## LUDO GAME REPORT OPERATING SYSTEM PROJECT

**Submitted By:** 

Umar Zeb (22i-1700) Ali Virk (22i-1625) Abubakar Sharif (22i-1575)

## **Pseudo Code:**

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# Include necessary libraries
# Define constants for colors and board size
# Declare global variables
# Function to simulate rolling a die
function rollDie()
  return random number between 1 and 6
# Function to free up tokens
function free()
  for each player
     for each token
       set alive[player][token] to false
# Function to clear the screen
function clear screen()
  execute system command to clear the screen
# Function to initialize the board
function initializeBoard()
  # Display the game board with tokens and players
  for each row and column of the board
     print corresponding design character
  print tokens and players in their respective positions on the board
# Function to get the token number at a given position
function getpos(position)
  for each player
     for each token of the player
       if token's position matches given position and the token is alive
          return the token number
  return 0 if no token is found at the given position
Define a class called Player:
  Define a method called moveToken(player, goti, diceRoll):
```

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if player == 0:
  if counter[player][goti] > 50:
     Set home[player][goti] to true
     if counter[player][goti] > 56:
        Subtract diceRoll from counter[player][goti]
        Clear the screen
        Initialize the game board
     else if counter[player][goti] is equal to 56:
        Print "Player 1's Goti: goti + 1 Has passed"
        Decrement countg[0]
        Set pl1[final[player][goti]] to '0'
     else:
        Set pl1[final[player][goti]] to '0'
        Set final[player][goti] to counter[player][goti] - 51
        Set pl1[final[player][goti]] to '1'
        Clear the screen
        Initialize the game board
  else if token[player][goti] >= 51:
     if token[player][goti] is one of 0, 8, 13, 26, 16, 34, 39, 47:
        Set design[token[player][goti]] to '1'
        Clear the screen
        Initialize the game board
     else:
        if design[token[0][goti]] is '2':
          Set pos to token[player][goti]
          Set p to getpos(pos)
          if p:
             Set alive[1][p] to false
           Clear the screen
          Initialize the game board
          Print "Player 1 KILLED Player 2"
        else if design[token[0][goti]] is '3':
          Set pos to token[player][goti]
          Set p to getpos(pos)
          if p:
             Set alive[2][p] to false
           Clear the screen
          Initialize the game board
          Print "Player 1 KILLED Player 3"
        else if design[token[0][goti]] is '4':
```

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Set pos to token[player][goti]
               Set p to getpos(pos)
               if p:
                  Set alive[3][p] to false
               Clear the screen
               Initialize the game board
               Print "Player 1 KILLED Player 4"
            else:
               Clear the screen
               Initialize the game board
     else if player == 1:
       Repeat the same logic as above with appropriate changes for player 1
     else if player == 2:
       Repeat the same logic as above with appropriate changes for player 2
     else if player == 3:
       Repeat the same logic as above with appropriate changes for player 3
Define a function called showtokens(player):
  Set a to 0
  For each token in range 1 to 4:
     If alive[player][i] is true:
       Print i
       Increment a by 1
  If a is equal to 0:
     Print "No Tokens Available! :("
Define a function called playerRoutine(arg):
  Set play to arg
  Create a new instance of Player called p1
  Wait for the semaphore hello
  Generate a random dice roll using rollDie() and store it in diceRoll
  Print the dice roll
  Print "Turn of Player: play + 1"
  If diceRoll is equal to 6:
     Print "If you want to spawn a new token then select any token."
     Print "Else you can choose the token number you wanna proceed with:"
     Call showtokens(play)
  Set c to diceRoll
  Set a to 0
  If diceRoll is not equal to 6:
```

```
For each token in range 0 to 4:
     If alive[play][i] is true:
       Increment a by 1
If a is greater than 0 or diceRoll is equal to 6:
  Repeat:
     Print "Chose Token:"
     Read goti from input
     If goti is less than 0 or goti is greater than 4:
       Print "Invalid token number. Please choose a valid token number (1-4)."
       Continue to the next iteration of the loop
     If alive[play][goti] is false and diceRoll is not equal to 6:
       Print "Chosen token is not alive. Please choose an alive token."
       Continue to the next iteration of the loop
     If play is equal to 0 and alive[0][goti] is false and diceRoll is equal to 6:
       Increment num6[0]
       Set alive[0][goti] to true
       Set diceRoll to 0
       Call p1.moveToken(play, goti - 1, diceRoll)
     Else if play is equal to 1 and alive[1][goti] is false and diceRoll is equal to 6:
       Increment num6[1]
       Set alive[1][goti] to true
       Set diceRoll to 0
       Call p1.moveToken(play, goti - 1, diceRoll + 13)
     Else if play is equal to 2 and alive[2][goti] is false and diceRoll is equal to 6:
       Increment num6[2]
       Set alive[2][goti] to true
       Set diceRoll to 0
       Call p1.moveToken(play, goti - 1, diceRoll + 26)
     Else if play is equal to 3 and alive[3][goti] is false and diceRoll is equal to 6:
       Increment num6[3]
       Set alive[3][goti] to true
       Set diceRoll to 0
       Call p1.moveToken(play, goti - 1, diceRoll + 39)
     Else:
       If alive[play][goti] is true:
          Add diceRoll to counter[play][goti - 1]
          Call p1.moveToken(play, goti - 1, diceRoll)
Else:
  Print "No active tokens to move."
Release the semaphore hello
```

Define the Function fro Checking block condition:

Iterates the positions

Finds the position with with two tokens of a player.

Define the main function:

Seed the random number generator

Initialize game state variables

Initialize semaphores

Set play to the result of calling player()

Create a master thread using the MasterThread function

Forever:

Shuffle the order of players

For each player in range 0 to 3:

Create a new thread for the player using the playerRoutine function with the player's index

For each player in range 0 to 3:

Join the player thread