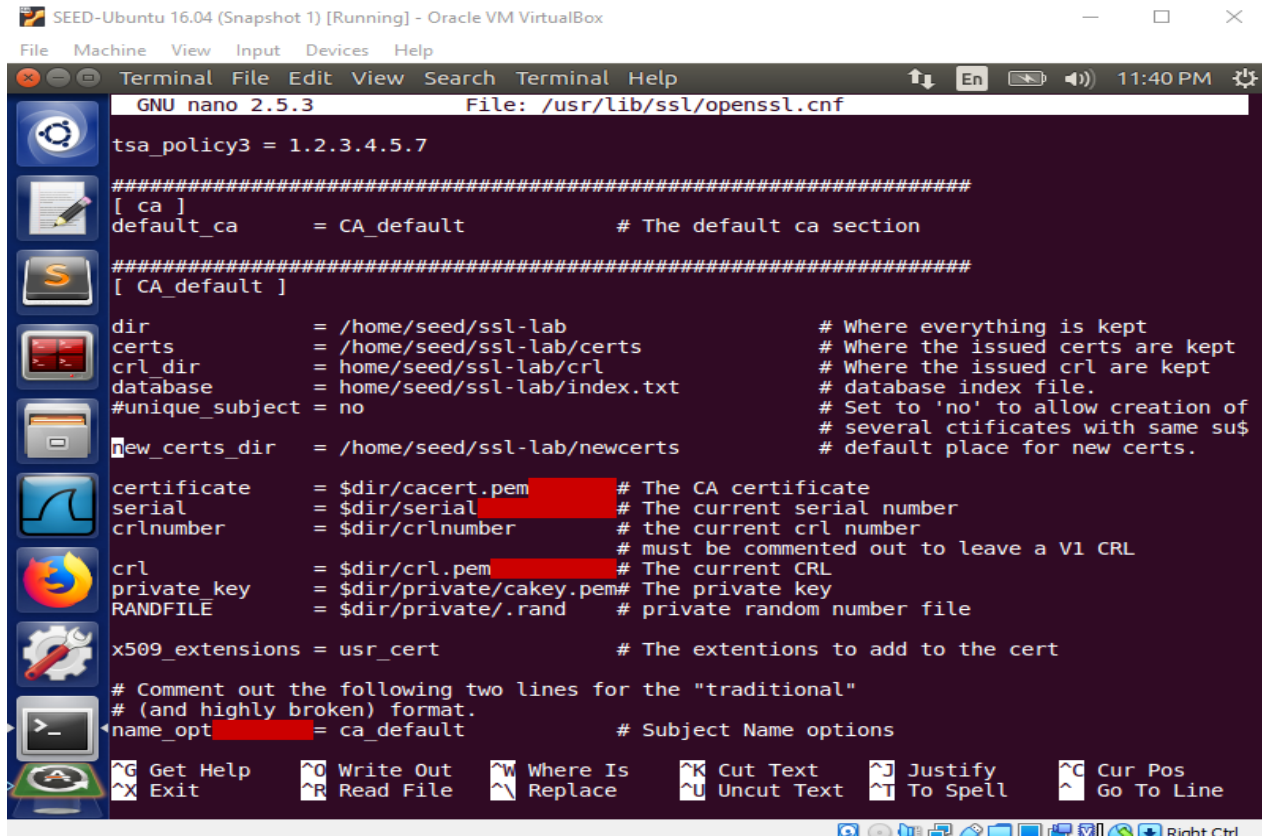


## Task 1: Becoming a Certificate Authority (CA)



```
SEED-Ubuntu 16.04 (Snapshot 1) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
GNU nano 2.5.3 File: /usr/lib/ssl/openssl.cnf

tsa_policy3 = 1.2.3.4.5.7

#####
[ ca ]
default_ca = CA_default # The default ca section
#####
[ CA_default ]

dir = /home/seed/ssl-lab # Where everything is kept
certs = /home/seed/ssl-lab/certs # Where the issued certs are kept
crl_dir = home/seed/ssl-lab/crl # Where the issued crl are kept
database = home/seed/ssl-lab/index.txt # database index file.
#unique_subject = no # Set to 'no' to allow creation of
# several ctificates with same su$
# default place for new certs.

new_certs_dir = /home/seed/ssl-lab/newcerts

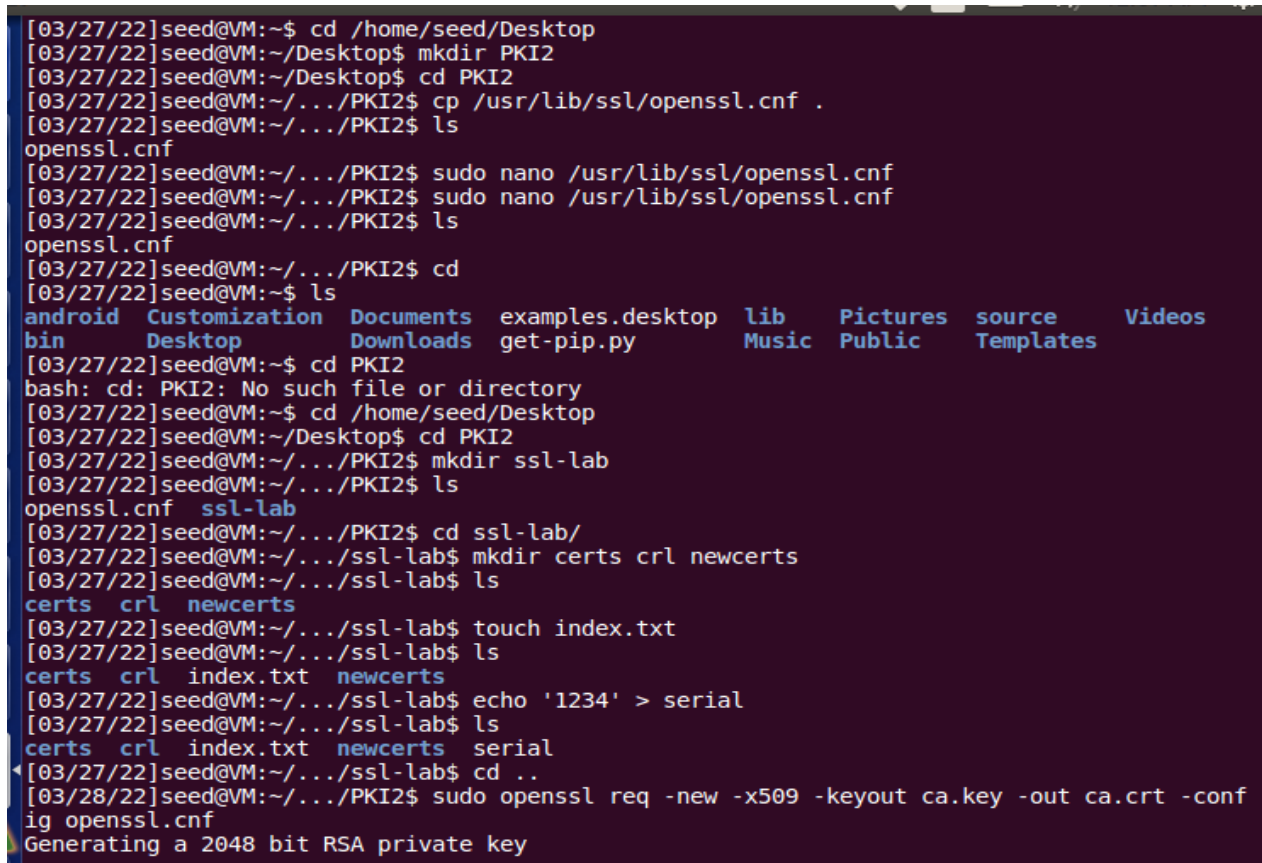
certificate = $dir/cacert.pem # The CA certificate
serial = $dir/serial # The current serial number
crlnumber = $dir/crlnumber # the current crl number
# must be commented out to leave a V1 CRL

crl = $dir/crl.pem # The current CRL
private_key = $dir/private/cakey.pem # The private key
RANDFILE = $dir/private/.rand # private random number file

x509_extensions = usr_cert # The extentions to add to the cert

# Comment out the following two lines for the "traditional"
# (and highly broken) format.
name_opt = ca_default # Subject Name options

^G Get Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut Text ^J Justify ^C Cur Pos
^X Exit ^R Read File ^\ Replace ^U Uncut Text ^T To Spell ^_ Go To Line
```



```
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~$ cd /home/seed/Desktop
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/Desktop$ mkdir PKI2
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/Desktop$ cd PKI2
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ cp /usr/lib/ssl/openssl.cnf .
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ ls
openssl.cnf
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ sudo nano /usr/lib/ssl/openssl.cnf
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ sudo nano /usr/lib/ssl/openssl.cnf
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ ls
openssl.cnf
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ cd
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~$ ls
android Customization Documents examples.desktop lib Pictures source Videos
bin Desktop Downloads get-pip.py Music Public Templates
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~$ cd PKI2
bash: cd: PKI2: No such file or directory
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~$ cd /home/seed/Desktop
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/Desktop$ cd PKI2
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ mkdir ssl-lab
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ ls
openssl.cnf ssl-lab
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ cd ssl-lab/
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ mkdir certs crl newcerts
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ ls
certs crl newcerts
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ touch index.txt
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ ls
certs crl index.txt newcerts
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ echo '1234' > serial
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ ls
certs crl index.txt newcerts serial
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ cd ..
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ sudo openssl req -new -x509 -keyout ca.key -out ca.crt -conf
ig openssl.cnf
Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key
```

```

Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ touch index.txt
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ ls
certs  crl  index.txt  newcerts
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ echo '1234' > serial
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ ls
certs  crl  index.txt  newcerts  serial
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/.../ssl-lab$ cd ..
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ sudo openssl req -new -x509 -keyout ca.key -out ca.crt -config openssl.cnf
Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key
.....+++
.....+++
writing new private key to 'ca.key'
Enter PEM pass phrase:
Verifying - Enter PEM pass phrase:
-----
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:US
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:LAF
Locality Name (eg, city) []:LAF
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:.
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:
Email Address []:
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ ls
ca.crt  ca.key  openssl.cnf  ssl-lab
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$

```

The below command was run:

**\$ openssl req -new -x509 -keyout ca.key -out ca.crt -config openssl.cnf** to generate the self-signed certificate for the CA.

Information and a password were prompted – These were filled, and password

The outputs of the command were stored in two files: **ca.key** and **ca.crt**

The file ca.key contains the CA's private key, while ca.crt contains the public-key certificate.

## Task 2: Creating a Certificate for [SEEDPKILab2020.com](https://SEEDPKILab2020.com)

```
File Machine View Input Devices Help
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl genrsa -aes128 -out server.key 1024
Generating RSA private key, 1024 bit long modulus
.....+++++
e is 65537 (0x10001)
Enter pass phrase for server.key:
Verifying - Enter pass phrase for server.key:
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl rsa -in server.key -text
Enter pass phrase for server.key:
Private-Key: (1024 bit)
modulus:
00:ed:2a:77:c3:82:d2:63:c4:c2:bc:e3:75:da:65:
8a:87:0d:ee:9c:db:7b:2a:db:de:a1:85:87:ba:c0:
26:2a:20:9f:af:1b:eb:4a:73:77:fa:ff:e9:6a:28:
8c:ec:53:05:d5:c9:df:00:9a:e8:00:12:30:ca:b6:
e0:b9:73:ca:ae:17:c9:d7:f5:3d:07:08:2b:04:0e:
33:14:b5:b3:d4:16:d7:0b:e6:46:83:83:d3:e8:d7:
19:32:53:d8:bd:f9:da:18:a9:c5:a6:6d:0d:62:86:
92:8b:5a:b4:e3:1a:1a:e0:7f:37:de:58:b7:b3:66:
e2:b3:6b:a2:cd:6d:57:a9:45
publicExponent: 65537 (0x10001)
privateExponent:
69:cc:ac:28:b7:cf:8b:5a:57:55:54:53:5a:de:39:
72:0e:31:08:20:91:4d:89:50:43:d6:01:ba:b9:c5:
4c:bd:c8:fe:a1:01:d1:f0:b8:f1:6c:00:80:af:1e:
4e:be:aa:b7:b8:9a:96:f6:83:d0:a4:4c:c7:e1:d5:
56:65:e5:5f:f0:bc:b0:c2:8c:de:aa:0f:49:6a:2e:
98:6e:fd:09:4d:0d:7d:b3:17:aa:ce:dd:35:57:7e:
04:0e:b1:f7:22:31:09:c5:55:9d:e5:a2:4d:65:66:
d5:78:f9:4f:3c:f3:ee:47:f0:30:12:01:23:1a:8f:
49:77:7a:54:ac:29:2c:01
prime1:
00:f6:d5:6c:d1:e4:f8:1a:48:13:03:52:f1:31:c7:
bd:68:3a:5b:3b:b6:fa:e5:e4:f0:55:24:0c:65:06:
6e:0e:ae:d2:0e:a3:ef:95:25:54:7b:5d:8a:2a:17:
9e:63:3b:e0:03:09:46:eb:c7:7e:2a:c7:c9:be:32:
ce:8c:04:65:c1
prime2:
00:f5:f9:22:41:cd:3e:0c:33:8a:17:19:6a:d0:1f:
da:7d:84:64:b9:ec:c1:20:28:4e:2c:65:7a:71:57:
d9:01:9e:67:82:4d:da:54:a1:3d:fe:fb:30:0e:31:
f2:f2:09:3f:c6:e7:86:6b:48:13:a5:ee:41:5b:4e:
0a:06:20:00:85
00:12:d1:ca:bb:5d:fc:ac:2a:ad:b7:18:f8:5a:4f:
e0:65:f8:ea:f7:7d:e4:97:e2:50:84:06:5b:c1:81:
5e:f9:44:de:f8:d2:2b:a1:64:00:fb:03:6f:f4:0f:
21:06:c5:3a:6f:01:d2:1f:c6:18:c1:8b:8b:4b:5d:
bd:44:62:96:81
exponent2:
11:8e:b4:f9:49:73:32:5f:c3:6d:9e:ac:d7:2a:4e:
e8:42:b9:05:e4:76:6c:9b:33:e9:4b:5d:10:16:1b:
31:58:63:3f:13:db:8f:ca:ea:a7:f6:ba:19:69:4b:
54:27:80:db:eb:ce:d6:7d:90:99:79:86:44:c4:2f:
90:16:34:19
coefficient:
00:d5:46:cc:f2:6a:1c:93:f1:bd:17:63:49:0c:24:
84:22:39:56:8b:3f:7c:1b:30:c1:34:ac:22:35:3f:
6a:d2:a9:9f:cd:b9:27:13:11:75:91:b1:05:bb:25:
16:65:7f:10:11:43:65:ab:72:56:6c:54:40:a1:57:
61:47:c7:69:d4
writing RSA key
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIICXQIBAAKBgQDtKnfdgtJjxMK843XaZYqHDe6c23sq296hhYe6wCYqIJ+vG+tK
c3f6/+lqkIz5UwXVyd8AmugAEjDKtuC5c8quF8nX9T0HCCsEDjMutbPUFtcL5kaD
g9Po1xkyU9i9+doYqcWmbQ1ihpKLWrtJGhrgfzfeWLeZuKza6LNbVepR0IDAQAB
AoGAacysKLfP1lpXVVRtWt45cg4xCCCCRTYlQ09YBurnFTL3I/qEB0fC48WwAgK8e
Tr6qt7ialvaD0KRMx+HVvmXLX/C8sMKM3qoPSWoumG79CU0NfBMXqs7dNVd+BA6x
9yIXccVVnewiTWVmLXj5Tzzz7kfwMBIBIXqPSXd6VKwpLAECQQD2IwzR5PgaSBMD
UvExx71o0ls7tvr1SPBVJAxlBm40rtIOo++VJVR7XYoqF55j0+ADCUbrx34qx8m+
Ms6MBGXBAKEA9fkiQc0+DDOKFx1q0B/afYRkuezBICH0LGv6cVfZA5ngk3aVKE9
/vswdJHy8gk/xueGa0gTpe5BW040BjnMh0JBAPKxyrtd/Kwqrbcy+FpP4GX46vd9
5JfuiUIQGW8GBXvLE3vjSK6FKAPsDb/OPIQbF0m8B0h/GCMGLi0tdvUil0ECQBG0
tPLJczJfw22erNcqTuhcuQXkdmymBM+LLXRAWGzFYYz8T24/K6qf2uhlpS10ngNvr
ztZ9KJL5hKTEL5AWNbkCQQDVRsZyayhT8b0XY0kMJIQ10vaLP3wbMME0rCI1P2rS
qZ/NuScTEXwRsQ7JRZLfxARQ2WrcLZsVEChV2FHx2nU
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
```

```
Terminal
prime2:
00:f5:f9:22:41:cd:3e:0c:33:8a:17:19:6a:d0:1f:
da:7d:84:64:b9:ec:c1:20:28:4e:2c:65:7a:71:57:
d9:01:9e:67:82:4d:da:54:a1:3d:fe:fb:30:0e:31:
f2:f2:09:3f:c6:e7:86:6b:48:13:a5:ee:41:5b:4e:
0a:06:20:00:85
Text Editor
00:12:d1:ca:bb:5d:fc:ac:2a:ad:b7:18:f8:5a:4f:
e0:65:f8:ea:f7:7d:e4:97:e2:50:84:06:5b:c1:81:
5e:f9:44:de:f8:d2:2b:a1:64:00:fb:03:6f:f4:0f:
21:06:c5:3a:6f:01:d2:1f:c6:18:c1:8b:8b:4b:5d:
bd:44:62:96:81
exponent2:
11:8e:b4:f9:49:73:32:5f:c3:6d:9e:ac:d7:2a:4e:
e8:42:b9:05:e4:76:6c:9b:33:e9:4b:5d:10:16:1b:
31:58:63:3f:13:db:8f:ca:ea:a7:f6:ba:19:69:4b:
54:27:80:db:eb:ce:d6:7d:90:99:79:86:44:c4:2f:
90:16:34:19
coefficient:
00:d5:46:cc:f2:6a:1c:93:f1:bd:17:63:49:0c:24:
84:22:39:56:8b:3f:7c:1b:30:c1:34:ac:22:35:3f:
6a:d2:a9:9f:cd:b9:27:13:11:75:91:b1:05:bb:25:
16:65:7f:10:11:43:65:ab:72:56:6c:54:40:a1:57:
61:47:c7:69:d4
writing RSA key
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIICXQIBAAKBgQDtKnfdgtJjxMK843XaZYqHDe6c23sq296hhYe6wCYqIJ+vG+tK
c3f6/+lqkIz5UwXVyd8AmugAEjDKtuC5c8quF8nX9T0HCCsEDjMutbPUFtcL5kaD
g9Po1xkyU9i9+doYqcWmbQ1ihpKLWrtJGhrgfzfeWLeZuKza6LNbVepR0IDAQAB
AoGAacysKLfP1lpXVVRtWt45cg4xCCCCRTYlQ09YBurnFTL3I/qEB0fC48WwAgK8e
Tr6qt7ialvaD0KRMx+HVvmXLX/C8sMKM3qoPSWoumG79CU0NfBMXqs7dNVd+BA6x
9yIXccVVnewiTWVmLXj5Tzzz7kfwMBIBIXqPSXd6VKwpLAECQQD2IwzR5PgaSBMD
UvExx71o0ls7tvr1SPBVJAxlBm40rtIOo++VJVR7XYoqF55j0+ADCUbrx34qx8m+
Ms6MBGXBAKEA9fkiQc0+DDOKFx1q0B/afYRkuezBICH0LGv6cVfZA5ngk3aVKE9
/vswdJHy8gk/xueGa0gTpe5BW040BjnMh0JBAPKxyrtd/Kwqrbcy+FpP4GX46vd9
5JfuiUIQGW8GBXvLE3vjSK6FKAPsDb/OPIQbF0m8B0h/GCMGLi0tdvUil0ECQBG0
tPLJczJfw22erNcqTuhcuQXkdmymBM+LLXRAWGzFYYz8T24/K6qf2uhlpS10ngNvr
ztZ9KJL5hKTEL5AWNbkCQQDVRsZyayhT8b0XY0kMJIQ10vaLP3wbMME0rCI1P2rS
qZ/NuScTEXwRsQ7JRZLfxARQ2WrcLZsVEChV2FHx2nU
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
```

```
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr -config openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for server.key:
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:US
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:LA
Locality Name (eg, city) []:LAF
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:UL
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:CACs
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:NS
Email Address []:.

Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:Password
An optional company name []:.
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
```

```
File Machine View Input Devices Help
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl ca -in server.csr -out server.crt -cert ca.crt -keyfile ca.key \
> -config openssl.cnf
Using configuration from openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for ca.key:
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
Certificate Details:
  Serial Number: 4096 (0x1000)
  Validity
    Not Before: Mar 27 09:43:02 2022 GMT
    Not After : Mar 27 09:43:02 2023 GMT
  Subject:
    countryName           = US
    stateOrProvinceName   = LA
    organizationName      = UL
    organizationalUnitName = CACs
    commonName            = NS
  X509v3 extensions:
    X509v3 Basic Constraints:
      CA:FALSE
    Netscape Comment:
      OpenSSL Generated Certificate
    X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
      D3:DF:B8:CD:97:7A:39:85:6E:68:18:42:09:13:5E:E0:F7:88:C0:18
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
      keyid:DB:30:70:64:CB:B8:FC:8D:5C:DA:A0:D1:62:51:45:3E:B7:B6:95:DA

Certificate is to be certified until Mar 27 09:43:02 2023 GMT (365 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]:y

1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n]y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
[03/27/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
```

The following command was run to generate an RSA key pair (both private and public keys):

**\$ openssl genrsa -aes128 -out server.key 1024.**

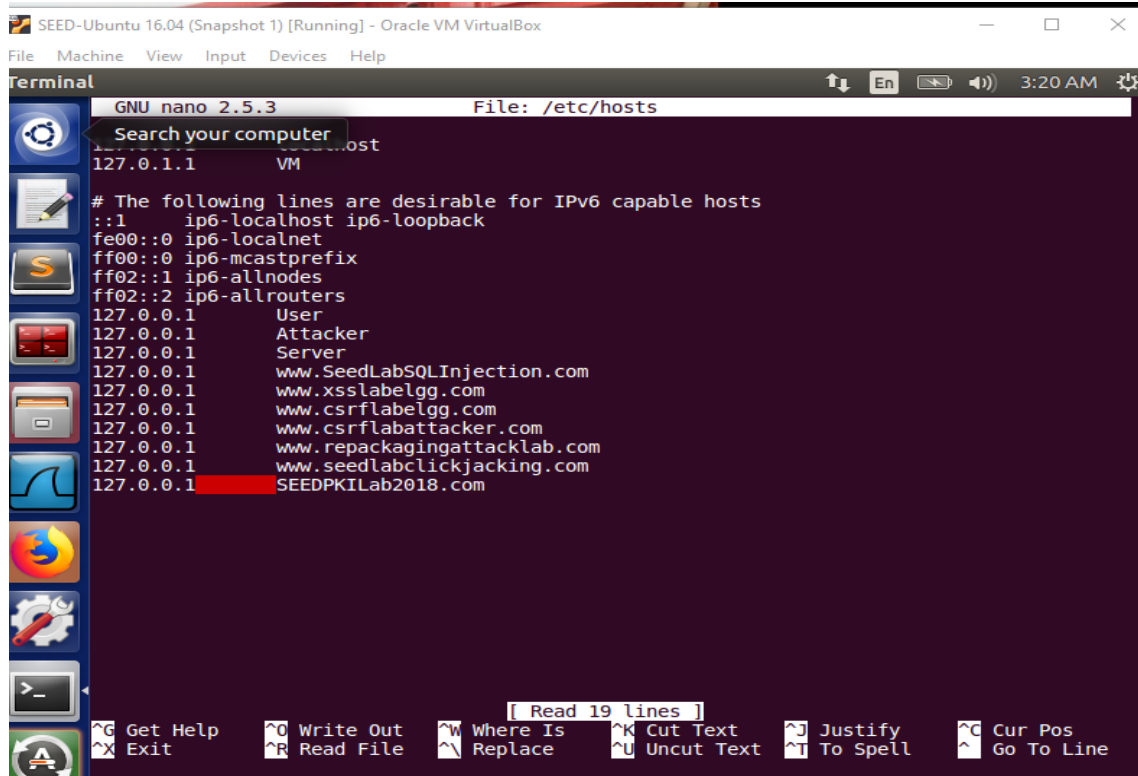
A password was provided to encrypt the private key **which was** stored in the file server.key

The company generated a Certificate Signing Request (CSR), which basically includes the company's public key. The CSR was sent to the CA, who generated a certificate for the key.

The trusted CA created in Task 1 was used generate certificate using its signature.

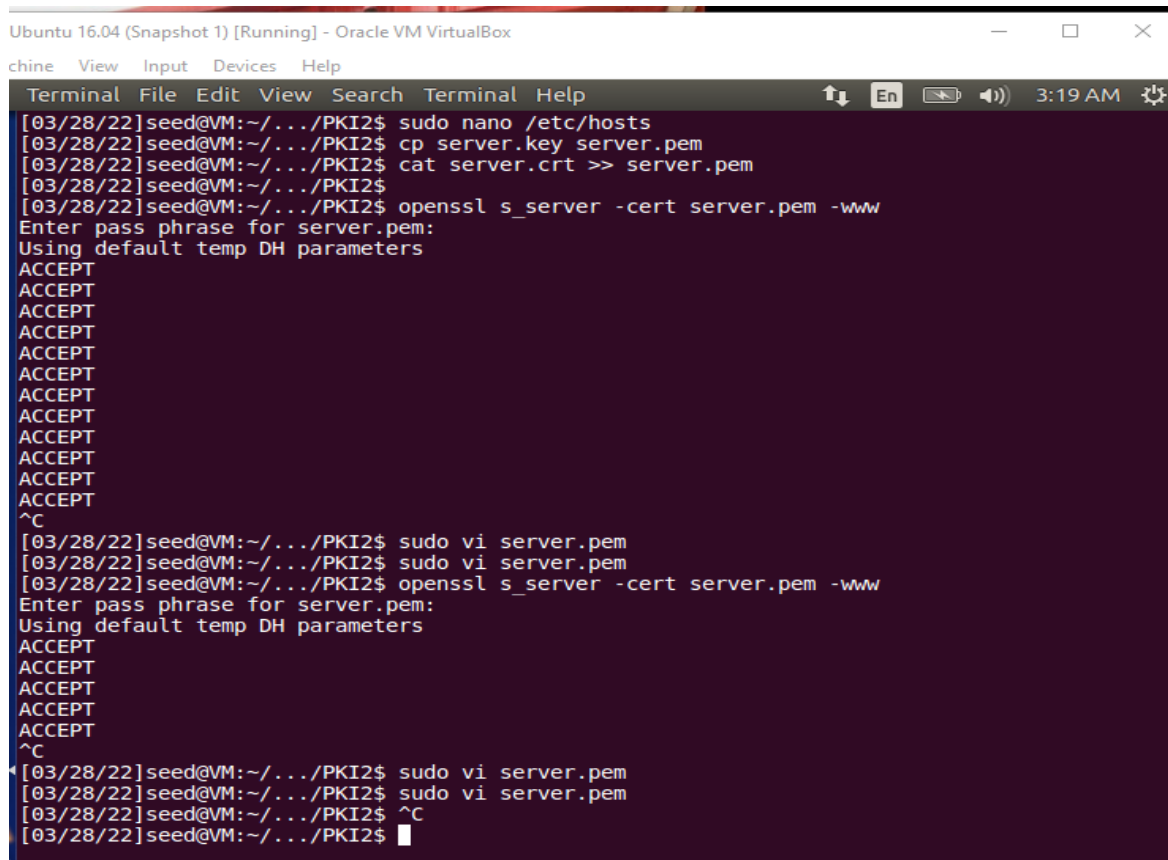


### Task 3: Deploying Certificate in an HTTPSWeb Server

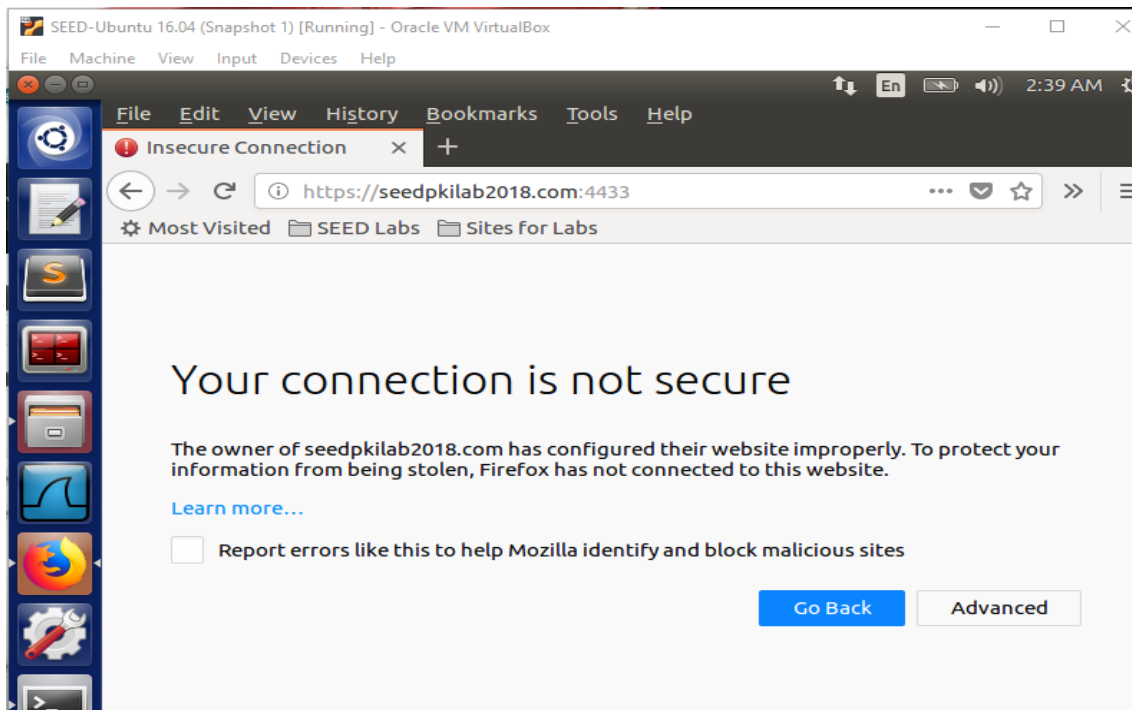


```
SEED-Ubuntu 16.04 (Snapshot 1) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
Terminal
GNU nano 2.5.3 File: /etc/hosts
Search your computer
127.0.1.1 VM
# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
::1 ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
fe00::0 ip6-localnet
ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix
ff02::1 ip6-allnodes
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters
127.0.0.1 User
127.0.0.1 Attacker
127.0.0.1 Server
127.0.0.1 www.SeedLabSQLInjection.com
127.0.0.1 www.xsslabelgg.com
127.0.0.1 www.csrflabelgg.com
127.0.0.1 www.csrflabelattacker.com
127.0.0.1 www.repackagingattacklab.com
127.0.0.1 www.seedlabclickjacking.com
127.0.0.1 SEEDPKILab2018.com
^G Get Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut Text ^J Justify ^C Cur Pos
^X Exit ^R Read File ^E Replace ^U Uncut Text ^T To Spell ^_ Go To Line
[ Read 19 lines ]
```

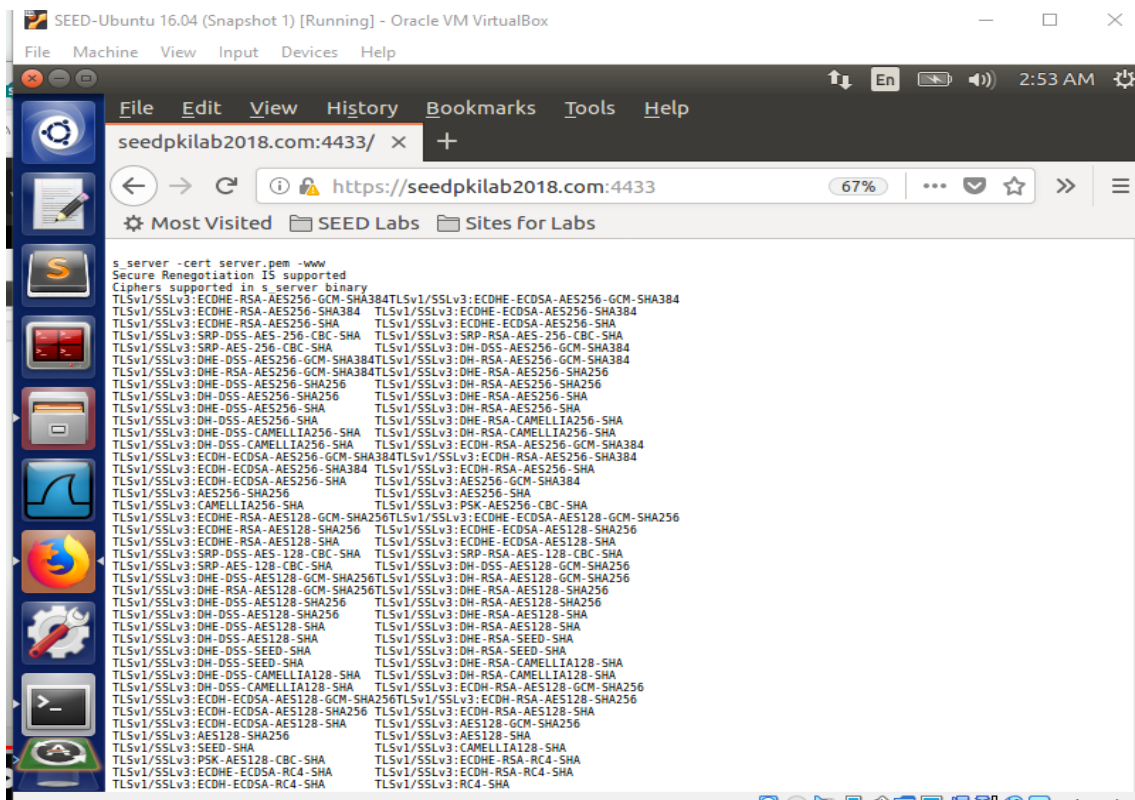
Adding the entry: SEEDPKILab2018.com to /etc/hosts, in order to map the hostname SEEDPKILab2020.com to our localhost (i.e., 127.0.0.1):



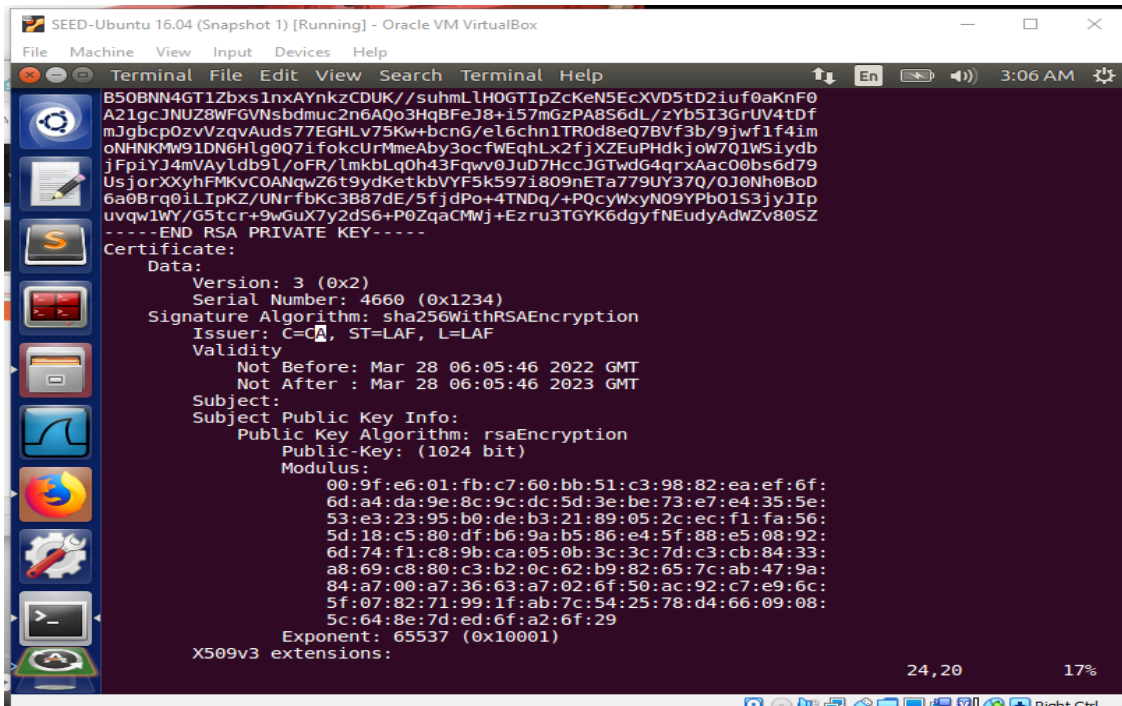
```
Ubuntu 16.04 (Snapshot 1) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
chine View Input Devices Help
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ sudo nano /etc/hosts
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ cp server.key server.pem
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ cat server.crt >> server.pem
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ openssl s_server -cert server.pem -www
Enter pass phrase for server.pem:
Using default temp DH parameters
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
^C
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ sudo vi server.pem
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ sudo vi server.pem
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ openssl s_server -cert server.pem -www
Enter pass phrase for server.pem:
Using default temp DH parameters
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
^C
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ sudo vi server.pem
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ sudo vi server.pem
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$ ^C
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/.../PKI2$
```



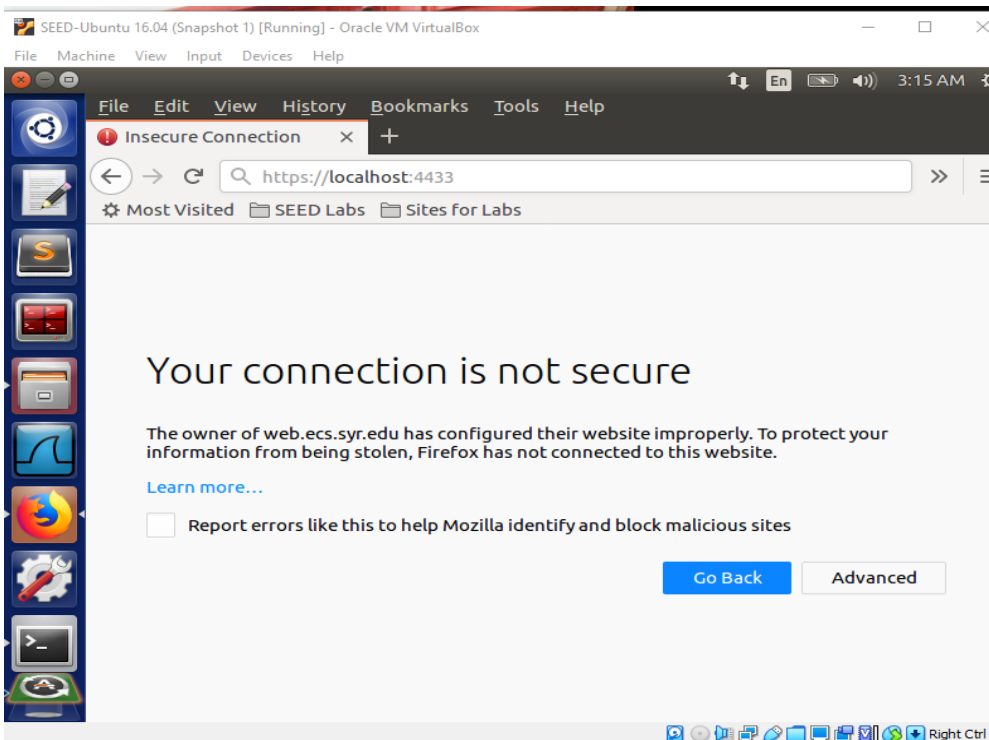
“Your connection is not secure” was displayed.



After importing the certificate (ca.crt), and reloading, the site returned information.



After modifying the Issuer country from US to CA, no difference, it still returned information when reloaded.



When <https://localhost:4433> was used as the address, it returned “an insecure connection”.

## Task 4: Deploying Certificate in an Apache-Based HTTPSWebsite

```
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
IfModule mod_ssl.c>
<VirtualHost *:443>
    ServerAdmin SEEDPKILab2020.com
    DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki
    DirectoryIndex index.html
    SSLEngine on
    SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/CERT.pem
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/KEY.pem
</VirtualHost>

<VirtualHost *:443>
    ServerAdmin facebook.com
    DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki
    DirectoryIndex index.html
    SSLEngine on
    SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/cert2.pem
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/key.pem
</VirtualHost>

<VirtualHost _default_:443>
    ServerAdmin webmaster@localhost

    DocumentRoot /var/www/html

    #
    #       to point to the certificate files. Use the provided
    #       Makefile to update the hash symlinks after changes.
    #SSLCACertificatePath /etc/ssl/certs/
    #SSLCACertificateFile /etc/apache2/ssl.crt/ca-bundle.crt

    # Certificate Revocation Lists (CRL):
    # Set the CA revocation path where to find CA CRLs for client
    # authentication or alternatively one huge file containing all
    # of them (file must be PEM encoded)
    # Note: Inside SSLCARevocationPath you need hash symlinks
"default-ssl.conf" 110L, 5030C                                     1,1      Top
```

```
Terminal
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~$ cd /var
[03/28/22]seed@VM:/var$ cd www
bash: cd: www: No such file or directory
[03/28/22]seed@VM:/var$ cd www
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/www$ ls
cert  html  RepackagingAttack  seedpki  SQLInjection  XSS
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/www$ cd seedpki/
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/seedpki$ ls
index.html
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/seedpki$ cat index.html
Hello World
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/seedpki$
```

```
File Machine View Input Devices Help
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
AH00112: Warning: DocumentRoot [/var/www/ssedpki] does not exist
AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qualified domain name
sing 127.0.1.1. Set the 'ServerName' directive globally to suppress this message
Syntax OK
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/../PKI2$ clear

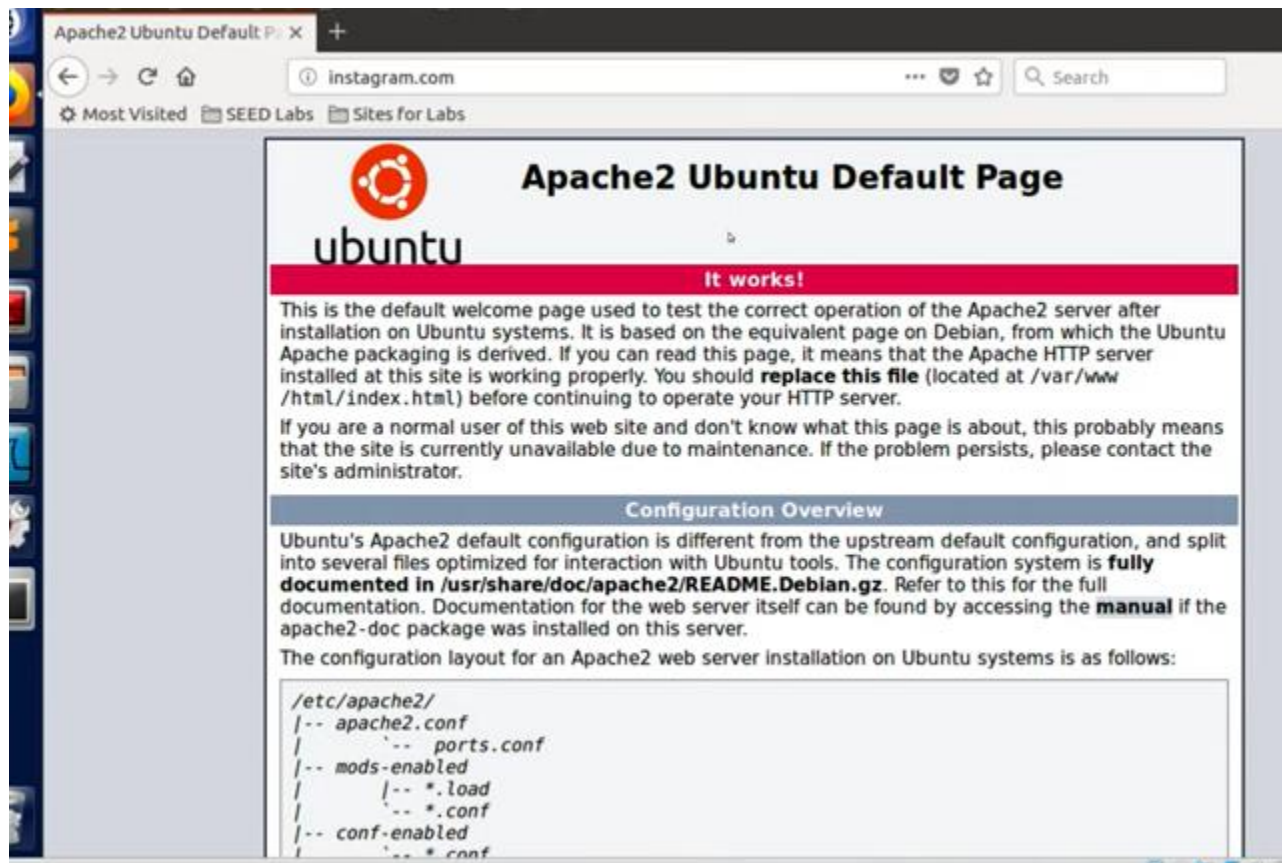
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/../PKI2$ sudo apachectl configtest
AH00112: Warning: DocumentRoot [/var/www/seedlabclickjacking] does not exist
AH00112: Warning: DocumentRoot [/var/www/ssedpki] does not exist
AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qualified domain name
sing 127.0.1.1. Set the 'ServerName' directive globally to suppress this message
Syntax OK
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/../PKI2$ sudo a2enmod ssl
Considering dependency setenvif for ssl:
Module setenvif already enabled
Considering dependency mime for ssl:
Module mime already enabled
Considering dependency socache_shmcb for ssl:
Module socache_shmcb already enabled
Module ssl already enabled
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/../PKI2$ sudo a2ensite default-ssl
Site default-ssl already enabled
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/../PKI2$ udo service apache2 restart
The program 'udo' is currently not installed. You can install it by typing:
sudo apt install udo
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/../PKI2$ sudo service apache2 restart
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/../PKI2$ sudo service apache2 restart
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/../PKI2$ sudo service apache2 restart
[03/28/22]seed@VM:~/../PKI2$
```



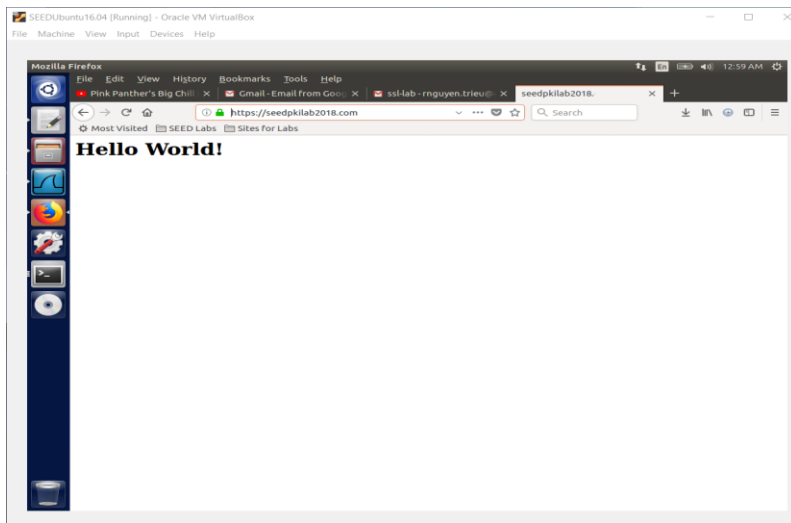
## Task 5: Launching a Man-In-The-Middle Attack

```
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
<IfModule mod_ssl.c>
<VirtualHost *:443>
ServerAdmin SEEDPKILab2020.com
DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki
DirectoryIndex index.html
SSLEngine on
SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/ssl/CERT.pem
SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/ssl/KEY.pem
</VirtualHost>

<VirtualHost *:443>
ServerAdmin instagram.com
DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki
DirectoryIndex index.html
SSLEngine on
SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/ssl/CERT.pem
SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/ssl/KEY.pem
</VirtualHost>
```



## Task 6: Launching a Man-In-The-Middle Attack with a Compromised CA



This task shows that the attacker can generate any arbitrary certificate using the CA's key as it is already compromised.