Overview

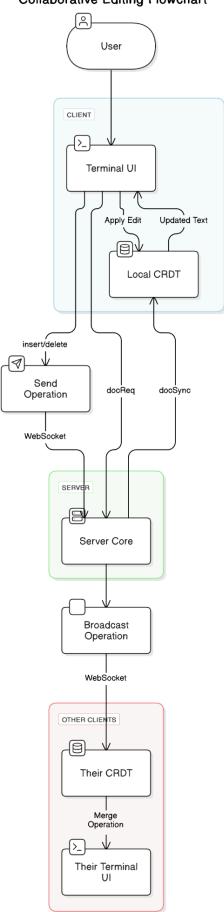
This project is a **terminal-based**, **real-time collaborative text editor** that allows multiple users to simultaneously edit a shared document. It comprises:

- A **Server** responsible for:
 - Managing WebSocket connections.
 - Broadcasting edits/updates among all connected clients.
 - Assigning unique site IDs for conflict-free operation.
- Clients that:
 - Provide a **text-based UI** (TUI) for user interaction.
 - Maintain a local copy of the document using a CRDT (Conflict-free Replicated Data Type), ensuring consistent merges of edits from multiple users.
 - Continuously synchronize changes with the server and, by extension, other clients.

High-Level Flow

Below is an illustrative diagram of how interactions typically flow among the **User**, **Terminal UI**, **CRDT**, **Client**, and **Server** components:

Collaborative Editing Flowchart



1. User Interaction

- The user types text or deletes characters in the terminal interface.
- The TUI captures these keystrokes and relays them to the local data structure.

2. Local CRDT Updates

• The CRDT processes each user action (insert, delete, etc.) and immediately updates the local document state so that the user sees changes in real time.

3. Server Communication

• After updating locally, the client sends an **operation message** through a WebSocket connection to the server.

4. Broadcast to Other Clients

• The server receives that operation and **broadcasts** it to all other connected clients, ensuring each peer applies the same edit in their own CRDT.

5. Real-Time Convergence

- Each client merges incoming updates into its local copy of the text.
- Because the CRDT is designed to handle concurrent inserts/deletes, conflicts are avoided, and the document eventually converges to a single consistent state across every client.

Key Architectural Points

1. CRDT Core

 At the heart of the editor lies a CRDT implementation that guarantees consistency even when edits arrive out of order or concurrently from different users.

2. WebSocket Networking

• The server upgrades incoming HTTP requests to WebSocket connections, enabling full-duplex communication for real-time collaboration.

3 Terminal UI

- Each client runs a text-based interface, capturing user keystrokes and displaying the updated document.
- The UI remains responsive because local edits apply instantly (optimistic local updates) and network traffic is handled asynchronously.

4. Logging and Error Handling

 Both client and server maintain logs of connection events, message handling, and errors. • On connection failures or unexpected issues, the server gracefully removes the affected client, and the client updates its UI to reflect the disconnection.

Benefits of the Architecture

- **Instant Feedback**: Edits appear immediately in the user's terminal, ensuring a responsive experience.
- **Conflict-Free Collaboration**: The CRDT approach seamlessly merges concurrent changes without data loss or manual conflict resolution.
- **Modular Design**: Server and client code are cleanly separated—networking, CRDT logic, and UI each maintain clear responsibilities.
- **Scalability**: With a broadcast-based approach, additional clients can connect without significantly complicating the synchronization logic.