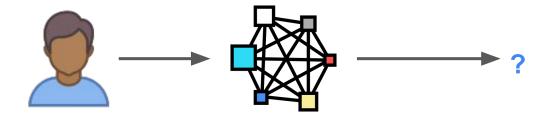
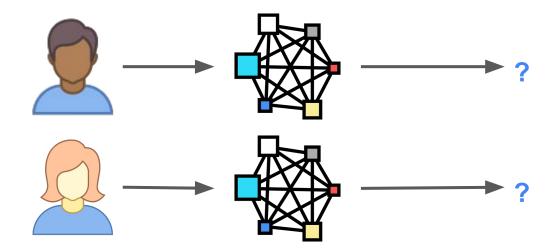
# Surprising Performance Disparities in Atlanta!

Datathon Team 6 – Emory CXR Dataset

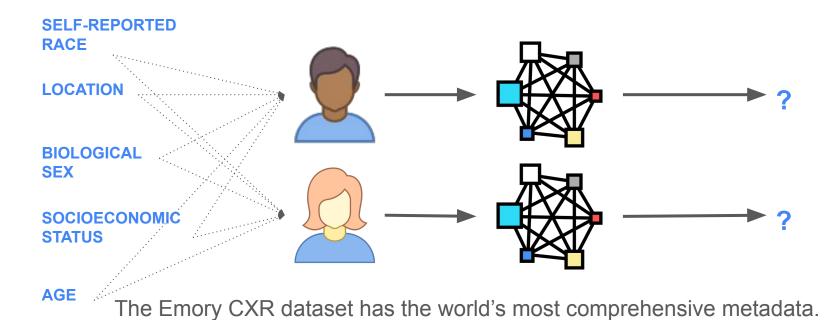




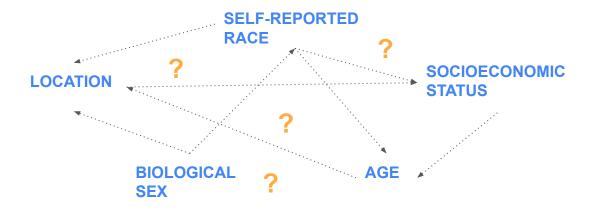
We wish to train disease classifiers to accelerate and support clinical workflows



But such models may **learn to rely on sensitive information.**This often causes **performance disparities** in deployment.



Can we leverage this metadata to gain insight into algorithmic bias?

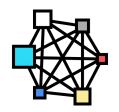


Previous work has demonstrated performance disparities related to Sex, Age, Race. **But these variables may be confounded by other factors.** 

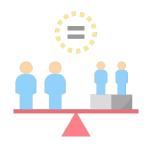
With the Emory CXR dataset, we have the world's most comprehensive metadata. Which attributes are the most important for studying algorithmic bias?

# Our Analysis









#### STEP 1:

Analyse correlations between findings and protected attributes

#### STEP 2:

Train a disease classifier to predict presence of Pneumothorax, Pleural Effusion and Cardiomegaly

#### **STEP 3:**

Analyse
subgroup-wise
performance
disparities to detect
potential algorithmic
bias.

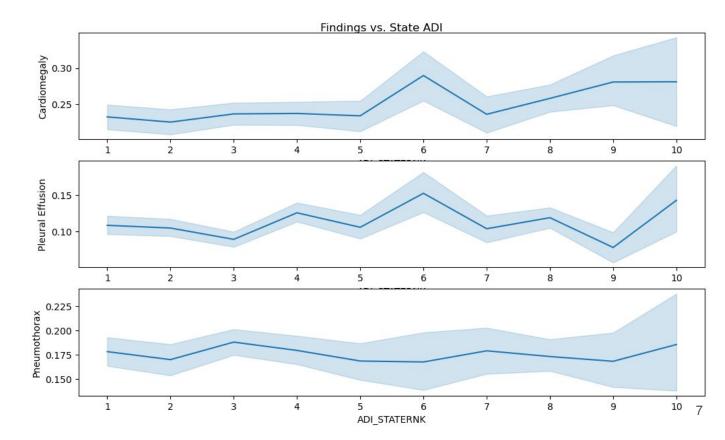
# STEP 4 (future):

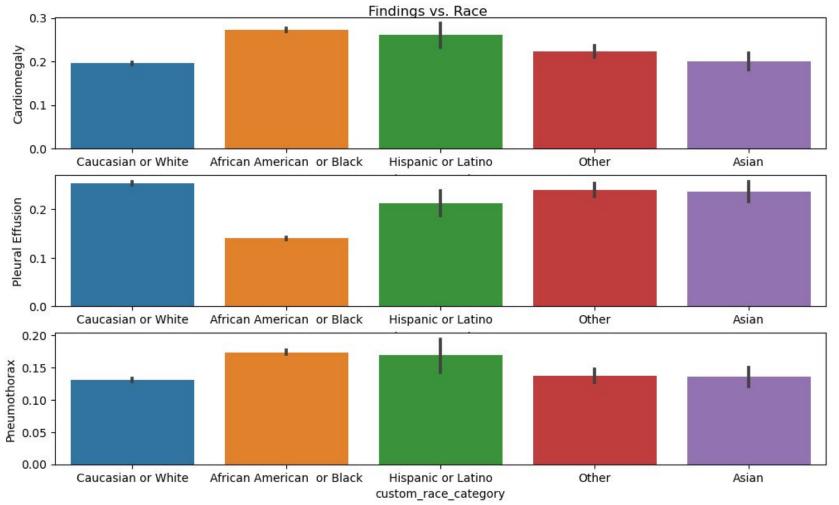
Implement bias mitigation strategies to improve performance on worst subgroups.

# Findings distribution by Area Deprivation Index

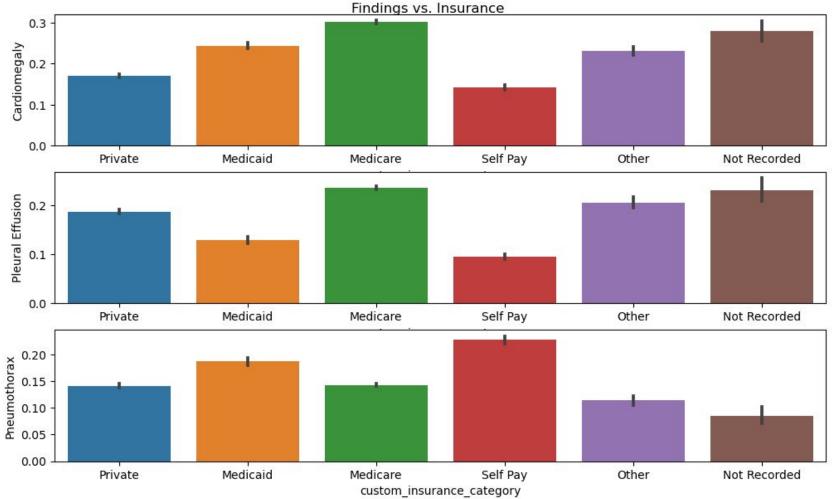
#### **State ADI:**

Block groups ranked from 1 = least disadvantaged to 10 = mostdisadvantaged in each state based on an index of 17 socioeconomic factors.



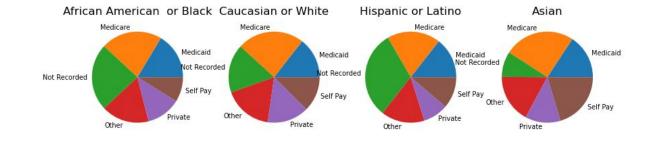


Most Prevalent Groups - Cardiomegaly: Blacks, Pleural Effusion: Whites, Pneumothorax: Blacks

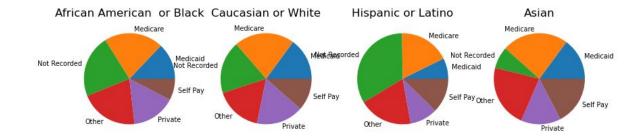


Most Prevalent Groups - Cardiomegaly: Medicare, Pleural Effusion: Medicare, Pneoumothorax: Self Pay

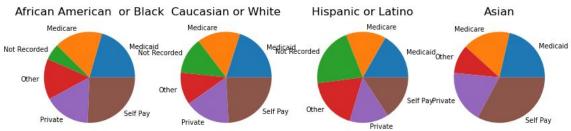
# 'Cardiomegaly'



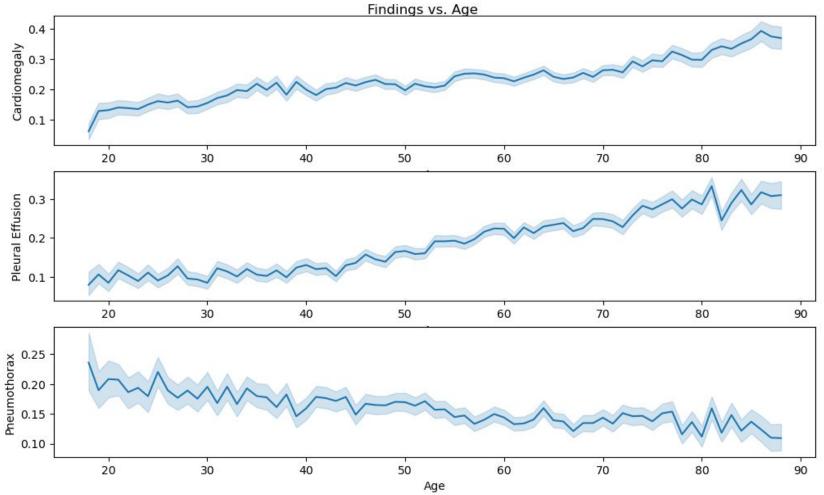
'Pleural Effusion'



'Pneumothorax'

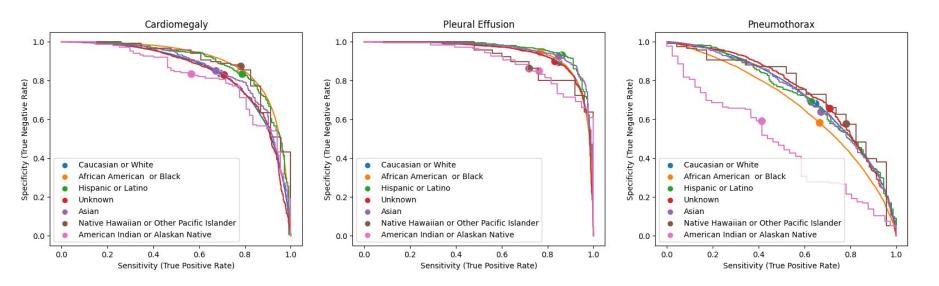


- Similar Insurance pattern across Blacks and Whites
- More 'Not Recorded' in Latinos and more 'Self Pay' in Asians



Most Prevalent Groups - Cardiomegaly: Older, Pleural Effusion: Older, Pneoumothorax: younger

# Performance disparities in function of self-reported race

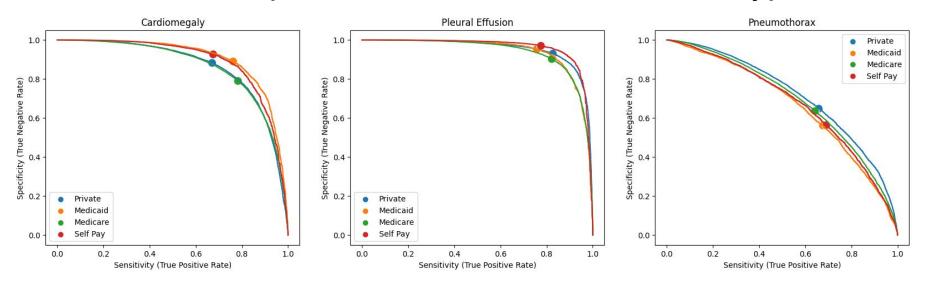


Native americans have the worst performance across all disease.

Surprisingly and contrarily to previous work, on this dataset results are better on African American than on White subgroup.

ightarrow This shows that bias analysis should be repeated for every datasets / true underlying population.

# Performance disparities in function of insurance type

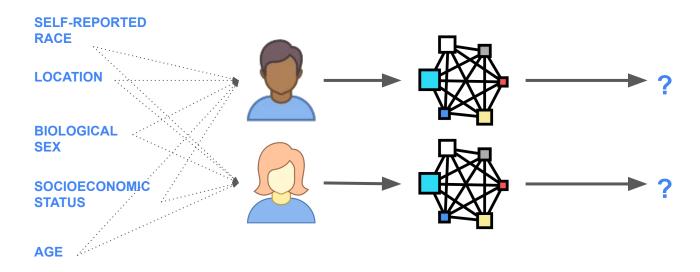


Surprisingly for Cardiomegaly our model performs better on Medicaid / Self Pay patients than on the others.

The opposite is true for Pneumothorax

→ Not all models may show the same biases. Traditionally "under-served" population may not be necessarily the worst performing group. This may also be symptomatic of some underlying spurious correlation between labels and population characteristics.

# Summary: Surprising Performance Disparities in Atlanta!



- Preconceptions and intuitions about bias can be misleading!
- We studied performance disparities based on insurance and race.
- Compared to previous work, our results had disparities reversed!