Data Manipulation Exercises

- Data Cleaning & Preparation Exercises
 - Dealing with Missing & Duplicated Data
 - String Manipulation (Regular Expression)
 - Data Transformation

Importing Libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

%matplotlib inline
sns.set()
```

=======

Data Cleaning

Importing Data

```
In [2]: cars = pd.read_csv('mpg-unclean.csv')
Inspecting the DataFrame and Identifing the Inconsistent Data
```

```
In [6]: cars.head(20)
```

Out[6]:		mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	model year	origin	
	0	18.0	8	307.0	130.0 hp	3504	12.0	70	United States	ch c
	1	15.0	8	350.0	165.0 hp	3693	11.5	70	United States	skyl
	2	18.0	8	318.0	150.0 hp	3436	11.0	70	United States	ply 5
	3	16.0	8	304.0	150.0 hp	3433	12.0	70	usa	am
	4	17.0	8	302.0	140.0 hp	3449	10.5	70	usa	Т
	5	15.0	8	429.0	198.0 hp	4341	10.0	70	usa	G
	6	14.0	8	454.0	220.0 hp	4354	9.0	70	usa	ch
	7	14.0	8	440.0	215.0 hp	4312	8.5	70	usa	ply
	8	14.0	8	455.0	225.0 hp	4425	10.0	70	usa	
	9	15.0	8	390.0	190.0 hp	3850	8.5	70	usa	amba
	10	15.0	8	383.0	170.0 hp	3563	10.0	70	usa	cha
	11	14.0	8	340.0	160.0 hp	3609	8.0	70	usa	ply 'cu
	12	15.0	8	400.0	150.0 hp	3761	9.5	70	usa	ch mon1
	13	14.0	8	455.0	225.0 hp	3086	10.0	70	usa	buick wag
	14	22.0	6	198.0	95.0 hp	2833	15.5	70	usa	ply
	15	18.0	6	199.0	97.0 hp	2774	15.5	70	usa	amc
	16	21.0	6	200.0	85.0 hp	2587	16.0	70	usa	m

2 of 20

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	model year	origin	
17	26.0	4	97.0	46.0 hp	1835	20.5	70	europe	V
18	25.0	4	110.0	87.0 hp	2672	17.5	70	europe	р
19	24.0	4	107.0	90.0 hp	2430	14.5	70	europe	aud

In [8]: cars.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 329 entries, 0 to 328 Data columns (total 9 columns):
Column Non-Null Count Dtype

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	mpg	329 non-null	float64
1	cylinders	329 non-null	int64
2	displacement	329 non-null	float64
3	horsepower	329 non-null	object
4	weight	329 non-null	int64
5	acceleration	329 non-null	float64
6	model year	329 non-null	int64
7	origin	329 non-null	object
8	name	329 non-null	object
dtyp	es: float64(3)	, int64(3), obje	ct(3)

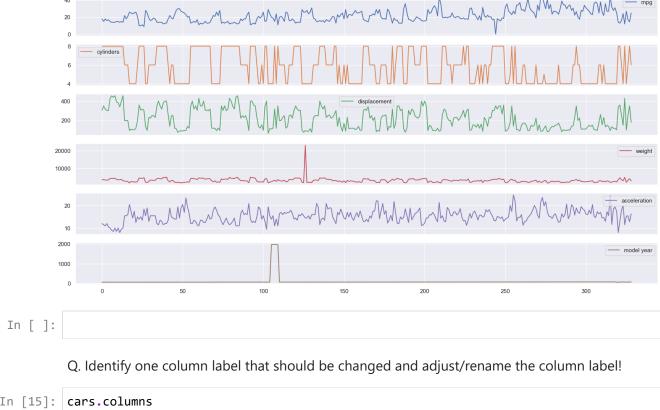
memory usage: 23.3+ KB

In [9]: cars.describe().round(3)

Out[9]:

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	weight	acceleration	model year
count	329.000	329.000	329.000	329.000	329.000	329.000
mean	21.655	5.802	217.005	3229.082	15.400	104.495
std	7.295	1.720	104.719	1376.307	2.923	232.499
min	0.061	4.000	68.000	1800.000	8.000	70.000
25%	16.000	4.000	121.000	2464.000	13.500	73.000
50%	20.200	6.000	200.000	3102.000	15.400	76.000
75%	26.000	8.000	305.000	3821.000	17.000	79.000
max	44.300	8.000	455.000	23000.000	24.800	1973.000

```
In [14]: cars.plot(subplots = True, figsize=(20,10))
         plt.show()
```



Out[17]:	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	$model_year$	origin
0	18.0	8	307.0	130.0 hp	3504	12.0	70	United States
1	15.0	8	350.0	165.0 hp	3693	11.5	70	United States
2	18.0	8	318.0	150.0 hp	3436	11.0	70	United States
3	16.0	8	304.0	150.0 hp	3433	12.0	70	usa
4	17.0	8	302.0	140.0 hp	3449	10.5	70	usa
•••	•••							•••
324	12.0	8	429.0	198.0 hp	4952	11.5	73	usa
325	27.0	4	101.0	83.0 hp	2202	15.3	76	europe
326	17.0	6	250.0	100.0 hp	3329	15.5	71	usa
327	14.5	8	351.0	152.0 hp	4215	12.8	76	usa
328	25.0	6	181.0	110.0 hp	2945	16.4	82	usa

Q. Replace the value "United States" in the origin column! Save the change!

In [21]: cars.origin.replace({'United States' : 'usa'}, inplace=True)

In [24]: cars

Out[24]: mpg cylinders displacement horsepower weight acceleration model_year 18.0 8 307.0 130.0 3504 12.0 70 usa 1 15.0 8 350.0 165.0 3693 11.5 70 usa 2 18.0 8 318.0 150.0 3436 11.0 70 usa 16.0 8 150.0 3433 70 3 304.0 12.0 usa 17.0 8 302.0 140.0 3449 10.5 70 usa 324 12.0 8 429.0 198.0 4952 11.5 73 usa 101.0 325 27.0 4 83.0 2202 15.3 76 europe 326 17.0 6 250.0 100.0 3329 15.5 71 usa 327 14.5 8 351.0 152.0 4215 12.8 76 usa

329 rows × 9 columns

25.0

6

328

Q. Inspect and identify the problem in the column horsepower!

181.0

```
In [22]: cars['horsepower'] = cars['horsepower'].str.replace(" hp", "")
In [23]: cars
```

110.0

2945

16.4

82

usa

Out[23]:		mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	$model_year$	origin
_	0	18.0	8	307.0	130.0	3504	12.0	70	usa
	1	15.0	8	350.0	165.0	3693	11.5	70	usa
	2	18.0	8	318.0	150.0	3436	11.0	70	usa
	3	16.0	8	304.0	150.0	3433	12.0	70	usa
	4	17.0	8	302.0	140.0	3449	10.5	70	usa
	•••								
	324	12.0	8	429.0	198.0	4952	11.5	73	usa
	325	27.0	4	101.0	83.0	2202	15.3	76	europe
:	326	17.0	6	250.0	100.0	3329	15.5	71	usa
	327	14.5	8	351.0	152.0	4215	12.8	76	usa
;	328	25.0	6	181.0	110.0	2945	16.4	82	usa

```
In [ ]:

Q. Now you can convert the datatype in the column horsepower! Overwrite the column!

In [27]: cars.horsepower.replace('Not available', np.nan, inplace=True)

In [30]: cars.horsepower = cars.horsepower.astype('float')

In [31]: cars.dtypes
```

```
Out[31]: mpg
                          float64
          cylinders
                            int64
          displacement
                          float64
                          float64
          horsepower
          weight
                            int64
                          float64
          acceleration
          model_year
                            int64
          origin
                           object
          name
                           object
          dtype: object
 In [ ]:
         Q. What about the 'name' column?
In [32]:
         cars.name
Out[32]:
                   chevrolet chevelle malibu
          1
                           buick skylark 320
          2
                          plymouth satellite
          3
                                amc rebel sst
                                  FORD TORINO
          4
          324
                    mercury marquis brougham
          325
                                 renault 12tl
          326
                   chevrolet chevelle malibu
          327
                            ford gran torino
          328
                       buick century limited
          Name: name, Length: 329, dtype: object
         cars.name = cars.name.str.lower().str.strip()
In [33]:
In [34]:
         cars
```

Out[34]:		mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	$model_year$	origin
	0	18.0	8	307.0	130.0	3504	12.0	70	usa
	1	15.0	8	350.0	165.0	3693	11.5	70	usa
	2	18.0	8	318.0	150.0	3436	11.0	70	usa
	3	16.0	8	304.0	150.0	3433	12.0	70	usa
	4	17.0	8	302.0	140.0	3449	10.5	70	usa
	•••								
	324	12.0	8	429.0	198.0	4952	11.5	73	usa
	325	27.0	4	101.0	83.0	2202	15.3	76	europe
	326	17.0	6	250.0	100.0	3329	15.5	71	usa
	327	14.5	8	351.0	152.0	4215	12.8	76	usa
	328	25.0	6	181.0	110.0	2945	16.4	82	usa

In []:

Q. Inspect the column **model_year** in more detail by analyzing the **frequency/counts** of unique values! Anything **strange**?

In [36]: cars.model_year

```
Out[36]: 0
                 70
                 70
          1
          2
                 70
          3
                 70
                 70
                 . .
          324
                 73
          325
                 76
          326
                 71
          327
                 76
          328
                 82
          Name: model_year, Length: 329, dtype: int64
In [37]: cars.model_year.value_counts()
Out[37]: model_year
          73
                  33
          76
                  32
          70
                  29
          78
                  28
          79
                  27
          75
                  26
          71
                  25
          82
                  23
          72
                  23
          74
                  22
          77
                  22
          80
                  17
                  17
          81
          1973
                   5
          Name: count, dtype: int64
In [38]: cars.model_year.replace(1973,73, inplace=True)
In [39]: cars
```

Out[39]:		mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	$model_year$	origin
	0	18.0	8	307.0	130.0	3504	12.0	70	usa
	1	15.0	8	350.0	165.0	3693	11.5	70	usa
	2	18.0	8	318.0	150.0	3436	11.0	70	usa
	3	16.0	8	304.0	150.0	3433	12.0	70	usa
	4	17.0	8	302.0	140.0	3449	10.5	70	usa
	•••								
	324	12.0	8	429.0	198.0	4952	11.5	73	usa
	325	27.0	4	101.0	83.0	2202	15.3	76	europe
	326	17.0	6	250.0	100.0	3329	15.5	71	usa
	327	14.5	8	351.0	152.0	4215	12.8	76	usa
	328	25.0	6	181.0	110.0	2945	16.4	82	usa

In [40]: cars.describe()

In [46]: cars

Out[40]:		mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	mod	
	count	329.000000	329.000000	329.000000	323.000000	329.000000	329.000000	329.	
	mean	21.655199	5.802432	217.004559	111.185759	3229.082067	15.400000	75.	
	std	7.294651	1.719825	104.719009	39.846088	1376.306985	2.922756	3.	
	min	0.060606	4.000000	68.000000	46.000000	1800.000000	8.000000	70.	
	25%	16.000000	4.000000	121.000000	83.500000	2464.000000	13.500000	73.	
	50%	20.200000	6.000000	200.000000	100.000000	3102.000000	15.400000	76.	
	75%	26.000000	8.000000	305.000000	141.000000	3821.000000	17.000000	79.	
	max	44.300000	8.000000	455.000000	230.000000	23000.000000	24.800000	82.	
In []:									
		ect the colun e value?	nn weight by	sorting the valu	ues from high	to low. Can you	ı see the		
In [41]:	cars.w	eight.max()							
Out[41]:	np.int	np.int64(23000)							
In [42]:	cars.w	cars.weight.idxmax() # record of max weight							
Out[42]:	126	126							
In [45]:	cars.1	ars.loc[cars.weight.idxmax(), 'weight'] = 2300							

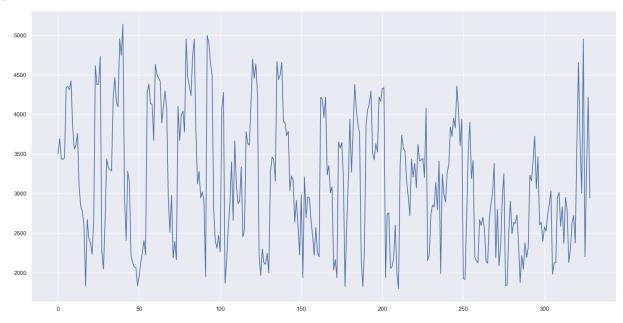
Out[46]:	Out[46]:		cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	model_year	origin
	0	18.0	8	307.0	130.0	3504	12.0	70	usa
	1	15.0	8	350.0	165.0	3693	11.5	70	usa
	2	18.0	8	318.0	150.0	3436	11.0	70	usa
	3	16.0	8	304.0	150.0	3433	12.0	70	usa
	4	17.0	8	302.0	140.0	3449	10.5	70	usa
	•••								
	324	12.0	8	429.0	198.0	4952	11.5	73	usa
	325	27.0	4	101.0	83.0	2202	15.3	76	europe
	326	17.0	6	250.0	100.0	3329	15.5	71	usa
	327	14.5	8	351.0	152.0	4215	12.8	76	usa
	328	25.0	6	181.0	110.0	2945	16.4	82	usa

In [47]: cars.describe()

Out[47]:		mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	mode
	count	329.000000	329.000000	329.000000	323.000000	329.000000	329.000000	329.0
	mean	21.655199	5.802432	217.004559	111.185759	3166.164134	15.400000	75.6
	std	7.294651	1.719825	104.719009	39.846088	837.344920	2.922756	3.6
	min	0.060606	4.000000	68.000000	46.000000	1800.000000	8.000000	70.0
	25%	16.000000	4.000000	121.000000	83.500000	2451.000000	13.500000	73.0
	50%	20.200000	6.000000	200.000000	100.000000	3086.000000	15.400000	76.0
	75%	26.000000	8.000000	305.000000	141.000000	3820.000000	17.000000	79.0
	max	44.300000	8.000000	455.000000	230.000000	5140.000000	24.800000	82.0

In [49]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
 cars.weight.plot()





In []:

Q. Let's check out the column mpg too

```
In [52]: cars.loc[cars['mpg'].idxmin()]
```

Out[52]:	mpg	0.060606
	cylinders	8
	displacement	351.0
	horsepower	138.0
	weight	3955
	acceleration	13.2
	model_year	79
	origin	usa
	name mercury grand	marquis
	Name: 244. dtype: object	

Name: 244, dtype: object

In [53]: cars.loc[cars['mpg'].idxmin(), 'mpg'] = 1/cars.loc[cars['mpg'].idxmin(), 'mpg']

In [54]: cars

origin	model_year	acceleration	weight	horsepower	displacement	cylinders	mpg	ut[54]:
usa	70	12.0	3504	130.0	307.0	8	18.0	0
usa	70	11.5	3693	165.0	350.0	8	15.0	1
usa	70	11.0	3436	150.0	318.0	8	18.0	2
usa	70	12.0	3433	150.0	304.0	8	16.0	3
usa	70	10.5	3449	140.0	302.0	8	17.0	4
								•••
usa	73	11.5	4952	198.0	429.0	8	12.0	324
europe	76	15.3	2202	83.0	101.0	4	27.0	325
usa	71	15.5	3329	100.0	250.0	6	17.0	326
usa	76	12.8	4215	152.0	351.0	8	14.5	327
usa	82	16.4	2945	110.0	181.0	6	25.0	328

329 rows × 9 columns

•	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	model_year			
count	329.00	329.00	329.00	323.00	329.00	329.00	329.00			
mean	21.71	5.80	217.00	111.19	3166.16	15.40	75.62			
std	7.20	1.72	104.72	39.85	837.34	2.92	3.64			
min	9.00	4.00	68.00	46.00	1800.00	8.00	70.00			
25%	16.00	4.00	121.00	83.50	2451.00	13.50	73.00			
50%	20.20	6.00	200.00	100.00	3086.00	15.40	76.00			
75%	26.00	8.00	305.00	141.00	3820.00	17.00	79.00			
max	44.30	8.00	455.00	230.00	5140.00	24.80	82.00			
O Salar	rt all roy	ws with at la	ast one missing	n/na valuel						
	Q. Select all rows with at least one missing/na value!									
cars.is	sna().s	um()								
mpg		0								
cylind		0								
displa		0								
horsep		6								
weight accele		0 0								
model_		0								
origin		0								
name		0								
dtype:	int64									
cars.dı	ropna(s	ubset=['ho	orsepower'], i	nplace=True)						
cars.is	sna().s	um()								
: mpg		0								
cylind		0								
displa		0								
horsep weight		0 0								
accele		0								
model_		0								
origin		0								
name		0								
	int64									

Q. Finding the duplicated records in care names

In [69]: cars

In [63]: cars.duplicated().any(axis=0) # axis = 0 for col not like pandas Out[63]: np.True_ In [64]: cars.duplicated().sum() Out[64]: np.int64(10) In [67]: | cars.loc[cars.duplicated(subset=['name'])].sort_values('name') Out[67]: mpg cylinders displacement horsepower weight acceleration model_year origin 323 24.3 151.0 90.0 3003 20.1 80 usa 268 24.3 4 151.0 90.0 3003 20.1 80 usa 29 19.0 6 232.0 100.0 2634 13.0 71 usa 20.0 232.0 2914 16.0 75 147 6 100.0 usa 18.0 6 232.0 100.0 2789 15.0 73 96 usa 90.0 70.0 14.2 172 29.0 4 1937 76 europe 177 29.5 97.0 71.0 1825 12.2 76 europe 277 29.8 89.0 62.0 1845 15.3 80 europe 41.5 98.0 76.0 14.7 264 4 2144 80 europe 89.0 250 31.9 4 71.0 1925 14.0 79 europe 86 rows × 9 columns In [68]: cars.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)

Out[69]:		mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	model_year	origin		
	0	18.0	8	307.0	130.0	3504	12.0	70	usa		
	1	15.0	8	350.0	165.0	3693	11.5	70	usa		
	2	18.0	8	318.0	150.0	3436	11.0	70	usa		
	3	16.0	8	304.0	150.0	3433	12.0	70	usa		
	4	17.0	8	302.0	140.0	3449	10.5	70	usa		
	•••										
	314	27.0	4	140.0	86.0	2790	15.6	82	usa		
	315	44.0	4	97.0	52.0	2130	24.6	82	europe		
	316	32.0	4	135.0	84.0	2295	11.6	82	usa		
	317	28.0	4	120.0	79.0	2625	18.6	82	usa		
	318	31.0	4	119.0	82.0	2720	19.4	82	usa		
313 rows × 9 columns											
In []:											
	Q. It's a good practice to save the cleaned version of your dataset again										
In [70]:	<pre>cars.to_csv('mpg-cleanedd.csv')</pre>										
In []:											
	===	====	===								

String Manipulation (Regular Expression)

Check if String Contain Only Defined Characters using Regex

```
In [71]: import re
         if re.search(r'^[1234]+$', '2134'):
             print(True)
        True
 In [ ]:
         Count Uppercase, Lowercase, and numeric values using Regex
In [76]:
         s = 'My name is Atlas Home, I am 43 years old'
         import re
         upper = re.findall(r'[A-Z]', s)
         lower = re.findall(r'[a-z]', s)
         numeric = re.findall(r'[0-9]', s)
         print('The no. of uppercase characters is:', len(upper))
         print('The no. of lowercase characters is:', len(lower))
         print('The no. of numerical characters is:', len(numeric))
        The no. of uppercase characters is: 4
        The no. of lowercase characters is: 24
        The no. of numerical characters is: 2
 In [ ]:
         Regex to extract maximum numeric value from a string
         s = '100khj26io58sgtq1723mnb'
In [77]:
         import re
         numeric = re.findall(r'\d+', s)
         max([int(i) for i in numeric])
Out[77]: 1723
 In [ ]:
         Remove all characters except letters and numbers
In [78]: s = "123abcjw:, .@! eiw"
         re.sub('[\W_]+', '', s)
        <>:2: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\W'
        <>:2: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\W'
        C:\Users\alhef\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18248\2561307421.py:2: SyntaxWarning: in
        valid escape sequence '\W'
          re.sub('[\W_]+', '', s)
Out[78]: '123abcjweiw'
 In [ ]:
```

Regex to put spaces between words starting with capital letters

```
In [79]: results = re.findall('[A-Z][a-z]*', 'AtlasSoft-Home')
' '.join(results)

Out[79]: 'Atlas Soft Home'
==========
```

GOOD LUCK!

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