbl>
## 1 aro_inertia
                      0.496
                                 0.901
## 2 aro_inertia_neg 0.553
                                 0.823
## 3 aro_inertia_neu 0.110
                                 1.78
## 4 aro_inertia_pos 0.501
                                 0.895
## 5 neg_inertia
                      0.444
                                 0.976
## 6 neg_inertia_neg 0.896
                                 0.371
## 7 neg inertia neu 0.0317
                                 2.44
## 8 neg_inertia_pos 0.0243
                                 2.52
## 9 pos_inertia
                      0.550
                                 0.828
## 10 pos_inertia_neg 0.648
                                 0.703
## 11 pos_inertia_neu 0.685
                                 0.656
## 12 pos_inertia_pos 0.568
                                 0.805
```

2 types show statistically significant difference:

```
    neg_inertia_neu: p = 0.0317
    neg_inertia_pos: p = 0.0243
```

```
# post-hoc: check which groups have the difference using TukeyHSD
# neq_inertia_neu
model_neu <- aov(inertia_value ~ ethn, data = filter(inertia_ethn_long, inertia_type == "neg_i
TukeyHSD(model_neu)
##
     Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##
       95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = inertia_value ~ ethn, data = filter(inertia_ethn_long, inertia_type == ":
##
## $ethn
##
                                                                                       diff
## Black/African American-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                 0.69182884
## Latino/Hispanic-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                 1.38296700
## Other-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                 0.59868053
## White/Caucasian-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                 0.70583536
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Asian or Pacific Islander 1.33966690
## Decline to state-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                 0.20305352
## Latino/Hispanic-Black/African American
                                                                                 0.69113816
## Other-Black/African American
                                                                                -0.09314831
## White/Caucasian-Black/African American
                                                                                 0.01400652
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Black/African American
                                                                                 0.64783806
## Decline to state-Black/African American
                                                                                -0.48877532
## Other-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                -0.78428647
## White/Caucasian-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                -0.67713164
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                -0.04330009
## Decline to state-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                -1.17991348
## White/Caucasian-Other
                                                                                 0.10715483
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Other
                                                                                 0.74098638
## Decline to state-Other
                                                                                -0.39562701
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-White/Caucasian
                                                                                 0.63383154
## Decline to state-White/Caucasian
                                                                                -0.50278184
## Decline to state-American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native
                                                                                -1.13661338
##
                                                                                        lwr
## Black/African American-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                -1.08766914
## Latino/Hispanic-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                 0.12467191
## Other-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                -0.73594296
## White/Caucasian-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                -0.03373238
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Asian or Pacific Islander -1.61129665
## Decline to state-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                -1.93048961
## Latino/Hispanic-Black/African American
                                                                                -1.29840106
## Other-Black/African American
                                                                                -2.13181935
## White/Caucasian-Black/African American
                                                                                -1.69535600
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Black/African American
                                                                                -2.68129781
## Decline to state-Black/African American
                                                                                -3.12068832
## Other-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                -2.38830427
```

	White/Caucasian-Latino/Hispanic	-1.83411638
	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Latino/Hispanic	-3.12548100
	Decline to state-Latino/Hispanic	-3.49154916
	White/Caucasian-Other	-1.13241244
	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Other	-2.37313508
	Decline to state-Other	-2.74968156
	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-White/Caucasian	-2.27537678
	Decline to state-White/Caucasian	-2.57818865
##	Decline to state-American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native	-4.66769521
##		upr
	Black/African American-Asian or Pacific Islander	2.4713268
	Latino/Hispanic-Asian or Pacific Islander	2.6412621
##	Other-Asian or Pacific Islander	1.9333040
##	White/Caucasian-Asian or Pacific Islander	1.4454031
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Asian or Pacific Islander	4.2906305
##	Decline to state-Asian or Pacific Islander	2.3365966
	Latino/Hispanic-Black/African American	2.6806774
##	Other-Black/African American	1.9455227
	White/Caucasian-Black/African American	1.7233690
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Black/African American	3.9769739
##	Decline to state-Black/African American	2.1431377
##	Other-Latino/Hispanic	0.8197313
##	White/Caucasian-Latino/Hispanic	0.4798531
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Latino/Hispanic	3.0388808
##	Decline to state-Latino/Hispanic	1.1317222
	White/Caucasian-Other	1.3467221
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Other	3.8551078
##	Decline to state-Other	1.9584275
	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-White/Caucasian	3.5430399
	Decline to state-White/Caucasian	1.5726250
##	Decline to state-American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native	2.3944684
##		p adj
	Black/African American-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.9023234
##	Latino/Hispanic-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.0216906
	Other-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.8243852
	White/Caucasian-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.0713795
	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.8161324
	Decline to state-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.9999516
	Latino/Hispanic-Black/African American	0.9410264
	Other-Black/African American	0.9999994
	White/Caucasian-Black/African American	1.0000000
	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Black/African American	0.9970374
	Decline to state-Black/African American	0.9977155
	Other-Latino/Hispanic	0.7584408
	White/Caucasian-Latino/Hispanic	0.5741655
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Latino/Hispanic	1.0000000
	Decline to state-Latino/Hispanic	0.7198705
##	White/Caucasian-Other	0.9999726

```
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Other 0.9911554
## Decline to state-Other 0.9986965
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-White/Caucasian 0.9944937
## Decline to state-White/Caucasian 0.9902699
## Decline to state-American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native 0.9588499
```

• significant difference in neg\_inertia\_neu (p-value = 0.0217) between Latino/Hispanic (M = 0.7943) and Asian/ Pacific Islander (M = -0.5886)

# neg\_inertia\_pos

Latino/Hispanic individuals showed greater negative inertia in response to neutral stimuli, potentially reflecting a stronger tendency to maintain negative emotional responses in ambiguous or emotionally neutral contexts

```
model_pos <- aov(inertia_value ~ ethn, data = filter(inertia_ethn_long, inertia_type == "neg_i:
TukeyHSD(model pos)
##
     Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##
       95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = inertia_value ~ ethn, data = filter(inertia_ethn_long, inertia_type == ":
##
## $ethn
                                                                                       diff
## Black/African American-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                -0.64260793
## Latino/Hispanic-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                 0.31865580
## Other-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                -0.89275521
## White/Caucasian-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                -0.03248153
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Asian or Pacific Islander -0.87381348
## Decline to state-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                 0.44137562
## Latino/Hispanic-Black/African American
                                                                                 0.96126373
## Other-Black/African American
                                                                                -0.25014728
## White/Caucasian-Black/African American
                                                                                 0.61012640
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Black/African American
                                                                                -0.23120556
                                                                                 1.08398355
## Decline to state-Black/African American
## Other-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                -1.21141101
## White/Caucasian-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                -0.35113733
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                -1.19246929
## Decline to state-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                 0.12271982
## White/Caucasian-Other
                                                                                 0.86027368
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Other
                                                                                 0.01894172
## Decline to state-Other
                                                                                 1.33413083
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-White/Caucasian
                                                                                -0.84133196
## Decline to state-White/Caucasian
                                                                                 0.47385715
## Decline to state-American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native
                                                                                 1.31518911
##
                                                                                       lwr
## Black/African American-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                -1.6424471
```

	Latino/Hispanic-Asian or Pacific Islander	-0.6085569
	Other-Asian or Pacific Islander	-2.1173032
	White/Caucasian-Asian or Pacific Islander	-0.6766360
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Asian or Pacific Islander	-2.4227577
##	Decline to state-Asian or Pacific Islander	-1.6796036
##	Latino/Hispanic-Black/African American	-0.1610530
##	Other-Black/African American	-1.6283305
##	White/Caucasian-Black/African American	-0.2925399
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Black/African American	-1.9042566
##	Decline to state-Black/African American	-1.1292549
##	Other-Latino/Hispanic	-2.5378476
##	White/Caucasian-Latino/Hispanic	-1.1726307
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Latino/Hispanic	-2.8231577
##	Decline to state-Latino/Hispanic	-2.0586718
##	White/Caucasian-Other	-0.2863063
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Other	-1.7973564
##	Decline to state-Other	-0.9892855
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-White/Caucasian	-2.3294033
##	Decline to state-White/Caucasian	-1.6030831
##	Decline to state-American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native	-1.1943874
##		upr
##	Black/African American-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.3572313
##	Latino/Hispanic-Asian or Pacific Islander	1.2458685
##	Other-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.3317927
##	White/Caucasian-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.6116730
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.6751308
##	Decline to state-Asian or Pacific Islander	2.5623549
##	Latino/Hispanic-Black/African American	2.0835805
##	Other-Black/African American	1.1280360
##	White/Caucasian-Black/African American	1.5127927
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Black/African American	1.4418454
##	Decline to state-Black/African American	3.2972220
##	Other-Latino/Hispanic	0.1150256
##	White/Caucasian-Latino/Hispanic	0.4703561
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Latino/Hispanic	0.4382191
	Decline to state-Latino/Hispanic	2.3041114
##	White/Caucasian-Other	2.0068537
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Other	1.8352399
##	Decline to state-Other	3.6575472
##	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-White/Caucasian	0.6467394
##	Decline to state-White/Caucasian	2.5507974
##	Decline to state-American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native	3.8247656
##		p adj
##	Black/African American-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.4682202
##	Latino/Hispanic-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.9464785
	Other-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.3119936
	White/Caucasian-Asian or Pacific Islander	0.9999990
	American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Asian or Pacific Islander	

```
## Decline to state-Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                                0.9959664
## Latino/Hispanic-Black/African American
                                                                                0.1456406
## Other-Black/African American
                                                                                0.9981132
## White/Caucasian-Black/African American
                                                                                0.4049371
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Black/African American
                                                                                0.9996011
## Decline to state-Black/African American
                                                                                0.7641887
## Other-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                0.0978488
## White/Caucasian-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                0.8601370
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                0.3083842
## Decline to state-Latino/Hispanic
                                                                                0.9999980
## White/Caucasian-Other
                                                                                0.2784172
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-Other
                                                                                1.0000000
## Decline to state-Other
                                                                                0.6046372
## American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native-White/Caucasian
                                                                                0.6222010
## Decline to state-White/Caucasian
                                                                                0.9933425
## Decline to state-American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native
                                                                                0.7022672
```

No pairwise group differences are significant for neg\_inertia\_pos

```
# partial eta squared for each inertia type
eta_squared_ethn_results <- inertia_ethn_long %>%
  filter(!is.na(inertia_value), !is.na(ethn)) %>%
  group_by(inertia_type) %>%
  do({
    model <- aov(inertia_value ~ ethn, data = .)</pre>
    tidy_model <- tidy(model) %>%
      filter(term == "ethn")
    if (nrow(tidy_model) > 0) {
      eta_sq <- eta_squared(model, partial = TRUE) %>%
        filter(Parameter == "ethn")
      data.frame(
        inertia_type = unique(.$inertia_type),
        F_value = tidy_model$statistic,
        p_value = tidy_model$p.value,
        partial_eta_squared = eta_sq$Eta2
      )
    } else {
      data.frame(
        inertia_type = unique(.$inertia_type),
        F_{value} = NA,
        p_value = NA,
        partial_eta_squared = NA
      )
    }
  })
```

```
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
## to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
## For one-way between subjects designs, partial eta squared is equivalent
    to eta squared. Returning eta squared.
```

## print(eta\_squared\_ethn\_results)

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
## # Groups: inertia_type [12]
                    F_value p_value partial_eta_squared
##
     inertia_type
##
     <chr>
                      <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
## 1 aro inertia
                      0.901 0.496
                                                0.0350
## 2 aro_inertia_neg
                      0.823 0.553
                                                0.0321
## 3 aro inertia neu
                      1.78 0.110
                                                0.0885
## 4 aro_inertia_pos
                      0.895 0.501
                                                0.0352
## 5 neg_inertia
                      0.976 0.444
                                                0.0378
## 6 neg_inertia_neg
                      0.371 0.896
                                                0.0147
## 7 neg_inertia_neu
                      2.44
                            0.0317
                                                0.142
## 8 neg_inertia_pos
                      2.52
                            0.0243
                                                0.101
                      0.828 0.550
## 9 pos_inertia
                                                0.0323
## 10 pos_inertia_neg
                      0.703 0.648
                                                0.0307
## 11 pos_inertia_neu
                                                0.0310
                      0.656 0.685
## 12 pos_inertia_pos
                      0.805 0.568
                                                0.0314
```

```
# retest ethnicity difference by Bonferroni
Bonferroni_results_ethn <- eta_squared_ethn_results %>%
    ungroup() %>%
```

```
mutate(
   bonferroni_p = p.adjust(p_value, method = "bonferroni"),
   significant = bonferroni_p < 0.05
)
Bonferroni_results_ethn</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 6
##
      inertia_type
                      F_value p_value partial_eta_squared bonferroni_p significant
##
      <chr>
                        <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                                 <dbl> <lgl>
## 1 aro inertia
                        0.901 0.496
                                                   0.0350
                                                                 1
                                                                       FALSE
## 2 aro inertia neg
                        0.823 0.553
                                                   0.0321
                                                                       FALSE
## 3 aro_inertia_neu
                        1.78
                               0.110
                                                   0.0885
                                                                 1
                                                                       FALSE
## 4 aro inertia pos
                                                                       FALSE
                        0.895 0.501
                                                   0.0352
                                                                 1
## 5 neg_inertia
                        0.976 0.444
                                                   0.0378
                                                                 1
                                                                       FALSE
## 6 neg_inertia_neg
                        0.371 0.896
                                                   0.0147
                                                                 1
                                                                       FALSE
## 7 neg_inertia_neu
                                                                 0.380 FALSE
                        2.44
                               0.0317
                                                   0.142
## 8 neg_inertia_pos
                        2.52
                                                   0.101
                                                                 0.291 FALSE
                              0.0243
## 9 pos_inertia
                        0.828 0.550
                                                   0.0323
                                                                       FALSE
## 10 pos_inertia_neg
                        0.703 0.648
                                                   0.0307
                                                                 1
                                                                       FALSE
## 11 pos_inertia_neu
                                                   0.0310
                                                                       FALSE
                        0.656 0.685
                                                                 1
## 12 pos_inertia_pos
                        0.805 0.568
                                                   0.0314
                                                                 1
                                                                       FALSE
```

• All become non-significant after Bonferroni correction, even neg\_inertia\_neu and neg\_inertia\_pos, the only two significant inertia types from the original p-value test

```
# Inertia types by Age (continuous)
inertia_full %>%
  summarise(across(
    starts_with("pos_") | starts_with("neg_") | starts_with("aro_"),
    ~ cor(., age, use = "complete.obs")
))
```

## 0.3.4.3 by age

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 12
     pos_inertia pos_inertia_neg pos_inertia_neu pos_inertia_pos neg_inertia
##
           <dbl>
                           <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
                                                             <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
         -0.0107
                         -0.0459
                                           -0.196
                                                           0.0220
                                                                        -0.128
## # i 7 more variables: neg_inertia_neg <dbl>, neg_inertia_neu <dbl>,
       neg_inertia_pos <dbl>, aro_inertia <dbl>, aro_inertia_neg <dbl>,
## #
       aro_inertia_neu <dbl>, aro_inertia_pos <dbl>
```

• On average, as age increases, neg\_inertia (-0.128) decreases more than pos\_inertia (-0.011).

- Negative emotion may drop slightly faster with increasing age than positive emotion
- Arousal shows a slight increase with age (0.029)
- However, none of these associations reached statistical significance

```
# Check for significant difference of inertia by age
inertia_long_age <- inertia_full %>%
 pivot_longer(cols = starts_with("pos_") | starts_with("neg_") | starts_with("aro_"),
               names_to = "inertia_type",
               values to = "inertia value")
# run correlation tests
age_corr_results <- inertia_long_age %>%
  filter(!is.na(inertia_value), !is.na(age)) %>%
  group_by(inertia_type) %>%
  summarise(
    cor_test = list(cor.test(inertia_value, age, method = "pearson")),
    .groups = "drop"
 ) %>%
 mutate(
    r = map_dbl(cor_test, ~ .x$estimate),
    p_value = map_dbl(cor_test, ~ .x$p.value)
  )
age_corr_results
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
##
      inertia_type
                      cor_test
                                      r p_value
##
      <chr>
                      st>
                                  <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
## 1 aro_inertia
                      <htest>
                                0.0286
                                         0.723
## 2 aro_inertia_neg <htest>
                                0.117
                                         0.145
## 3 aro_inertia_neu <htest>
                              -0.0335
                                         0.720
## 4 aro_inertia_pos <htest>
                              -0.0164
                                         0.840
## 5 neg_inertia
                      <htest> -0.128
                                         0.111
## 6 neg_inertia_neg <htest>
                                0.0270
                                         0.738
## 7 neg_inertia_neu <htest>
                                0.0708
                                         0.496
## 8 neg_inertia_pos <htest>
                                0.00600 0.944
## 9 pos_inertia
                      <htest>
                               -0.0107
                                         0.895
## 10 pos_inertia_neg <htest>
                               -0.0459
                                         0.591
## 11 pos_inertia_neu <htest>
                               -0.196
                                         0.0257
## 12 pos_inertia_pos <htest>
                                         0.785
                                0.0220
```

- only pos\_inertia\_neu vary significantly by age: r = -0.1956, p = 0.0257
  - as age increases, positive emotion inertia under neutral conditions tends to decrease
  - older individuals may be less likely to maintain positive emotions in response to neutral stimuli

```
# retest age difference by Bonferroni
age_corr_results <- age_corr_results %>%
  mutate(
    bonferroni_p = p.adjust(p_value, method = "bonferroni"),
    significant = bonferroni_p < 0.05
)
age_corr_results</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 6
##
      inertia_type
                     cor_test
                                     r p_value bonferroni_p significant
##
      <chr>
                      st>
                                 <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                      <dbl> <lgl>
## 1 aro_inertia
                               0.0286
                                        0.723
                                                            FALSE
                     <htest>
                                                      1
## 2 aro inertia neg <htest>
                                                      1
                               0.117
                                        0.145
                                                            FALSE
## 3 aro_inertia_neu <htest>
                                        0.720
                                                      1
                              -0.0335
                                                            FALSE
## 4 aro inertia pos <htest>
                              -0.0164
                                        0.840
                                                      1
                                                            FALSE
## 5 neg_inertia
                     <htest> -0.128
                                        0.111
                                                      1
                                                            FALSE
## 6 neg_inertia_neg <htest> 0.0270
                                                      1
                                        0.738
                                                            FALSE
## 7 neg_inertia_neu <htest>
                               0.0708
                                        0.496
                                                      1
                                                            FALSE
## 8 neg inertia pos <htest>
                               0.00600 0.944
                                                      1
                                                            FALSE
## 9 pos_inertia
                                                      1
                     <htest> -0.0107
                                                            FALSE
                                        0.895
## 10 pos_inertia_neg <htest>
                              -0.0459
                                        0.591
                                                      1
                                                            FALSE
## 11 pos_inertia_neu <htest>
                                                      0.309 FALSE
                              -0.196
                                        0.0257
## 12 pos_inertia_pos <htest>
                               0.0220
                                        0.785
                                                            FALSE
```

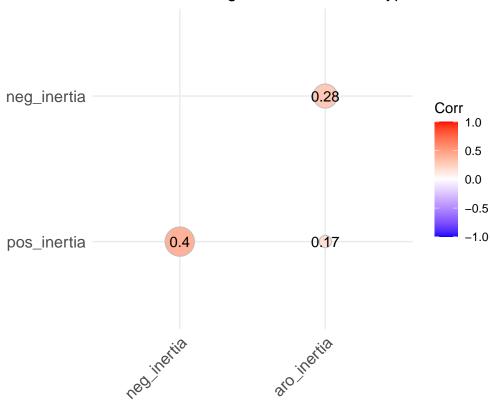
• All become non-significant after Bonferroni correction, even pos\_inertia\_neu, the only significant inertia type from the original correlation test

## 0.3.5 Correlation between inertia types

```
inertia_core <- inertia_full %>%
  select(subj, pos_inertia, neg_inertia, aro_inertia)
cor_matrix <- cor(inertia_core[,-1], use = "complete.obs")</pre>
cor_matrix
##
               pos_inertia neg_inertia aro_inertia
## pos_inertia
                 1.0000000
                             0.4013880
                                          0.1681746
## neg_inertia
                 0.4013880
                             1.0000000
                                          0.2784501
## aro_inertia
                             0.2784501
                                          1.0000000
                 0.1681746
library(ggcorrplot)
ggcorrplot(cor_matrix,
           method = "circle",
           type = "lower",
```

```
lab = TRUE,
title = "Correlation Among Emotional Inertia Types")
```





- pos\_inertia and neg\_inertia have moderate positive correlation (r = 0.401): people who tend to hold onto positive emotions also tend to hold onto negative emotions, suggesting emotional stickiness
- aro\_inertia and neg\_inertia have small-to-moderate positive correlation (r = 0.278): those who hold onto negative emotions also tend to stay aroused longer

## 0.4 CLPM

# 0.4.1 Cross-lag paths (how one emotion affect another at the next time point) & Inertia

```
## This is lavaan 0.6-19
## lavaan is FREE software! Please report any bugs.
##
## Attaching package: 'lavaan'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:psych':
##
##
       cor2cov
library(dplyr)
clpm_data <- dat %>%
  arrange(subj, trial.num) %>%
  group_by(subj) %>%
  mutate(
    Ipos_lag1 = lag(Ipos),
    Ineg_lag1 = lag(Ineg),
    Iaro_lag1 = lag(Iaro)
  ) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Ipos_lag1))
model_clpm <- '</pre>
  # Autoregressive (inertia) paths
  Ipos ~ a1 * Ipos_lag1
  Ineg ~ a2 * Ineg_lag1
  Iaro ~ a3 * Iaro_lag1
  # Cross-lagged paths
  Ipos ~ b1 * Ineg_lag1 + b2 * Iaro_lag1
  Ineg ~ c1 * Ipos_lag1 + c2 * Iaro_lag1
  Iaro ~ d1 * Ipos_lag1 + d2 * Ineg_lag1
fit_clpm <- sem(model_clpm, data = clpm_data)</pre>
summary(fit_clpm, standardized = TRUE, fit.measures = TRUE)
## lavaan 0.6-19 ended normally after 30 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                         ML
                                                     NLMINB
##
     Optimization method
     Number of model parameters
##
                                                         15
##
     Number of observations
                                                      16224
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                      0.000
     Degrees of freedom
                                                          0
##
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                  17555.797
```

```
Degrees of freedom
                                                          12
##
     P-value
                                                      0.000
##
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
##
                                                      1.000
##
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
                                                      1.000
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##
     Loglikelihood user model (HO)
                                                -102945.652
##
     Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
                                                -102945.652
##
##
     Akaike (AIC)
                                                 205921.305
##
     Bayesian (BIC)
                                                 206036.718
##
     Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (SABIC)
                                                 205989.049
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##
     RMSEA
                                                      0.000
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
                                                      0.000
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
                                                      0.000
##
     P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050
                                                          NA
     P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080
                                                          NA
##
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##
     SRMR
                                                      0.000
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##
     Standard errors
                                                   Standard
##
     Information
                                                   Expected
##
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                 Structured
##
## Regressions:
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
     Ipos ~
                                                                0.137
##
                                   0.011
                                            12.869
                                                      0.000
                                                                         0.137
       Ipos_lag1 (a1)
                          0.137
##
     Ineg ~
##
       Ineg_lag1 (a2)
                                   0.011
                                            12.894
                                                      0.000
                                                                0.143
                                                                         0.143
                          0.143
##
     Iaro ~
##
       Iaro_lag1 (a3)
                                   0.009
                                            43.903
                                                      0.000
                                                                         0.414
                          0.414
                                                                0.414
##
     Ipos ~
##
       Ineg_lag1 (b1)
                          0.165
                                   0.011
                                            14.920
                                                      0.000
                                                                0.165
                                                                         0.166
##
       Iaro_lag1 (b2)
                          0.010
                                   0.012
                                             0.795
                                                      0.427
                                                                0.010
                                                                         0.008
##
     Ineg ~
##
       Ipos_lag1 (c1)
                          0.173
                                   0.011
                                            16.158
                                                      0.000
                                                                0.173
                                                                         0.172
```

##	<pre>Iaro_lag1</pre>	(c2)	-0.008	0.013	-0.650	0.516	-0.008	-0.007
##	Iaro ~							
##	Ipos_lag1	(d1)	-0.043	0.008	-5.289	0.000	-0.043	-0.053
##	Ineg_lag1	(d2)	-0.063	0.008	-7.507	0.000	-0.063	-0.078
##								
##	Covariances:							
##			Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos ~~							
##	.Ineg		-3.425	0.058	-59.271	0.000	-3.425	-0.526
##	.Iaro		1.218	0.040	30.743	0.000	1.218	0.249
##	.Ineg ~~							
##	.Iaro		1.886	0.041	45.562	0.000	1.886	0.383
##								
##	Variances:							
##			Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos		6.482	0.072	90.067	0.000	6.482	0.974
##	.Ineg		6.549	0.073	90.067	0.000	6.549	0.975
##	.Iaro		3.700	0.041	90.067	0.000	3.700	0.860

- Positive inertia (0.137) and negative inertia (0.143) are about the same. Negative is slightly higher than positive.
- Arousal inertia (0.414) is much higher than the other two, meaning that arousal emotion is more likely to persist (slightly higher arousal inertia)
- All three types of emotional states (positive, negative, and arousal) exhibit significant inertia, with arousal showing the strongest carry-over effect from one trial to the next
- Ipos ~ Ineg\_lag1 ( $\beta = 0.166$ , p < .001): negative emotion predicts positive emotion in the next moment, which might reflect emotional rebound
- Ineg ~ Ipos\_lag1 ( $\beta = 0.172$ , p < .001): positive emotion enhances negative emotion in the next moment, which might reflect emotional mix or trial order effect
- Iaro ~ Ipos\_lag1 ( $\beta = -0.053$ , p < .001): positive emotion decreases arousal at the later stage
- Iaro ~ Ineg\_lag1 ( $\beta = -0.078$ , p < .001): negative emotion decreases arousal at the later stage
- Ipos ~ Iaro\_lag1 and Ineg ~ Iaro\_lag1 are not significant
- Conclusion:
  - Both positive and negative emotions predict more of the opposite in the next moment
  - Arousal is reduced by both positive and negative emotions
    - \* maybe a sign of emotional rebound or recovery
    - \* more likely to be a result of individual differences (some people are more responsive than others) under random trials within an experimental context, where individuals have "regression to the mean". This might not be the case in real/natural context

## 0.4.1.1 Difference in paths by sex

```
## Warning: lavaan->lavParTable():
## using a single label per parameter in a multiple group setting implies
## imposing equality constraints across all the groups; If this is not
## intended, either remove the label(s), or use a vector of labels (one for
## each group); See the Multiple groups section in the man page of
## model.syntax.

summary(fit_clpm_sex, standardized = TRUE, fit.measures = TRUE)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6-19 ended normally after 161 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                          ML
     Optimization method
                                                     NLMINB
##
##
     Number of model parameters
                                                          54
     Number of equality constraints
                                                          18
##
##
##
     Number of observations per group:
##
       female
                                                        8632
##
       other
                                                         104
##
       male
                                                        7488
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                     70.669
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                          18
##
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.000
##
     Test statistic for each group:
       female
                                                     19.632
##
##
       other
                                                     30.323
##
       male
                                                     20.714
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                  17419.660
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                          36
##
     P-value
                                                       0.000
##
```

```
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                      0.997
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
##
                                                      0.994
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##
     Loglikelihood user model (HO)
                                                -102756.204
##
     Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
                                                -102720.870
##
     Akaike (AIC)
##
                                                 205584.409
##
     Bayesian (BIC)
                                                 205861.402
     Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (SABIC)
                                                 205746.996
##
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##
     RMSEA
                                                      0.023
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
                                                      0.018
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
##
                                                      0.029
     P-value H 0: RMSEA <= 0.050
                                                      1.000
##
##
     P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080
                                                      0.000
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##
     SRMR
                                                      0.011
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##
     Standard errors
                                                   Standard
##
     Information
                                                   Expected
##
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                 Structured
##
##
## Group 1 [female]:
##
## Regressions:
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
                                                              Std.lv Std.all
##
     Ipos ~
                                                               0.136
##
                                   0.011
                                           12.796
                                                      0.000
                                                                         0.136
       Ipos_lag1 (a1)
                          0.136
##
     Ineg ~
##
       Ineg_lag1 (a2)
                          0.137
                                   0.011
                                           12.379
                                                      0.000
                                                               0.137
                                                                         0.137
##
     Iaro ~
       Iaro_lag1 (a3)
##
                                   0.009
                                           43.375
                                                      0.000
                                                               0.408
                          0.408
                                                                         0.413
##
     Ipos ~
##
       Ineg_lag1 (b1)
                          0.163
                                   0.011
                                            14.827
                                                      0.000
                                                               0.163
                                                                         0.164
##
       Iaro_lag1 (b2)
                          0.005
                                   0.012
                                            0.385
                                                      0.700
                                                               0.005
                                                                         0.004
##
     Ineg ~
##
       Ipos_lag1 (c1)
                          0.167
                                   0.011
                                           15.630
                                                      0.000
                                                               0.167
                                                                         0.166
```

##	Iaro_lag1	(c2)	-0.009	0.012	-0.705	0.481	-0.009	-0.007
##	Iaro ~							
##	Ipos_lag1	(d1)	-0.045	0.008	-5.657	0.000	-0.045	-0.058
##	Ineg_lag1	(d2)	-0.065	0.008	-7.826	0.000	-0.065	-0.083
##								
##	Covariances:							
##			Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos ~~							
##	.Ineg		-3.913	0.087	-44.726	0.000	-3.913	-0.549
##	.Iaro		1.264	0.058	21.802	0.000	1.264	0.241
##	.Ineg ~~							
##	.Iaro		2.077	0.061	34.120	0.000	2.077	0.395
##								
##	Intercepts:							
##			Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos		2.204	0.057	38.710	0.000	2.204	0.818
##	.Ineg		2.299	0.057	40.163	0.000	2.299	0.850
##	.Iaro		2.366	0.043	55.253	0.000	2.366	1.118
##								
	Variances:							
##			Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos		7.090	0.108	65.696	0.000	7.090	0.977
##	.Ineg		7.158	0.109	65.696	0.000	7.158	0.978
##	.Iaro		3.866	0.059	65.696	0.000	3.866	0.863
##								
##		-						
##	Group 2 [other	r]:						
##								
##	Regressions:			Q. 1 E	-	D(>     )	Q. 1. 7	0.1.11
##	T.,		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	Ipos ~	(-1)	0 126	0.011	10 706	0 000	0 126	0 120
## ##	Ipos_lag1	(ai)	0.136	0.011	12.796	0.000	0.136	0.132
##	Ineg ~	(22)	0.137	0.011	12.379	0.000	0.137	0 12/
##	Ineg_lag1 Iaro ~	(a2)	0.137	0.011	12.319	0.000	0.137	0.134
##	Iaro_lag1	(23)	0.408	0.009	43.375	0.000	0.408	0.356
##	Ipos ~	(45)	0.400	0.003	40.070	0.000	0.400	0.550
##	Ineg_lag1	(h1)	0.163	0.011	14.827	0.000	0.163	0.213
##	Iaro_lag1			0.012	0.385	0.700	0.005	0.004
##	Ineg ~	(02)	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.001
##	Ipos_lag1	(c1)	0.167	0.011	15.630	0.000	0.167	0.121
##	Iaro_lag1			0.012	-0.705	0.481	-0.009	-0.005
##	Iaro ~	(02)	0.000	0.012	0.100	0.101	0.000	0.000
##	Ipos_lag1	(d1)	-0.045	0.008	-5.657	0.000	-0.045	-0.048
##	Ineg_lag1						-0.065	-0.093
##	·	,/						
	Covariances:							
##			Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all

##	.Ipos ~~							
##	.Ineg		-1.115	0.287		0.000	-1.115	-0.412
##	.Iaro		-0.095	0.175	-0.541	0.589	-0.095	-0.053
##	.Ineg ~~							
##	.Iaro		1.072	0.258	4.149	0.000	1.072	0.445
##								
##	Intercepts:							
##			Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos		1.176	0.144	8.159	0.000	1.176	0.815
##	.Ineg		2.231	0.192	11.631	0.000	2.231	1.155
##	.Iaro		1.197	0.127	9.441	0.000	1.197	0.900
##								
##	Variances:							
##			Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos		2.003	0.278	7.211	0.000	2.003	0.962
##	. Ineg		3.667	0.508	7.211	0.000	3.667	0.983
##	.Iaro		1.581	0.219	7.211	0.000	1.581	0.894
##								
##								
##	Group 3 [male]	1:						
##								
	Regressions:							
##	0		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	Ipos ~					- ( 1-1)		
##	Ipos_lag1	(a1)	0.136	0.011	12.796	0.000	0.136	0.136
##	Ineg ~	()	0.120	*****			0.200	0.1200
##	Ineg_lag1	(a2)	0.137	0.011	12.379	0.000	0.137	0.137
##	Iaro ~	(42)	0.101	0.011	12.0.0	0.000	0.10	0.101
##	Iaro_lag1	(a3)	0.408	0.009	43.375	0.000	0.408	0.402
##	Ipos ~	(40)	0.100	0.000	10.010	0.000	0.100	0.102
##	Ineg_lag1	(h1)	0.163	0.011	14.827	0.000	0.163	0.163
##	Iaro_lag1		0.005	0.012	0.385	0.700	0.005	0.004
##	Ineg ~	(02)	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.700	0.000	0.001
##	Ipos_lag1	(c1)	0.167	0.011	15.630	0.000	0.167	0.166
##	Iaro_lag1			0.011	-0.705	0.481	-0.009	-0.007
##	_	(02)	0.005	0.012	0.700	0.401	0.003	0.007
##	Ipos_lag1	(41)	-0.045	0.008	-5.657	0.000	-0.045	-0.055
##	Ineg_lag1			0.008		0.000	-0.065	-0.079
##	Ineg_ragi	(uz)	0.005	0.000	1.020	0.000	0.005	0.019
	Covariances							
##	Covariances:		Fatimata	Std Err	z=woluo	D(\ - )	C+d 1v	C+d 511
## ##			Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
## ## ##	.Ipos ~~							
## ## ## ##	.Ipos ~~ .Ineg		-2.915	0.075	-38.669	0.000	-2.915	-0.500
## ## ## ##	.Ipos ~~ .Ineg .Iaro							
## ## ## ## ##	.Ipos ~~ .Ineg .Iaro .Ineg ~~		-2.915 1.155	0.075 0.054	-38.669 21.448	0.000	-2.915 1.155	-0.500 0.256
## ## ## ## ## ##	.Ipos ~~ .Ineg .Iaro		-2.915	0.075	-38.669	0.000	-2.915	-0.500
## ## ## ## ## ##	.Ipos ~~ .Ineg .Iaro .Ineg ~~		-2.915 1.155	0.075 0.054	-38.669 21.448	0.000	-2.915 1.155	-0.500 0.256

```
##
                                 Std.Err z-value
                                                     P(>|z|)
                                                                 Std.lv
                       Estimate
                                                                         Std.all
                           2.062
                                    0.053
                                             39.082
                                                        0.000
                                                                  2.062
##
      .Ipos
                                                                           0.844
##
      .Ineg
                          2.033
                                    0.053
                                             38.352
                                                        0.000
                                                                  2.033
                                                                           0.830
      .Iaro
                          2.178
                                    0.040
                                             54.163
                                                        0.000
                                                                 2.178
##
                                                                           1.083
##
## Variances:
##
                       Estimate
                                  Std.Err
                                            z-value P(>|z|)
                                                                 Std.lv
                                                                         Std.all
##
      .Ipos
                           5.821
                                    0.095
                                             61.188
                                                        0.000
                                                                  5.821
                                                                           0.975
##
                           5.849
                                    0.096
                                             61.188
                                                        0.000
                                                                  5.849
                                                                           0.976
      .Ineg
##
      .Iaro
                           3.504
                                    0.057
                                             61.188
                                                        0.000
                                                                  3.504
                                                                           0.867
```

- Most of the paths are similar between men and women
- Only arousal inertia for women is slightly higher than men (non-significant)

```
# Check for significant difference between men and women

model_clpm_free <- '
    # Inertia paths
    Ipos ~ c(a1f, a1m, a1o)*Ipos_lag1
    Ineg ~ c(a2f, a2m, a2o)*Ineg_lag1
    Iaro ~ c(a3f, a3m, a3o)*Iaro_lag1

# Cross-lag
    Ipos ~ c(b1f, b1m, b1o)*Ineg_lag1 + c(b2f, b2m, b2o)*Iaro_lag1
    Ineg ~ c(c1f, c1m, c1o)*Ipos_lag1 + c(c2f, c2m, c2o)*Iaro_lag1
    Iaro ~ c(d1f, d1m, d1o)*Ipos_lag1 + c(d2f, d2m, d2o)*Ineg_lag1

fit_free <- sem(model_clpm_free, data = clpm_data, group = "sex")

# Whether there's significant difference between sex in at least one path anova(fit_clpm_sex, fit_free)</pre>
```

```
##
## Chi-Squared Difference Test
##
##
                            BIC Chisq Chisq diff
                                                      RMSEA Df diff Pr(>Chisq)
               Df
                      AIC
## fit_free
                 0 205550 205965
## fit_clpm_sex 18 205584 205861 70.669
                                           70.669 0.023261
                                                                   3.482e-08 ***
                                                                 18
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
```

• This shows that at least one or more paths (inertia or cross-lag) differ between males and females

#### # Check which paths are significantly different lavTestScore(fit\_clpm\_sex) ## \$test ## ## total score test: ## ## X2 df p.value test ## 1 score 68.394 18 ## ## \$uni ## ## univariate score tests: ## ## lhs op rhs X2 df p.value ## 1 .p1. == .p28. 0.493 1 0.483 ## 2 .p1. == .p55. 3.462 1 0.063 .p2. == .p29. 3.167 1 ## 3 0.075 ## 4 .p2. == .p56. 0.219 1.512 1 ## 5 .p3. == .p30. 10.313 1 0.001 ## 6 .p3. == .p57. 17.559 1 0.000 ## 7 .p4. == .p31. 3.800 1 0.051 ## 8 .p4. == .p58. 1.048 1 0.306 ## 9 .p5. == .p32. 0.254 1 0.614 ## 10 .p5. == .p59. 0.120 1 0.729 ## 11 .p6. == .p33. 1.387 1 0.239 ## 12 .p6. == .p60. 1.372 1 0.241 ## 13 .p7. == .p34. 0.082 1 0.775 ## 14 .p7. == .p61. 0.722 1 0.396 ## 15 .p8. == .p35. 0.353 1 0.552 ## 16 .p8. == .p62. 3.460 1 0.063 ## 17 .p9. == .p36. 0.131 1 0.717 ## 18 .p9. == .p63. 2.193 1 0.139 • .p3. vs. .p30. and .p3. vs. .p57. are significant (p < 0.05)# Understand which paths are them pe <- parameterEstimates(fit\_clpm\_sex, standardized = TRUE)</pre> pe[c(3, 30, 57), c("lhs", "op", "rhs", "group", "est", "std.all")] ## lhs op rhs group est std.all ## 3 Iaro ~ Iaro\_lag1 1 0.408 0.413 ## 30 Iaro ~ Iaro\_lag1 2 0.408 0.356 ## 57 Iaro ~ Iaro\_lag1 3 0.408 0.402

- females (0.413) and males (0.402) are significantly different in arousal inertia (p < 0.001)
- females (0.413) and other (0.356) are also significantly different in arousal inertia (p = 0.001)

```
model_clpm_nolabel <- '
   Ipos ~ Ipos_lag1 + Ineg_lag1 + Iaro_lag1
   Ineg ~ Ineg_lag1 + Ipos_lag1 + Iaro_lag1
   Iaro ~ Iaro_lag1 + Ipos_lag1 + Ineg_lag1
'

fit_multigroup_free <- sem(model_clpm_nolabel, data = clpm_data, group = "ethn")
summary(fit_multigroup_free, standardized = TRUE)</pre>
```

## 0.4.1.2 Difference in paths by ethnicity

```
## lavaan 0.6-19 ended normally after 343 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                          ML
     Optimization method
                                                      NLMINB
##
     Number of model parameters
                                                         126
##
##
##
     Number of observations per group:
##
       Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                                3536
##
       Black/African American
                                                                1456
##
       Latino/Hispanic
                                                                1664
       White/Caucasian
##
                                                                8112
##
       Other
                                                                 832
##
       American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native
                                                                 416
       Decline to state
##
                                                                 208
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
                                                       0.000
##
     Test statistic
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                           0
##
     Test statistic for each group:
       Asian or Pacific Islander
                                                       0.000
##
                                                       0.000
##
       Black/African American
       Latino/Hispanic
                                                       0.000
##
##
       White/Caucasian
                                                       0.000
       Other
##
                                                       0.000
##
       American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native
                                                               0.000
                                                       0.000
##
       Decline to state
## Parameter Estimates:
##
     Standard errors
                                                   Standard
##
```

```
##
     Information
                                                    Expected
##
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                 Structured
##
##
## Group 1 [Asian or Pacific Islander]:
## Regressions:
##
                       Estimate
                                Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
     Ipos ~
                                    0.023
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.095
                                             4.173
                                                                          0.095
##
       Ipos_lag1
                          0.095
                                    0.023
                                             4.730
##
       Ineg_lag1
                          0.109
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.109
                                                                          0.112
##
                                             1.088
       Iaro_lag1
                          0.028
                                    0.026
                                                       0.277
                                                                0.028
                                                                          0.023
     Ineg ~
##
                                             6.096
                                                       0.000
##
       Ineg_lag1
                          0.143
                                    0.023
                                                                0.143
                                                                          0.143
##
       Ipos_lag1
                          0.172
                                    0.023
                                             7.438
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.172
                                                                          0.168
##
                                    0.026
                                             0.800
                                                       0.424
                                                                0.021
                                                                          0.017
       Iaro_lag1
                          0.021
##
     Iaro ~
                                                       0.000
##
       Iaro_lag1
                          0.428
                                    0.020
                                            21.743
                                                                0.428
                                                                          0.427
##
       Ipos_lag1
                         -0.037
                                    0.017
                                            -2.163
                                                       0.031
                                                               -0.037
                                                                         -0.046
##
       Ineg_lag1
                         -0.062
                                    0.017
                                            -3.552
                                                       0.000
                                                               -0.062
                                                                         -0.078
##
## Covariances:
##
                       Estimate
                                 Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv
                                                                       Std.all
##
    .Ipos ~~
##
      .Ineg
                         -3.417
                                    0.123 -27.687
                                                       0.000
                                                               -3.417
                                                                         -0.526
##
      .Iaro
                          1.187
                                    0.084
                                            14.189
                                                       0.000
                                                                          0.246
                                                                1.187
##
    .Ineg ~~
##
      .Iaro
                          1.771
                                    0.088
                                            20.117
                                                       0.000
                                                                1.771
                                                                          0.360
##
## Intercepts:
##
                       Estimate
                                Std.Err z-value
                                                    P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
      .Ipos
                          2.334
                                    0.110
                                            21.223
                                                       0.000
                                                                2.334
                                                                          0.918
##
      .Ineg
                          2.090
                                    0.112
                                            18.646
                                                       0.000
                                                                2.090
                                                                          0.801
##
                                    0.083
                                            25.587
                                                       0.000
                                                                2.134
                                                                          1.026
      .Iaro
                          2.134
##
## Variances:
                                                    P(>|z|)
##
                       Estimate
                                Std.Err z-value
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
      .Ipos
                          6.371
                                    0.152
                                            42.048
                                                       0.000
                                                                6.371
                                                                          0.986
##
                          6.619
                                            42.048
                                                       0.000
                                                                6.619
                                                                          0.972
      .Ineg
                                    0.157
                                                                3.665
##
      .Iaro
                          3.665
                                    0.087
                                            42.048
                                                       0.000
                                                                          0.847
##
##
## Group 2 [Black/African American]:
##
## Regressions:
##
                       Estimate
                                 Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
     Ipos ~
##
       Ipos_lag1
                          0.187
                                    0.037
                                             5.103
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.187
                                                                          0.187
```

##	Ineg_lag1	0.192	0.039	4.939	0.000	0.192	0.191
##	Iaro_lag1	-0.107	0.043	-2.519	0.012	-0.107	-0.085
##	Ineg ~						
##	Ineg_lag1	0.126	0.039	3.276	0.001	0.126	0.126
##	Ipos_lag1	0.148	0.036	4.077	0.000	0.148	0.149
##	Iaro_lag1	0.047	0.042	1.116	0.264	0.047	0.038
##	Iaro ~		*				
##	Iaro_lag1	0.384	0.032	11.904	0.000	0.384	0.383
##	Ipos_lag1	-0.063	0.028	-2.256	0.024	-0.063	-0.079
##	Ineg_lag1	-0.070	0.029	-2.373	0.018	-0.070	-0.087
##	ineg_iagi	0.010	0.023	2.010	0.010	0.010	0.007
##	Covariances:						
	Covariances.	Estimata	C+d Enm	l	D(> - )	C+4 1	C+4 -11
##	T	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos ~~	0.070	0.000	40.000	0.000	0.070	0 550
##	.Ineg	-3.878	0.208	-18.626	0.000	-3.878	-0.559
##	.Iaro	1.324	0.143	9.241	0.000	1.324	0.250
##	.Ineg ~~						
##	.Iaro	1.987	0.147	13.488	0.000	1.987	0.378
##							
##	Intercepts:						
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos	2.358	0.179	13.156	0.000	2.358	0.882
##	.Ineg	2.015	0.178	11.343	0.000	2.015	0.759
##	.Iaro	2.529	0.136	18.606	0.000	2.529	1.187
##							
##	Variances:						
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos	6.995	0.259	26.981	0.000	6.995	0.979
##	.Ineg	6.873	0.255	26.981	0.000	6.873	0.974
##	.Iaro	4.024	0.149	26.981	0.000	4.024	0.887
##							
##							
	Group 3 [Latino/	Hispanicl:					
##	droup o gadano,						
	Regressions:						
##	nogrobbions.	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	Ipos ~	LB 01 ma 0 C	Dua. LII	Z varuo	1 (>  2 )	Dod.IV	Dua.aii
##	Ipos_lag1	0.075	0.037	2.005	0.045	0.075	0.075
##		0.103	0.037	2.718	0.043	0.103	
	Ineg_lag1				0.007		0.103
##	Iaro_lag1	0.194	0.040	4.903	0.000	0.194	0.189
##	Ineg ~	0.405		0.540		0 405	0 405
##	Ineg_lag1	0.135	0.038	3.516	0.000	0.135	0.135
##	Ipos_lag1	0.182	0.038	4.795	0.000	0.182	0.182
##	Iaro_lag1	0.041	0.040	1.034	0.301	0.041	0.040
##	Iaro ~						
##	Iaro_lag1	0.484	0.035	13.933	0.000	0.484	0.483
##	Ipos_lag1	0.034	0.033	1.032	0.302	0.034	0.035
##	Ineg_lag1	0.004	0.033	0.120	0.905	0.004	0.004

##							
##	Covariances:						
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos ~~						
##	.Ineg	-2.914	0.168	-17.385	0.000	-2.914	-0.471
##	.Iaro	1.895	0.139	13.610	0.000	1.895	0.354
##	.Ineg ~~						
##	.Iaro	2.274	0.144	15.761	0.000	2.274	0.419
##	<b>.</b>						
	Intercepts:	<b>.</b>	G. 1 E	-	D(>    )	Q. 1. 1	Q. 1 11
##	T	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos	1.608	0.134	12.015	0.000	1.608	0.626
##	.Ineg	1.754	0.136	12.923	0.000	1.754	0.684
## ##	.Iaro	1.631	0.117	13.885	0.000	1.631	0.651
	Variances:						
##	variances.	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos	6.101	0.212	28.844	0.000	6.101	0.925
##	.Ineg	6.273	0.212	28.844	0.000	6.273	0.955
##	.Iaro	4.699	0.163	28.844	0.000	4.699	0.749
##	·idio	1.000	0.100	20.011	0.000	1.000	0.115
##							
	Group 4 [White/	Caucasianl:					
##							
##	Regressions:						
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	Ipos ~						
##	Ipos_lag1	0.133	0.015	8.914	0.000	0.133	0.133
##	Ineg_lag1	0.179	0.016	11.465	0.000	0.179	0.177
##	<pre>Iaro_lag1</pre>	-0.014	0.018	-0.784	0.433	-0.014	-0.011
##	Ineg ~						
##	Ineg_lag1	0.122	0.015	7.871	0.000	0.122	0.122
##	Ipos_lag1	0.152	0.015	10.276	0.000	0.152	0.154
##	Iaro_lag1	-0.046	0.018	-2.528	0.011	-0.046	-0.034
##	Iaro ~						
##	Iaro_lag1	0.396	0.013	30.688	0.000	0.396	0.396
##	Ipos_lag1	-0.078	0.011			-0.078	-0.104
##	Ineg_lag1	-0.090	0.011	-8.122	0.000	-0.090	-0.119
##	<b>a</b> :						
	Covariances:	Patimata	O+ 1 F		D(> I=1)	O+ 1 1	O+ 1 - 11
##	<b>T</b>	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos ~~	2 ((0	0 005	40 004	0 000	2 660	0 540
##	.Ineg	-3.668	0.085		0.000	-3.668	-0.542
## ##	.Iaro	1.130	0.055	20.450	0.000	1.130	0.233
##	.Ineg ~~ .Iaro	1.761	0.057	30.889	0.000	1.761	0.365
##	.1410	1.701	0.057	50.009	0.000	1.101	0.303
	Intercepts:						
πĦ	THOST CEDOS.						

##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos	2.241	0.077	29.102	0.000	2.241	0.849
##	.Ipos .Ineg	2.435	0.077	31.791	0.000	2.435	0.932
##	.Ineg .Iaro	2.493	0.055	45.420	0.000	2.493	1.260
##	.ldIO	2.493	0.055	40.420	0.000	2.493	1.200
	Vanianaaa						
## ##	Variances:	Eatimata	C+d Enn	- ···· ]	D(> - )	C+4 1	C+4 -11
	Tnog	Estimate 6.800	Std.Err 0.107	z-value 63.687	P(> z ) 0.000	Std.lv 6.800	Std.all 0.977
##	.Ipos			63.687			
##	.Ineg	6.728	0.106		0.000	6.728	0.985
##	.Iaro	3.457	0.054	63.687	0.000	3.457	0.882
##							
##	a						
##	Group 5 [Other]:						
##							
	Regressions:		a. 1 =	-	D(:    )	Q. 1 7	a. 1 11
##	<b>T</b>	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	Ipos ~	0 000	0.050	4 704	0 005	0 000	0.000
##	Ipos_lag1	0.086	0.050	1.721	0.085	0.086	0.086
##	Ineg_lag1	0.083	0.055	1.511	0.131	0.083	0.089
##	Iaro_lag1	0.094	0.062	1.530	0.126	0.094	0.078
##	Ineg ~		0.050	0.040			
##	Ineg_lag1	0.223	0.058	3.812	0.000	0.223	0.222
##	Ipos_lag1	0.241	0.053	4.534	0.000	0.241	0.225
##	Iaro_lag1	-0.013	0.065	-0.204	0.838	-0.013	-0.010
##	Iaro ~						
##	Iaro_lag1	0.225	0.049	4.595	0.000	0.225	0.225
##	Ipos_lag1	0.112	0.040	2.802	0.005	0.112	0.135
##	Ineg_lag1	0.072	0.044	1.647	0.099	0.072	0.093
##							
##	Covariances:			_	- ( ) ( )		
##	-	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos ~~	0.405	0 004			0 405	0 554
##	.Ineg	-3.165		-14.296	0.000	-3.165	
##	.Iaro	0.464	0.145	3.190	0.001	0.464	0.111
##	.Ineg ~~	0 000	0 450	10.010		0.070	0.540
##	.Iaro	2.278	0.172	13.219	0.000	2.278	0.516
##	<b>.</b>						
	Intercepts:		a	_	54.1.1	a	a. 1 11
##	<del>-</del>	Estimate			P(> z )	Std.lv	
##	.Ipos	2.175	0.229			2.175	0.940
##	.Ineg	1.885		7.755		1.885	0.760
##	.Iaro	2.331	0.183	12.760	0.000	2.331	1.216
##							
	Variances:			_	- 4 1 13	<b></b>	
##	_	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos	5.233	0.257	20.396	0.000	5.233	0.977
##	.Ineg	5.879			0.000	5.879	0.955
##	.Iaro	3.320	0.163	20.396	0.000	3.320	0.904

```
##
##
## Group 6 [American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native]:
##
## Regressions:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
     Ipos ~
##
       Ipos_lag1
                          0.068
                                   0.065
                                             1.045
                                                      0.296
                                                                0.068
                                                                         0.068
##
       Ineg_lag1
                          0.089
                                   0.061
                                             1.456
                                                      0.145
                                                                0.089
                                                                         0.112
##
       Iaro_lag1
                         -0.131
                                   0.072
                                            -1.816
                                                      0.069
                                                               -0.131
                                                                        -0.130
     Ineg ~
##
##
       Ineg_lag1
                                             2.796
                                                      0.005
                          0.214
                                   0.077
                                                                0.214
                                                                         0.212
                                             2.178
##
       Ipos_lag1
                          0.177
                                   0.081
                                                      0.029
                                                                0.177
                                                                         0.140
##
                         -0.013
                                            -0.144
                                                               -0.013
       Iaro_lag1
                                   0.090
                                                      0.886
                                                                        -0.010
##
     Iaro ~
##
       Iaro_lag1
                          0.008
                                   0.072
                                             0.108
                                                      0.914
                                                                0.008
                                                                         0.008
##
       Ipos_lag1
                          0.125
                                   0.065
                                             1.919
                                                      0.055
                                                                0.125
                                                                         0.124
##
       Ineg_lag1
                          0.127
                                   0.061
                                             2.084
                                                      0.037
                                                                0.127
                                                                         0.159
##
## Covariances:
##
                       Estimate
                                 Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv
                                                                       Std.all
##
    .Ipos ~~
##
      .Ineg
                         -1.208
                                   0.152
                                            -7.928
                                                      0.000
                                                               -1.208
                                                                        -0.422
##
      .Iaro
                          0.473
                                   0.114
                                             4.134
                                                      0.000
                                                                0.473
                                                                         0.207
##
    .Ineg ~~
##
                                             9.840
                                                      0.000
                                                                         0.551
      .Iaro
                          1.578
                                   0.160
                                                                1.578
##
## Intercepts:
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value
                                                    P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
##
      .Ipos
                          1.975
                                   0.189
                                            10.472
                                                      0.000
                                                                1.975
                                                                         1.302
##
      .Ineg
                          1.486
                                   0.236
                                             6.288
                                                      0.000
                                                                1.486
                                                                         0.770
##
      .Iaro
                          1.681
                                   0.189
                                             8.904
                                                      0.000
                                                                1.681
                                                                         1.097
##
## Variances:
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
      .Ipos
                          2.284
                                   0.158
                                            14.422
                                                      0.000
                                                                2.284
                                                                         0.992
                                   0.249
##
      .Ineg
                          3.587
                                            14.422
                                                      0.000
                                                                3.587
                                                                         0.963
##
      .Iaro
                          2.287
                                   0.159
                                            14.422
                                                      0.000
                                                                2.287
                                                                         0.974
##
##
## Group 7 [Decline to state]:
##
## Regressions:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
     Ipos ~
##
       Ipos_lag1
                          0.050
                                   0.100
                                             0.507
                                                      0.612
                                                                0.050
                                                                         0.050
##
       Ineg_lag1
                          0.051
                                   0.111
                                             0.460
                                                      0.645
                                                                0.051
                                                                         0.050
##
       Iaro_lag1
                          0.123
                                   0.114
                                             1.075
                                                      0.282
                                                                0.123
                                                                         0.116
```

##	Ineg ~						
##	Ineg_lag1	0.143	0.108	1.322	0.186	0.143	0.144
##	Ipos_lag1	0.196	0.098	2.010	0.044	0.196	0.199
##	Iaro_lag1	-0.006	0.112	-0.049	0.961	-0.006	-0.005
##	Iaro ~						
##	Iaro_lag1	0.286	0.105	2.725	0.006	0.286	0.286
##	Ipos_lag1	0.027	0.091	0.300	0.764	0.027	0.029
##	Ineg_lag1	-0.030	0.102	-0.300	0.764	-0.030	-0.032
##							
##	Covariances:						
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos ~~						
##	.Ineg	-1.966	0.363	-5.410	0.000	-1.966	-0.405
##	.Iaro	1.453	0.331	4.391	0.000	1.453	0.320
##	.Ineg ~~						
##	.Iaro	2.285	0.347	6.577	0.000	2.285	0.512
##							
##	Intercepts:						
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos	1.949	0.360	5.413	0.000	1.949	0.864
##	.Ineg	1.784	0.353	5.050	0.000	1.784	0.801
##	.Iaro	2.242	0.330	6.784	0.000	2.242	1.052
##							
	Variances:						
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Ipos	4.953	0.486	10.198	0.000	4.953	0.973
##	.Ineg	4.766	0.467	10.198	0.000	4.766	0.962
##	.Iaro	4.173	0.409	10.198	0.000	4.173	0.919

## • Asian or Pacific Islander:

- strong arousal inertia ( $\beta = .43$ , p < .001).
- Both prior positive ( $\beta = -.05$ , p = .031) and negative emotion ( $\beta = -.08$ , p < .001) significantly reduced subsequent arousal

# • Black/African American:

- Strongest Ipos inertia ( $\beta = .187$ ) among all groups (p < .001)
- Arousal -> Positive emotion path is negative and significant ( $\beta$ =-.085, p = .012), suggesting arousal suppresses positivity here

# • Latino/Hispanic:

- Uniquely positive effect from prior arousal to later positive emotion ( $\beta = .189$ , p < .001).
- Had the strongest Iaro inertia ( $\beta = .483$ , p < .001).

## • White/Caucasian:

– Negative cross-effects from both Ipos to Iaro ( $\beta$  = -.104, p < .001) and Ineg to Iaro ( $\beta$  = -.119, p < .001), showing a strong regulatory suppression of arousal by both emotion valences.

- Effects tend to be more stable across emotional domains.
- American Indian/Native American or Alaskan Native:
  - The highest negative emotion inertia ( $\beta = .21$ , p = .005)
  - The only group where prior negative emotion significantly increased arousal ( $\beta = .16$ , p = .037)

```
library(dplyr)
library(broom)
# cross-lagged paths to analyze
paths <- list(</pre>
  Ipos_on_Ineg = c("Ipos", "Ineg_lag1"),
 Ipos_on_Aro = c("Ipos", "Iaro_lag1"),
 Ineg_on_Ipos = c("Ineg", "Ipos_lag1"),
 Ineg_on_Aro = c("Ineg", "Iaro_lag1"),
 Iaro_on_Ipos = c("Iaro", "Ipos_lag1"),
 Iaro_on_Ineg = c("Iaro", "Ineg_lag1")
)
results <- data.frame(path = character(), r = numeric(), p = numeric())</pre>
# run regression for each path + correlation with age
for (path_name in names(paths)) {
 lhs <- paths[[path_name]][1]</pre>
 rhs <- paths[[path_name]][2]</pre>
  # model each participant
 path_df <- clpm_data %>%
    group_by(subj) %>%
    filter(!is.na(.data[[lhs]]), !is.na(.data[[rhs]])) %>%
    do(tidy(lm(as.formula(paste(lhs, "~", rhs)), data = .))) %>%
    filter(term == rhs) %>%
    rename(estimate = estimate) %>%
    left_join(select(dat, subj, age), by = "subj")
  # find correlation with age
  cor_result <- cor.test(path_df$estimate, path_df$age)</pre>
 results <- rbind(results, data.frame(
   path = path_name,
   r = cor_result$estimate,
    p = cor_result$p.value
 ))
```

```
print(results)
```

## 0.4.1.3 Difference in paths by age

```
## cor Ipos_on_Ineg 0.124382721 1.763779e-57
## cor1 Ipos_on_Aro 0.202148879 1.272849e-150
## cor2 Ineg_on_Ipos -0.029140986 1.914050e-04
## cor3 Ineg_on_Aro -0.215376975 3.457817e-171
## cor4 Iaro_on_Ipos 0.009095577 2.444131e-01
## cor5 Iaro_on_Ineg -0.037882643 1.236128e-06
```

- Ipos\_on\_Ineg: As age increases, negative emotion exerts a stronger influence on subsequent positive emotion (r = 0.124, p < .001)
- Ipos\_on\_Aro: Higher arousal increasingly boosts next-step positive emotion with greater age  $(r=0.202,\,p<.001)$
- Ineg\_on\_Aro: Higher arousal is linked with lower next-step negative emotion, especially as age increases (r = -0.215, p < .001)
- Iaro\_on\_Ineg: With age, the influence of negative emotion on subsequent arousal slightly decreases (r = -0.038, p < .001)