TW-010 TEAM LEAD VERSION (Sprint-6 Week-2)







Meeting Agenda

- **▶** Icebreaking
- **▶** Questions
- ► Interview Questions
- ► Coding Challenge
- ▶ Video of the week
- ► Retro meeting
- ► Case study / project

Teamwork Schedule

Ice-breaking 5m

- Personal Questions (Study Environment, Kids etc.)
- Any challenges (Classes, Coding, studying, etc.)
- Ask how they're studying, give personal advice.
- Remind that practice makes perfect.

Team work 5m

• Ask what exactly each student does for the team, if they know each other, if they care for each other, if they follow and talk with each other etc.

Ask Questions 15m

- 1. What are 2 native functions to run code asynchronously in JavaScript?
- A. timeout setTimeout
- **B.** startInternal setInterval
- C. setTimeout setInterval
- **D.** interval setInterval

Answer: C

- 2. What is the function to stop an interval timer?
- A. stopTimer
- **B.** clearInterval
- C. shutdownTimer
- D. clearTimer

Answer: B

3. Consider the following async function and its output. What will be displayed to the console when calling the f() function?

```
async function f() {
  let result = 'first!';
```

```
let promise = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
    setTimeout(() => resolve('done!'), 1000);
});

result = await promise;

console.log(result);
}

f();
```

- A. first!
- B. done!
- C. JavaScript error
- **D.** Something else

Answer: B

4. What is the output of the code below?

```
let x = 0;
async function test() {
    x += await 2;
    console.log(x);
}

test();
x += 1;
console.log(x);
```

- **A.** 23
- **B.** 0 1
- **C.** 12
- **D.** 2 2

Answer: C

5. To get the first item from the array ("cooking") using array destructuring, how do you adjust this line?

```
const topics = ["cooking", "art", "history"]
```

```
A. const first = ["cooking", "art", "history"]
```

B. const [] = ["cooking", "art", "history"]

```
C. const [, first]["cooking", "art", "history"]
```

D. const [first] = ["cooking", "art", "history"]

Answer: D

6. What should the console read when the following code is run?

```
const [, , animal] = ["Horse", "Mouse", "Cat"]
console.log(animal)
```

- A. Horse
- B. Cat
- C. Mouse
- D. undefined

Answer:B

- 7. What is the name of the tool used to take JSX and turn it into createElement calls?
- A. JSX Editor
- B. ReactDOM
- C. Browser Buddy
- **D.** Babel

Answer:D

8. If you see the following import in a file, what is being used for state management in the component?

```
import React, {useState} from 'react';
```

- A. React Hooks
- **B.** stateful components
- C. math
- D. class components

Answer: A

- 9. Which of the following lifecycle methods does not get triggered on the component's initial render?
- A. componentWillMount()
- **B.** componentWillReceiveProps()

- C. render()
- **D.** componentDidMount()

Answer: B

10. If you created a component called Dish and rendered it to the DOM, what type of element would be rendered?

- A. div
- B. section
- C. component
- **D.** h1

Answer:D

11. What does this React element look like given the following function?

```
React.createElement(
    "h1",
    null,
    "What's happening?"
);
```

A.

```
<h1 props={null}>What's happening?</h1>
```

В.

```
<h1>What's happening?</h1>
```

C.

```
<h1 id="component">What's happening?</h1>
```

D.

```
<h1 id="element">What's happening?</h1>
```

Answer:B

Interview Questions

15m

1. What are Promises?

Answer: Promises are one way in handling asynchronous operations in JavaScript. It represents the value of an asynchronous operation. Promises was made to solve the problem of doing and dealing with async code before promises we're using callbacks.

Promises have 3 different states.

Pending - The initial state of a promise. The promise's outcome has not yet been known because the operation has not been completed yet.

Fulfilled - The async operation is completed and successful with the resulting value.

Rejected - The async operation has failed and has a reason on why it failed.

Settled - If the promise has been either Fulfilled or Rejected.

The Promise constructor has two parameters which are functions resolve and reject respectively. If the async operation has been completed without errors call the resolve function to resolve the promise or if an error occurred call the reject function and pass the error or reason to it.

2. What is a Callback function?

Answer: A Callback function is a function that is gonna get called at a later point in time.

```
const btnAdd = document.getElementById('btnAdd');
btnAdd.addEventListener('click', function clickCallback(e) {
    // do something useless
});
```

In this example, we wait for the click event in the element with an id of btnAdd, if it is clicked, the clickCallback function is executed. A Callback function adds some functionality to some data or event. The reduce, filter and map methods in Array expects a callback as a parameter. A good analogy for a callback is when you call someone and if they don't answer you leave a message and you expect them to callback. The act of calling someone or leaving a message is the event or data and the callback is the action that you expect to occur later.

3. What are controlled components?

Answer: In HTML, form elements such as "input", "textarea", and "select" typically maintain their own state and update it based on user input. When a user submits a form the values from the aforementioned elements are sent with the form. With React it works differently. The component containing the form will keep track of the value of the input in it's state and will re-render the component each time the callback function e.g. on Change is fired as the state will be updated. A form element whose value is controlled by React in this way is called a "controlled component". With a controlled component, every state mutation will have an associated handler function. This makes it straightforward to modify or validate user input.

4. What is a higher order component?

Answer: A higher-order component (HOC) is an advanced technique in React for reusing component logic. HOCs are not part of the React API. They are a pattern that emerges from React's compositional nature. A higher-order component is a function that takes a component and returns a new component. HOC's allow you to reuse code, logic and bootstrap abstraction. HOCs are common in third-party React libraries. The most common is probably Redux's connect function. Beyond simply sharing utility libraries and simple composition, HOCs are the best way to share behavior between React Components. If you find yourself writing a lot of code in different places that does the same thing, you may be able to refactor that code into a reusable HOC.

5. How Virtual-DOM is more efficient than Dirty checking?

Answer: In React, each of our components have a state. This state is like an observable. Essentially, React knows when to re-render the scene because it is able to observe when this data changes. Dirty checking is slower than observables because we must poll the data at a regular interval and check all of the values in the data structure recursively. By comparison, setting a value on the state will signal to a listener that some state has changed, so React can simply listen for change events on the state and queue up re-rendering. The virtual DOM is used for efficient re-rendering of the DOM. This isn't really related to dirty checking your data. We could re-render using a virtual DOM with or without dirty checking. In fact, the diff algorithm is a dirty checker itself. We aim to re-render the virtual tree only when the state changes. So using an observable to check if the state has changed is an efficient way to prevent unnecessary re-renders, which would cause lots of unnecessary tree diffs. If nothing has changed, we do nothing.

Coding Challenge

20m

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Coffee Break	10m
Video of the Week	5m
How to prepare for a job interview	
Retro Meeting on a personal and team level	5m
Ask the questions below:	
What went well?What went wrong?What is the improvement areas?	
Case study/Project	15m
Case study should be explained to the students during the weekly meet one week by the students. Students should work in small teams to com	
Project Hangman Game (JS-05)	
Project Random User App-2 (RC-04)	
Closing	5m
-Next week's plan	
-QA Session	