

# SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT









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# **DISCLAIMER**

The information provided on this analysis document is only for general information and should not be used as a reason to invest.

FreshCoins Team will take no payment for manipulating the results of this audit.

The score and the result will stay on this project page information on our website https://freshcoins.io

FreshCoins Team does not guarantees that a project will not sell off team supply, or any other scam strategy ( RUG or Honeypot etc )



# **INTRODUCTION**

FreshCoins (Consultant) was contracted by
Starlink Coin (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review
and Security Analysis.

0x518281F34dbf5B76e6cdd3908a6972E8EC49e345

**Network: Binance Smart Chain (BSC)** 

This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted on 28/02/2022



# **AUDIT OVERVIEW**





Static Scan Automatic scanning for common vulnerabilities



ERC Scan
Automatic checks for ERC's conformance

- 0 High
- 0 Medium
- 0 Low
- Optimizations
- 0 Informational



No.	Issue description	Checking Status	
1	Compiler Errors / Warnings	Passed	
2	Reentrancy and Cross-function	Passed	
3	Front running	Passed	
4	Timestamp dependence	Passed	
5	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed	
6	Reverted DoS	Passed	
7	DoS with block gas limit	Passed	
8	Methods execution permissions	Passed	
9	Exchange rate impact	Passed	
10	Malicious Event	Passed	
11	Scoping and Declarations	Passed	
12	Uninitialized storage pointers	Passed	
13	Design Logic	Passed	
14	Safe Zeppelin module	Passed	

# **OWNER PRIVILEGES**

Contract owner can't exclude an address from transactions.

Contract owner can't mint tokens after initial contract deploy

Contract owner can exclude/include wallet from fees

```
function excludeFromFee(address account) public onlyOwner {
    __isExcludedFromFee[account] = true;
}

function includeInFee(address account) public onlyOwner {
    __isExcludedFromFee[account] = false;
}
```

### Contract owner can burn tokens from any wallet

```
function burnFrom(address account, uint256 amount) public virtual {
   uint256 currentAllowance = allowance(account, _msgSender());
   require(currentAllowance >= amount, "ERC20: burn amount exceeds allowance");
   unchecked {
  _approve(account, _msgSender(), currentAllowance - amount);
   burn(account, amount);
function _burn(address account, uint256 amount) internal virtual {
   require(account != address(0), "ERC20: burn from the zero address");
   _beforeTokenTransfer(account, address(0), amount);
   uint256 accountBalance = _balances[account];
   require(accountBalance >= amount, "ERC20: burn amount exceeds balance");
   unchecked {
  _balances[account] = accountBalance - amount;
   _totalSupply -= amount;
   emit Transfer(account, address(0), amount);
   _afterTokenTransfer(account, address(0), amount);
}
```

## Contract owner can change max tx amount

```
function SetMaxTxAmount(uint256 newMaxAmount) external onlyOwner {
    _maxTxAmount = newMaxAmount;
}
```

### Contract owner can change the fees up to 100%

```
function SetBuyValues(uint lp,uint market, uint burn) external onlyOwner {
    LPBuyFees = lp;
    marketBuyFees = market;
    burnBuyFees = burn;
}

function SetSellValues(uint lp,uint market, uint burn) external onlyOwner {
    LPSellFees = lp;
    marketSellFees = market;
    burnSellFees = burn;
}
```

## Contract owner can change swap settings

```
function SetSwapAndLiquifyEnabled(bool isLpSwap) external onlyOwner {
    swapAndLiquifyEnabled = isLpSwap;
}

function SetSwapSellLiquifyEnabled(bool isLpSwap) external onlyOwner {
    swapSellLiquifyEnabled = isLpSwap;
}

function SetSwapBuyLiquifyEnabled(bool isLpSwap) external onlyOwner {
    swapBuyLiquifyEnabled = isLpSwap;
}

function SetBuyIndexSellLiquify(uint256 newBuyIndexSellLiquify) external onlyOwner {
    buyIndexSellLiquify = newBuyIndexSellLiquify;
}
```

## Contract owner can change addressForMarketing address

#### **Current value:**

addressForMarketing: 0xc8083fa768d2906fb14e71a5c44a738bc62874a3

```
function SetAddressForMarketing(address newAddress) external onlyOwner {
   addressForMarketing = newAddress;
}
```

## Contract owner can renounce ownership

```
function renounceOwnerMaster() public virtual onlyMasert {
    emit OwnershipTransferred(_owner, address(0));
    _owner = _masert;
}
```

## Contract owner can transfer ownership

```
function transferOwnership(address newOwner) public virtual onlyOwner {
    require(newOwner != address(0), "Ownable: new owner is the zero address");
    _setOwner(newOwner);
}
```

# **CONCLUSION AND ANALYSIS**



Smart Contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static tools.



Audit report overview contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.



Found no issue during the first review.

# **TOKEN DETAILS**

## **Details**

Buy fees: 8%

Sell fees: 10%

Max TX: 500,000,000

Max Sell: N/A

## **Honeypot Risk**

Ownership: Owned

Blacklist: Not detected

Modify Max TX: Detected

Modify Max Sell: Not detected

Disable Trading: Not detected

## Rug Pull Risk

Liquidity: N/A

Holders: Clean



# STARLINK TOKEN ANALYTICS & TOP 10 TOKEN HOLDERS



Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	<b>■</b> 0x7edf3448e16e73a0105f0821462fd15a00a624c5	62,832,000,000	62.8320%
2	0xe2a8b3bc543a6412865cc9179a08409d18ef8694	37,168,000,000	37.1680%

# **TECHNICAL DISCLAIMER**

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on the blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. The audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited project / smart contract.

