School of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

COMP9900 Information Technology Project COMP3900 Computer Science Project

2023 Term 3

Week 1

Dr Rachid Hamadi (Lecturer in Charge)
Dr Basem Suleiman (Project Clients Coordinator)



Outline

- Course Introduction
- Project Clients Coordination (by Dr Basem Suleiman)
- Assessment Tasks Overview
- User Stories and Acceptance Criteria
- Jira Software
- Week 1 Lab Tasks
- Q & A



Course Introduction



Course Introduction

 Moodle Course Website <u>https://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/course/view.php?id=79493</u>

• Lectures: **Wednesday 18:00 - 20:00**

Location: Online using Blackboard Collaborate

Weeks 1-5, 7-10

Labs: 2 hours per week

Location: F2F or Online using Blackboard Collaborate

Weeks 1-5, 7-10 (Week 6 is Flex Week)

Make Up Class for Monday Week 4 (Labour Day Public Holiday)



Course Summary

- A software project capstone course
- Students work in teams to define, implement and evaluate a real-world software system
- Most of the work in this course is team-based project work
- There are some introductory lectures on software project management techniques and teamwork strategies



Course Summary (cont'd)

- Project teams meet weekly with project mentors to report on the progress of the project
- Assessment is based on a project proposal, progressive demonstrations and retrospectives, a final project demonstration and report, and on the quality of the software system itself
- Students are also required to reflect on their work and to provide peer assessment of their teammates' contributions to the project



Labs (or Mentoring Sessions)

- Weekly project progress meeting with tutor/mentor
- Two progressive demos to mentor in Weeks 5 and 8 and final demo/presentation in Week 10
- Two retrospectives right after progressive demos and report due Saturday Weeks 5 and 8 resp.
- Attendance to labs is then mandatory
- Regular group meetings (more than once per week) among team members



Readings

- No textbook
- Slides will be provided in the course website (Moodle)
- Online resources may be provided from time to time (e.g., in lectures or via the tutor/mentor in the lab) and may be uploaded to Moodle
- For Project Management part of the course, the following text is highly recommended:

Kathy Schwalbe. Information Technology Project Management. 9th Edition. Cengage. 2018



Assumed Knowledge

Before commencing this course, students should be able to:

- produce correct software programs in Python, Java or C/C++, i.e., compilation, running, testing, debugging, etc.
- produce readable code with clear documentation
- have basic knowledge of database programming, Web programming and/or script programming (such as Python, PHP, and JavaScript)



Assumed Knowledge (cont'd)

For **COMP9900**, students must:

- · Be in their final term of study, and
- Have completed at least 66 UOC towards MIT program 8543

Assumed Knowledge (cont'd)

For **COMP3900**, students must:

- Have successfully completed COMP1531 and COMP2521 (or the old equivalent COMP1927)
- Be enrolled in a BSc Computer Science major
- Have completed at least 102 UOC



Learning outcomes

- 1. work from a set of **requirements**, elaborate them, and produce a **specification**
- 2. design and build a **correct**, **efficient** and **robust** software system from **specification**
- 3. use software **development** and software **project management tools**
- 4. validate the correctness and robustness of software
- 5. work **effectively** in a project **team**, and **lead** when required
- 6. manage their time effectively, and make reasoned trade-offs over competing demands
- 7. communicate technical information clearly, both verbally and in writing



COMP9900 – IT Project COMP3900 – CS Project

- A brief description of 25 real-world projects with clients to choose from this term is provided under Project Topics section in Moodle
- As a team, decide on the project that best matches the team's areas of specialization, knowledge and skills by end of Week 1



Project Clients Coordination (by Dr Basem Suleiman)



Project Clients Coordination

- Roadmap to improve capstone project experience CSE, Engineering, ACS
- Projects proposed by clients (project owners) real-life project experience
- Project description
 - Client, project specialization, background, requirements and scope, required knowledge and skills, expected outcomes
- Projects focus development work and discipline-specific if agreed
 - Traditional software/system development and interdisciplinary
 - Web/software/mobile application, Al-based development, cybersecurity, computer vision
- Teams to select project based on knowledge and skills important!



Project Clients Coordination

Teams to work with project client

- Project stakeholders (e.g., industry partners, research assistants)
- Requirements elicitation and scope by Week 3 Friday
- Sprint demos, deliverables/outcomes, handover/documentation
- Bi-weekly/milestone meetings (e.g., demos) and communication efficient and effective
- Early feedback and changes (Sprint review)
- Team lead (product owner) act on the client's behalf
- Be creative suggest/lead novel ideas
- Projects coordinator (Basem Suleiman) to facilitate with clients

Project's structure

- One big project and sub-projects (big team and sub-teams)
- Same project carried out by multiple teams
- Coordination and communication among teams and the client



Project Clients Coordination

- Project's timeline
 - Week 2-3: meet/communicate with your client (lead/product owner)
 - Week 3: proposal due (clear requirements and scope, project plan)
 - Week 4-10: development work and major milestones/demos communicate with client (meeting, communication channels)
 - Week 5: Sprint 1 demo
 - Week 8: Sprint 2 demo
 - Week 10: Sprint 3 (final) demo, project document, and handover



Assessment Tasks Overview



Assessment Tasks Overview

No final exam

A team-based project

Each team has ideally five (5) members



Assessment Tasks Overview (cont'd)

Assessment	Туре	Weighting	Aligned CLOs*	Due Date**
1. Proposal	Group	10%	CLOs 1, 3, 5-7	Friday Week 3 @ 9pm
2. Progressive Demo A	Group	2.5%	CLOs 2-7	Week 5 Lab Time
3. Retrospective A	Group	2.5%	CLO 5	Saturday Week 5 @ 9pm
4. Progressive Demo B	Group	2.5%	CLOs 2-7	Week 8 Lab Time
5. Retrospective B	Group	2.5%	CLO 5	Saturday Week 8 @ 9pm
6. Final Project Demo	Group	20%	CLOs 2-7	Week 10 Lab Time
7. Project Report	Group	20%	CLOs 1, 2, 5-7	Friday Week 10 @ 9pm
8. Software Quality	Group	20%	CLOs 2-7	Friday Week 10 @ 9pm
9. Participation & Peer Assessment	Individual	20%	CLOs 1-7	Saturday Week 10 @ 9pm

^{*}CLOs = Course learning outcomes



^{**}All dates and times are Sydney NSW Australia dates and times

User Stories and Acceptance Criteria



User Stories

- A user story helps agile software development teams capture a simplified and high-level description of a requirement from an end user perspective
- A user story often follows the following **Connextra** format/template:

As a [who] I want to [what] so that [why]

• Example:

As an **online shopper**, I want to **add an item to my cart**, so that I **can purchase it**



User Stories (cont'd)

- As a <type of user> this is the WHO
 - Who are we building this for? Who is the user?
- I want <some feature> this is the WHAT
 - What are we building? What is the intention?
- So that <some reason> this is the WHY
 - Why are we building this? What is the value for the customer?



User Stories (cont'd)

User Stories Checklist

- Keep them short
- Keep them simple
- Write them from the user perspective
- Make the reason/value/benefit of the story clear
- Describe only one piece of functionality
- Write stories as a team
- Use acceptance criteria to show a Minimum Viable
 Product (MVP), that is, is a working and usable product



Acceptance Criteria

- Acceptance criteria, also called satisfaction conditions, provide a detailed scope of end users requirements
- Help the development team understand the value of the user story and set expectations as to when a team should consider something done
- Acceptance Criteria Goals
 - clarify what the team should build before they start
 - ensure everyone has a common understanding of the problem
 - help the team members know when the story is complete
 - help verify the story via automated tests



Acceptance Criteria (cont'd)

Example:

 As an online banking customer, I want a strong password, so that my credit card information is secure

Acceptance Criteria:

- The password must be at least eight (8) characters
- The password must contain at least one character from each of the following groups:
 - lower case alphabet
 - upper case alphabet
 - digit
 - special characters (!, @, #, \$, %, ^, &, *)



Acceptance Criteria (cont'd)

Acceptance criteria should include:

- Negative scenarios of the functionality
- Functional and non-functional use cases
- Performance concerns and guidelines
- What the system/feature intends to do
- The **impact** of a user story to other features
- User experience concerns



Jira Software

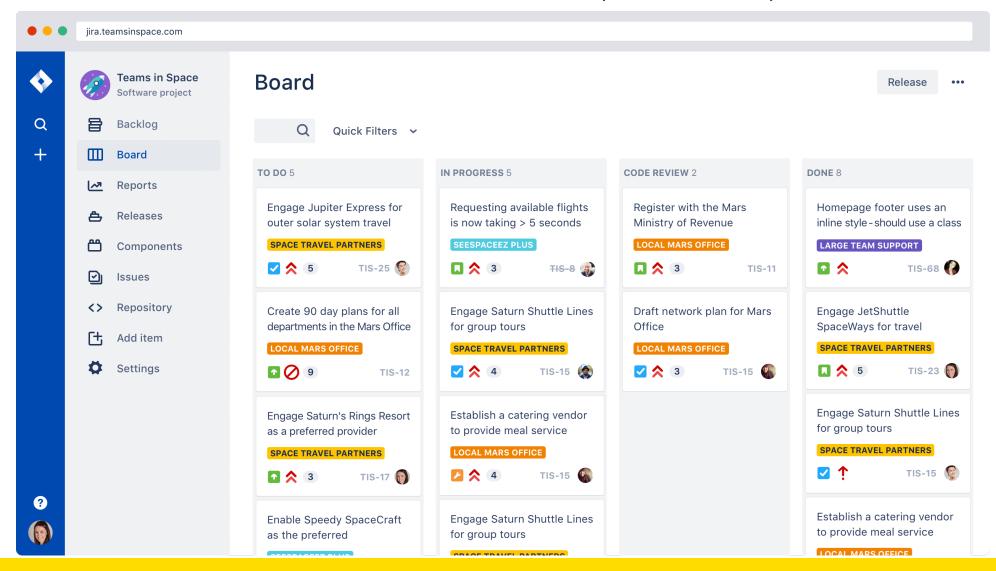


Jira Software

- Jira Software is an agile project management tool
- Jira Software supports any agile project management methodology such as Scrum and Kanban
- From agile boards to reports, you can plan, track, and manage all your agile software development projects from a single tool
- See https://www.atlassian.com/software/jira/agile
 for more details



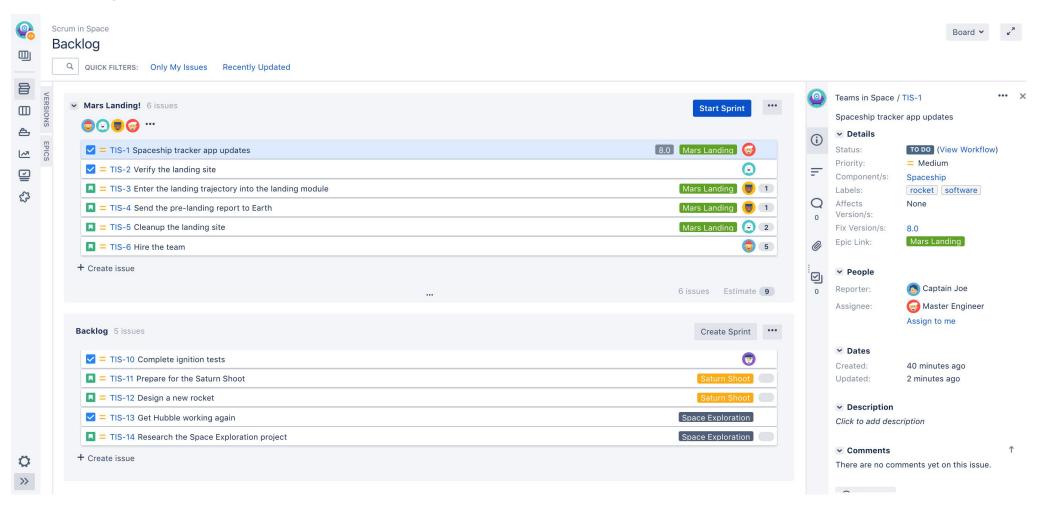
Jira Software (cont'd)





Jira Software (cont'd)

Backlog





Jira Software (cont'd)

♦ Jira Software Features Product gulde Templates Pricing Enterprise

Getting started

Introduction to Jira Software

· What is Jira Software?

Dia into specific features

Jira Software for Teams

7 Steps to Get Started in Jira Software

Projects

Boards

Issues

Workflows

Integrations

Reports and Dashboards

Insights

Permissions

JQL

Automation

Timeline

Advanced Roadmaps

Mobile Apps

More about Jira Software

Welcome to Jira Software

Everything you'll need to know

Whether you've used it in a past life, or have never heard of it, we'll help you navigate choosing the right product, setting it up, and learning the best practices. So grab your team and let's go!



What is Jira Software?

Jira Software is the #1 agile project management tool used by teams to plan, track, release and support world-class software with confidence. It is the single source of truth for your entire development lifecycle, empowering autonomous teams with the context to move quickly while staying connected to the greater business goal. Whether used to manage simple projects or to power your DevOps practices, Jira Software makes it easy for teams to move work forward, stay aligned, and communicate in context. Sign up for a live demo of Jira Software

♦ Jira Software

Getting started with Jira Software •

Who uses Jira Software?

Jira Software launched in 2002 as an issue tracking and project management tool for teams. Since then, 65,000+ companies globally have adopted Jira for its flexibility to support any type of project and extensibility to work with thousands of apps and integrations.

- Agile teams
- · Bug tracking teams

- · Product management teams
- · Project management teams

How to use Jira Software

Jira Software Guides and Tutorials

https://www.atlassian.com/software/jira/guides



Week 1 Lab Tasks



Week 1 Lab Tasks

- Join or form a team of ideally 5 members within your lab
- Decide on who will be the Scrum Master
- Decide on a team name
- Ensure the team's name is prefixed with the last four digits of the course code and lab code, for instance,
 9900H14BMagicode for a team called Magicode enrolled in lab H14B for COMP9900
- Register your team in Moodle using group self-selection activity under "Teams Formation" section



Week 1 Lab Tasks (cont'd)

 Register for Jira. Use the exact team's name for the Jira site name. Add all team members and mentor as site-admin (see Jira guide in Moodle under Jira section)

 Decide on the project you will work on by end of Week 1 to your mentor for approval

Start working on the Proposal assessment due Week 3
 Friday 29 September 2023 @ 9pm



Q & A