

```

function quickSort (int left, int right, Array arr, int pivot = Default(lastIndex)) {
  if (left - right <= 0)      k0
    return
  else
    pivot = partition(left, right, pivot, arr)  O(n) as the analysis below
    quickSort(left, pivot - 1, arr, pivot)      Since the second half never do anything, here will do everything,
which is n times
    quickSort(pivot + 1, right, arr, pivot)    return immediately, constant k1
  end if
}

```

Conclusion:

$\text{partition()} \Rightarrow O((n-1) + k_2 + k_3 + k_4) = O(n)$

$\text{quickSort()} \Rightarrow O(n * (k_0 + n)) = O(n^2)$

so it's n times quickSort() calls with a $O(n)$ runtime complexity partition() in it
 Then the whole thing is $O(n * n) = O(n^2)$

```

function partition(left, right, pivot, arr) {
  leftptr = left
  rightptr = right

  while (true)
    while (leftptr < pivot)  constant 1, left always > pivot
      left++
    while (rightptr > pivot)  n - 1 = O(n)
      right--
    if (leftptr >= rightptr)  k2
      break
    else
      swap leftptr, rightptr  k3
  end while

  swap leftptr, right  k4
  return leftptr
}

```