

**For questions or problems join discord:** <https://discord.com/invite/sEWwDGr>

Instagram : [https://www.instagram.com/ash\\_dev18](https://www.instagram.com/ash_dev18)

If you need AI Vehicles check Ash Vehicle AI : - <http://u3d.as/2Enm>

Watch the Demo Video first. From asset store.

## **Basics :**

You can drag and drop any of the vehicle prefab from prefab folder in your scene and swap the body and tire meshes and adjust colliders and use it.

For vehicle customization use vehicle editor script and car controller script which is there on the main parent of vehicle gameobject. Change their parameters for your need.

All the scripts can be customized and you can modify them.

## **1.Implimenting on other models:** <https://youtu.be/iXJ-rYIzxl4>

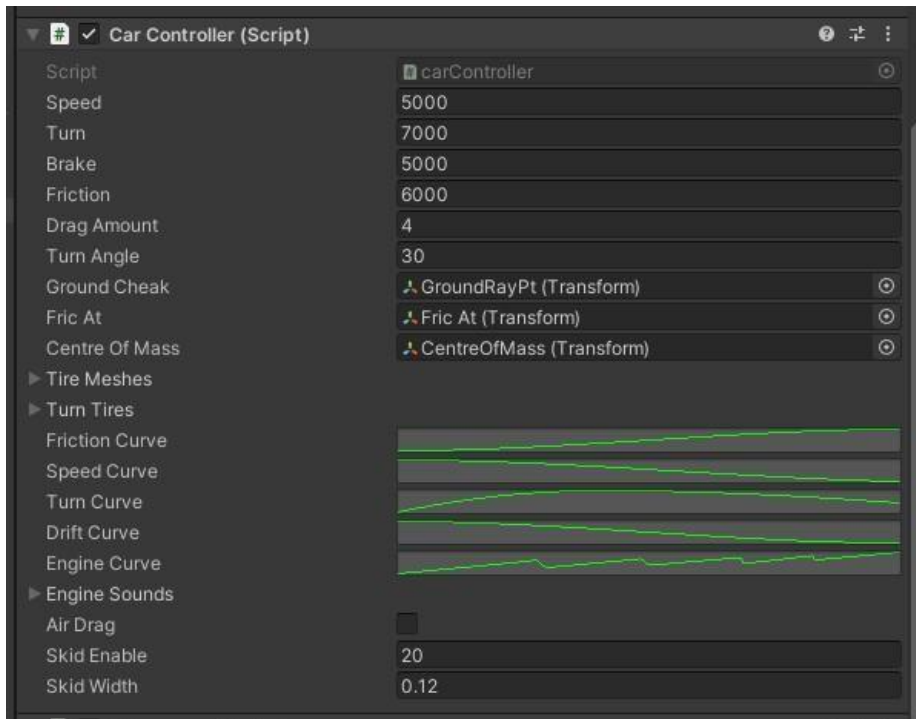
### **Structure of Vehicle :**



Figure

1 Structure of vehicle Gameobject

## 2. Car Controller Script:



First take a look at **curves**. These curves takes velocity of the car as an input, and gives the corresponding outputs. Lets see the **speed curve**. Open it by clicking on curve.



The horizontal axis is velocity of car and the vertical axis is the force, that should be applied on the car. In general, you don't want your vehicle to continuously gain speed. That's why the curve goes down as the velocity increases. The speed variable on the top, acts as a multiplier, That means when the curve value is 1, then the force value is same as the speed variable. So basically this speed value is not speed, its represents the force, but for

convenience I named it speed. Because if you visualise it, it also represents the max speed. So this was the **speed curve**.

You can also edit this curves to get different behaviours. The other curves are also similar.

For **friction curve**, the multiplier value or you can say max value, is the **friction** value.

For **turn curve**, it is the **turn** value.

For **drift curve**, it is the **drag amount** value, and this curve determines the angular drag according to the speed. You don't need to change it. But if you want, you can.

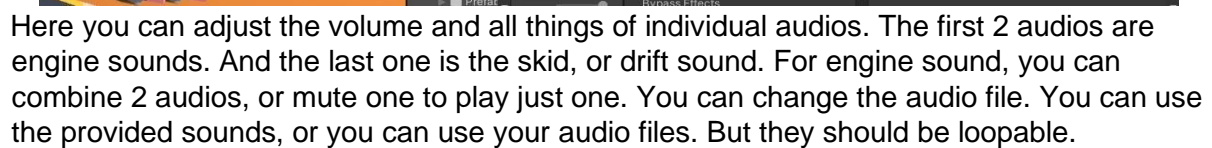


**Engine curve** represents the pitch of engine sound according to the velocity, And the **spikes** in the curve represents the gear shift sound. You can change the gap between two gear shifts. You can also make the curve straight if you don't want gear shift sound.

If you expand **engine sounds**, you will see 3 audio sources.



Click on any of it. A game object will pop up (Named body). Click on the game object and you can see the 3 audio source components.



**Air drag**- whether you want drag in air or not. (enabling it will result in more realistic behaviour in air).

For Better understanding

watch this video before reading further : <https://youtu.be/hbM183WaYl4>

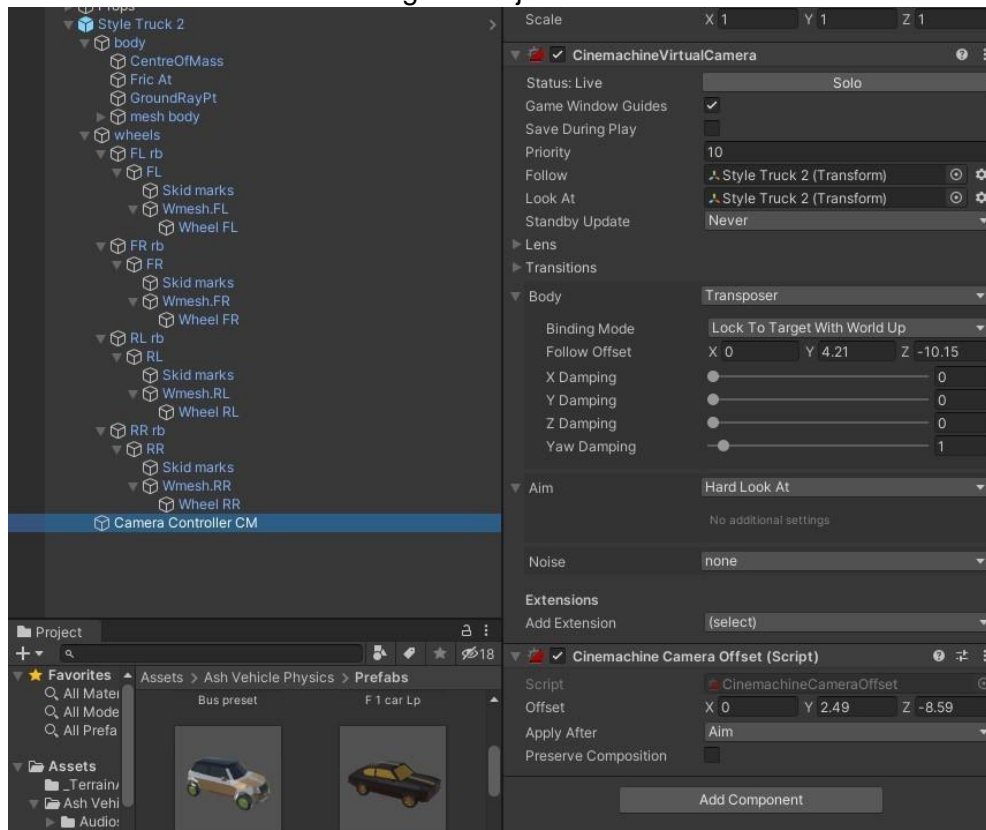


**tire meshes** are for all wheel meshes, to rotate according to the speed. And turn tires are for front tires to turn. Each wheel has this many child game objects. So if you want more than 4 wheels you can duplicate the wheels and add their corresponding childs in **tire meshes**, or **turn tires** Array. For rotating tires according to speed, add **WmeshXX** (XX= FL, FR, RL, RR) game objects to **tire meshes** Array, and for turning front tires according to turning input, add **F L** or **F R** game object to **turn tires**. But do this after you implement the vehicle for 4 wheels because, the **vehicle editor script** Only supports 4 wheels. So first implement for 4 wheels, then duplicate the wheels, then do the steps. And this steps are relevant to you only if you want more than 4 wheels. Also refer to the example prefabs. There are some examples in the prefabs folder for more than 4 wheels.

**Skid Enable**(in **carController** script) sideways velocity at which the skid mark and smoke starts.

**Skid width** is the width of skid marks.

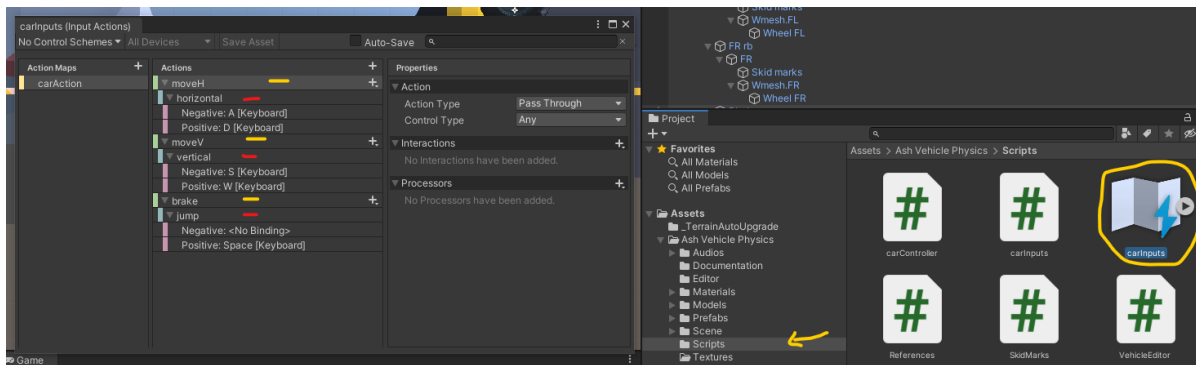
Now I will quickly tell you about camera control and input system. For the camera you will find a **camera controller C M** game object.



You can set, how the camera should behave from here.

And for inputs, go to the **scripts folder** and open **car inputs**.

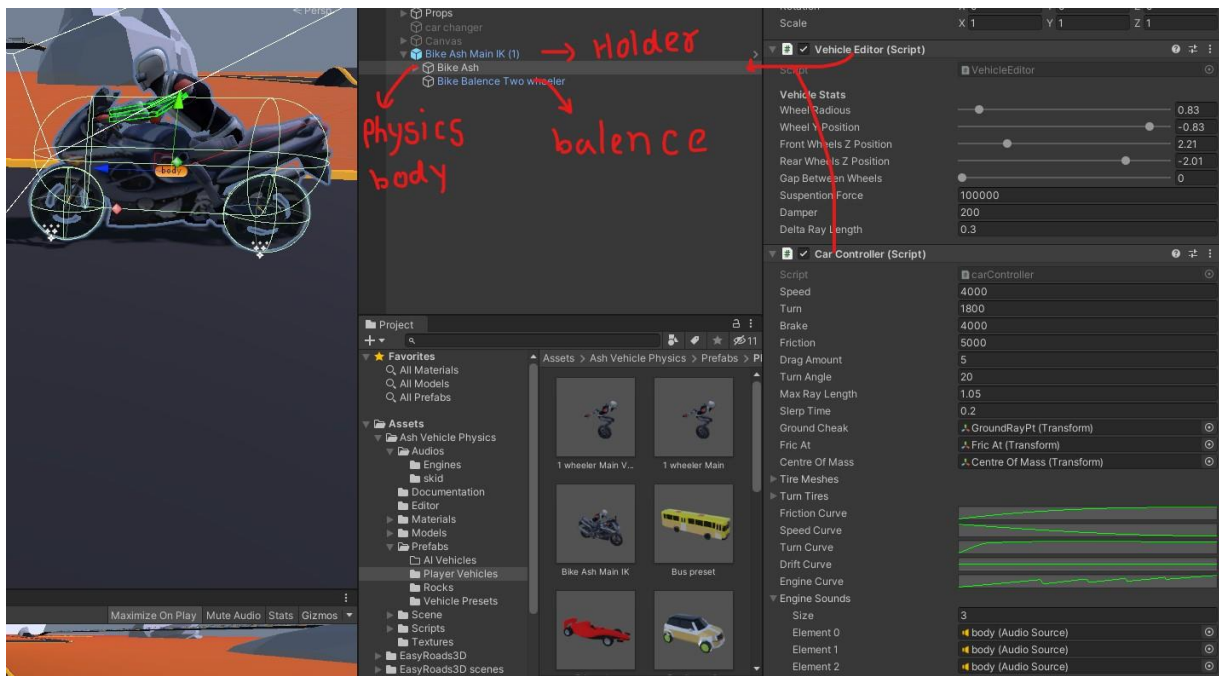




There are some actions here. Move h is the turning input. move v is the acceleration input. And brake is brake input. You can change the input buttons from here. This input system supports all types of inputs. So you can build the game for pretty much all devices such as pc, mobile, x box. Read unity documentation for more information about it.

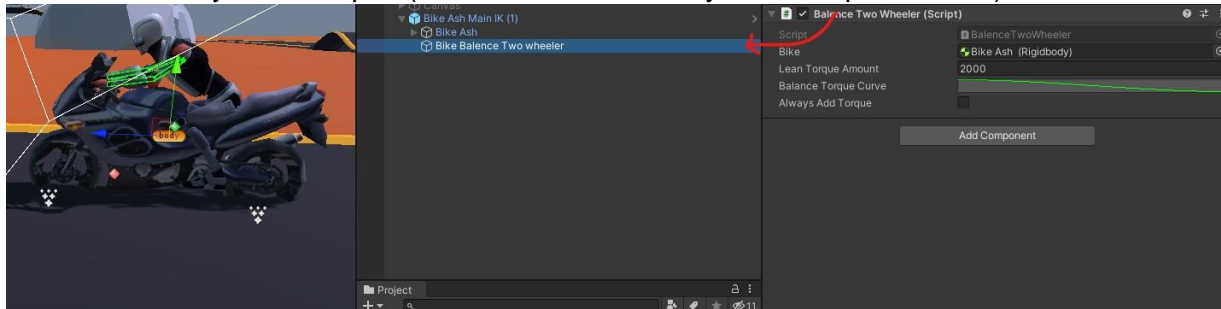
## Bike (one and two wheeler)

All the things are same but the Structure of bike is different. The main parent gameobject of the bike is just for holding the bike and the balancing gameobject. So the physics body of bike is under the main gameobject of the bike. The scripts are attached to the gameobject under the main parent gameobject(named Bike Ash). This is the structure for the bike. So for changing physics of the bike you have to change the scripts values ( same as above).



The 2<sup>nd</sup> gameobject under the main parent gameobject (Bike Balance Two Wheeler or One Wheeler) has a script attached which helps in balancing the vehicle. But you don't have to change anything in it as long as you don't change the mass of the vehicle. This script applies

a torque when the bike leans in some angle opposite to the lean angle, to make the bike stable. If Always Add Torque is not ticked , it will all torque only if the vehicle is grounded.If ticked it will always add torque. (recommended :- always add torque : Ticked)



This asset is for vehicle physics. To simulate the bikers hand body movements, you can use any Inverse Kinematics solution. IF you install the Fast IK package (free) from the asset store it will be better as I already implemented it in this package. So install it before installing my package as it can cause some errors. Or you can use other solution.

## Gravity for Vehicles

There is a script in scripts folder called Custom Gravity. You can add this to any rigid body and the body will use the gravity stated in the script, not the unity's gravity. For prefabs this script is added to the vehicle body and the wheels.

