

Title: TIVAC MIDTERM

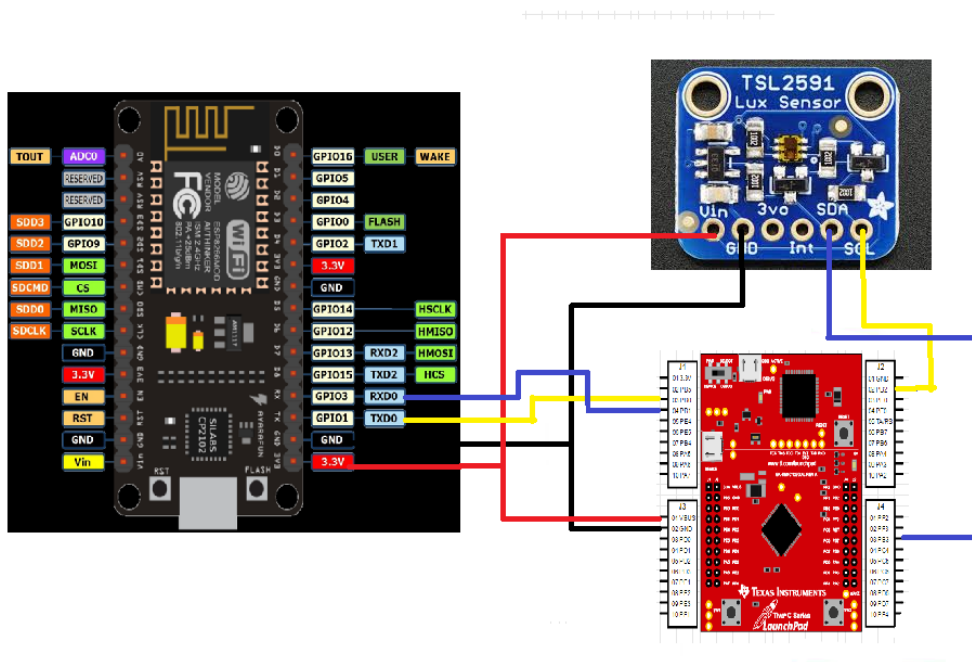
Goals:

- Read lux values using TSL 2591 Lux Sensor
- Communicate lux value to ESP using UART
- Send lux values to Thinkspeak Server using the ESP
- Hibernate program to send values every 45 seconds

Deliverables:

The project is intended to collect lux values for an extended period of time and write these values to the Thinkspeak server which will display these values in a graph.

Schematics:



Implementation:

- Initialize integer variables
- Initialize UART, I2C, and TSL2591(lux sensor)
- Using a 40MHz clock configure system to hibernate for 45 seconds
- Take 20 samples of the lux value and use the average as the sample to send through UART
- Send commands through UART in order to have the ESP upload data to ThinkSpeak server
- Hibernate for 45 seconds and then repeat sending lux data

Code:

```
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "inc/tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include "inc/hw_i2c.h"
#include "inc/hw_memmap.h"
#include "inc/hw_types.h"
#include "inc/hw_gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/i2c.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/pin_map.h"
#include "driverlib/uart.h"
#include "utils/uartstdio.h"
#include "driverlib/interrupt.h"
#include "driverlib/hibernate.h"
#include "TSL2591_def.h"
#include "utils/ustdlib.h"

void ConfigureUART(void)
//Configures the UART to run at 19200 baud rate
{
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_UART1); //enables UART module 1
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOB); //enables GPIO port b

    GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO_PB1_U1TX); //configures PB1 as TX pin
    GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO_PB0_U1RX); //configures PB0 as RX pin
    GPIOPinTypeUART(GPIO_PORTB_BASE, GPIO_PIN_0 | GPIO_PIN_1); //sets the UART pin
type

    UARTClockSourceSet(UART1_BASE, UART_CLOCK_PIOSC); //sets the clock source
    UARTStdioConfig(1, 115200, 16000000); //enables UARTstdio baud rate, clock,
and which UART to use
}

void I2C0_Init ()
//Configure/initialize the I2C0
{
```

```

    SysCtlPeripheralEnable (SYSCTL_PERIPH_I2C0); //enables I2C0
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable (SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOB); //enable PORTB as peripheral
    GPIOPinTypeI2C (GPIO_PORTB_BASE, GPIO_PIN_3); //set I2C PB3 as SDA
    GPIOPinConfigure (GPIO_PB3_I2C0SDA);

    GPIOPinTypeI2CSCL (GPIO_PORTB_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2); //set I2C PB2 as SCLK
    GPIOPinConfigure (GPIO_PB2_I2C0SCL);

    I2CMasterInitExpClk (I2C0_BASE, SysCtlClockGet(), false); //Set the clock of
the I2C to ensure proper connection
    while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE)); //wait while the master SDA is busy
}

void I2C0_Write (uint8_t addr, uint8_t N, ...)
//Writes data from master to slave
//Takes the address of the device, the number of arguments, and a variable amount of
register addresses to write to
{
    I2CMasterSlaveAddrSet (I2C0_BASE, addr, false); //Find the device based on
the address given
    while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));

    va_list vargs; //variable list to hold the register addresses passed

    va_start (vargs, N); //initialize the variable list with the number of
arguments

    I2CMasterDataPut (I2C0_BASE, va_arg(vargs, uint8_t)); //put the first
argument in the list in to the I2C bus
    while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));
    if (N == 1) //if only 1 argument is passed, send that register command then
stop
    {
        I2CMasterControl (I2C0_BASE, I2C_MASTER_CMD_SINGLE_SEND);
        while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));
        va_end (vargs);
    }
    else
    //if more than 1, loop through all the commands until they are all sent
    {
        I2CMasterControl (I2C0_BASE, I2C_MASTER_CMD_BURST_SEND_START);
        while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));
        uint8_t i;
        for (i = 1; i < N - 1; i++)
        {
            I2CMasterDataPut (I2C0_BASE, va_arg(vargs, uint8_t)); //send
the next register address to the bus
            while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));

            I2CMasterControl (I2C0_BASE, I2C_MASTER_CMD_BURST_SEND_CONT);
            //burst send, keeps receiving until the stop signal is received
            while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));
        }
    }
}

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        I2CMasterDataPut (I2C0_BASE, va_arg(vargs, uint8_t));    //puts the
last argument on the SDA bus
        while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));

        I2CMasterControl (I2C0_BASE, I2C_MASTER_CMD_BURST_SEND_FINISH); //send
the finish signal to stop transmission
        while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));

        va_end (vargs);
    }
}

uint32_t I2C0_Read (uint8_t addr, uint8_t reg)
//Read data from slave to master
//Takes in the address of the device and the register to read from
{
    I2CMasterSlaveAddrSet (I2C0_BASE, addr, false);    //find the device based on
the address given
    while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));

    I2CMasterDataPut (I2C0_BASE, reg);    //send the register to be read on to
the I2C bus
    while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));

    I2CMasterControl (I2C0_BASE, I2C_MASTER_CMD_SINGLE_SEND); //send the send
signal to send the register value
    while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));

    I2CMasterSlaveAddrSet (I2C0_BASE, addr, true);    //set the master to read
from the device
    while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));

    I2CMasterControl (I2C0_BASE, I2C_MASTER_CMD_SINGLE_RECEIVE);    //send the
receive signal to the device
    while (I2CMasterBusy (I2C0_BASE));

    return I2CMasterDataGet (I2C0_BASE);    //return the data read from the bus
}

void TSL2591_init ()
//Initializes the TSL2591 to have a medium gain,
{
    uint32_t x;
    x = I2C0_Read (TSL2591_ADDR, (TSL2591_COMMAND_BIT | TSL2591_ID)); //read the
device ID
    if (x == 0x50)
    {
        //    UARTprintf ("GOT IT! %i\n", x); //used during debugging to make sure
correct ID is received
    }
    else
    {
        while (1){};    //loop here if the dev ID is not correct
    }
}

```

```

    I2C0_Write (TSL2591_ADDR, 2, (TSL2591_COMMAND_BIT | TSL2591_CONFIG), 0x10);
    //configures the TSL2591 to have medium gain and integration time of 100ms
    I2C0_Write (TSL2591_ADDR, 2, (TSL2591_COMMAND_BIT | TSL2591_ENABLE),
(TSL2591_ENABLE_POWERON | TSL2591_ENABLE_AEN | TSL2591_ENABLE_AIEN |
TSL2591_ENABLE_NPIEN));    //enables proper interrupts and power to work with TSL2591
}

uint32_t GetLuminosity ()
//This function will read the channels of the TSL and returns the calculated value to
the caller
{
    float atime = 100.0f, again = 25.0f;    //the variables to be used to calculate
proper lux value
    uint16_t ch0, ch1; //variable to hold the channels of the TSL2591
    uint32_t cp1, lux1, lux2, lux;
    uint32_t x = 1;

    x = I2C0_Read (TSL2591_ADDR, (TSL2591_COMMAND_BIT | TSL2591_C0DATAH));
    x <= 16;
    x |= I2C0_Read (TSL2591_ADDR, (TSL2591_COMMAND_BIT | TSL2591_C0DATAH));

    ch1 = x>>16;
    ch0 = x & 0xFFFF;

    cp1 = (uint32_t) (atime * again) / TSL2591_LUX_DF;
    lux1 = (uint32_t) ((float) ch0 - (TSL2591_LUX_COEFB * (float) ch1)) / cp1;
    lux2 = (uint32_t) ((TSL2591_LUX_COEFC * (float) ch0) - (TSL2591_LUX_COEFD *
(float) ch1)) / cp1;
    lux = (lux1 > lux2) ? lux1: lux2;

    return lux;
}

void main (void)
{
    char HTTP_POST[300];    //string buffer to hold the HTTP command
SysCtlClockSet(SYSCTL_SYSDIV_5|SYSCTL_USE_PLL|SYSCTL_XTAL_16MHZ|SYSCTL_OSC_MAI
N);    //set the main clock to runat 40MHz
    uint32_t lux = 0, i;
    uint32_t luxAvg = 0;

    ConfigureUART ();    //configure the UART of Tiva C
    I2C0_Init ();    //initialize the I2C0 of Tiva C
    TSL2591_init ();    //initialize the TSL2591

    SysCtlPeripheralEnable (SYSCTL_PERIPH_HIBERNATE);    //enable button 2 to be
used during hibernation
    HibernateEnableExpClk (SysCtlClockGet());    //Get the system clock to set to
the hibernation clock
    HibernateGPIORetentionEnable (); //Retain the pin function during hibernation
    HibernateRTCEnable ();    //enable RTC hibernation
    HibernateRTCSet (0);    //Set RTC hibernation
    HibernateRTCMatchSet (0, HibernateRTCGet()+45);    //hibernate for 30 minutes

```

```

    HibernateWakeSet (HIBERNATE_WAKE_PIN | HIBERNATE_WAKE_RTC);    //allow
    hibernation wake up from RTC time or button 2

    for (i = 0; i < 20; i++)
    //finds the average of the lux channel to send through uart
    {
        lux = GetLuminosity ();
        luxAvg += lux;
    }
    luxAvg = luxAvg/20;

    UARTprintf ("AT+RST\r\n"); //reset the esp8266 before pushing data
    SysCtlDelay (100000000);
    UARTprintf ("AT+CIPMUX=1\r\n"); //enable multiple send ability
    SysCtlDelay (200000000);
    UARTprintf ("AT+CIPSTART=4,\"TCP\", \"184.106.153.149\",80\r\n"); //Establish a
    connection with the thingspeak servers
    SysCtlDelay (500000000);

    //The following lines of code puts the TEXT with the data from the lux in to a
    string to be sent through UART
    usprintf (HTTP_POST, "GET
    /update?key=AJSGN02JLU6Y93LZ&field1=%d&headers=falseHTTP/1.1\nHostapi.thingspeak.com\
    nConnection:close\nAccept*\r\n\r\n", luxAvg);
    UARTprintf ("AT+CIPSEND=4,%d\r\n", strlen(HTTP_POST)); //command the
    ESP8266 to allow sending of information
    SysCtlDelay (500000000);
    UARTprintf (HTTP_POST); //send the string of the HTTP GET to the ESP8266
    SysCtlDelay (500000000);

    HibernateRequest (); //Hibernate
    while (1)
    {};
}

```