## EECS101: HOMEWORK #2 SOLUTION

1. According to the problem, we have 
$$Var(N_A) = 3^2 = 9, E(N_A) = 0$$
 
$$Var(N_p) = S, E(N_p) = 0$$

The total noise is

$$N_{Total} = N_A + N_P$$

The variance of the total noise is

$$Var(N_{Total}) = Var(N_A + N_D) = (9 + S)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{Var(N_A)}}{\sqrt{Var(N_{Total})}} = \frac{\sqrt{Var(N_A)}}{\sqrt{Var(N_A + N_P)}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{9 + S}} \le 0.1 \Rightarrow S \ge 891$$

$$SNR = \frac{S}{\sqrt{Var(N_{Total})}} = \frac{S}{\sqrt{9+S}} = \frac{891}{\sqrt{9+891}} = 29.7$$

2.

a) 
$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{-z} = \frac{1}{8} \Rightarrow z = -40cm$$

b) Image plane  $3cm \times 3cm \Rightarrow$  Each potential well is

b=0.006cm, d=1cm, z' = 10cm

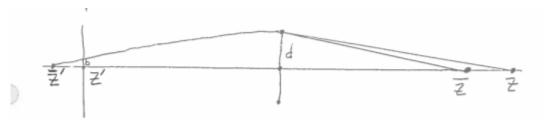
$$\frac{b}{d} = \frac{\overline{z}' - z'}{\overline{z}'} \Longrightarrow \frac{0.006}{1} = \frac{\overline{z}' - 10}{\overline{z}'} \Longrightarrow \overline{z}' = 10.06036cm \text{ (or } 10.06\text{cm)}$$

$$\frac{1}{\overline{z}'} + \frac{1}{-\overline{z}} = \frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{10.06036cm} + \frac{1}{-\overline{z}} = \frac{1}{8cm} \Rightarrow \overline{z} = -39.06253cm$$
 (or -39.07cm for

10.06cm)

$$\overline{z} - z = 0.937$$
*cm*

We can move the point in focus 0.937cm (or 0.93cm) toward the lens before its image extends to more than one potential well



\* The question states 'move toward the lens'. One solution is sufficient to this question. Two reasonable answers are acceptable.

3.

a) 
$$\mu = E((S + N_A + N_P)A + N_Q) = AS + AE(N_A) + AE(N_P) + E(N_Q) = AS$$
  
 $V(D) = V((S + N_A + N_P)A + N_Q) = A^2V(N_A) + A^2V(N_P) + V(N_Q)$   
 $= A^2\sigma_A^2 + A^2S + \sigma_Q^2 = Au + A^2\sigma_A^2 + \sigma_Q^2$ 

b) Image1:  $\hat{u} = 49.423, \hat{\sigma}^2 = 15.144$ 

Image2:  $\hat{\mu} = 79.479, \hat{\sigma}^2 = 21.493$ 

Image3:  $\hat{\mu} = 110.721, \hat{\sigma}^2 = 26.886$ 

Image4:  $\hat{\mu} = 160.079, \hat{\sigma}^2 = 35.986$ 

Least square fit is shown in Figure 1 where dots are the data and line is the fit.

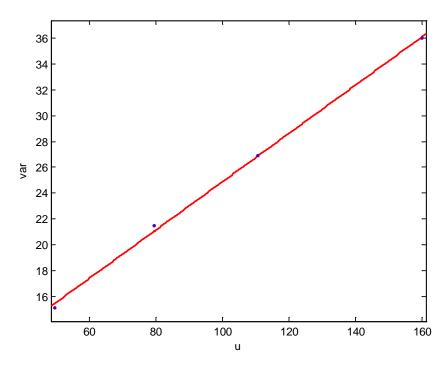


Figure 1

Estimation of A,  $\hat{\sigma}_{\scriptscriptstyle C}^{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$  are

$$\overline{A} = 0.187$$

$$\overline{\sigma}_C^2 = 6.234$$