PM2 and PM10 concentrations

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Abstract

In September 2021, a significant jump in seismic activity on the island of La Palma (Canary Islands, Spain) signaled the start of a volcanic crisis that still continues at the time of writing. Earthquake data is continually collected and published by the Instituto Geográphico Nacional (IGN). …

## 0.1 Introduction

Source: [Article Notebook](https://EmouAcademy.github.io/my-awesome-manuscripts/index.qmd.html)

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| Figure 1: Timeline of recent earthquakes on La Palma |

Source: [Article Notebook](https://EmouAcademy.github.io/my-awesome-manuscripts/index.qmd.html)

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Based on data up to and including 1971, eruptions on La Palma happen every 79.8 years on average.

Studies of the magma systems feeding the volcano, such as Marrero et al. (2019), have proposed that there are two main magma reservoirs feeding the Cumbre Vieja volcano; one in the mantle (30-40km depth) which charges and in turn feeds a shallower crustal reservoir (10-20km depth).

Eight eruptions have been recorded since the late 1400s ([Figure 1](#fig-timeline)).

Data and methods are discussed in [Section 4.3](#sec-data-methods).

Let denote the number of eruptions in a year. Then, can be modeled by a Poisson distribution

where is the rate of eruptions per year. Using [Equation 1](#eq-poisson), the probability of an eruption in the next years can be calculated.

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| Table 1: Recent historic eruptions on La Palma   | Name | Year | | --- | --- | | Current | 2021 | | Teneguía | 1971 | | Nambroque | 1949 | | El Charco | 1712 | | Volcán San Antonio | 1677 | | Volcán San Martin | 1646 | | Tajuya near El Paso | 1585 | | Montaña Quemada | 1492 | |

[Table 1](#tbl-history) summarises the eruptions recorded since the colonization of the islands by Europeans in the late 1400s.

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| Figure 2: Map of La Palma |

La Palma is one of the west most islands in the Volcanic Archipelago of the Canary Islands ([Figure 2](#fig-map)).

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| Figure 3: Locations of earthquakes on La Palma since 2017 |

Source: [Explore Earthquakes](https://EmouAcademy.github.io/my-awesome-manuscripts/notebooks/explore-earthquakes-preview.html#cell-fig-spatial-plot)

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# 1. Explore Earthquakes

Munkhtsetseg

Library

# 2. Import the dataset and remove the duplicates

Import the dataset from the directory of: ~/Data Input/Preprocessing data/Preprocessing data.csv, assign the dataset as object of df:

Remove the duplicates with the function of distinct(), assign the dataset as df\_01:

## 2.1 Produce a table with missing data

For date options as year, month, etc:

# A tibble: 52 × 9  
# Groups: Station.name [4]  
 Station.name Year NA\_date NA\_PM2 NA\_PM10 NA\_Vis NA\_WD NA\_WS NA\_OPC  
 <chr> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int>  
 1 Dalanzadgad 2008 4630 1543 1672 1463 1566 1566 4630  
 2 Dalanzadgad 2009 8760 715 929 659 748 748 8760  
 3 Dalanzadgad 2010 8784 921 1086 756 787 787 8784  
 4 Dalanzadgad 2011 8760 2652 3309 1759 2394 2394 8760  
 5 Dalanzadgad 2012 5088 1074 3016 693 1412 1412 5088  
 6 Dalanzadgad 2013 6096 1766 1809 2479 1240 1240 6096  
 7 Dalanzadgad 2014 7800 843 921 6068 1482 1482 7800  
 8 Dalanzadgad 2015 8760 1539 1587 8115 2635 2635 8760  
 9 Dalanzadgad 2016 6288 1654 1613 5995 3306 3306 6288  
10 Dalanzadgad 2017 3264 36 45 3264 3264 3264 3264  
# ℹ 42 more rows

For station

# A tibble: 4 × 8  
 Station.name NA\_date NA\_PM2 NA\_PM10 NA\_Vis NA\_WD NA\_WS NA\_OPC  
 <chr> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int>  
1 Dalanzadgad 69454 13081 16327 32475 20058 20058 69454  
2 Sainshand 101230 27588 36117 28986 13768 13768 101230  
3 UB 95662 7895 8785 3775 4121 4121 62421  
4 Zamynuud 99742 32281 33597 22525 5373 5373 99742

By percentages

# A tibble: 4 × 2  
# Groups: Station.name [4]  
 Station.name sdq  
 <chr> <dbl>  
1 Dalanzadgad 10.7  
2 Sainshand 25.9  
3 UB 17.9  
4 Zamynuud 39.6

Note that the echo = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

# 3. Remove the spikes, and produce an extended table

Remove the spikes in the datasets, and produce the table with NA, with removed spikes; express it in a percentages.

### 3.0.1 Remove the spikes Method 1. Mean value +- (3-5)SD

Method 2. Seasonal variations, and trend-mean

## 3.1 Save dataset in folder: 01\_data\_raw

# 4. Tidy data

## 4.1 Fill the missing data

Method 1. Fill the gap Method 2. Relationship equation Method 3. Look-up table

## 4.2 Save dataset in folder: 02\_data\_tidy

Read a clean version of data:

Create spatial plot:

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| Figure 4: Locations of earthquakes on La Palma since 2017 |

Source: [Explore Earthquakes](https://EmouAcademy.github.io/my-awesome-manuscripts/notebooks/01-earthquakes-preview.html#00f7f955-6d2f-4f9e-9800-046271588514)

[Figure 4](#fig-spatial-plot) shows the location of recent Earthquakes on La Palma.

## 4.3 Data & Methods

## 4.4 Results

## 4.5 Discussion

## 4.6 Conclusions

## References

Marrero, José, Alicia García, Manuel Berrocoso, Ángeles Llinares, Antonio Rodríguez-Losada, and R. Ortiz. 2019. “Strategies for the Development of Volcanic Hazard Maps in Monogenetic Volcanic Fields: The Example of La Palma (Canary Islands).” *Journal of Applied Volcanology* 8 (July). <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13617-019-0085-5>.