MOD500 Decision Analysis with Artificial Intelligence Support

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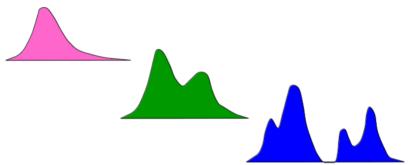


1 Information Theory

Probability distribution

Amount of uncertainty

Number of Modes: unimodal, bimodal, polymodal



Task assignment

Code a discrete probability distribution in Python
Calculate the Mean and Standard Deviation
How to get an experiment out of this distribution?

- Daddy: Claude Shannon (1940)
- His initial work has been done on signal transmission.
- It uses Entropy as key measurement of information uncertainity.

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It is an interface between data and decisions.

A question to sum up the idea

Does more data bring value?

It has permitted the advances of several fields:

cryptography, neurobiology, signal processing, linguistics, bioinformatics, statistical physics, black holes, quantum computing, information retrieval, intelligence gathering, plagiarism detection, pattern recognition, anomaly detection, etc

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Entropy of an information source

$$H = -\sum_{i}(p_{i})log(p_{i})$$

 H_X of a discrete random variable X is a measure of the amount of uncertainty associated with the value of X when only its distribution is known

What is p_i ?

It is a numerical descriptions of how likely an event is to occur

Assigned probability and computed probability are different

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Do not mix the concepts!

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Calculate the Mean and Standard Deviation

How to get an experiment out of this distribution?

Calculate Shannon's Entropy as a function of the number of experiments

Kullback-Leibler divergence (information gain)

$$D_{KL} = \sum_{i} (p_i) log(\frac{p_i}{q_i})$$