

DBS Extra Credit — Question 4 Part B

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1 Question 4 part (b)

You are given the following set F of functional dependencies for a relation $R(A,B,C,D,E)$.

$$F = \{ \tag{1}$$

$$AB \longrightarrow CE, \tag{2}$$

$$A \longrightarrow D, \tag{3}$$

$$BE \longrightarrow D, \tag{4}$$

$$CDE \longrightarrow AB, \tag{5}$$

$$BC \longrightarrow DE\} \tag{6}$$

1.1 b (Problem)

If we remove $AB \longrightarrow E$ from \mathcal{F} does it change the closure of \mathcal{F} (i.e. \mathcal{F}^+ ?

To show this check whether $\mathcal{F} - \{AB \longrightarrow E\}$ implies $AB \longrightarrow E$. You can either use inference rules or demonstrate $\{AB\}^+$ in $\mathcal{F} - \{AB \longrightarrow E\}$.

1.2 b (Solution)

F becomes

$$F' = \{ \tag{7}$$

$$AB \longrightarrow C, \tag{8}$$

$$A \longrightarrow D, \tag{9}$$

$$BE \longrightarrow D, \tag{10}$$

$$CDE \longrightarrow AB, \tag{11}$$

$$BC \longrightarrow DE\} \tag{12}$$

The most simple way to demonstrate if the removal changes \mathcal{F}^+ is to demonstrate $\{AB\}^+$.

Output	Rule
AB	beginning
ABC	$AB \longrightarrow C$
$ABCD$	$A \longrightarrow D$
$ABCDE$	$BC \longrightarrow DE$.

As the closure is $ABCDE$ (it encloses E) the removal does **not** change \mathcal{F}^+ . The same input AB can achieve the same output CE . Even if the rule $AB \longrightarrow E$ is removed.

Additionally this property can be demonstrated via inference rules demonstrated below.

Output	Rule
$AB \longrightarrow C$ (1)	Given
$BC \longrightarrow DE$ (2)	Given
$AB \longrightarrow BC$ (3)	Reflexivity of B in (1)
$AB \longrightarrow DE$ (4)	Transitivity of (3) and (2).
$AB \longrightarrow E$ (5)	Decomposition of (4).

We can see in (5) that using inference rules $AB \longrightarrow E$ can be recovered from $\mathcal{F} - \{AB \longrightarrow E\}$. This means that removing $AB \longrightarrow E$ does **not** change \mathcal{F}^+ .