Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) Situation Report 24 Philippines 27 April 2020



Data reported by the Department of Health on 27 April 2020

Highlights

- Out of the total 7,777 confirmed cases reported in the Philippines until today, 54% are male, with the most affected age group 30-39 years (19.5%) followed by 50-59 (17.1%)
- 68.8% of cases reported from National Capital Region (NCR), followed by CALABARZON (13.6%) and Central Luzon (4.8%)
- Out of the 511 confirmed deaths, 67.5% are male, with the most affected age group over 70 years (35.1%) followed by 60-69 years (34.3%)
- 68.9% of deaths reported from NCR, followed by CALA-BARZON (13.6%) and Central Luzon (5.0%)
- Government identifying ways to transit into General
 Community Quarantine in lower risk areas after 1 May
- Research Institute for Tropical Medicine (RITM) exploring different approaches to minimise dependence on essential laboratory supplies amidst global shortages. Ongoing assessments of private and public hospital laboratories to expand the current network of 17 laboratories able to conduct COVID-19 tests.
- Department of Health (DOH) setting up special surveillance in hotspots, such as prisons. Joint efforts to address issues identified in case investigations into different clusters throughout the country, including in prisons and hospitals.
- Over 2,700 hospital workers and community health workers trained on Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) through online trainings throughout the country

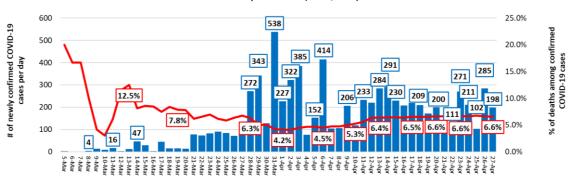


Current Situation

As of 27 April, a total of 7,777 confirmed COVID-19 cases including 511 deaths have been reported in the Philippines.

Daily reported confirmed COVID-19 cases in the Philippines

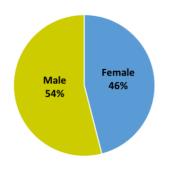
5- 27 April 2020 (N=7,777)



Among the 7,777 confirmed cases, 4,200 are male (54%) and 3,577 are female (47%). The most affected age groups are 30-39 years (19.5%) followed by 50-59 (17.1%).

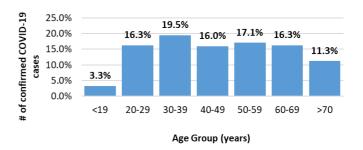
Gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases in the Philippines in %

18 January-27 April 2020 (N=7,777)



Age distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases in the Philippines in %

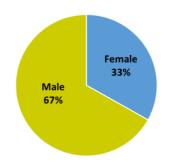
18 January-27 April 2020 (N=7,777)



Out of total 511 confirmed deaths, 67.5% are male, with most affected age group over 70 years (35.1%) followed by 60-69 years (34.3%).

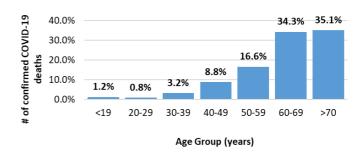
Gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 deaths in the Philippines in %

18 January-27 April 2020 (N=511)



Age distribution of confirmed COVID-19 deaths in the Philippines in %

18 January-27 April 2020 (N=511)



Country readiness and response operations

Country-level coordination

The extended enhanced community quarantine until 15 May 2020, in the country's worst affected areas with COVID-19 cases is allowing the government additional time to contain the spread of the disease in identified hot-spot areas through lockdown measures amongst other.

At the same time, the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) jointly with DOH and the Department of Labour and Employment (DOLE) are drafting minimum health protocols to prepare selected industries to reopen as part of the general community quarantine.

Regional level health cluster meetings are conducted in Northern Mindanao to coordinate the response to COVID-19 between all relevant stakeholders from government, non-government and private sector.



All relevant government guidelines, issuances, and documents available online at bit.ly/COVIDPH.

Risk communication

UNICEF produced and disseminated 5 radio ads, 5 short radio dramas, and 5 infographic videos on preventive actions: mental health; preventing spread of fake news; and what to do when symptoms occur.

- Radio PSAs/ads (for radio, LGU PA systems) https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1Cfvl_7JBn0sQKersiC6C1ncsLUuR9ac1
- Short radio drama: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1MWsS0hko-CLB7Nsle_3rXQN1iEOy-bNi
- Videos: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1k6EiR2vXktZJ4dHKqexur8cEVKODnsjl

The Council for the Welfare of Children (CWC), Juvenile Justice and Welfare Council, Commission on Human Rights (CHR), UNFPA, UNHCR, and UNICEF are developing interactive comics to address the secondary impacts of COVID-19. Flyers for food packs on preventive actions, parenting, and violence against children being finalized with the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), CWC, and CHR.

The use of U-Report for adolescents to access information on COVID-19 and to know their perception on COVID-19 and the government's response was also initiated by UNICEF.

The #LearningAtHomePH Challenge was launched via UNICEF Facebook to encourage parents and children to bond during the ECQ and promote good parenting and mental health.

Surveillance

Key issues identified during the joint outbreak investigation between the City Health Office (CHO), DOH, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), the Philippine Red Cross (PRC), and WHO into clusters of confirmed COVID-19 cases in Metro Manila prisons, include the challenges of adhering to Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) standards due to overcrowding and lack of space for isolation facilities. Scarcity and inappropriate use of Personal Protection Equipment (PPE), difficulty with testing of samples, shortage of staff, mental health as well as the question of referral of severe cases are currently being looked into.

DOH's Epidemiology Bureau (EB) is establishing special surveillance for daily monitoring of COVID-19 in prisons and detention facilities jointly with the Bureau of Jail Management and Penology (BJMP) and the Bureau of Corrections (BuCor), similarly to its rigorous surveillance of repatriated overseas Filipino workers (OFW). According to the Department of Foreign Affairs (DFA), a total of 19,466 OFW have been repatriated back to the Philippines as of today, with thousands more expected.

WHO and DOH are piloting a mobile application to enhance data collection on case investigation and contact tracing for COVD-19, allowing rapid sharing of crucial data, including laboratory tests.

National laboratory system

The Inter-Agency Task Force-National Task Force (IATF-NTF) and DOH, with support from the Asian Development Bank (ADB), convened the TASK FORCE T3 (for Test, Trace and Treat): a public-private task force to swiftly expand PCR testing for COVID-19 from the current level of approximately 4,500 per day, to 30,000 tests by end May.

The TASK FORCE T3 consists of private sector members, the Philippine Red Cross (PRC) and the Philippine Disaster Resilience Foundation (PDRF).

PRC with support from the Ayala Group, recently set up a new laboratory in Mandaluyong City, and is hoping to expand its services in other parts of the country.



f OfficialDOHgov y @DOHgovph @ doh.gov.ph J (02) 894-COVID / 155

ADB is setting up a Pandemic Sub-national Reference Laboratory (PSRL) in Jose B. Lingad Memorial General Hospital in San Fernando, Pampanga with a daily output of 3,000 tests.

WHO is continuing to support the Research Institute for Tropical Medicine (RITM) and DOH with procurement of essential laboratory supplies and laboratory assessments to expand the network of 17 laboratories throughout the country currently conducting COVID-19 tests.

The Philippine Business for Social Progress (PBSP) as the Principal Recipient in the Philippines of the Global Fund to Fight Tuberculosis is supporting DOH with cartridges for GeneXpert machines, for the use of COVID-19 testing.

Infection prevention and control

Over 1,700 community health workers have been reached with online trainings on Infection, Prevention and Control (IPC) conducted by UNICEF. Trainings are continuing and anyone can sign up for free at https://forms.gle/WAVzGvMFC4geofdU9. Training videos on IPC and risk communication and community engagement are currently being produced by UNICEF, as well as the *Communicating with Communities on COVID-19 Guide* for community health workers and other frontline workers. The Guide is available in English and soon as well in Filipino.

Almost 1,000 hospital workers have been trained on IPC through the USAID-funded Medicines, Technologies, and Pharmaceutical Services (MTaPS) program in close collaboration with WHO. Trainings are continuing and anyone can sign up for free at *landing page for the virtual training*

- Module 1: IPC for Frontline Healthcare Workers in Facility (every Monday and Wednesday)
- Module 2: Healthcare Waste Management (every Tuesday and Thursday)

With over 1,101 health workers reportedly infected with COVID-19 throughout the country, the necessity for continued IPC trainings is clearly justified. WHO and partners are looking into measuring the impact of the trainings in relation to the infection risk of health workers, as well as the availability of PPE.

DOH and UNICEF in close collaboration with WHO developed an additional Training of Trainers module for Cleaners and Sanitation Personnel, which will be piloted for the WASH Cluster on 29 April. This supplementary module is focused on the cleaning and disinfection protocols, and is targeted at Sanitary Engineers, Sanitary Inspectors and IPC focal points at Regional, Provincial and Municipal levels.

ICRC also conducts IPC training and distributed PPE for 400 health care workers in 8 hospitals in Mindanao, as well as hygiene kits, mats and mattresses.

The government continues to distribute PPE to public hospitals, whereas NGO and private sector manage to send large quantities of PPE to those stakeholders not covered by the government's distribution plan.

The NGO International Association for Human Values (IAHV) distributed N95/KN95 masks to 96 frontline institutions in 53 cities and municipalities in 26 provinces, including 64 government hospitals, the Philippine Armed Forces, Philippine Air Force and Philippine National Police. For fundraising purposes, IAHV sells masks at below market prices to private hospitals, other NGOs, associations and charity groups.

The NGO Action Against Hunger (AAH) developed a handsfree handwashing design and Bill of Quantities (see pictures). A video of the actual construction of the handwashing station can be seen here: https://www.facebook.com/watch/?v=1430439213804329

Case management and continuity of essential services

The Single Joint Research Ethics Board (SJREB) approved the participation of the Philippines in the WHO Solidarity trial, to test the safety and effectiveness of four therapies in treating COVID-19. More than 100 countries joined the Solidarity Trial so far.

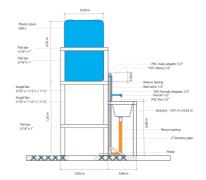
For more information: https://www.who.int/philippines/news/detail/22-04-2020-ph-solidarity-trial-for-covid-19treatments-receives-green-light-from-ethics-review-body

DOH-DILG issued the Joint Administrative Order No. 2020-0001 with the Guidelines on Local Isolation and General Treatment Areas for COVID-19 cases (LIGTAS COVID) and the Communitybased Management of Mild COVID-19 Cases available here: https://bit.ly/LIGTASCOVIDpolicy

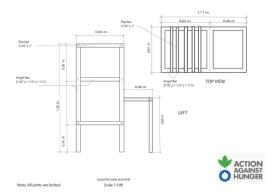
A crucial component in the LIGTAS COVID is the proper installation of isolation/treatment centres and the adherence to these guidelines by Local Government Units. A design manual for a proposed LIGTAD COVID centre was prepared by the Philippine Society of Public Health Physicians (PSPHP), Alliance for Improving Health Outcomes (AIHO) and the architectural firm PALAFOX: https://bit.ly/LIGTASCOVID











DOH is monitoring the distribution of quarantine and referral facilities per region.

HEALTH RESPONSE AND CAPACITY BUILDING

More Local Quarantine Facilities Nationwide

The Department of Health (DOH) in partnership with the Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG) and local government units has established 3,647 quarantine facilities estimated beds of 55,757 nationwide. These facilities are intended for COVID-19 positive,

Regional Distribution of Established Quarantine Facilities and Referral Facilities

REGION	QUARANTINE FACILITIES		REFERRAL FACILITIES	
	No. of Facilities	No. of Beds	Level 1	Level 2&3
NCR	40	2,048	61	92
CAR	137	1,379	19	7
REGION I	448	5,570	54	27
REGION II	271	2,981	49	14
REGION III	221	8,918	115	53
CALABARZON	208	3,096	137	82
MIMAROPA	162	2,185	25	3
REGION V	201	5,674	36	20
REGION VI	214	2,995	35	25
REGION VII	270	6,987	31	26
REGION VIII	469	3,857	39	10
REGION IX	174	2,095	31	9
REGION X	212	1,812	45	27
REGION XI	244	2,117	33	24
REGION XII	128	1,452	47	18
CARAGA	209	1,615	13	10
BARMM	39	976	25	3
TOTAL	3.647	55,757	795	450

HEALTH RESPONSE AND CAPACITY BUILDING



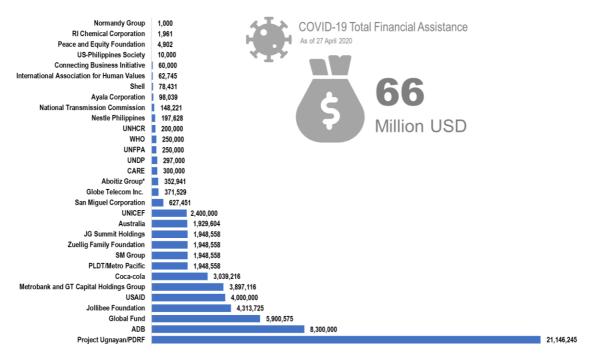
Maga COVID-19 Facilities

NAME	NO. OF BEDS	STATUS	
NCR			
Philippine Arena	TBD	Planning and construction	
Rizal Memorial Coliseum	112	For opening	
Ninoy Aquino Stadium	116	Operational since Apr 13	
BRP Pangulo	120	TBD	
FTI	TBD	Planning	
Ultra-Stadium	156	Under construction	
Quezon Institute	100	Operational since Apr 06	
PICC	294	For opening	
WTC	502	For opening	
Filinvest	TBD	Planning	
Duty Free	TBD	Planning	
Las Piñas Rehab Center	50	Planning	
REGION III			
ASEAN Convention	150	For planning	
NCC Athlete's Village	520	Operational	
NCC NGAC	688	Ongoing construction	
TOTAL	2,538		

Resource mobilization

Grant

Overall donations received to date (data compiled by OCHA):



Please see for details of all items distributed so far by DOH: https://bit.ly/DOHCommDistribution.

As of 24 April, WHO received more than US\$ 402.9 million and an additional US\$ 247.8 million in pledges to its global appeal. This includes €114 million from the European Union to support 80 priority countries with weakened health care systems and capacity including the Philippines.

Loan



Logistics, procurement, and supply management

Who	What		Delivered	Expected
ADB	Laboratory facility for	· 45,000 tests	1	
Americares	N95 masks		1,920	
	Surgical masks		4,000	
Chinese government	COVID-19 test kits		100,000	
	PPE sets		10,000	
	N95 masks		10,000	
	Surgical masks		100,000	
IAHV	N95/KN95 Masks		34,922	
IMC	PPE		200	
	Surgical gowns		4,765	
	Examination gloves		33,869	
	Surgical masks		206,000	
	Goggles		30	
	Cot beds		10	
	Electric fans		20	
lapan government	PPE		12,000	
PRC	Medical tents for isol	ation and treatment	30	
	Face masks		36,000	
	PPE		2,000	
	Medical supplies, masks, alcohol, food		6 Manila hospitals	
UNDP	Ventilators			15
UNFPA	Face masks		110,000	
	Handheld thermometers		1,130	
	PPE		254,839	131,516
	Medical Triage Tents and equipment sets		4	2
	Hygiene kits for women		750	350
	Clean delivery packs		,50	500
	Women Friendly Space Tents		1	2
	Women and Child Protection Unit equipment		1	
UNICEF	Tents for triage and isolation purposes		20	24
ONICLI	Coverall, protection, Catlll, type 4b		20	72,380
	}			33,000
	Faceshield, fog-resistant, fullface, disp			48,000
	Mask, high-fil, FFP2/N95, no valve, nonster Mask, surgic, typellR, ear loop, disp.			409,200
)			100,000
	Gloves, w/opowder, nitr			
	Gloves, heavy-duty, rubber/nitrile			1,000 500
	Goggles, protective, indirect-side-venti			
	Apron, protection, plastic, reusable Boots, rubber/PVC, reusable, pair			500
	ļi			500
	Sprayer, compression			160
	Sanitation and cleaning kit		4 200	500
US government	Cots		1,300	
WFP	Tent		2	
	50 kVA generator		2	
WHO (with USAID funding)	Laboratory sup- plies	E-gene EAV kits	115	
	RdRP-gene kits		95	
	N gene/E gene/RdRp gene vials		12	
	Universal Transport Media viral kit		2,350	
	Regular Flocked Swab		2,000	
	Flexible Mini Tip			2,000
	Extraction kits	QIAgen QIamp RNA Kit	16	21
	SuperScript II	I Platinum One-step qRT-PCR	3	2
World Vision	Mobile Storage Unit 10 x 32m		4	
	Tents (child-friendly space) 7 x 6m		17	
	PPE (4 goggles, 4 aprons, 4 N95 masks, 200 surgi-		458	
	cal caps, 100 gloves, 200 shoe covers)			
	Disinfectant kits		30	