

Workflow of ReactJS

Step 1: Install NodeJS

- **NodeJS** is a JavaScript runtime that allows running JavaScript code outside the browser. It is essential for developing React applications as it manages dependencies through **npm (Node Package Manager)**.
- Visit <https://nodejs.org/en> and download the **LTS (Long-Term Support)** version for stability.
- Follow the installation wizard and ensure **npm** is installed alongside NodeJS (default setting).

Step 2: Install Visual Studio Code (VS Code)

- **VS Code** is a lightweight yet powerful code editor widely used for React development due to its features and extensions.
- Download it from <https://code.visualstudio.com/download>.
- Install it by following the on-screen instructions.

Step 3: Configure VS Code with Extensions

Extensions enhance the coding experience in VS Code. Install these:

1. **npm**: Helps with Node.js package management directly in the editor.
2. **Prettier**: Automatically formats your code to ensure consistency.
3. **ESLint**: Highlights errors and enforces coding standards.
4. **Bracket Pair Colorizer**: Makes nested brackets easily distinguishable.
5. **ReactJS Snippets**: Provides ready-to-use code snippets for React components.
6. **Live Server**: Allows real-time preview of static web pages.

How to Install Extensions:

- Open **Extensions Marketplace** (Ctrl+Shift+X in VS Code).
- Search for the extension and click **Install**.

Step 4: Check NodeJS and npm Versions

After installing NodeJS, confirm its installation by checking versions:

- Open the terminal in VS Code (Ctrl+` shortcut).
- Run the following commands:
 1. `node -v` - Displays the installed NodeJS version.
 2. `npm -v` - Displays the npm version.
 3. `npmx -v` - Verifies if npmx (package executor) is installed.

Step 5: Create a ReactJS Application

- Use the command `npx create-react-app 1prac` in the terminal.
 - **npx** ensures you're using the latest React template without globally installing it.
 - **Practical** is the name of your project folder.
- This command creates a ReactJS project with a predefined structure and installs all required dependencies.

Step 6: Open and Navigate the App Directory

- Navigate to the project directory using:
`cd Practical`
- Open the directory in VS Code:
`code .`
 - **code .** launches the VS Code editor for the current folder.

Step 7: Understand the Folder Structure

- In the opened project, explore the folders and files:
 - **src Folder:** Contains the main logic and components.
 - **App.js:** Entry point for adding React logic.
 - **node_modules:** Auto-generated folder containing all dependencies.
 - **package.json:** Manages project metadata and dependencies.

Step 8: Install Additional Dependencies

- Install required dependencies by running:
npm install
 - This ensures all default packages are updated.
- For specific functionality, install additional plugins like:
npm install @babel/plugin-private-property-in-object
 - **Babel** is used to transpile modern JavaScript into a format compatible with older browsers.

Step 9: Write Code in App.js

- The **App.js** file in the **src** folder is the main component.
- Modify or add logic here to implement features like managing data, displaying lists, or handling user interactions.

Step 10: Run the React Application

- Use the command:
npm start
 - This starts the development server and opens the app in your browser at <http://localhost:3000>.

If npx not working, execute the following command in PowerShell in Administrator node:

```
Set-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned -Scope CurrentUser
```