

Where to Invest in France Real Estate

IBM Coursera

Analysis

- Each year around 100,000 families look for a house to rent. But the supply remaining below the demand, it is estimated that it would be necessary to build 15,000 houses per year for a decade to meet the needs. In short, if they are correctly placed and their rents are in line with the market, the houses can be rented without difficulty.
- In France, buying or renting a house or an apartment is affordable depending on the cities and departments. Real estate in urban areas and real estate in rural areas also do not have the same prices.

Population (Region)

Population by region and department

Change in the population by region

| | Census 1990 | Census 1999 | January 1st 2008 | January 1st 2020 (p) |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes | 6 668 168 | 6 949 608 | 7 459 092 | 8 032 377 |
| Bourgogne- Franche-Comté | 2 705 826 | 2 728 086 | 2 802 519 | 2 783 039 |
| Bretagne | 2 794 317 | 2 904 075 | 3 149 701 | 3 340 379 |
| Centre - Val de Loire | 2 369 808 | 2 440 295 | 2 531 588 | 2 559 073 |
| Corse | 249 645 | 260 152 | 302 966 | 344 679 |
| Grand Est | 5 274 064 | 5 387 509 | 5 521 452 | 5 511 747 |
| Hauts-de-France | 5 770 671 | 5 855 448 | 5 931 091 | 5 962 662 |
| Île-de-France | 10 644 665 | 10 946 012 | 11 659 260 | 12 278 210 |
| Normandie | 3 126 859 | 3 202 449 | 3 293 092 | 3 303 500 |
| Nouvelle Aquitaine | 5 114 287 | 5 257 954 | 5 671 076 | 5 999 982 |
| Occitanie | 4 546 249 | 4 842 680 | 5 419 946 | 5 924 858 |
| Pays de la Loire | 3 055 197 | 3 219 960 | 3 510 170 | 3 801 797 |
| Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur | 4 257 244 | 4 502 385 | 4 882 913 | 5 055 651 |
| France métropolitaine | 56 577 000 | 58 496 613 | 62 134 866 | 64 897 954 |

Data Aquicision

- I used the French statistics web sites to gather all the information I needed for my project, based on the information I gathered the following factors were analysed in order to get a better solution out of the problem be:
- The GDP per capita of all departments in France
- The Total Population of each departments

Data source: https://www.ined.fr/en/everything_about_population/data/france/population-structure/regions_departments/

Data source:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_French_regions_and_overseas_collectivities_by_GDP#Dep artments_by_GDP

Popylar Type of House

• The individual house shows a gross rental profitability

Households by family structure

| Household types | Number of households | | | Household population | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------|------------|----------------------|------------|------------|
| | 1999 | 2009 | 2016 | 1999 | 2009 | 2016 |
| One-person households | 7 380 109 | 9 062 418 | 10 227 807 | 7 380 109 | 9 062 418 | 10 227 807 |
| - o/w male | 2 964 035 | 3 767 097 | 4 387 651 | 2 964 035 | 3 767 097 | 4 387 651 |
| - o/w female | 4 416 074 | 5 295 321 | 5 840 156 | 4 416 074 | 5 295 321 | 5 840 156 |
| Couple family households | 13 406 800 | 14 796 024 | 14 960 471 | 42 940 359 | 44 170 530 | 44 268 462 |
| Lone parent family households | 1 911 560 | 2 303 503 | 2 648 285 | 4 995 645 | 6 098 179 | 6 946 888 |
| Other non-family households | 485 594 | 704 039 | 659 202 | 1 904 011 | 1 666 697 | 1 567 293 |
| Overall | 23 808 072 | 26 865 984 | 28 495 765 | 57 220 124 | 60 997 824 | 63 010 449 |

Average Salary Per Department

| Rank | | Département | Average Salary (in euros) | |
|----------|----|----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 0 | 1 | Paris (75) | 44 794 € | |
| 1 | 2 | Hauts-de-Seine (92) | 42 815 € | |
| 2 | 3 | Yvelines (78) | 39 236 € | |
| 3 | 4 | Haute-Savoie (74) | 35 381 € | |
| 4 | 5 | Essonne (91) | 30 834 € | |
| 5 | 6 | Val-de-Marne (94) | 30 476 € | |
| 6 | 7 | Ain (01) | 30 243 € | |
| 7 | 8 | Haut-Rhin (68) | 29 950 € | |
| 8 | 9 | Rhône (69) | 29 788 € | |
| 9 | 10 | Seine-et-Marne (77) | 28 656 € | |
| 10 | 11 | Haute-Garonne (31) | 28 271 € | |
| 11 | 12 | Savoie (73) | 28 029 € | |
| 12 | 13 | Val-d'Oise (95) | 28 004 € | |
| 13 | 14 | Alpes-Maritimes (06) | 27 959 € | |
| 14 | 15 | Bas-Rhin (67) | 27 882 € | |
| 15 | 16 | Isère (38) | 27 875 € | |

Conclusion

With a house, the risk of haircuts is limited. In the long term, in fact, prices have never fallen, as shown by the PAP index on May 1. On a 1,000 basis established on January 1, 2001, houses reached 1,700 on June 1, 2013. Above all, in twelve years, the value of houses has increased by more than 70% according to our index.

To hope for a good recovery, the houses must be located near shops, services, transport and especially schools. In other words, respect the basic rule of real estate investment: select a good location. This point is all the more important as a well-placed house will have more chances to please the tenants and will be rented at a better price.

