Python NumPy Exercise

Nguồn: https://pynative.com

Lưu ý:

- Các bài tập dưới đây để luyện tập kỹ năng sử dụng thư viên Numpy.
- Các em nên tự làm trước
- Trường hợp cần giúp đỡ, truy cập vào website nguồn ở trên để xem solution.

Exercise 1: Create a 4X2 integer array and Prints its attributes

Note: The element must be a type of unsigned int16. And print the following Attributes: -

- The shape of an array.
- Array dimensions.
- The Length of each element of the array in bytes.

Expected Output:

```
Printing Array

[[64392 31655]
[32579 0]
[49248 462]
[ 0 0]]

Printing NumPy array Attributes

Array Shape is: (4, 2)
Array dimensions are 2
Length of each element of array in bytes is 2
```

Exercise 2: Create a 5X2 integer array from a range between 100 to 200 such that the difference between each element is 10

Expected Output:

```
Creating 5X2 array using numpy.arange
[[100 110]
[120 130]
[140 150]
[160 170]
[180 190]]
```

Exercise 3: Following is the provided numPy array. Return array of items by taking the third column from all rows

```
sampleArray = numpy.array([[11 ,22, 33], [44, 55, 66], [77, 88, 99]])
```

Expected Output:

```
Printing Input Array
[[11 22 33]
[44 55 66]
[77 88 99]]

Printing array of items in the third column from all rows
[33 66 99]
```

Exercise 4: Return array of odd rows and even columns from below numpy array

```
sampleArray = numpy.array([[3 ,6, 9, 12], [15 ,18, 21, 24], [27 ,30, 33, 36], [39 ,42, 45, 48], [51 ,54, 57, 60]])
```

Expected Output:

```
Printing Input Array

[[ 3 6 9 12]

[15 18 21 24]

[27 30 33 36]

[39 42 45 48]

[51 54 57 60]]

Printing array of odd rows and even columns

[[ 6 12]

[ 30 36]

[ 54 60]]
```

Exercise 5: Create a result array by adding the following two NumPy arrays. Next, modify the result array by calculating the square of each element

```
arrayOne = numpy.array([[5, 6, 9], [21 ,18, 27]])
arrayTwo = numpy.array([[15 ,33, 24], [4 ,7, 1]])
```

Expected Output:

```
addition of two arrays is

[[20 39 33]
[25 25 28]]

Result array after calculating the square root of all elements

[[ 400 1521 1089]
[ 625 625 784]]
```

Exercise 6: Split the array into four equal-sized sub-arrays

Note: Create an 8X3 integer array from a range between 10 to 34 such that the difference between each element is 1 and then Split the array into four equal-sized sub-arrays.

Expected Output:

Exercise 7: Sort following NumPy array

- Case 1: Sort array by the second row
- Case 2: Sort the array by the second column

```
sampleArray = numpy.array([[34,43,73],[82,22,12],[53,94,66]])
```

Expected Output:

```
Printing Original array

[[34 43 73]

[82 22 12]

[53 94 66]]

Sorting Original array by second row

[[73 43 34]

[12 22 82]

[66 94 53]]

Sorting Original array by second column

[[82 22 12]

[34 43 73]

[53 94 66]]
```

Exercise 8: Print max from axis 0 and min from axis 1 from the following 2-D array.

```
sampleArray = numpy.array([[34,43,73],[82,22,12],[53,94,66]])
```

Expected Output:

```
Printing Original array
[[34 43 73]
[82 22 12]
[53 94 66]]

Printing amin Of Axis 1
[34 12 53]

Printing amax Of Axis 0
[82 94 73]
```

Exercise 9: Delete the second column from a given array and insert the following new column in its place.

```
sampleArray = numpy.array([[34,43,73],[82,22,12],[53,94,66]])
newColumn = numpy.array([[10,10,10]])
```

Expected Output:

```
Printing Original array
[[34 43 73]
[82 22 12]
[53 94 66]]

Array after deleting column 2 on axis 1
[[34 73]
[82 12]
[53 66]]

Array after inserting column 2 on axis 1
[[34 10 73]
[82 10 12]
[53 10 66]]
```

Exercise 10: Create two 2-D arrays and Plot them using matplotlib