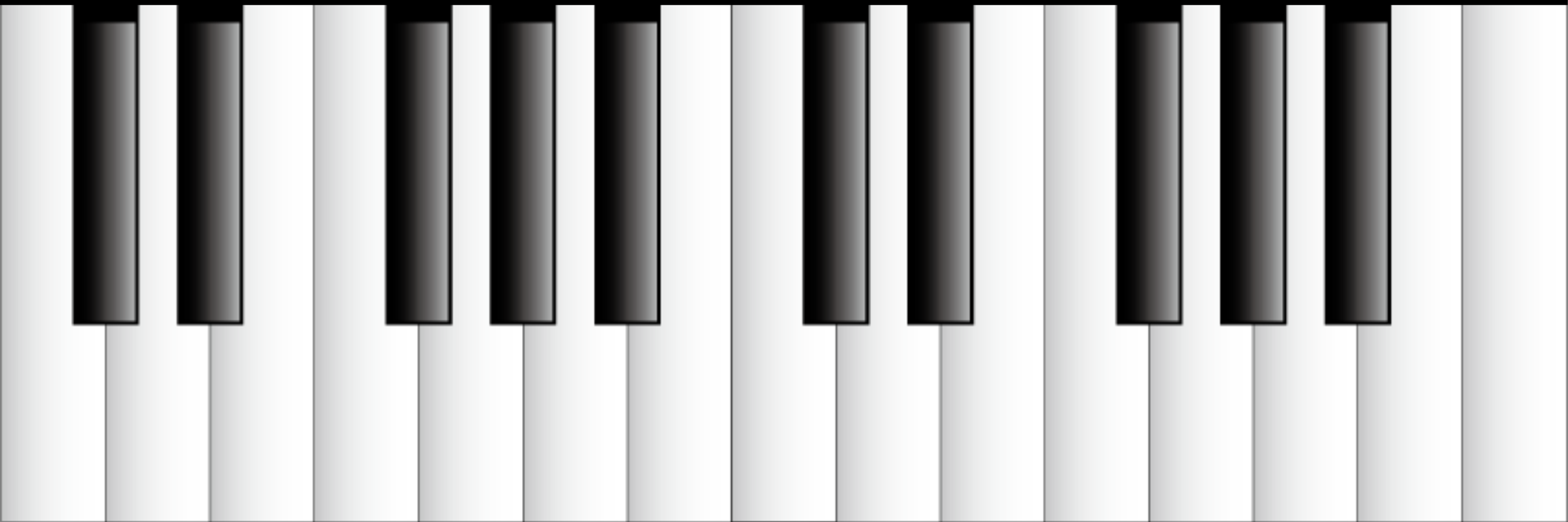


Comprehensive Programming Practice 1



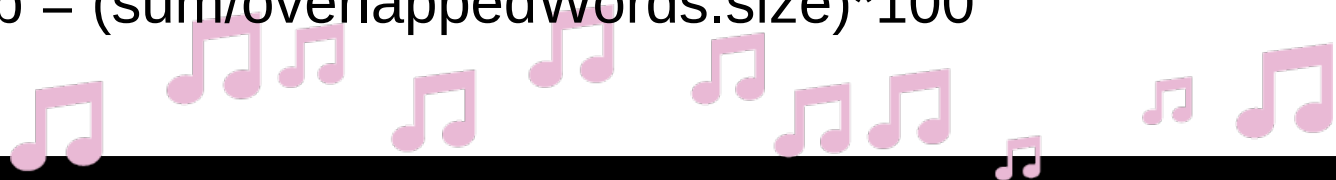
Tasks:

- Read two text files
- Find overlap words between the two files
- Find unique words between those two files
- Calculating percentage of the overlaps



Procedures:

- Create two ArrayList: list1, list2
- Read two text files using scanner
- Put the strings of the two files into the two ArrayLists consecutively
- Sort(list1), sort(list2)
- getRidOfDuplicates(list1), getRidOfDuplicates(list2)
- $\text{Sum} = \text{list1.size()} + \text{list2.size()}$
- Merge both lists into list1: $\text{list1} = \text{merge}(\text{list1}, \text{list2})$
- sort(list1)
- ArrayList uniqueWords = getUniqueWords(list1)
- ArrayList overlappedWords = getOverlappedWords(list1)
- $\text{Percentage_of_overlap} = (\text{sum}/\text{overlappedWords.size()}) * 100$



getUniqueWords(ArrayList list)

- (We assume the list is sorted.)
- uniqueWords = new empty list
- current = list.get(0)
- For i = 1 to list.size() :
 - If list.get(i) is not equal to current :
 - current = list.get(i)
 - If i < list.size()-1 and current is not equal to list.get(i+1) :
 - UniqueWords.add(current)
 - Else if i == list.size()-1 :
 - UniqueWords.add(current)
- Return uniqueWords



Source code: getUniqueWords(ArrayList list)

```
,  
/**  
 * Method to get all the unique words  
 * @param list  
 * @return uniqueWords  
 */  
static ArrayList<String> getUniqueWords(ArrayList<String> list) {  
    ArrayList<String> uniqueWords = new ArrayList<String>();  
    String curr = list.get(0);  
    for(int i = 1, len = list.size(); i < len; i++) {  
  
        if (!list.get(i).equals(curr)){  
            curr = list.get(i);  
            if(i < len - 1 && !curr.equals(list.get(i+1)) ){  
                uniqueWords.add(curr);  
            }  
            else if (i == len-1) {  
                uniqueWords.add(curr);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
    return uniqueWords;  
}  
/**
```



getOverLappedWOrds(ArrayList list)

- overlaps = new empty list
- Prev = list.get(0)
- For i=1 to list.size() :
 - current = list.get(i)
 - If current equals prev:
 - overlaps.add(prev)
 - Prev = current
 - Else if i==list.size()-1
 - Overlaps.add(prev)
- Return overlaps



Source code:

```
/**
 *
 * @param list
 * @return
 */
static ArrayList<String> getOverlapWords(ArrayList<String> list) {
    ArrayList<String> overlaps = new ArrayList<String>();
    String prev = list.get(0);
    for(int i = 1; i < list.size(); i++) {
        String curr = list.get(i);
        if (curr.equals(prev))
            overlaps.add(prev);
        prev = curr;
        if (i == list.size()-1)
            overlaps.add(prev);
    }
    return overlaps;
}
```



Time Complexity:

- Methods:
 - fileToArray(Scanner, ArrayList)
 - Collections.sort(list)
 - getRidOfDuplicates(ArrayList)
 - mergeTwoArrayList(list1, list2)
 - getUniqueWords(ArrayList)
 - getOverlappedWords(ArrayList)



Time Complexity:

- Time complexity of each method
- No method with time complexity more than linear time
- Thus by rule 2: $T_1(n) + T_2(n) = \max O(f(n)), O(g(n))$
- The time complexity is Linear.



THANKS EVERYONE FOR LISTENING!!

