

C++ STL Topics Frequently Asked in Interviews

In interviews, questions about the C++ Standard Template Library (STL) often focus on the conceptual understanding of STL

containers, algorithms, iterators, and functions, as well as practical problem-solving skills. Here's a breakdown of

commonly asked STL-related topics:

Containers

1. Vector (`std::vector`)

- Internal implementation: dynamic arrays, resizing mechanism.
- Operations: insertion, deletion, access, resizing complexity.
- Comparison with `std::array` and `std::deque`.

2. Set and Multiset (`std::set`, `std::multiset`)

- Implementation: Red-Black Tree.
- Time complexity of insert, erase, and find.
- Difference between `std::set` and `std::unordered_set`.

3. Map and Multimap (`std::map`, `std::multimap`)

- Implementation: Red-Black Tree.
- Key-value pair storage and iteration order.
- Difference from `std::unordered_map`.

4. Unordered Containers (`std::unordered_map`, `std::unordered_set`)

- Implementation: Hash tables.

- Hash collisions and resolution strategies (e.g., chaining, open addressing).
- Complexity: average-case vs worst-case performance.

5. Deque (`std::deque`)

- Implementation: segmented memory structure.
- Difference from `std::vector` (efficient push/pop at both ends).

6. Priority Queue (`std::priority_queue`)

- Implementation: Binary heap.
- Use of `std::vector` as the underlying container.

Iterators

- Types of iterators: input, output, forward, bidirectional, and random access.
- Iterator invalidation rules for different containers after insert/erase operations.
- Custom iterators: how to implement and use them.

Algorithms

- Frequently used algorithms from `<algorithm>`:
 - Sorting: `std::sort`, `std::stable_sort`.
 - Searching: `std::binary_search`, `std::lower_bound`, `std::upper_bound`.
 - Modifying sequences: `std::reverse`, `std::rotate`, `std::remove`, `std::unique`.
 - Heap operations: `std::make_heap`, `std::push_heap`, `std::pop_heap`, `std::sort_heap`.
- Custom comparators in algorithms:
 - Writing lambdas or function objects for sorting.
- Efficiency considerations:

- Time complexity of common algorithms like `std::sort`.

Other Key Areas

1. String (`std::string`)

- Comparison with `std::vector<char>`.
- Common functions like `substr`, `find`, `replace`.
- Performance concerns with concatenation.

2. Smart Pointers (`std::shared_ptr`, `std::weak_ptr`, `std::unique_ptr`)

- Understanding of ownership models and memory management.

3. Function Objects and Lambdas

- Writing custom functors and lambda expressions.
- Passing them to STL algorithms.

4. Concurrency

- `std::thread`, `std::mutex`, and other components from `<thread>` and `<atomic>` libraries.

Sample Questions

1. Vector vs. List:

- When would you use `std::vector` vs. `std::list`? Explain the trade-offs.

2. Custom Comparators:

- Write a program to sort a list of pairs based on the second element.

3. Set and Multiset:

- Given an array, find the k largest elements using an STL container.

4. Map and Unordered Map:

- How would you find the frequency of elements in an array using an STL map?

5. Algorithm Analysis:

- Explain the difference between `std::sort` and `std::stable_sort`.

6. Iterator Invalidation:

- Explain what happens to iterators of a `std::vector` when elements are inserted.

To succeed in interviews, focus on conceptual clarity, use cases, and hands-on practice with STL through platforms like LeetCode, Codeforces, or HackerRank.