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Clarusway



JS-CC-009: Bracket Validator

Let's say:

- '(', '{', '[' are called "openers."
- ')', '}', ']' are called "closers."

Write an efficient function that tells us whether or not an input string's openers and closers are properly nested.

Examples:

```
"{ [ ] ( ) }" should return true
"{ [ ( ] ) }" should return false
"{ [ }" should return false
```

- Simply making sure each opener has a corresponding closer is not enough—we must also confirm that they are correctly ordered.
- For example, "{ [(]) }" should return false, even though each opener can be matched to a closer.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the this coding challenge, students will be able to;

- Analyze a problem, identify and apply programming knowledge for appropriate solution.
- Demonstrate their knowledge of algorithmic design principles by using JavaScript and Python effectively.

Problem Statement

• Write a function that takes series of brackets and returns true or false depending on the rules above.

⊕ Happy Coding ♠

JavaScript

```
function isValid(code) {
    // write your code here
}
/* *** Tests *** */
let desc = "valid short code";
```

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```
assertEqual(isValid("()"), true, desc);
desc = "valid longer code";
assertEqual(isValid("([]{[]})[]{{}()}"), true, desc);
desc = "mismatched opener and closer";
assertEqual(isValid("([][])"), false, desc);
desc = "missing closer";
assertEqual(isValid("[[]()"), false, desc);
desc = "extra closer";
assertEqual(isValid("[[]]())"), false, desc);
desc = "empty string";
assertEqual(isValid(""), true, desc);
function assertEqual(a, b, desc) {
 if (a === b) {
   console.log(`${desc} ... PASS`);
 } else {
   console.log(`${desc} ... FAIL: ${a} != ${b}`);
 }
}
```

Python

```
import unittest
def is_valid(code):
   # write your code here
    pass
# *** Tests ***
class Test(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_valid_short_code(self):
        result = is_valid("()")
        self.assertTrue(result)
    def test_valid_longer_code(self):
        result = is_valid("([]{[]})[]{{}()}")
        self.assertTrue(result)
    def test_interleaved_openers_and_closers(self):
        result = is_valid("([)]")
        self.assertFalse(result)
    def test_mismatched_opener_and_closer(self):
        result = is_valid("([][])")
```

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```
self.assertFalse(result)

def test_missing_closer(self):
    result = is_valid("[[]()")
    self.assertFalse(result)

def test_extra_closer(self):
    result = is_valid("[[]]())")
    self.assertFalse(result)

def test_empty_string(self):
    result = is_valid("")
    self.assertTrue(result)

unittest.main(verbosity=2)
```