EECS101 Discussion 4

Edge Detection Using Sobel Operator

Sobel Operator

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x} = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \qquad \frac{\partial E}{\partial y} = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

- Apply $\frac{\partial E}{\partial x}$ to the image and take the absolute value.
- Output image size: 480 x 640 (assign 0s to boarders) or 478 x 638 (ignore boarders)
- Normalize the absolute values to [0,255] to display Normalization: dividing each pixel by the maximum value of the whole image and multiply by 255
 - Repeat the process for $\frac{\partial E}{\partial y}$

Sobel Operator in direction x & border problems (Details on board in lab)

B 1	B1	B1	B 1
B1	B1	B1	B 1
B1	B1	B1	B 1
B2	B2	B2	B2
B2	B2	B2	B2
B2	B2	B2	B2

*	*	*	*
*	0	0	*
*	0	0	*
*	0	0	*
*	0	0	*
*	*	*	*

Squared Gradient Magnitude

- $\mathsf{SGM} = (\frac{\partial E}{\partial x})^2 + (\frac{\partial E}{\partial y})^2$
- Use original $\frac{\partial E}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial E}{\partial y}$ (values before normalization) to compute SGM
- Normalize SGM image to 0-255 for displaying purpose.
- Binary image
 - Use the histogram of SGM to choose threshold values
 - Edges: 255(object); Background: 0

HW4 Submission Guideline

Demo

- 1. Show your working directory without any .ras images.
- 2. Compile and run you code.
- 3. Show your working directory in step 1 with NEWLY generated gradient images in x and y, SGM, and the binary images of the edges.
- 4. Show the 12 newly generated images and describe which image you are displaying. E.g., this is the result of the Sobel operator in direction x of image1, this is the image of the SGM of image 1, etc.

Rubric

- Total 100 points
 - 5 points for submitting your program (in .c)
 - 20 points for the demo
 - 25 points for each of the three images
 - 10 for the two gradient images
 - 10 for SGM image
 - 5 for the binary image