Vorable Gleatona

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Variable Aleatoria

Un gran almacén guarda cajas que contienen piezas de distinto tipo. La proporción X de piezas de tipo A en una caja se puede considerar una variable aleatoria con función de densidad:

$$f(x) = kx(1-x) \quad \text{con } 0 \le x \le 1$$

- a) Calcular el valor de k.
- b) Calcular la media y varianza de X.
- c) Si se toman 10 cajas al azar. ¿Cuál es la probabilidad de que ninguna de ellas contenga una proporción de piezas de tipo A igual o superior al 75%?

a)
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1$$

 $1 = \int_{-\infty}^{1} k \cdot x \cdot (1-x) \cdot dx = K \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (x-x^{2}) dx = K \left(\frac{x^{2}-x^{3}}{2}\right) \int_{0}^{\infty} dx = K$

$$E(x) = \int_{0}^{+\infty} x \cdot f(x) dx = \int_{0}^{+\infty} x (6x)(1-x) dx.$$

$$= 6 \int_{0}^{1} (x^{2} - x^{3}) dx = 6 \left(\frac{x^{3}}{3} - \frac{x^{4}}{y}\right) \int_{0}^{1} dx$$

$$= 6 \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{y}\right) = 6 \cdot \frac{1}{|y|} = \frac{1}{|z|}$$

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$$= 6 \int_{0}^{1} (x^$$

 $U_{K}(x) = 3/10. - (1/2)^{2}$ (20)

$$E(x^{2}) = \int_{0}^{4\pi} x^{2} \cdot f(x) dx = \int_{0}^{1} x^{2} \cdot 6x (1-x) dx.$$

$$= 6 \cdot \int_{0}^{1} (x^{3} - x^{4}) dx = 6 \cdot \left(\frac{x^{4}}{9} - \frac{x^{7}}{5}\right) \int_{0}^{1} = 6\left(\frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{5}\right)$$

 $=\frac{\sqrt{6.3}}{2\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt{3/10}$

c)
$$A_i = "Jacaja i trêve une properción de piezes de tipo e menor que 75% (0.77)".$$

c)
$$A_i = \text{"Jacaja i trêve me propercien de piezes de tipo 1}$$

menor que $+5\%$ (0.77)".

 $i=\overline{1,10}$
 0.77
 0.77

$$P(A_i) = P(X < 0.7T) = \int_{0.7T}^{0.7T} 6x(1-x)dx.$$

$$= 6\left(\frac{x^2 - x^3}{2}\right)_{0.7T}^{0.7T} = 6\left(\frac{0.75^2}{2} - \frac{0.7T^3}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{27}{3z} = 0.8438$$

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