

线性代数 homework (第三周)

PB20000113 孔浩宇

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1 周二

1.1 习题五

17. 设向量组 $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_r$ 线性无关, 且 $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_r$ 可以由向量组 β_1, \dots, β_r 线性表示, 则 β_1, \dots, β_r 也线性无关.

Proof.

$$r = \text{rank}(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_r) \leq \text{rank}(\beta_1, \dots, \beta_r) \leq r \Rightarrow \text{rank}(\beta_1, \dots, \beta_r) = r.$$

□

19. 求下列向量组的极大无关组与秩:

$$(3) \vec{a}_1 = (0, 1, 2, 3), \quad \vec{a}_2 = (1, 2, 3, 4), \quad \vec{a}_3 = (3, 4, 5, 6), \quad \vec{a}_4 = (4, 3, 2, 1), \quad \vec{a}_5 = (6, 5, 4, 3).$$

解: 记极大无关组为 S .

(a) $S_1 = \{\alpha_1\}$.

(b) 假设存在 x 使得 $x \cdot \alpha_1 = \alpha_2$, 则 $0 \cdot x = 1$, 显然无解, 故取 $S_2 = S_1 \cup \{\alpha_2\} = \{\alpha_1, \alpha_2\}$.

(c) 假设存在 x, y 使得 $x \cdot \alpha_1 + y \cdot \alpha_2 = \alpha_3$, 则有

$$\begin{cases} y = 3, \\ x + 2y = 4, \\ 2x + 3y = 5, \\ 3x + 4y = 6. \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = -2 \\ y = 3. \end{cases} \Rightarrow S_3 = S_2 = \{\alpha_1, \alpha_2\}.$$

(d) 假设存在 x, y 使得 $x \cdot \alpha_1 + y \cdot \alpha_2 = \alpha_4$, 则有

$$\begin{cases} y = 4, \\ x + 2y = 3, \\ 2x + 3y = 2, \\ 3x + 4y = 1. \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = -5 \\ y = 4. \end{cases} \Rightarrow S_4 = S_3 = \{\alpha_1, \alpha_2\}.$$

(e) 假设存在 x, y 使得 $x \cdot \alpha_1 + y \cdot \alpha_2 = \alpha_5$, 则有

$$\begin{cases} y = 6, \\ x + 2y = 5, \\ 2x + 3y = 4, \\ 3x + 4y = 3. \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = -7 \\ y = 6. \end{cases} \Rightarrow S_5 = S_4 = \{\alpha_1, \alpha_2\}.$$

综上, 极大无关组 $S = \{\alpha_1, \alpha_2\}$, $\text{rank}(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_6) = 2$.

22. 设向量组 $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m$ 的秩为 r , 则其中任何 r 个线性无关的向量构成 $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m$ 的极大无关组.

Proof. 设有任何 r 个线性无关的向量 $\alpha_{i1}, \dots, \alpha_{ir}$ 构成一个向量组 $S_1, \forall \alpha_j \notin S_1, S_2 = S_1 \cup \{\alpha_j\}$.

$r+1 > r = \text{rank}(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m) \Rightarrow S_2$ 线性相关, 又 S_1 线性无关 $\Rightarrow S_1$ 构成 $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m$ 的极大无关组.

□

23. 设向量组 $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m$ 的秩为 r , 如果 $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m$ 可以由它的 r 个向量线性表示, 则这 r 个向量构成 $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m$ 的极大无关组.

Proof. 将这 r 个向量记为 $\alpha_{i1}, \dots, \alpha_{ir}$.

$$r = \text{rank}(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m) \leq \text{rank}(\alpha_{i1}, \dots, \alpha_{ir}) \leq r \Rightarrow \text{rank}(\alpha_{i1}, \dots, \alpha_{ir}) = r$$

T22 结论 $\rightarrow \text{rank}(\alpha_{i1}, \dots, \alpha_{ir})$ 构成 $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m$ 的极大无关组.

□

2 周四

2.1 习题五