

INDIAN AGRICULTURAL ANALYSIS FROM 1966 TO 2017



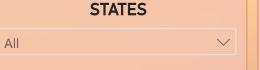
NUMBERS OF DISTINCTS

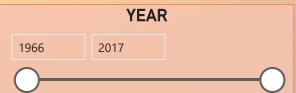
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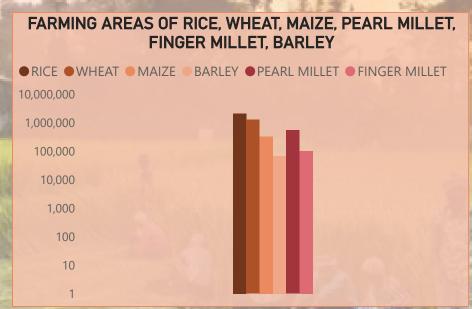
NUMBERS OF STATES

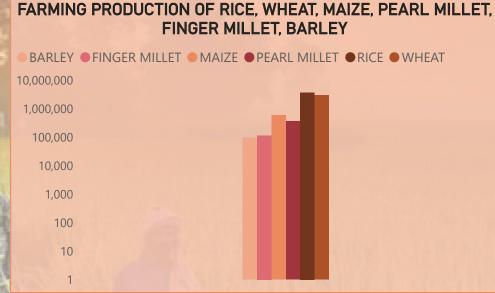
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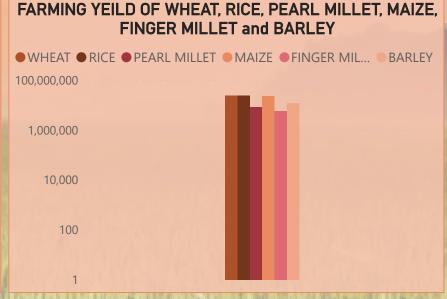


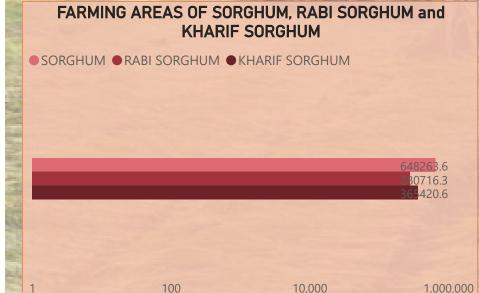


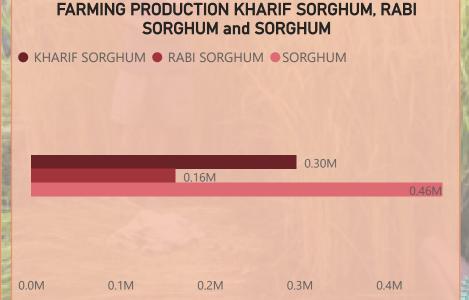


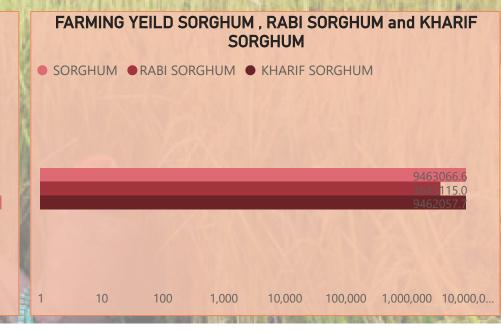




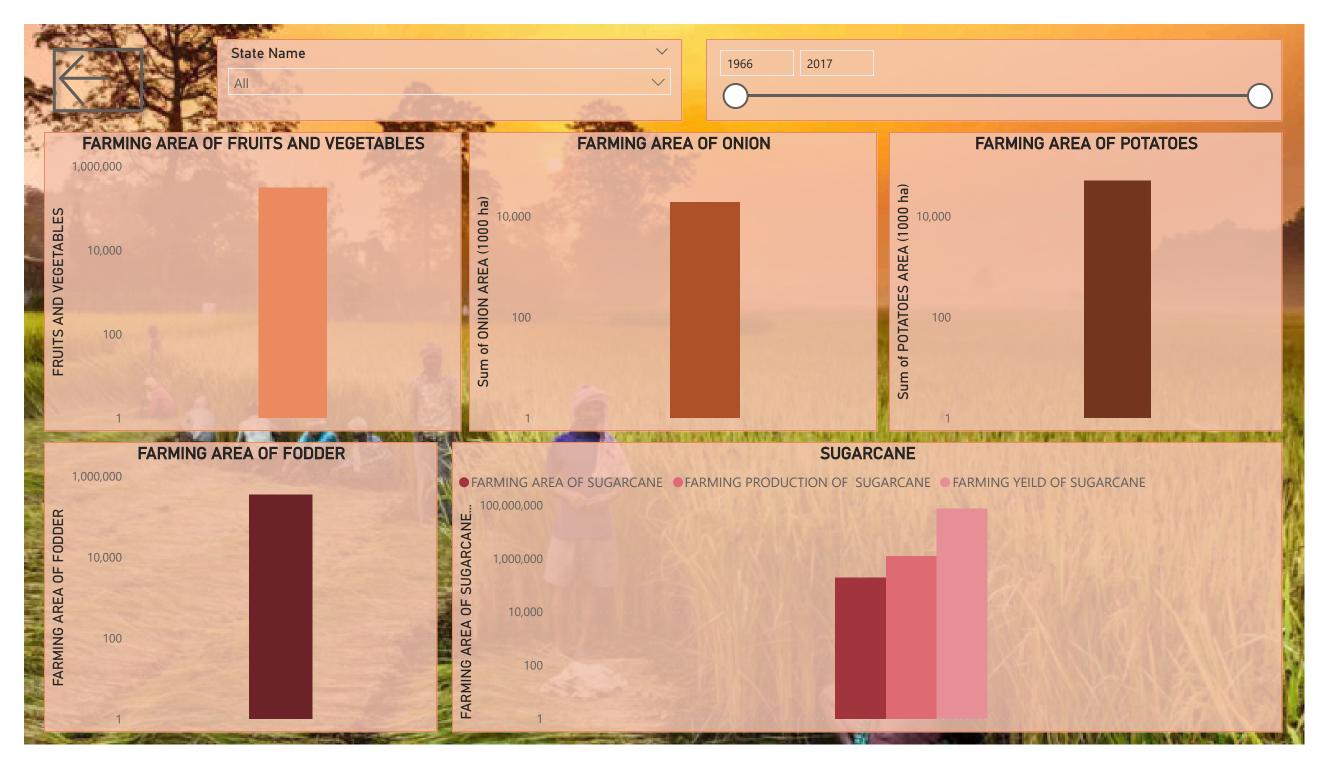


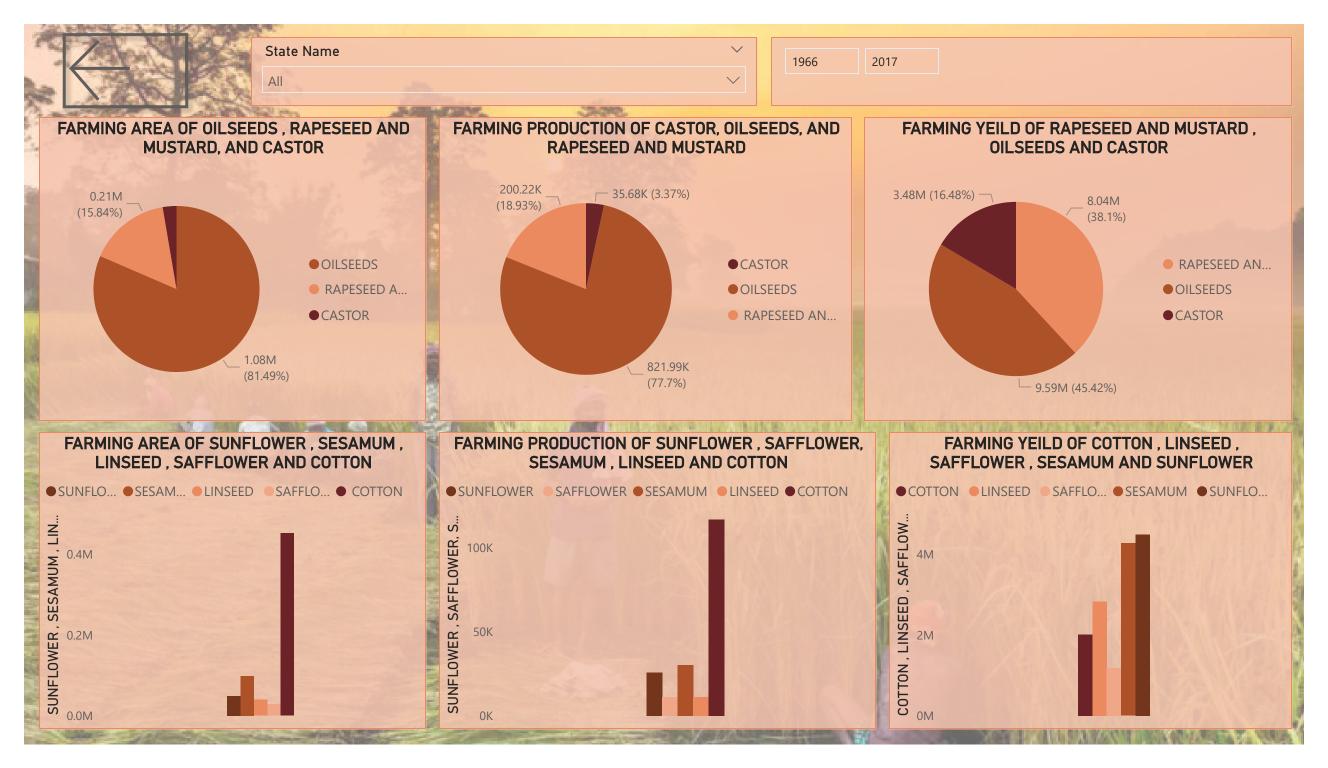












RECOMMENDATION

With regard to a variety of crops and agricultural variables, this dataset offers a thorough summary of agricultural productivity at the district level. An overview of the columns is shown below:

- 1. District Code: A distinct number assigned to every district.
- 2. Year: The year the information is documented.
- 3. State Code: An individual code that designates each state.

State Name: The state's name.

- 5. District Name: The district name.
- 6. Crop Areas and Production: This section includes columns pertaining to various crops, including but not limited to rice, wheat, sorghum, maize, finger millet, barley, chickpea, pigeon-pea, minor pulses, groundnut, sesame, rapeseed, and mustard, safflower, castor, linseed, sunflower, soybean, oilseeds, sugarcane, cotton, fruits, vegetables, fruits and vegetables combined, potatoes, onions, and fodder. There are columns for area (measured in thousand hectares), production (measured in thousand tons), and yield for each crop.

Stakeholders can get important insights and make defensible judgements about agricultural practices, resource allocation, and policy interventions by using these columns to analyze crop performance, yield, and output in detail across districts and across time.