coursera

Environment Setup Instructions

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Multivariate Linear Regression

- Video: Multiple Features 8 min
- **Reading:** Multiple Features
- Video: Gradient Descent for Multiple Variables 5 min
- **Reading:** Gradient Descent For Multiple Variables 2 min
- Video: Gradient Descent in Practice I - Feature Scaling 8 min
- **Reading:** Gradient Descent in Practice I - Feature Scaling 3 min
- Video: Gradient Descent in Practice II - Learning Rate 8 min
- Reading: Gradient Descent in Practice II - Learning Rate 4 min
- Video: Features and Polynomial Regression 7 min
- Reading: Features and Polynomial Regression 3 min

Computing Parameters Analytically

- Video: Normal Equation 16 min
- **Reading:** Normal Equation 3 min
- Video: Normal Equation Noninvertibility 5 min
- **Reading:** Normal Equation Noninvertibility 2 min

Submitting Programming Assignments

Review

Octave/Matlab Tutorial

Review

Normal Equation Noninvertibility

When implementing the normal equation in octave we want to use the 'pinv' function rather than 'inv.' The 'pinv' function will give you a value of θ even if X^TX is not invertible.

If X^TX is **noninvertible**, the common causes might be having :

- Redundant features, where two features are very closely related (i.e. they are linearly dependent)
- Too many features (e.g. m ≤ n). In this case, delete some features or use "regularization" (to be explained in a later lesson).

Solutions to the above problems include deleting a feature that is linearly dependent with another or deleting one or more features when there are too many features.



Go to next item







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