

SLS CAPABILITY AVAILABILITY

SLS Block 1 As Early As 2019

Provides

Initial Heavy-Lift Capability

Enables

Orion Test

SmallSats to Deep Space SLS Block 1B Crew As Early As 2022

Provides

105 t lift capability via Exploration Upper Stage

Co-manifested payload capability in Universal Stage Adapter

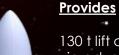
Enables

Deep Space Gateway

Larger CubeSatand ESPA-Class Payloads SLS Block 1B Cargo As Early As 2022

Provides

8.4-meter fairings for primary payloads



NASA

130 t lift capability via advanced boosters

SLS Block 2 As Early As 2028

10-meter fairings for primary payloads

Enables

Europa Clipper/Lander

Deep Space Transport

Ice or Ocean Worlds Missions

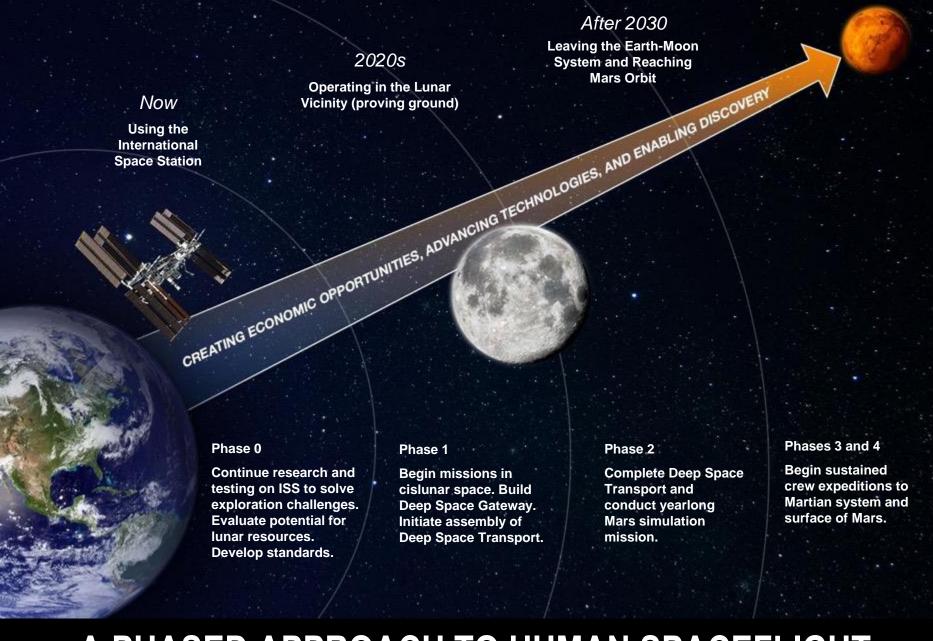
Large-Aperture Space Telescopes

Enables

Crewed Mars Orbit Missions

Crewed Mars
Surface Missions





A PHASED APPROACH TO HUMAN SPACEFLIGHT SLS PLAYS A KEY ROLE INTO THE 2030s

BOOSTER PROGRESS



CORE STAGE PROGRESS



ENGINE PROGRESS



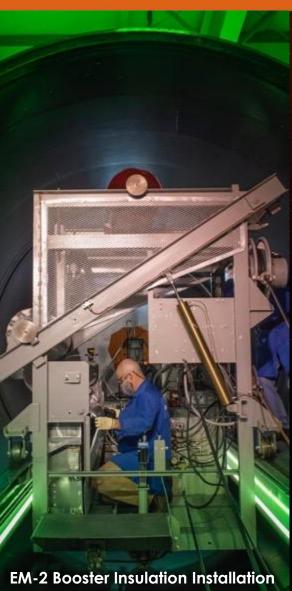
SLS

IN-SPACE STAGE AND ADAPTER PROGRESS



PROGRESS TOWARD EM-2/BLOCK 1B



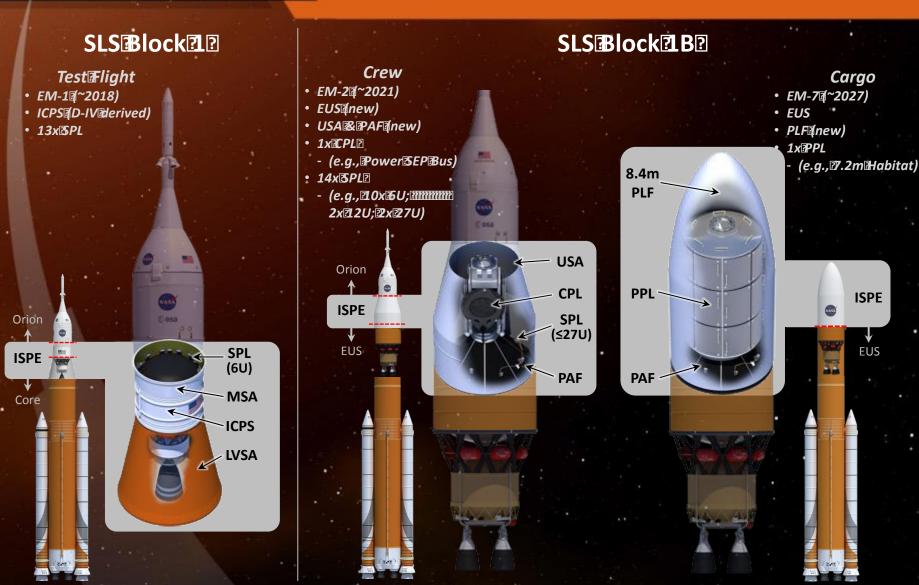






SLS Spacecraft/Payload Integration & Evolution (SPIE)

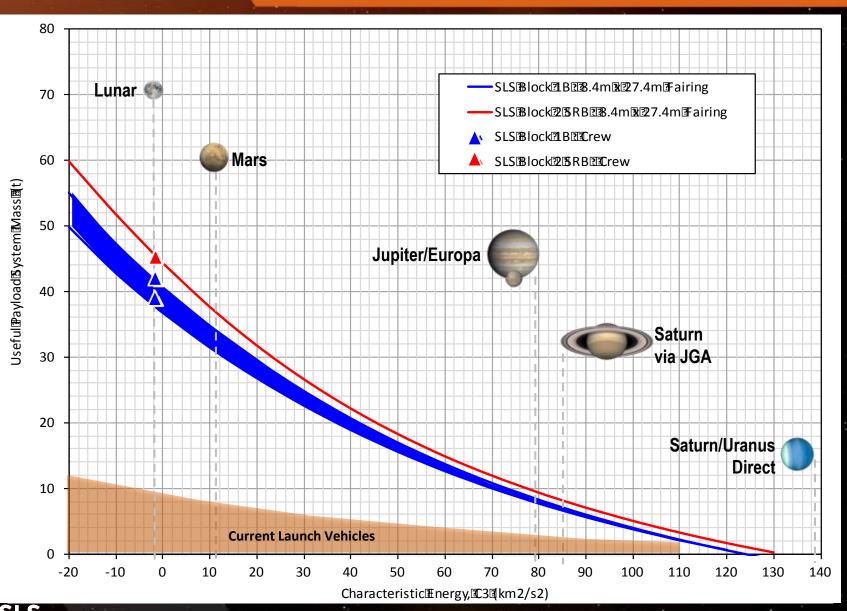
ISPE Hardware Development & Payload Integration for SLS Missions



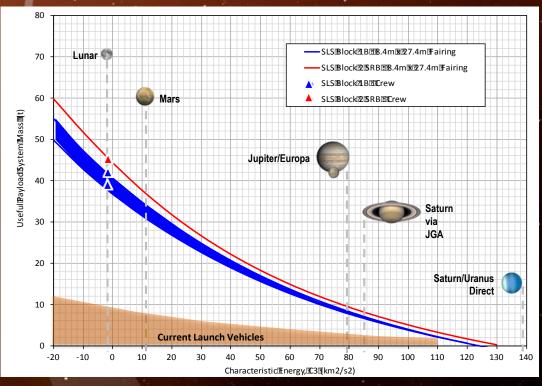
Notes: ISPE – Integrated Spacecraft Payload Element SPL – Secondary Payload MSA-MPCV Stage Adapter (CPS – Integrated Cryogenic Propulsion Stage LVSA – Launch Vehicle Stage Adapter / EUS – Exploration Upper Stage USA – Universal Stage Adapter CPL – Co-manifested Payload PAF – Payload Attachment Fitting PLF – Payload Fairing PPL – Primary Payload

- ISPE Separation Plane

SLS PAYLOAD MISSION CAPTURE

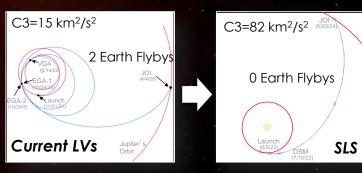


SLS TIME TO DESTINATION



Europa Clipper

- Desired launch date of June 2022
- Jovian system transit time reduced by 65% over existing launch vehicles
- Reduced mission operations cost over time



Earliest Launch

*Period: 6/4/22 – 6/24/22 (SLS) *Period: 6/18/22 – 7/8/22 (Atlas)

Cruise:

2.5 Years (SLS) 7.4 Years (Atlas)

Jupiter Orbit Insertion

12/24/24 or 5/1/25 (SLS) 11/26/29 (Atlas)

Jovian System Operations

Prime Europa Flyby Campaign: 36 months

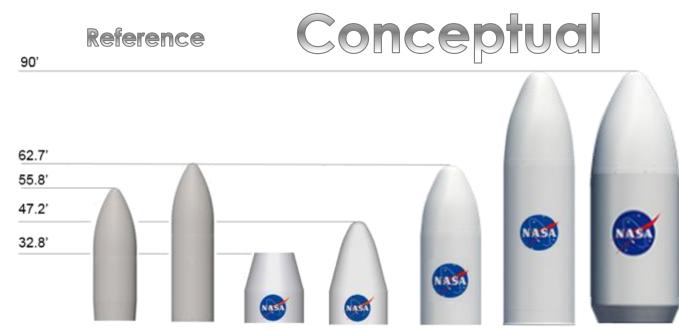








RANGE OF PAYLOAD ENCAPSULATION



Enclosure	5.4m PLF	5.1m PLF	8.4m USA	8.4m USA PLF	8.4m PLF, Short	8.4m PLF, Long	10m PLF
Туре	5m PPL	5m PPL	8.4m CPL	8.4m PPL	8.4m PPL	8.4m PPL	10m PPL
Length-	55.8 ft	62.7 ft	32.8 ft	47.2 ft	62.7 ft	90 ft	90 ft
	17.0 m	19.1 m	10.0 m	14.4 m	19.1 m	27.4 m	27.4 m
Diameter	17.7 ft	16.7 ft	27.6 ft	27.6 ft	27.6 ft	27.6 ft	32.8 ft
	5.4 m	5.1 m	8.4 m	8.4 m	8.4 m	8.4 m	10.0 m
Internal Diameter	15.1 ft	15.1 ft	24.6 ft	24.6 ft	24.6 ft	24.6 ft	29.9 ft
	4.6 m	4.6 m	7.5 m	7.5 m	7.5 m	7.5 m	9.1 m
Available Volume	7,740 ft ³	9,030 ft ³	10,100 ft ³	11,260 ft ³	18,970 ft ³	31,950 ft ³	46,610 ft ³
	219.2 m ³	255.7 m ³	286.0 m ³	319 m ³	537 m ³	905 m ³	1,320 m ³





Block 1B

SLS MASS TO DESTINATION

Up to 5 times greater mass to orbit capability than current launch systems

- Increases payload mass margins
- Offers range of injection propulsion options

New Horizons

 SLS would have doubled delivered payload mass to Pluto

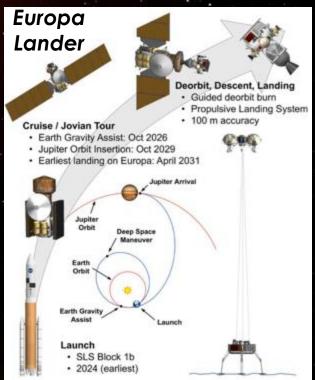
Europa Lander

16 mT delivery to outer planets (with margin)

Payload Lift Comparison







SLS COST TO DESTINATION



- Plan to fly at least 1 crewed SLS per year
- System has capability to fly up to 3 SLS's per year
- Orion Co-manifested Payloads cost limited to launch vehicle integration activities
 - More volume than Shuttle Payload Bay
 - Up to 10 mT of payload to cis-lunar space
- Multiple payload combinations possible
 - New 8.4m class (w/COTS separation systems)
 - ELV 5m class (w/COTS separation systems)
 - ESPA ring class (w/COTS separation systems)
 - Up to 27U Cubesats (w/COTS dispenser systems)



Largest existing 5m fairing



Orion Co-manifested Payload (8.4m USA)

THE ADVENTURE BEGINS NOW.



SLS

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