

A Lattice Boltzmann Method for immiscible multiphase flow simulations using the Level Set Method

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BGCE Student Project

x y, 2015

Multiphase flow

Examples

- Liquid-liquid mixtures (e.g. oil in water)
- Gas-liquid mixtures (e.g. bubble dynamics)

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- Hydrodynamics described by (incompressible) NSE

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$$\nabla \cdot \vec{v} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{v} = -\frac{1}{\rho_i} \nabla p + \nu_i \nabla^2 \vec{v}$$

Mathematic foundation

Interface conditions

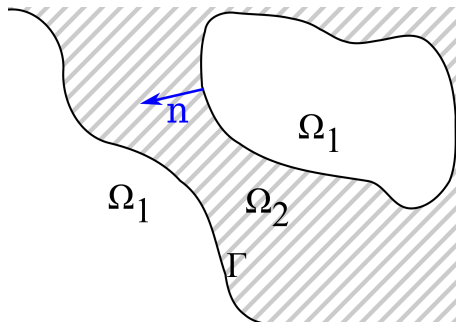


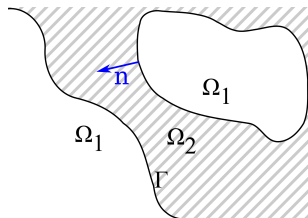
Figure: Two fluid domains Ω_i and interface Γ inbetween

- Velocity across interface is C_0 -continuous

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} (\vec{v}(x + \epsilon \vec{n}) - \vec{v}(x - \epsilon \vec{n})) = 0$$

Mathematic foundation

Interface conditions cont'd

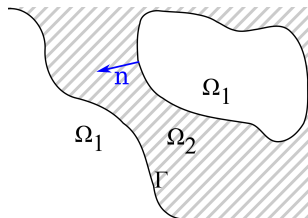


- Normal stress is balanced by surface tension

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} (\mathbf{T}_2(x + \epsilon \vec{n}) - \mathbf{T}_1(x - \epsilon \vec{n})) \cdot \vec{n} = 2\sigma \kappa \vec{n}$$

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where \mathbf{T}_i is the stress tensor $\mathbf{T}_i = 2\nu_i \rho_i \mathbf{S}_i - p_i \mathbf{Id}$ and κ is the curvature of the interface $\nabla \cdot \vec{n}$. $\mathbf{S}_{ij} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_i v_j + \partial_j v_i)$

To solve the two-phase problem we need to:

- solve the flow equations \rightarrow LBM
- compute the motion of the interface \rightarrow level set
- couple the two algorithms

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Interface capturing

The interface between fluid phases is captured by a Level-Set Method.

I.e. a *level set function* $\varphi := \varphi(x, t) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is tracked through the fluid domain. The interface is given by the zero-isosurface of this function. It holds:

$$\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} + \vec{v} \cdot \nabla \varphi = 0$$

Mathematic foundation

Interface capturing

Hydrodynamics are solved by LBM.

- Interface becomes a new boundary condition for LBM

$$f_i(x, t + 1) = f_{i*}^+(x, t) + 6hf_i^* c_i \cdot \tilde{u} + R_i$$

- \tilde{u} is the velocity on the interface along the direction c_i
- R_i ensures the jump conditions of the normal stress and corrects the error terms resulting from the bounce back treatment

TODO: Bild vom Interface (sowas wie Fig.1-Right im Paper)

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■ with:

$$\Lambda_i = c_i \otimes c_i - \frac{1}{3} |c_i|^2 \mathbb{I}$$

$$A = -q(1 - q)[S] - (q - 1/2)S^2 + O(h)$$

- $S^{(k)}$ velocity gradient at x_k
- $[S]$ jump of velocity gradient at the interface. Depends on normal, tangent and curvature.

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Algorithm for LBM with level set

- Create initial interface
- Run level set method to calculate surface description
- Run LBM for a prescribed number of steps
- Run level set method for the same number of steps
- Repeat till end of simulation

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Validation

Validation setups

TODO: Hier könnte man Bilder von unserer ersten Simulation zeigen. Leider können wir die Richtigkeit bisher nicht mit Zahlen belegen.

Outlook

→ *Conclusion habe ich mal rausgenommen. Ich wüsste zumindest nicht, was wir da reinschreiben könnten. Wenn du was weißt, darfst du das aber sehr gerne wieder einfügen.*

Outlook:

- Add correction term to prevent mass loss
- Reduce computational effort: Store Level-Set function only in narrow band around interface, Adalsteinsson and Sethian
TODO: Quellen als Footnotes + Uebersichtsfolie
- Include thermal flow (simulate e.g. lava lamp) / Include gravity

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References



Thömmes, Guido, et al. "A lattice Boltzmann method for immiscible multiphase flow simulations using the level set method." *Journal of Computational Physics* 228.4 (2009): 1139-1156



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