

## Question 1

Let  $T(n)$  be the number of additions that the function `fct` does. Assume  $n = 2^z$  (i.e.,  $n = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, \dots$ ),

```
int fct(const int A[], int n){
    if ( n == 1 )
        return A[n]+A[n]
    else
        return  A[n]+A[n]+fct(A, n/2);
}
```

**Part A)** Write a recurrence relation for  $T(n)$  where  $n$  is the number of elements in the array  $A$ .

**Part B)** Solve the recurrence relation to obtain  $T(n)$  in terms of  $n$ . Show your workings.

**Part C)** Write the resulting expression of part 2) in big O notation.

**Part D)** Name an algorithm that has this same running time complexity.

## Question 2

a) What is the output of the C++ program below?

```
//assume a,b >= 0
int f(int a,int b){
    if(a==0 && b == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(a == 0){
        return f(a,b-1)-1;
    }
    return 1 + f(a-1,b);
}
```

What is returned by the call f(3,8)

What does this function do?

b) Consider the following recursive C++ function.

```
int foo(int n){
    if(n == 0){
        return 1;
    }
    int x = 0;
    for(int i = n; i > 0;i--){
        x+= foo(n-1);
    }
    return x;
}
```

What is returned by the call foo(4)

What does this function do?

The next 3 questions need to be coded and have to compile and run. You should start with mt1started.cpp found in D2L

### Question 3 (10 points)

Write a recursive function `isSorted` determines if a vector is in ascended order.

### Question 4 (10 points)

Write a recursive function that is passed a vector of unique positive integers and a sum. Using that vector find all unique combines of integers from that vector that sums to the sum( You can repeat numbers). Use the function prototype

```
int sumThing(std::vector<int> & v,int sum);
```

Do not use globals, nor static varibales, but feel free to create extra strings .

Examples

```
Std::vector<int> A = {8,4,6,2};
```

`sumThing(A,10)` returns 6

Because all these combine to sum to 10 (22222 ,2224, 226 ,244,28,46)

### Question 5 (10 points)

Write a function that will be passed a string. Your program should print out all the letters that were not in the string. This should be case insensitive.