Hector SLAM Tutorials

Tutorial 1: Introduction to hector_slam

Ref http://emanual.robotis.com/docs/en/platform/turtlebot3/simulation/#ros-packages-for-gazebo

- Specify model of the turtlebot 3 you are using. Since we are using Gazebo, model name is not so important. Just pick one of the models.
 - export TURTLEBOT3_MODEL=waffle_pi

NOTE: You have to export each time from each terminal before calling the necessary ros functions. If you do not want to do this, you can add this to .bashrc file.

- Open Gazebo environment with specified world environment roslaunch turtlebot3_gazebo turtlebot3_world.launch
- Launch the hector_slam roslaunch turtlebot3_slam turtlebot3_slam.launch slam_methods:=hector
- Move turtlebot 3 with keyboard roslaunch turtlebot3_teleop_key.launch
- You can now see the map in Rviz Screen.

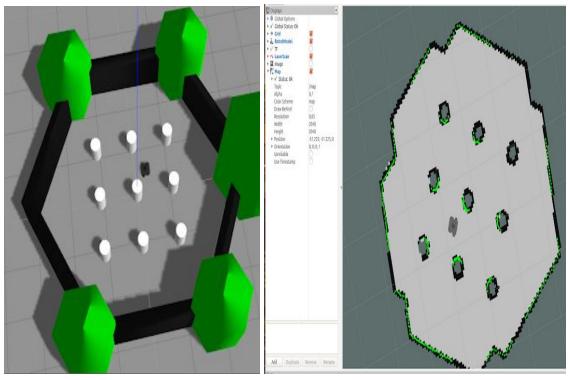


Figure 1: Simulation environment in Gazebo (left) and resulted map in rviz (right)

After obtained full map you can save it to anywhere you like.
 rosrun map_server map_saver -f ~/map1

Tutorial 2: Move Turtlebot 3 using rosbag file

Generally people want to make a comparison with different configurations and for these situations using teleoperation to move turtlebot 3 does not make any sense. For these situations, one can record the movement of turtlebot 3 with teleop just one time using rosbag and then this rosbag file can be used to move turtlebot 3 in the same way every time.

- Open Gazebo environment with specified world environment roslaunch turtlebot3_gazebo turtlebot3_world.launch
- Launch the hector_slam roslaunch turtlebot3_slam turtlebot3_slam.launch slam_methods:=hector
- Go to our example rosbag file that keeps movement commands to turtlebot 3.
 cd ros_ws/bagfiles
- Play our bagfile.
 rosbag play turtlebot3_movement.bag

NOTE: We used waffle_pi as TURTLEBOT3_MODEL. It is highly possible that this bag file is specific to waffle_pi. If you are using another model, you need to save your own bag file.

Tutorial 3: Customize LIDAR Parameters in Gazebo

- Go to turtlebot3_description cd ros_ws/src/turtlebot3/turtlebot3_description
- Go to urdf directory. Open turtlebot3_waffle_pi.gazebo.xacro (if you use different model change it accordingly)
 - cd urdf & gedit turtlebot3_waffle_pi.gazebo.xacro
 - **NOTE:** It is a good idea to copy original xacro file if you need to use default values later.
- Change LIDAR parameters as you wish. We modified with our own LIDAR parameters as can be seen in Figure 1.

Figure 1: Manipulated turtlebot 3 LIDAR parameters

Tutorial 4: Hector_SLAM with your own data and without Gazebo simulation Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3C eRtSoU78

- Go to hector_slam_launch directory
 cd ros ws/src/hector slam/hector slam launch/launch
- Our launch file is named as oko_hector_launcher.launch. This file calls the main launch file in ros_ws/src/hector_slam/hector_mapping/launch/oko_hector_mapping.launch You can use these launch files to create your own launch files later.
- Call our launch file. Do not forget to source setup.bash! roslaunch hector_slam_launch oko_hector_launcher.launch
- Go to bagfiles directory and play our bag file.
 cd ros_ws/bagfiles & rosbag play turtlebot3_scan2.bag --clock
 NOTE: Please note that this bag file only publishes laser scan data to /scan topic. We do not use any odometry information.
- If everything is okay, you should be able to see Rviz output like below:



Figure 1: Rviz output (left) and TF tree (right)

Important NOTE: Hector_slam package needs specific transform tree(tf) configuration to work properly. In our case, required transformations are done by robot_state_publisher in launch files. For more information one can check hector_slam tutorial.

Important NOTE: You can also use our launcher with a real data without saving as a rosbag file. LIDAR should publish to /scan topic by default, but it can be changed by modifying launch files mentioned before. However, one should set set /use_sim_time parameter as false while using real time data. On the other hand, it should be set true to use with rosbag files.