4

SciWrite 4.x

4.1: More paragraph practice

- 1. What's the paragraph about?
 - table: domain | measurement property | aspect
- combine 2 paragraphs
- separate ideas into 2 paragraphs
 - "however" used to introduce a contrasting idea, here new paragraph would have made sense

4.2: Overview of the Writing Process

1. Prewriting (70 % time)

- collect, synthesize and organize information
- brainstorm take-home messages
- work out ideas away from the computer
- develop a road map/outline

2. Writing the first draft (10 % time)

putting your facts and ideas together in organized prose

3. **Revision (20 % time)**

- read your work out loud
- get rid of clutter
- do a verb check
- get feedback from others

4.3: The Pre-writing Step

1. Get organized first!

- don't try to write and gather information simultaneously
- gather and organize information BEFORE writing the first draft
- example organizational system
 - 1. one single word document with information
 - reference to facts, figures of different papers
 - 2. put paper into specific folder

2. Develop a road-map

- arrange key facts and citations from the literature into a crude road map/outline BEFORE writing the first draft
- think in paragraphs and sections

3. Brainstorm away from the computer

- write on the go
 - while exercising, while driving alone, while waiting in line
- work out take-home messages
- organzie your paper
- write memorable lines

4. Compositional organization

- like ideas should be grouped
- like paragraphs should be grouped
- don't "bait-and-switch" your reader too many times
 - when discussing a controversy, follow: arguments → (all) counterarguments (all) → rebuttals (all)

4.4: The Writing Step

- tips for writing the first draft
 - don't be a perfectionist!

- goal: get the ideas down in complete sentences in order
- focus on logical organziation more than sentence-level details (1.x 3.x sentence level editing is possible during revision)
- writing the first draft is the hardest step for most people. Minimize the pain by writing the first draft quickly and efficiently

4.5: Revision

1. Read your work out loud

- the brain processes the spoken word differently than the writtern word!
- helps to find words that don't sound good

2. Do a verb check

- underline the main verb in each sentence. Watch for:
 - 1. lackluster verbs (are, was, were, be, ...)
 - 2. passive verbs (was observed, ...)
 - 3. buried verbs (A careful monitoring of ... and ... revealed ...)
 - search for better/stronger verbs

3. Cut clutter

- Watch for:
 - dead weight words and phrases
 - empty words and phrases
 - long words or phrases that could be short
 - unnecessary jargon and acronyms
 - repetitive words or phrases
 - adverbs

4. Do an organizational review

 in the margins of your paper: tag each paragraph with a phrase or sentence that sums up the main point

 \rightarrow then move paragraphs around to improve logical flow and bring similar ideas together

5. Get feedback from others

- ask someone outside your department to read your manuscript
- without any technical background, they should easily grasp: the main findings, take-home messages, significance of your work
- ask them to point out particularly hard to read sentences and paragraphs

6. Get editing help

• find a good editor to edit your work

4.6: Checklist for the final draft

check for consistency
check for contradicting statements in e.g. the methods and result section
check for numerical consistency. Do the numbers in
your abstract match the numbers in your tables/figures/text?
the text match those in the tables/figures?
each table/figure match those in other tables/figures?
check your references
Do you have "references to nowhere"?
references does not provide the indicated information/fact
authors misinterpreted or exaggerated the findings from the original source
reference cites a secondary source rather than a primary source (citation propagation)
authors mis-numbered the references
always cite/go back to primary sources
assume that other authors have made errors in citing sources