

The Data Set

Univariate Analysis

Bivariate Analysis

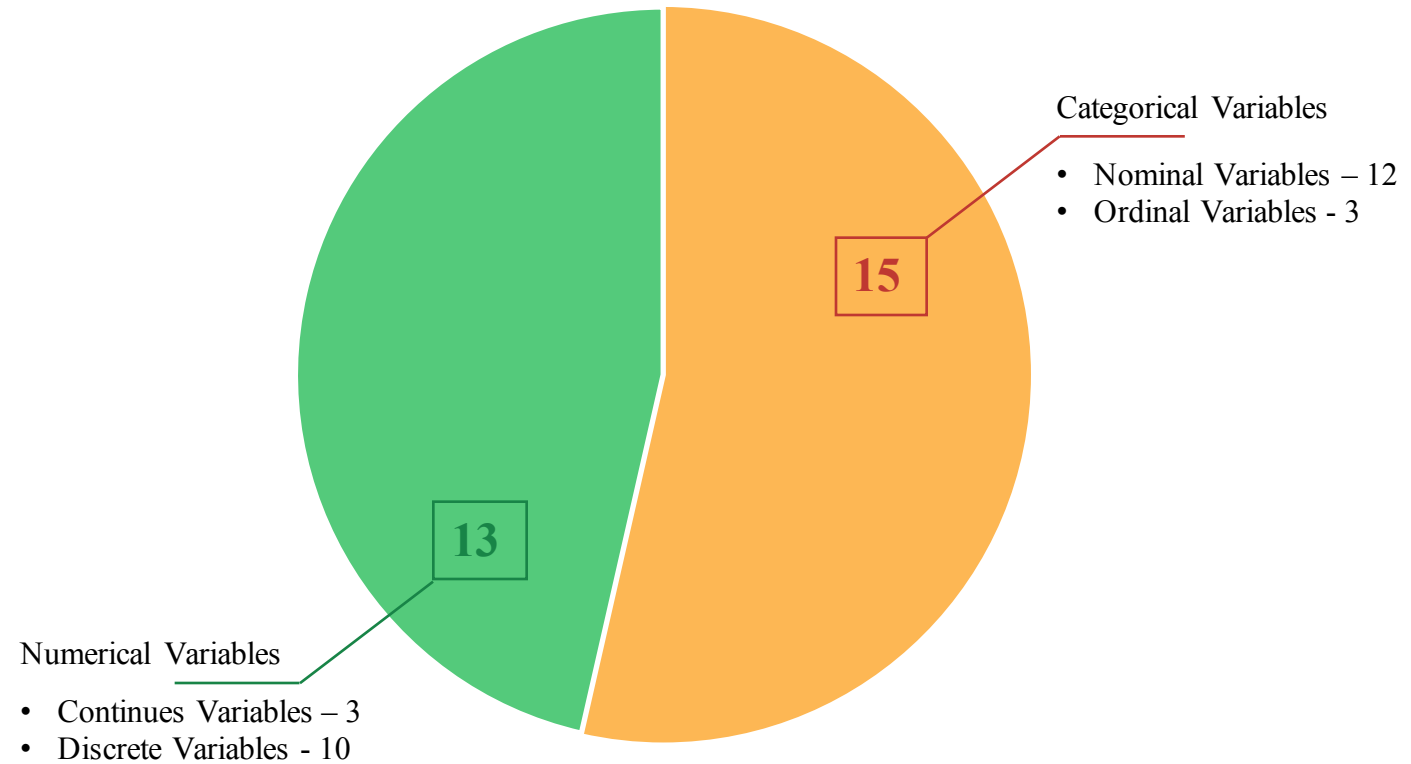
Multivariate Analysis

Reflections

**5042**  
Observations

**28**  
Variables

**1 profit**  
Variable Created



## Main Feature

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IMDB SCORE

## Supporting Features

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Movie Director

Content Rating

Title Year

Profit Distribution

Movie Facebook Likes

## Removed Features

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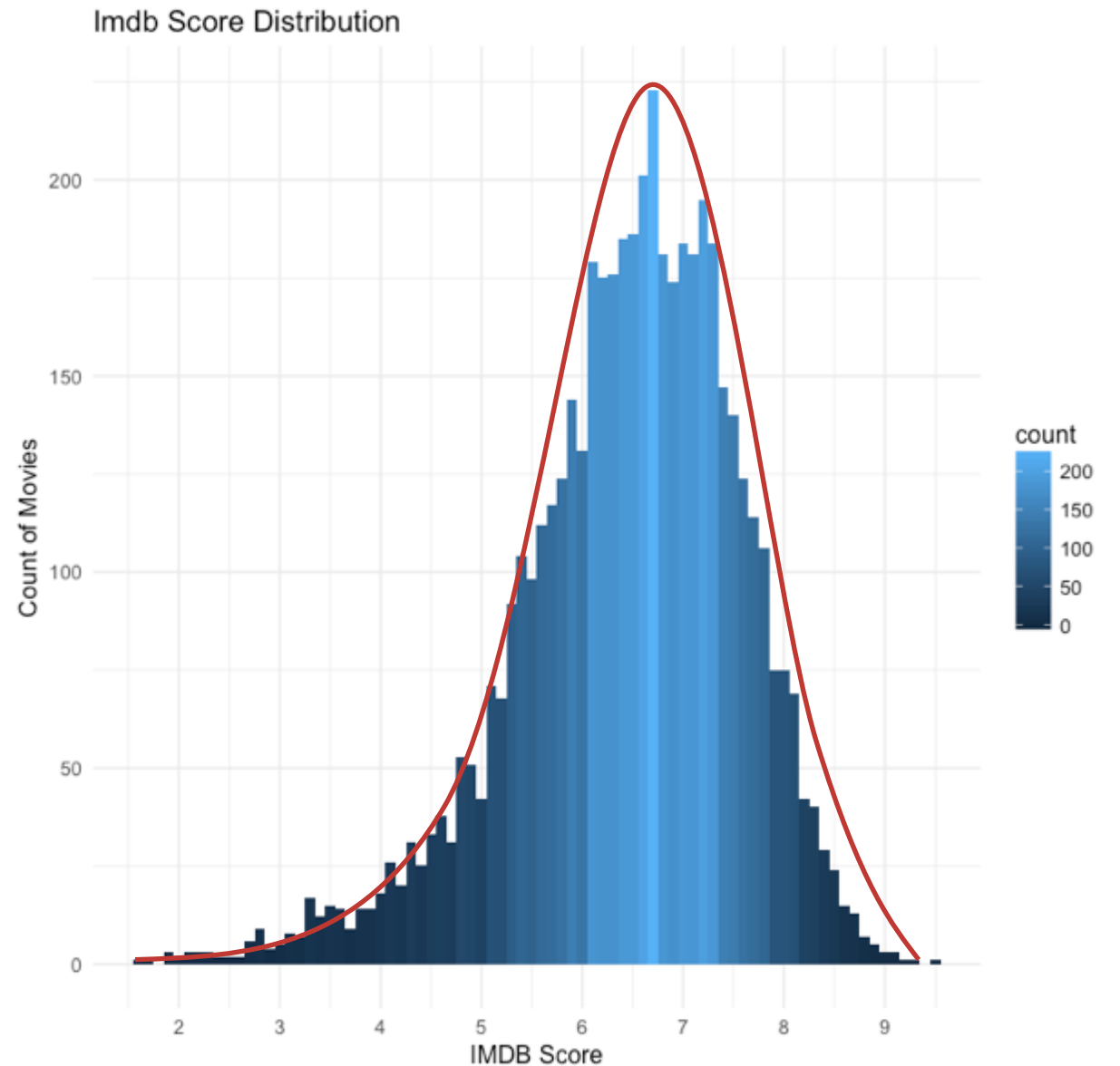
Duration

Movie Color

Language

Critic Reviews

Number User for Reviews



## Supporting Features

Movie Director

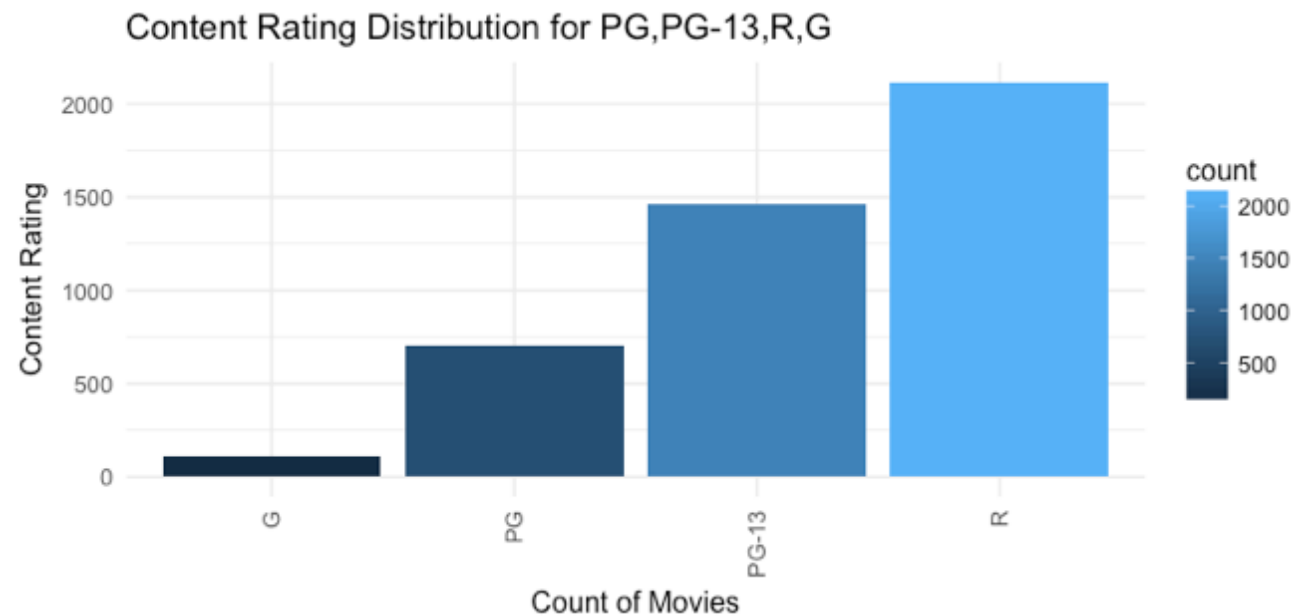
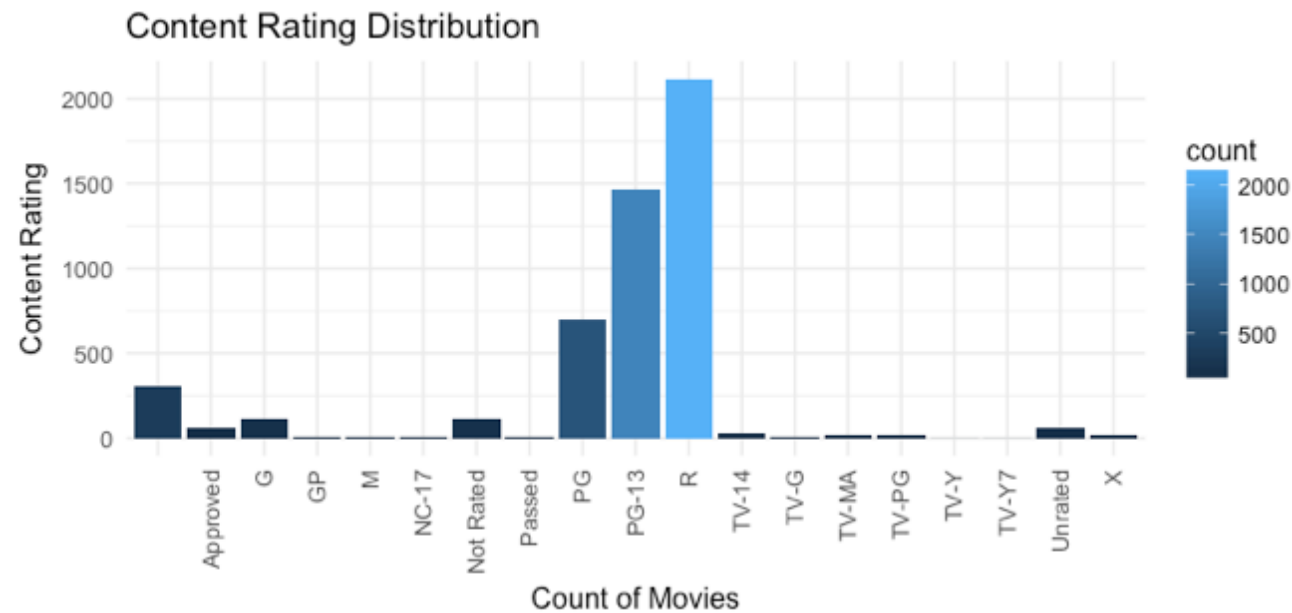
> **Content Rating**

Title Year

Profit Distribution

Movie Facebook Likes

Content\_rating distribution - It seem like focusing only to "PG", "PG-13", "R", "G" makes sense to understand their effect on imdb score.



## Supporting Features

Movie Director

Content Rating

> **Title Year**

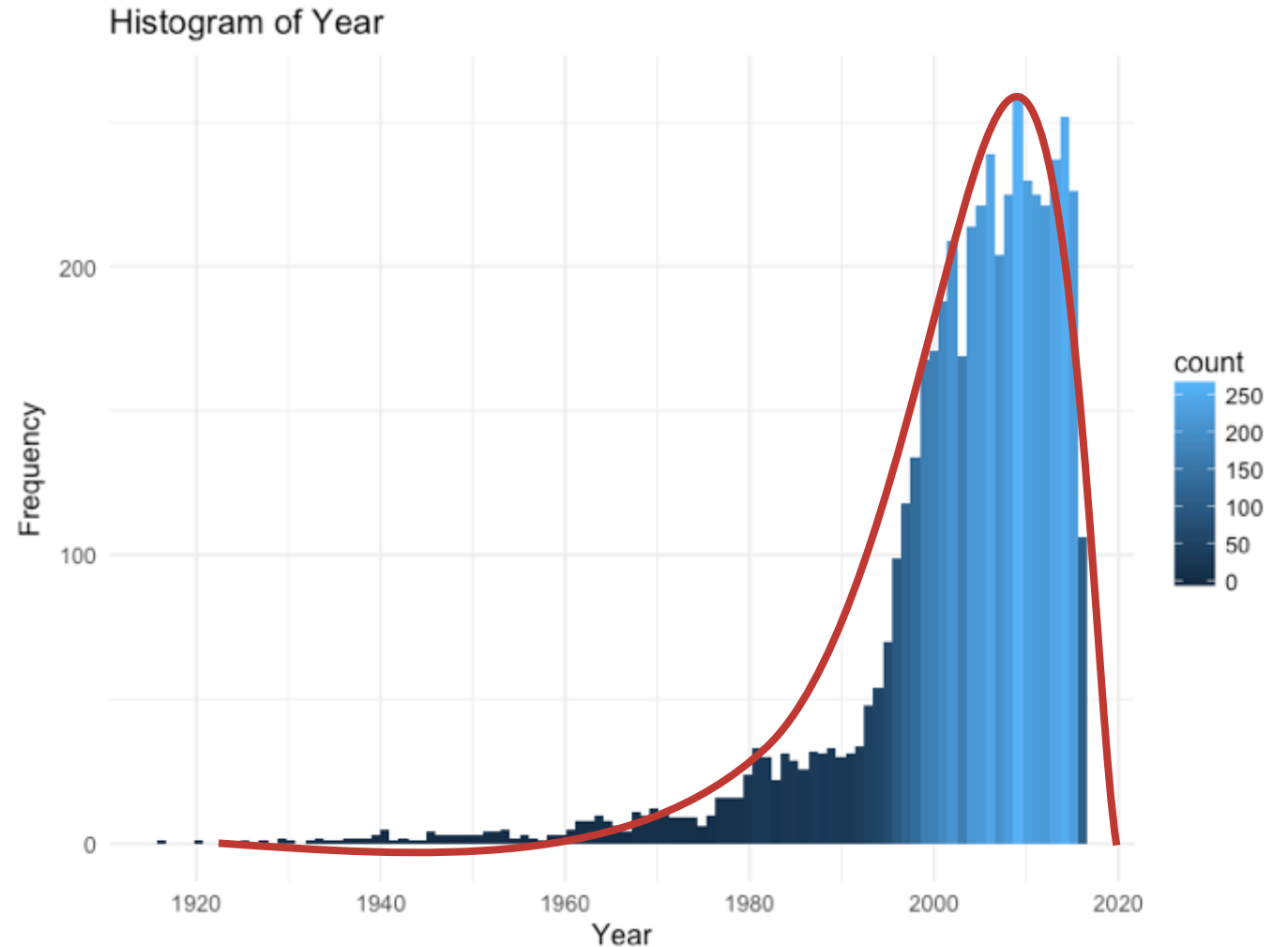
Profit Distribution

Movie Facebook Likes

It is obvious starting from 1990's movie sector produce more movies than ever.

### Movie Statistics

Min. : 1.00  
1st Qu. : 3.00  
Median : 10.00  
Mean : 54.82  
3rd Qu. : 58.00  
Max. : 260.00



## Supporting Features

Movie Director

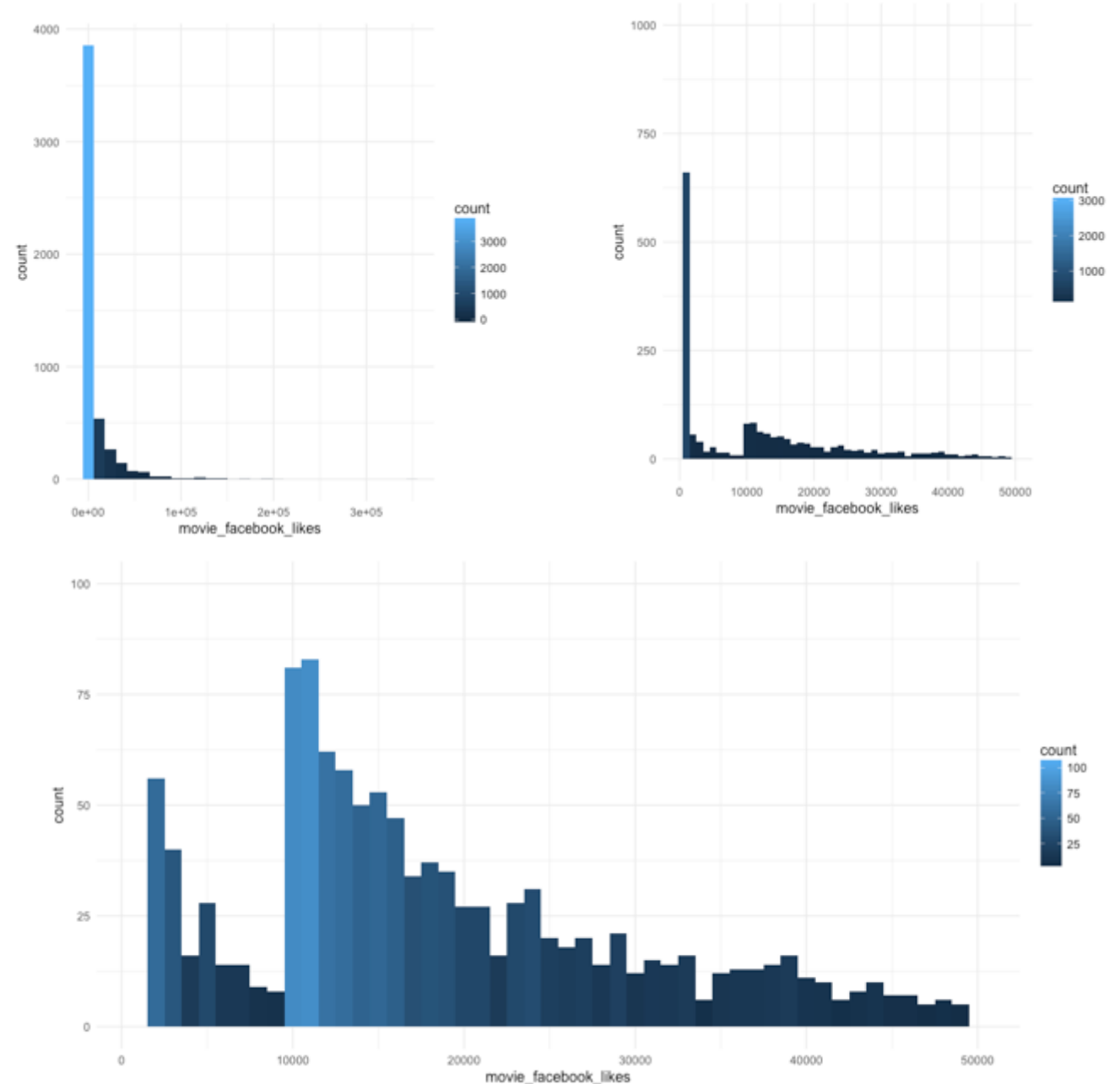
Content Rating

Title Year

Profit Distribution

> **Movie Facebook Likes**

Movie\_facebook\_likes distribution - It seem like focusing only to certain area gives me more understanding of data so I limit movie\_facebook\_likes 50000 and count with 1000 occurrences.



## Analysis Conducted

### Vs. Imdb Score

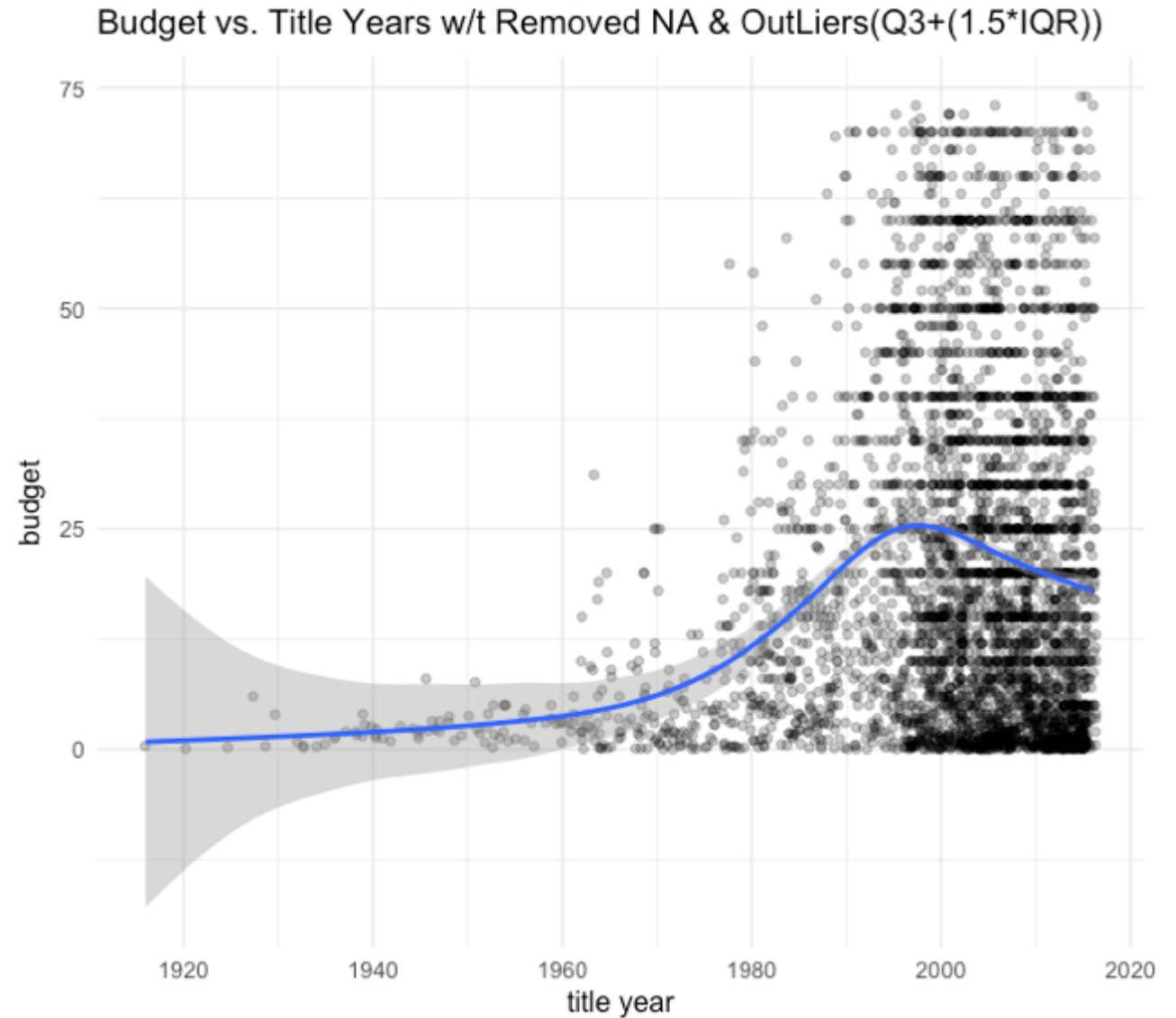
- Imdb Score vs. Title Year of Movies
- Facebook Likes vs. imdb score
- Number of voters vs. imdb score
- Content Rating vs. Average Imdb Score
- Profit vs. imdb Score
- Budget vs Imdb Score

### Vs. Title Year

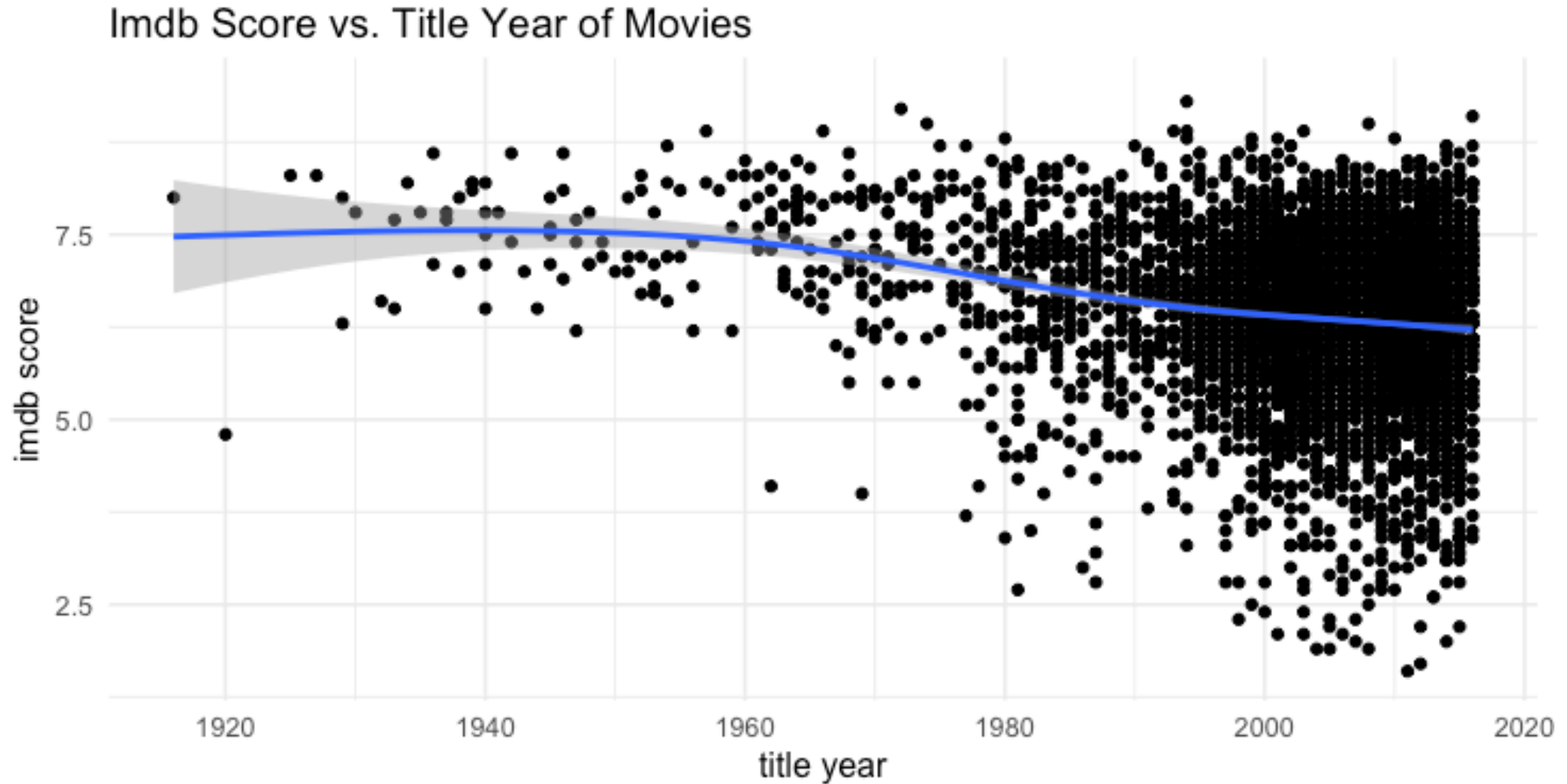
- Facebook Likes vs. Title Year
- Budget vs. Title Year of Movies
- Profit vs. Title Year

### Others

- Distribution of budget over years
- Number of Voted Users vs. Title Year
- Budget vs profit



# Bivariate Analysis

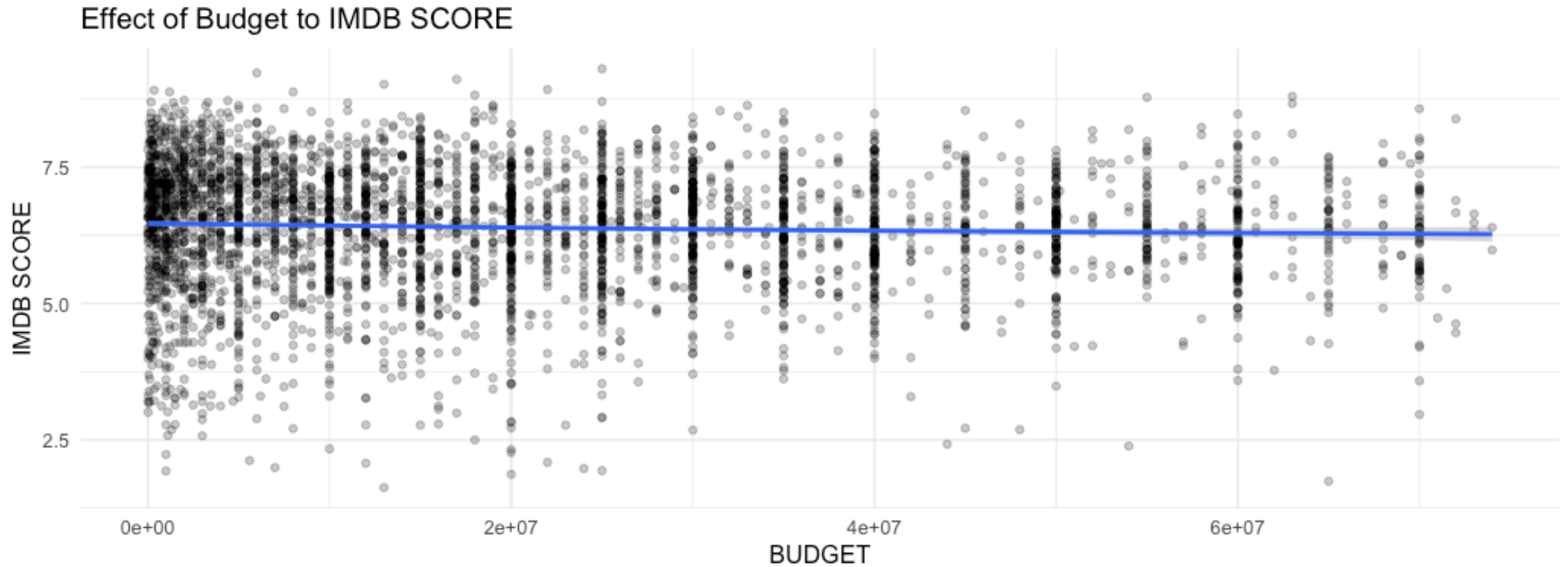


We clearly see that amount of movies produced increase over time but in contrary imdb score goes down. This might be the reason of low quality movie productions.



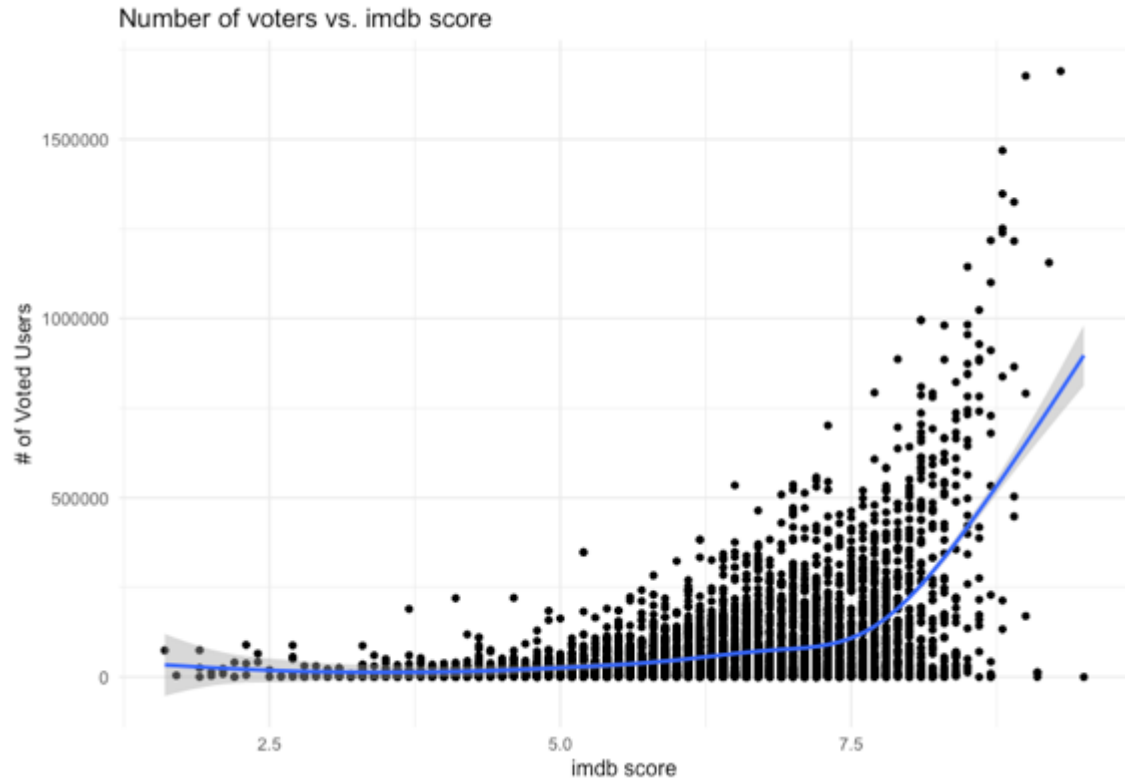
# Bivariate Analysis

## BUDGET VS. IMDB SCORE

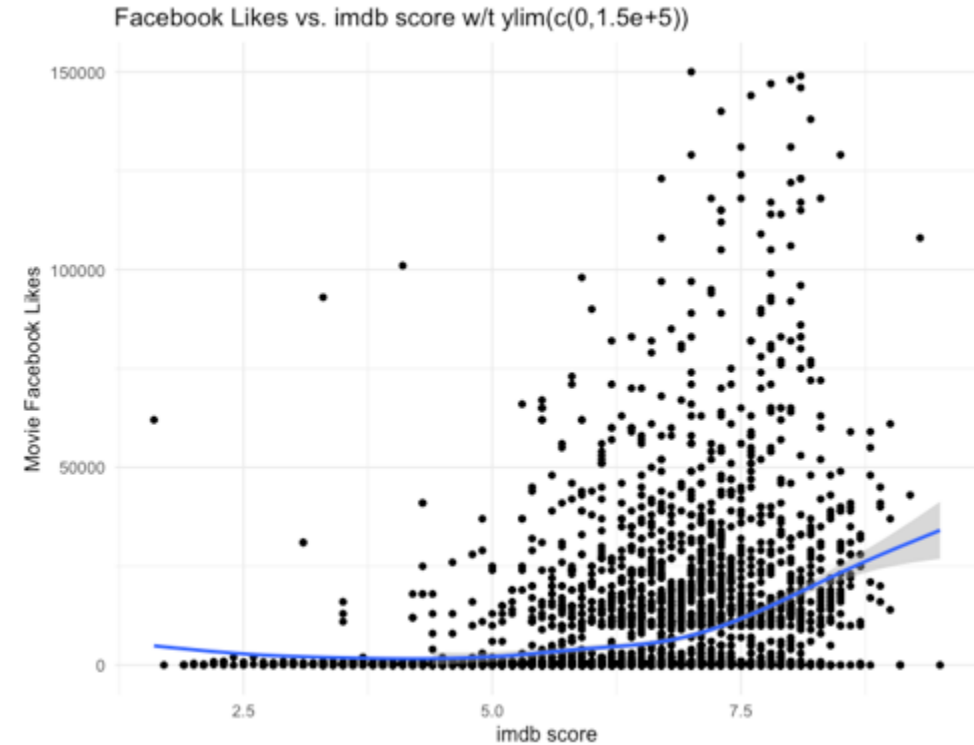


The effect of budget to imdb score appeared to be uniform. So we can easily say that budget have no real effect on imdb score.

# Bivariate Analysis



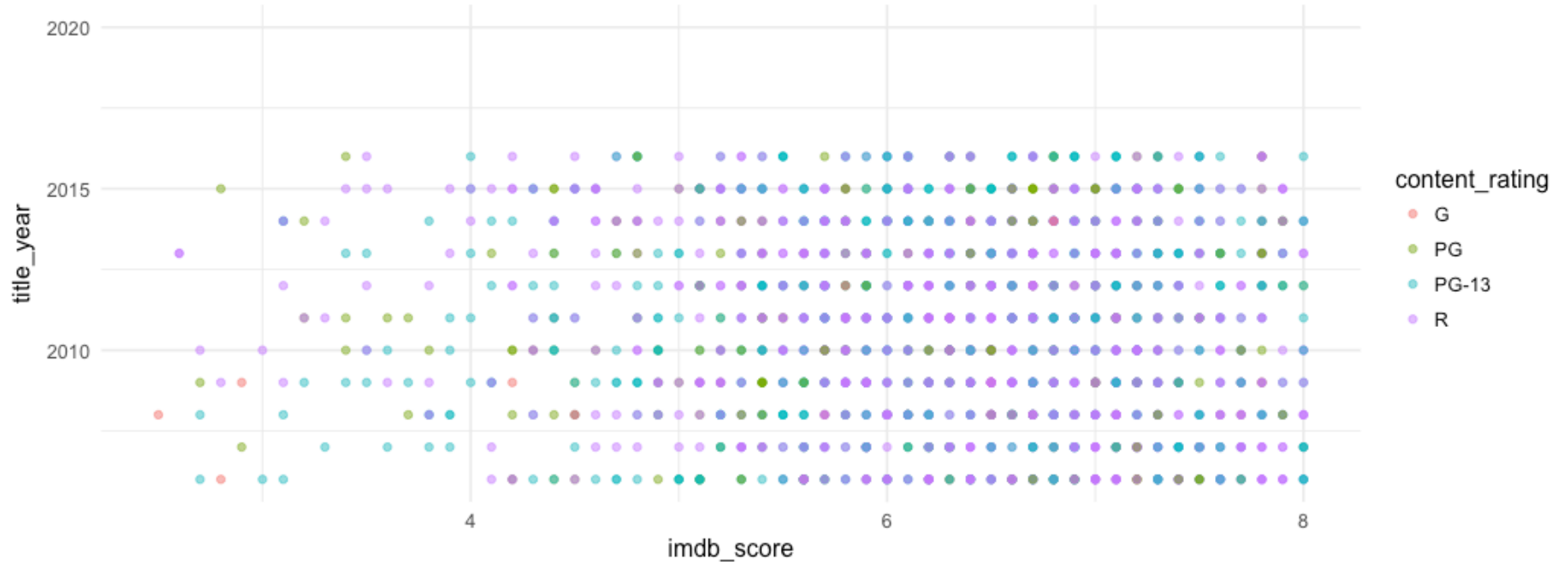
Number of voted users increase exponentially. When the imdb score goes up.



Number of facebook likes increase exponentially. When the imdb score goes up.

# Multivariate Analysis

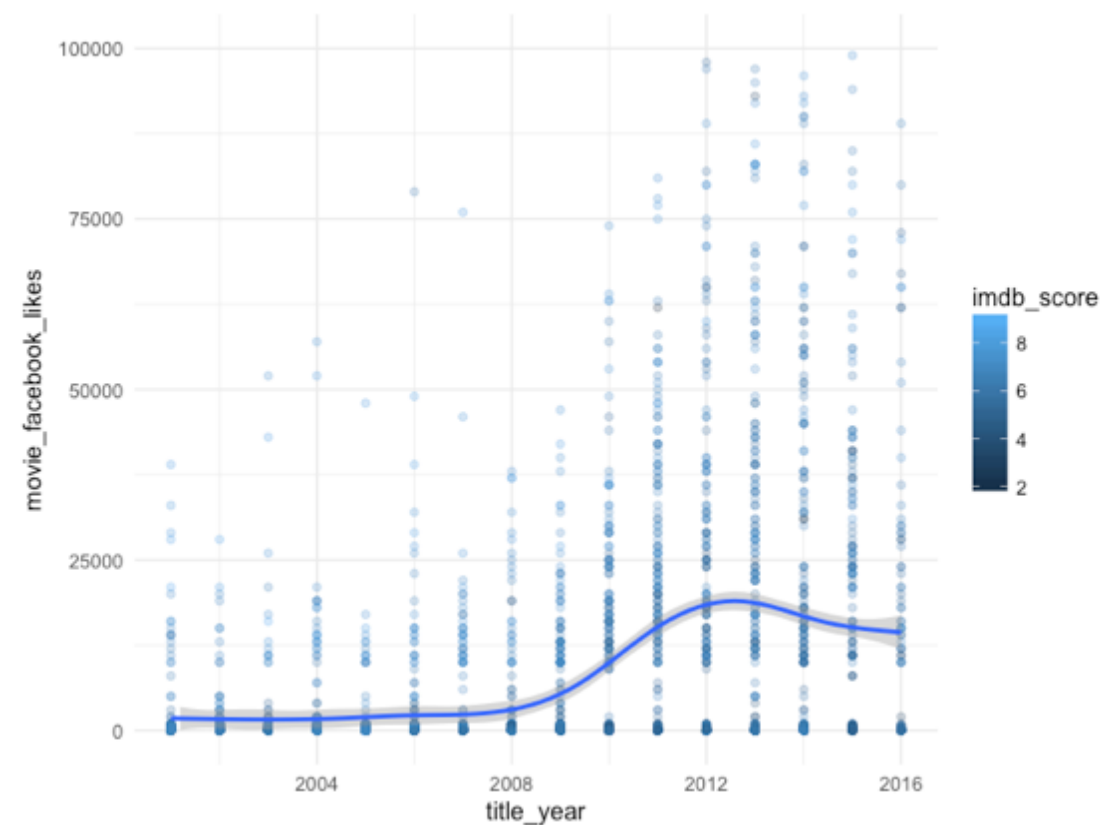
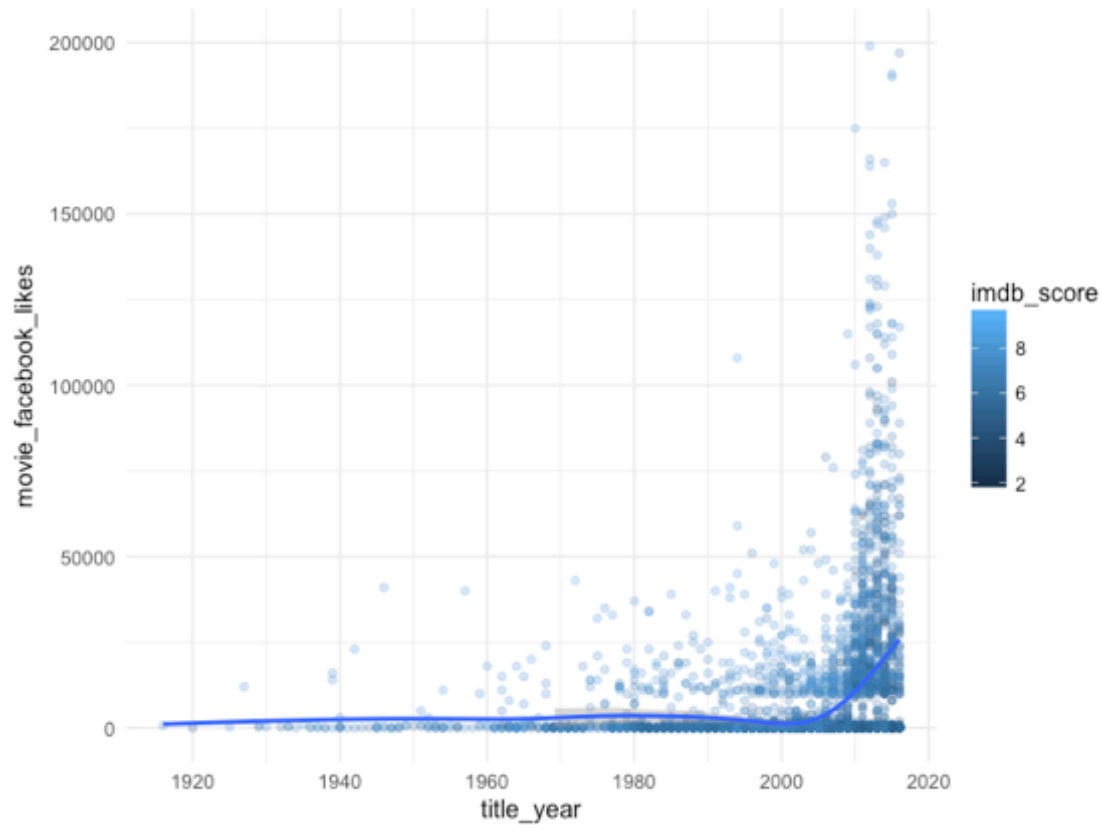
## TITLE YEAR VS. IMDB SCORE VS. CONTENT RATING



One of the surprising case appeared when I analyze content rating. In the univariate analysis "R" and "pg-13" content has a huge dominance over general audience. By this fact in mind I assume that the people tend to like and rate high imdb scores for this kind of movies. But when I check it in multivariate it is clearly seen that content rating have nearly uniform distribution over imdb score. I concentrate on the booming years of movie production.

# Multivariate Analysis

## TITLE YEAR VS. IMDB SCORE VS. FACEBOOK LIKES



There is a clear trend starting on 2000's that shows when the imdb\_score increases movie facebook likes increases. Also this effect strengthens after 2000's. Keeping in mind that the early adapters of facebook is millennials it is expected that they mostly vote for movies that are created after 2000's. Assuming this is not hard since the ability to create life like animations is increased significantly.

- The imdb movie dataset which is downloaded by kaggle.com consists of 28 variables, with almost 5043 observations. This data set has a distribution of 15 categorical and 13 Numerical variables.
- I explored the imdb score of movies across many variables and they to find the patterns that effect the imdb score.
- Budget seem to have a uniform effect on imdb score.
- In addition to this profit seems to have a near exponential effect on imdb score which makes the real identifier gross. in the further analysis with other individual variable facebook likes and directors make an possible effect on imdb score.

Some limitations of this research include the source of the data. The source data is limited and didn't not cover huge number of observations. More over the there is a lack of data (NA) in many of the individual variables. Since this kind of data is eliminated while doing analysis, it might have a positive or negative effect on to the patterns presented. A dataset with more observations and fully filled data, would be better to make predictions of on effects of individual variables on imdb score. To investigate this data further, I would examine how profit is effected by the individual variables that exist in this data set.