Systems Analysis

Systems Analysis & Design

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Outline

Basic Concepts



2 Chaos and Dynamic Systems



3 Abstraction and Modularity





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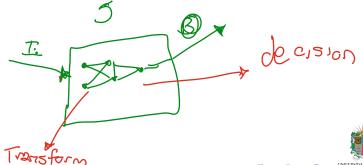




What is a System?



- A system is a set of interacting components that work together to achieve a common goal.
- A **system** is a collection of elements that are organized in a specific way.
- A **system** is a structure that is designed to perform a specific function.





Systems Analysis Process

• Systems analysis is the process of studying a system in order to identify its components, interactions, and goals.

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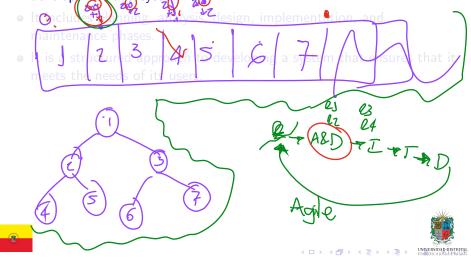
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Systems Development Lifecycle

• The systems development lifecycle is a process that guides the development of a system.

 It includes planning, analysis, design, implementation, and maintenance phases.

• It is a structured approach to developing a system that ensures that it

meets the needs of its users.



Systems Analysis Techniques

- Systems analysis uses a variety of techniques to study a system.
- It includes interviews, surveys, observations, and document analysis.
- It also included data modeling process modeling, and requirements analysis.

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Visciol Story Mapping







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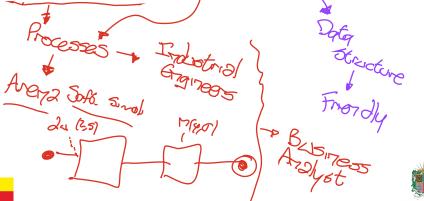




Systems Analysis Tools

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• It also includes software tools such as spreadsheets, databases, and simulation software.



Lateral Thinking - enterpressurs

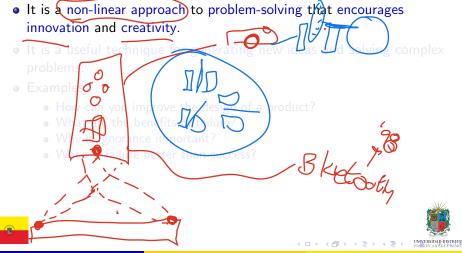
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- It is a non-linear approach to problect olving that encourages innovation and creativity.
 - It is a useful technique for general was wideas and solving complex problems.
- Examples
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 - Mind mapping exercises.
 - Role-playing games.
 - Problem-solving activities.





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fault-tolerance





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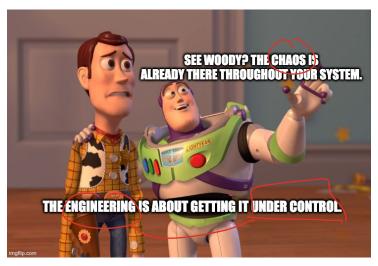
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Chaos is Everywhere!







What is a Dynamic System?

- A dynamic system is a system that changes over time.
- A dynamic system is a system that is sensitive to initial conditions.
- A **dynamic** s**⊘/√**n is a system that is non-linear.
- A dynamic system is a system that is chaotic





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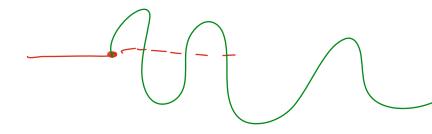
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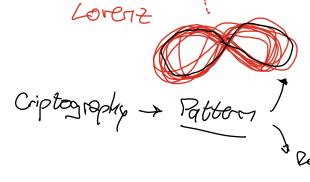
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Chaotic Atractors

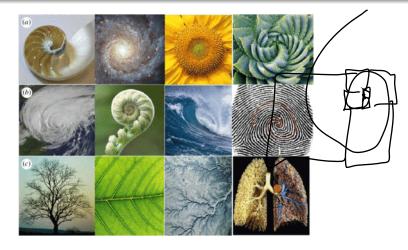
A **chaotic attractor** is a set of points in a phase space that attracts the trajectory of a dynamical system.







Fractals in Nature



Watch this video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kkGeOWYOFoA

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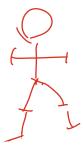


Complexity in Dynamic Systems

- Complexity is a measure of the difficulty of understanding a system.
- It includes the number of components, the interactions between components, and the emergent properties of a system.









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x Algoriths Family

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- The concept is employed in work on artificial intelligence.

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- The idea is: if you see an individual, a part, it looks not interesting, even like random; however, several individuals interacting between each other and the environment show pretty smart behaviors.
- Yu Takeuchi said: one colombian guy is most intelligent than one japanese guy, but two japanese guys are smarter than two colombians
- There is some interesting population behaviors in nature, in special at insects: bees, ants, termites, among others.
- However, in nature there are a lot of examples: school fish, birds, wolfs.





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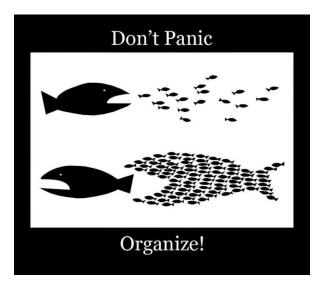
Emergent Behaviors

- Emergent behavior is the appearance of complex patterns and behaviors from a multiplicity of relatively simple interactions.
- The emergent behavior is the result of the collective behavior of the individuals of the system.
- The emergent behavior is not **planned** or **designed** by any individual, but **arises** from the **interactions** of the individuals.
- The emergent behavior is not the sum of the individual behaviors, but something more. In summary: synergy.
- Swarm intelligence makes reference to some interesting emergent behaviors.

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- School fish are quite interesting. When a predator attacks, they become confused by the large number of individuals and their diverse movements.
- The idea is simple: "Don't touch me, don't come too close, but stay somewhat close,"
- This behavior is a chain of a contact and helps the school move uniformly.
- Do you remember Nemo? The hard with a sword snout, the pirates, or Marlin's imitation of talking-all are somewhat similar. Watch here.
- The school fish algorithm is a **multi-agent system** that **simulates** the behavior of a **school** of **fish**.





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Ant Colony Algorithm

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- Ant colony algorithm is used to solve optimization problems.
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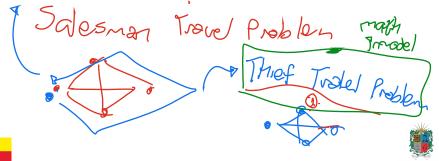
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2 Chaos and Dynamic Systems





What is Abstraction?

- Abstraction is the process of ignoring minor details in order to focus on the important aspects of a system.
- Abstraction is the process of simplifying a complex system in order to understand it.
- **Abstraction** is the process of generalizing a specific system in order to apply it to other systems.



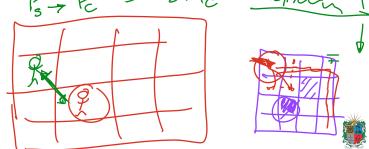


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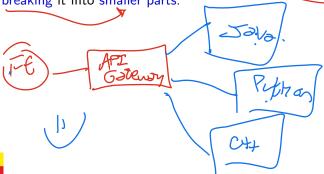




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Abstraction and Modularity

Abstraction and modularity are two important concepts in systems







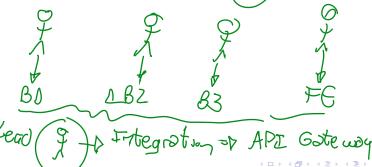
- **Abstraction** and **modularity** are two important concepts in systems analysis.
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Thanks!

Questions?



Repo: https://github.com/EngAndres/ud-public/tree/main/courses/systems-analysis



