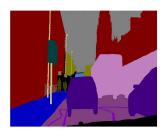
# Application of CNN - Image segmentation Numerical Methods for Deep Learning

# Image Segmentation

The problem: Given an image  $\mathbf{Y}: R^2 \to R$  compute probability maps for  $n_c$  classes, i.e., for  $j = 1, \dots, n_c$ 

$$\mathbf{P}_j:R^2 
ightarrow [0,1], \quad \sum_{j=1}^{n_c} \mathbf{P}_j = 1$$





 $P_i$  is the probability of a pixel to belong to class j

### Setup of Image Segmentation Problem

- ▶ Use a neural network: original image  $\rightarrow n_c$  "images"
- Output image represents class probabilities for each pixel
- Loss: average cross entropy for each pixel
- Optimize over network parameters

Simple example: a single layer and linear classification

## Image Segmentation with Single-Layer NN

Let  $\mathbf{Y}_0 \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n_f}$  with  $n_f = n_1 \cdot n_2 \cdot 3$   $(n_1 \times n_2 \text{ RGB data})$ 

$$\mathbf{Y}_1 = \sigma(\mathbf{Y}_0 \mathbf{K}(\theta) + \mathbf{Bb}).$$

Use 2D convolutions for  $K(\theta)$  and assume k output channels, i.e.,

$$\mathbf{K} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{2D}(\theta_{11}) & \mathbf{K}_{2D}(\theta_{12}) & \cdots & \mathbf{K}_{2D}(\theta_{1k}) \\ \mathbf{K}_{2D}(\theta_{21}) & \mathbf{K}_{2D}(\theta_{22}) & \cdots & \mathbf{K}_{2D}(\theta_{2k}) \\ \mathbf{K}_{2D}(\theta_{31}) & \mathbf{K}_{2D}(\theta_{32}) & \cdots & \mathbf{K}_{2D}(\theta_{3k}) \end{pmatrix}.$$

Then we have to classify each pixel in  $\mathbf{Y}_1$  using  $\mathbf{W} \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times n_c}$ . This gives the problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{W},\mathbf{K},\mathbf{b}} E(\operatorname{reshape}(\mathbf{Y}_1)\mathbf{W},\mathbf{P}), \qquad \mathbf{Y}_1 = \sigma(\mathbf{Y}_0\mathbf{K}(\theta) + \mathbf{Bb})$$

Here reshape( $\mathbf{Y}_1$ )  $\in \mathbb{R}^{(n \cdot n_1 \cdot n_2) \times k}$  and E is our cross entropy

#### References