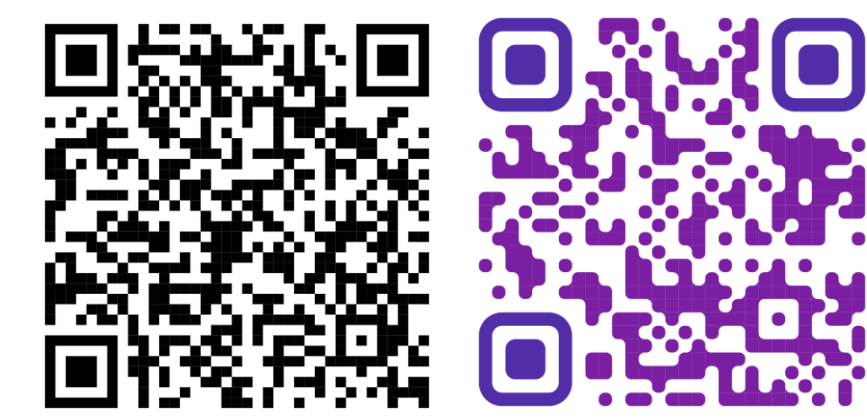


# Multi-Scale Modeling of Electrochemical Separation: From Material Modeling to Process Optimization

Teslim Olayiwola (PhD Candidate), Jose Romagnoli (PhD Advisor)  
Cain Department of Chemical Engineering, Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, LA, USA



LinkedIn Homepage

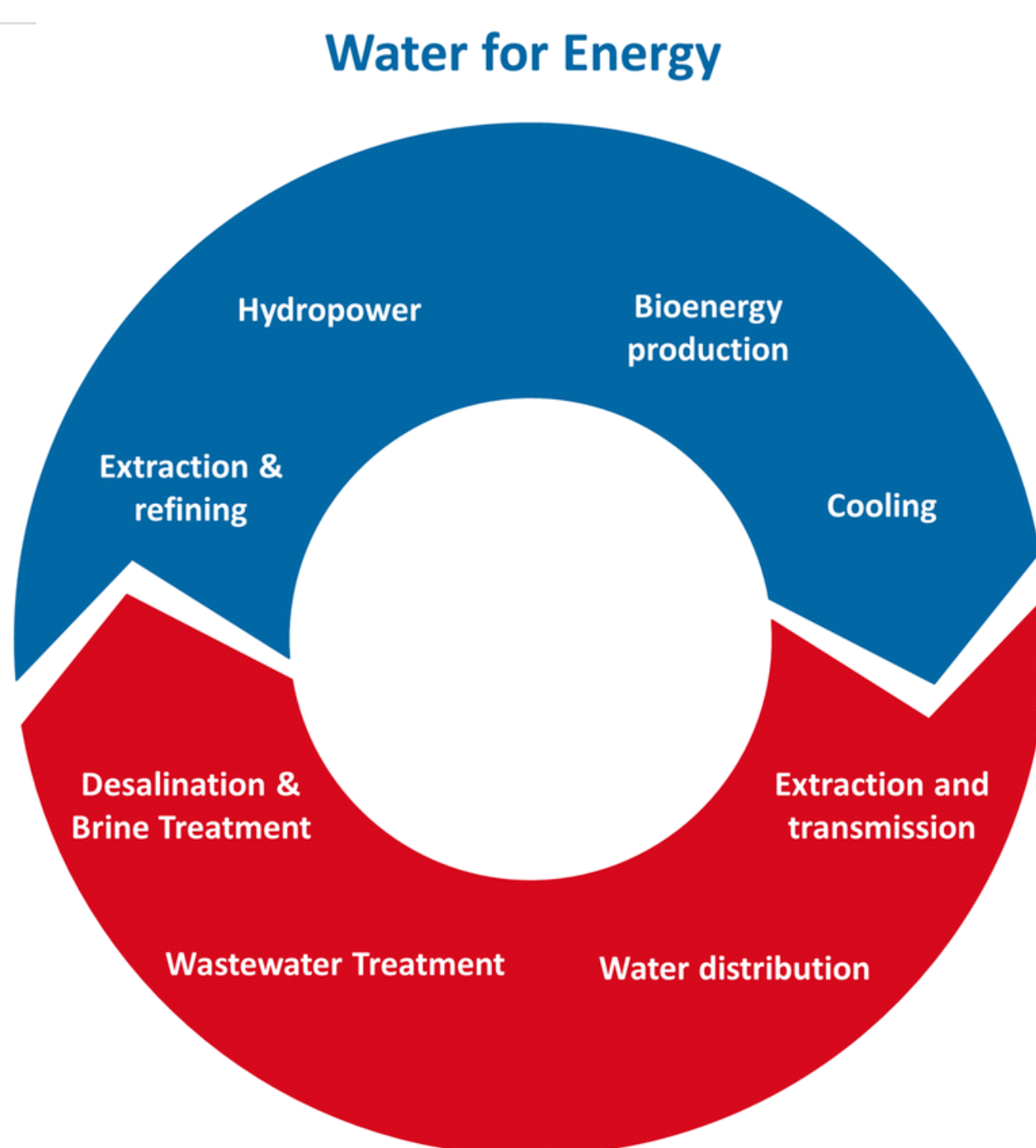
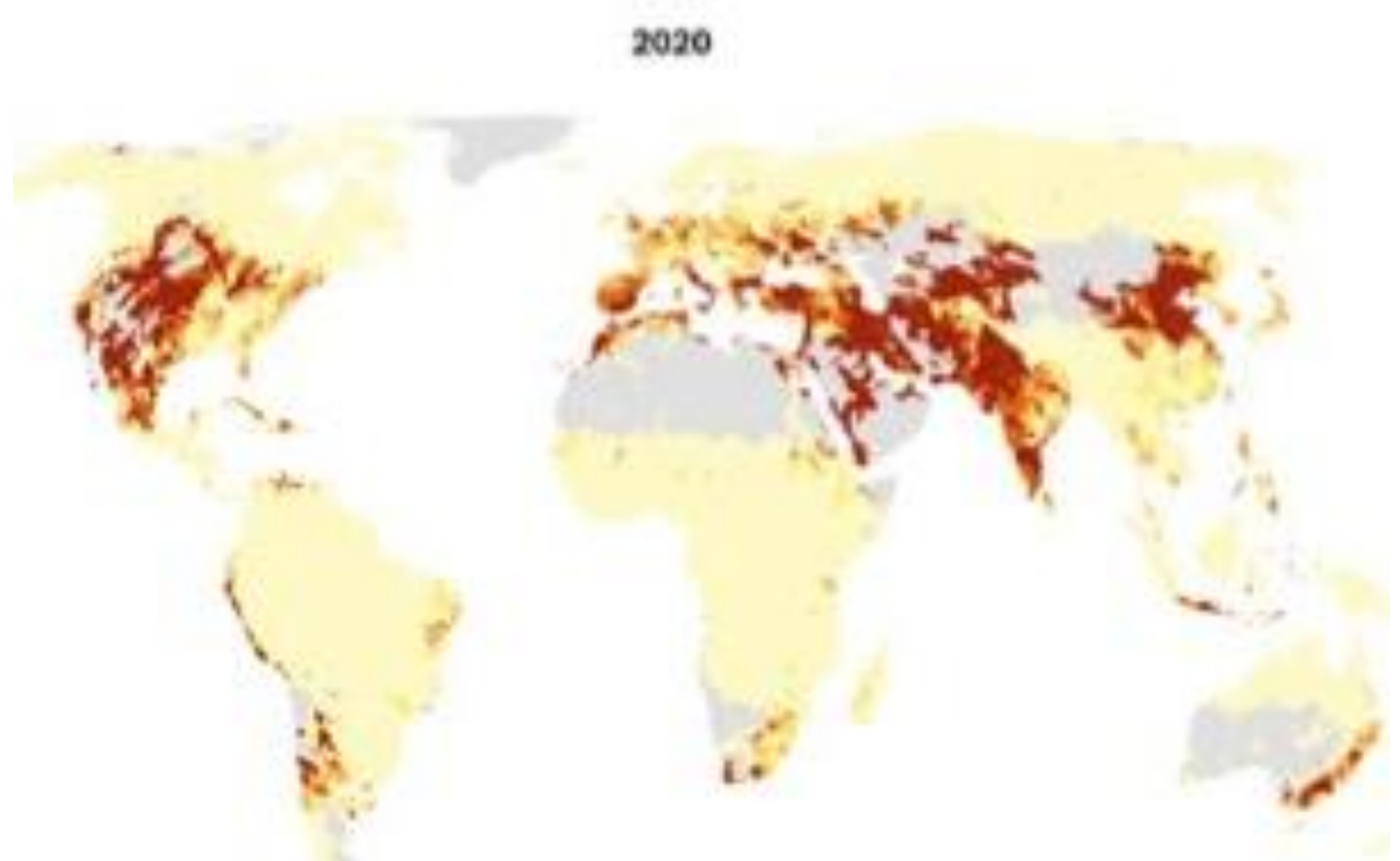


Internships

## Water scarcity in 21<sup>st</sup> century

### A Quarter of Humanity Faces Looming Water Crises

By Somini Sengupta and Weiwei Cai Aug. 6, 2019



Energy for Water

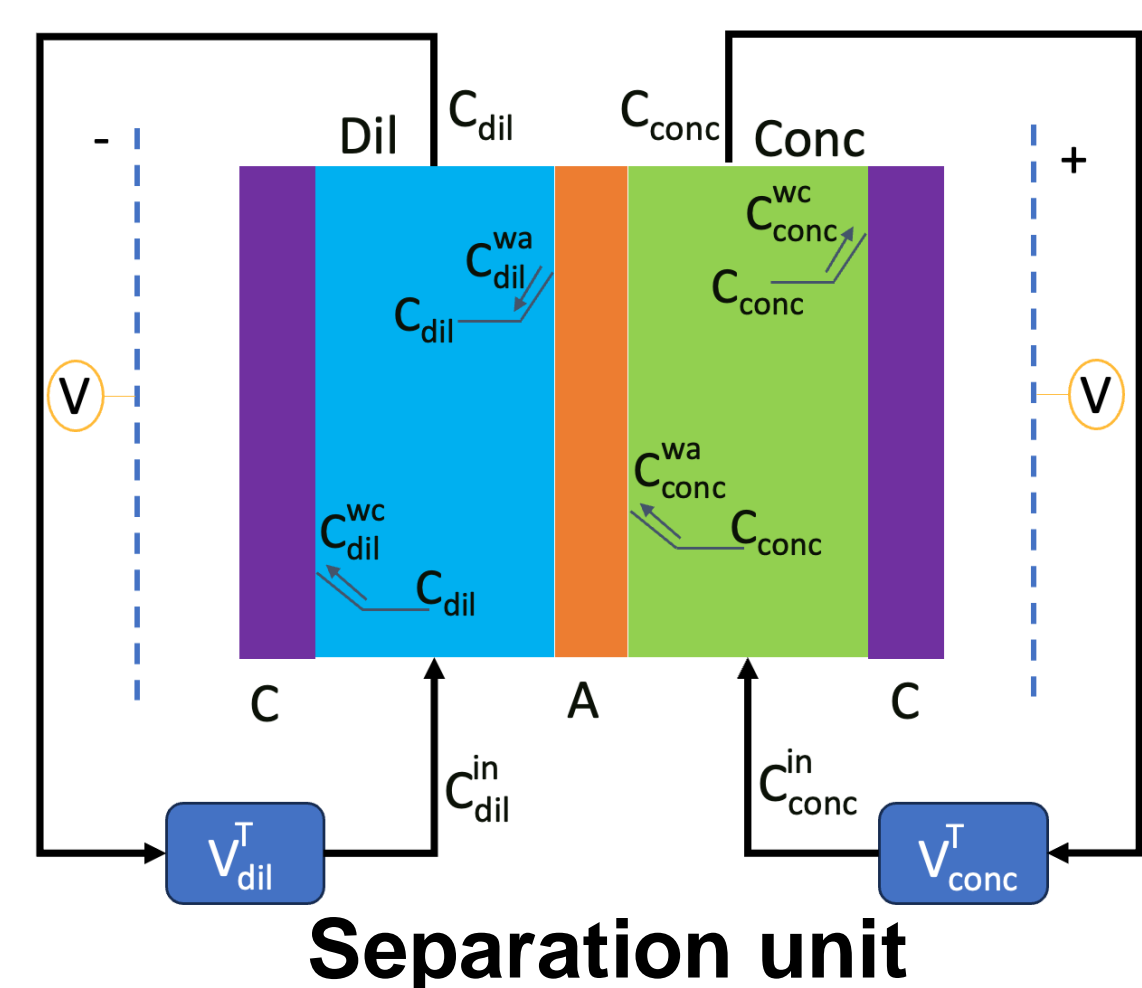
- Thermoelectric power plants use ~42% total freshwater in USA.
- ~12.6% of total energy consumption for water related purposes.
- Actively seeking simple electrified separation units (e.g. Electrodialysis, ED; Electrodeionization, EDI; Capacitive Deionization, CDI) with low pressure & energy requirement.

## Computational Frameworks

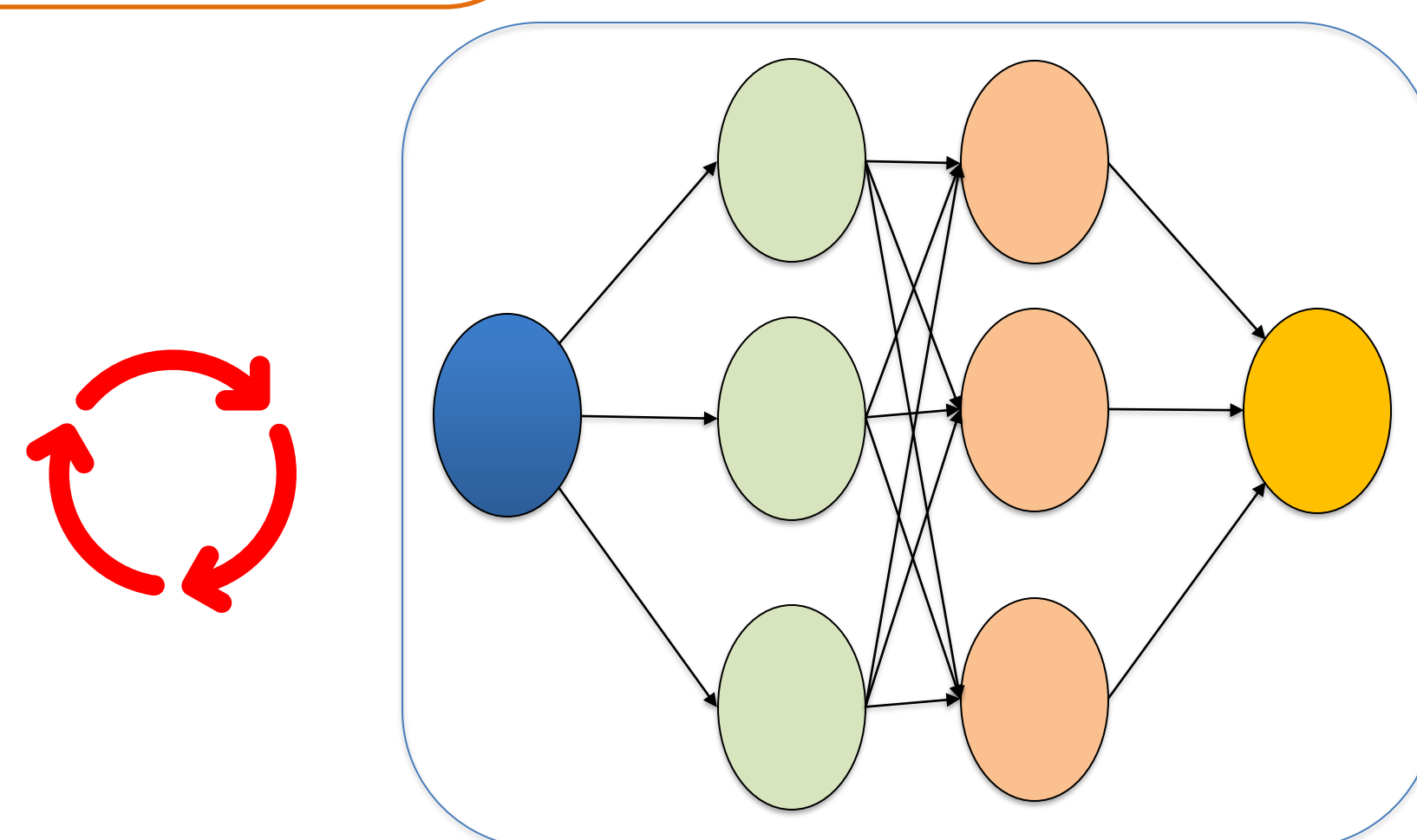
Continuum model

$$\frac{dC_i}{dt} = \frac{A}{V_k} \sum J_i$$

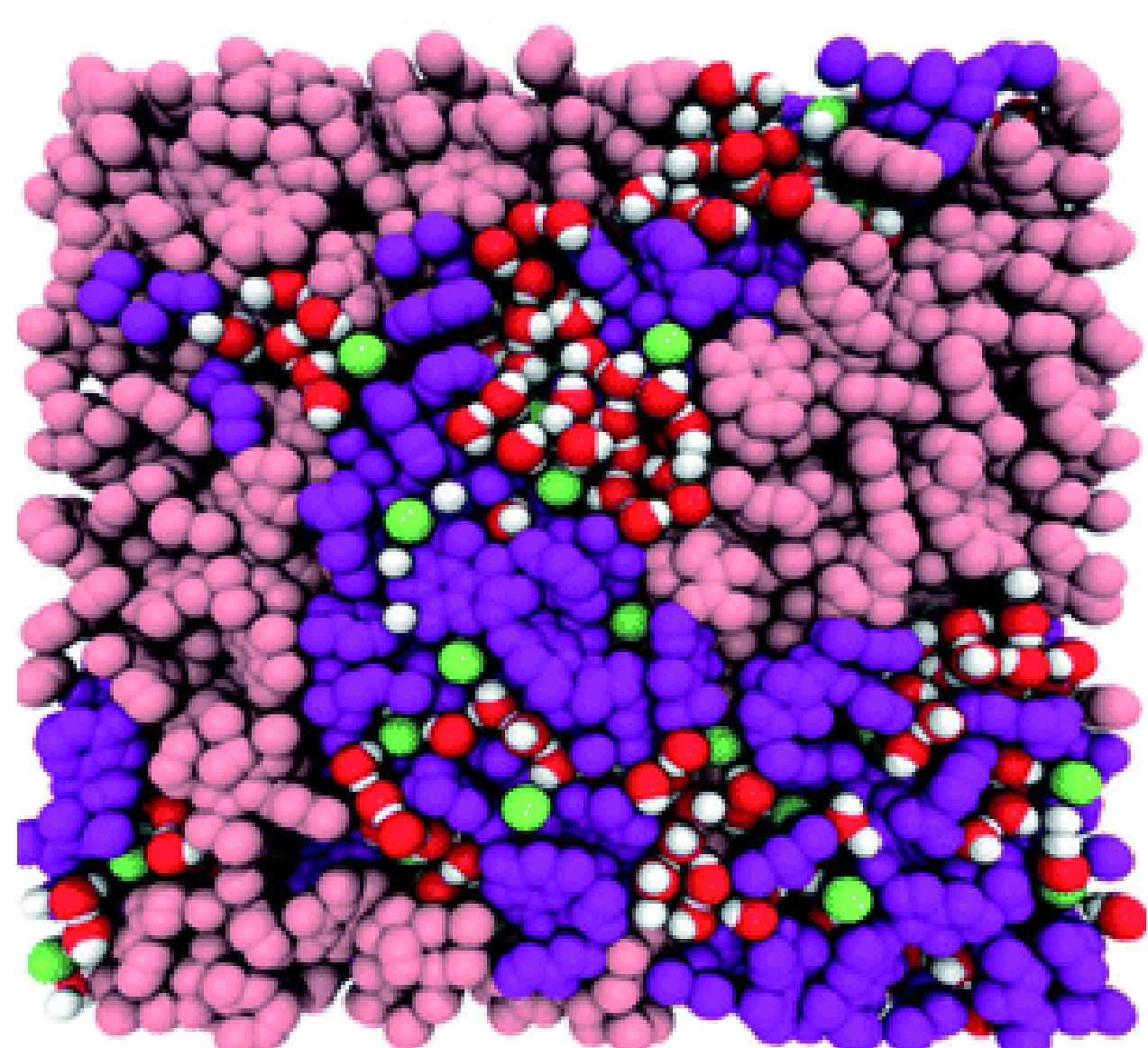
$$V = \sum E_i$$



Separation unit

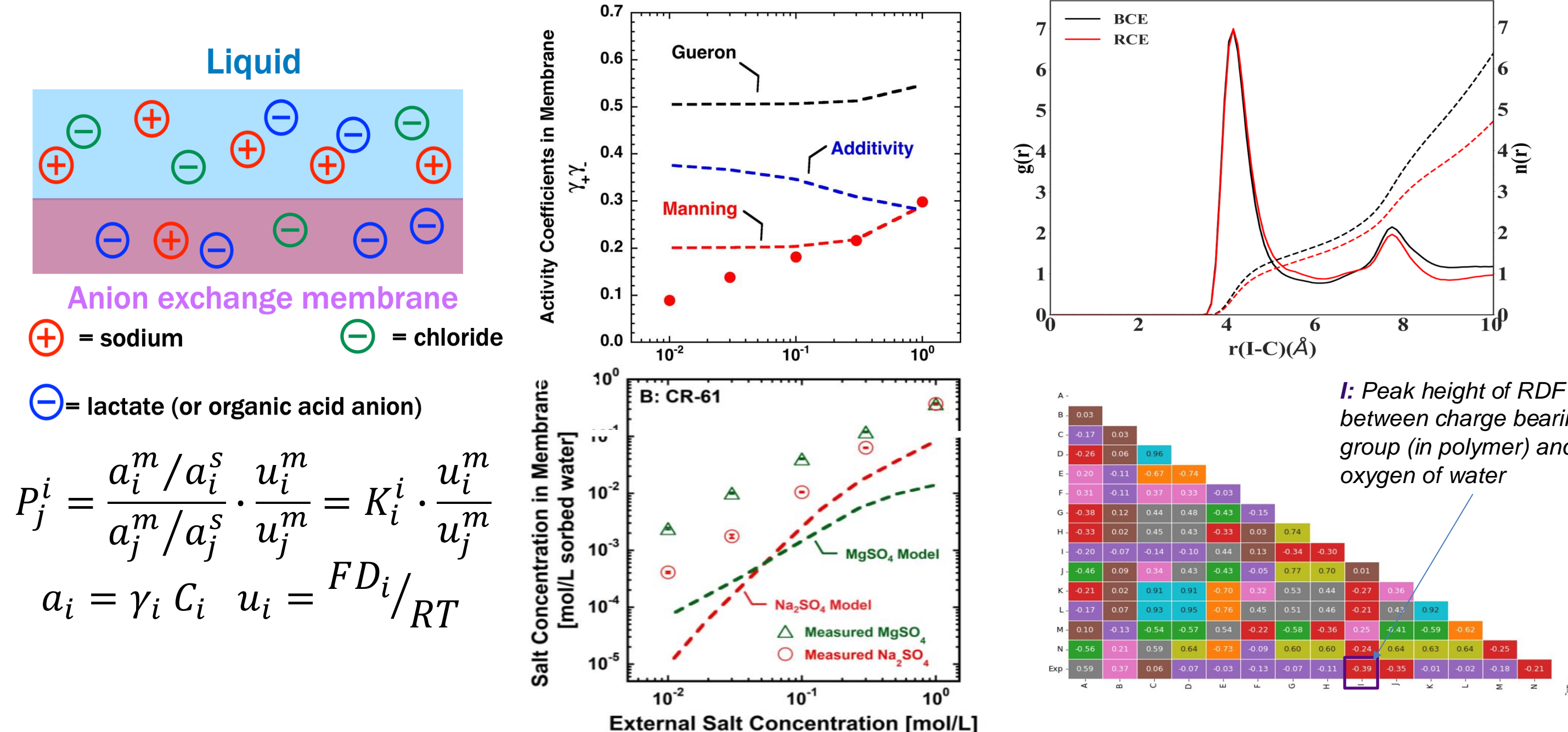


Data-driven modeling

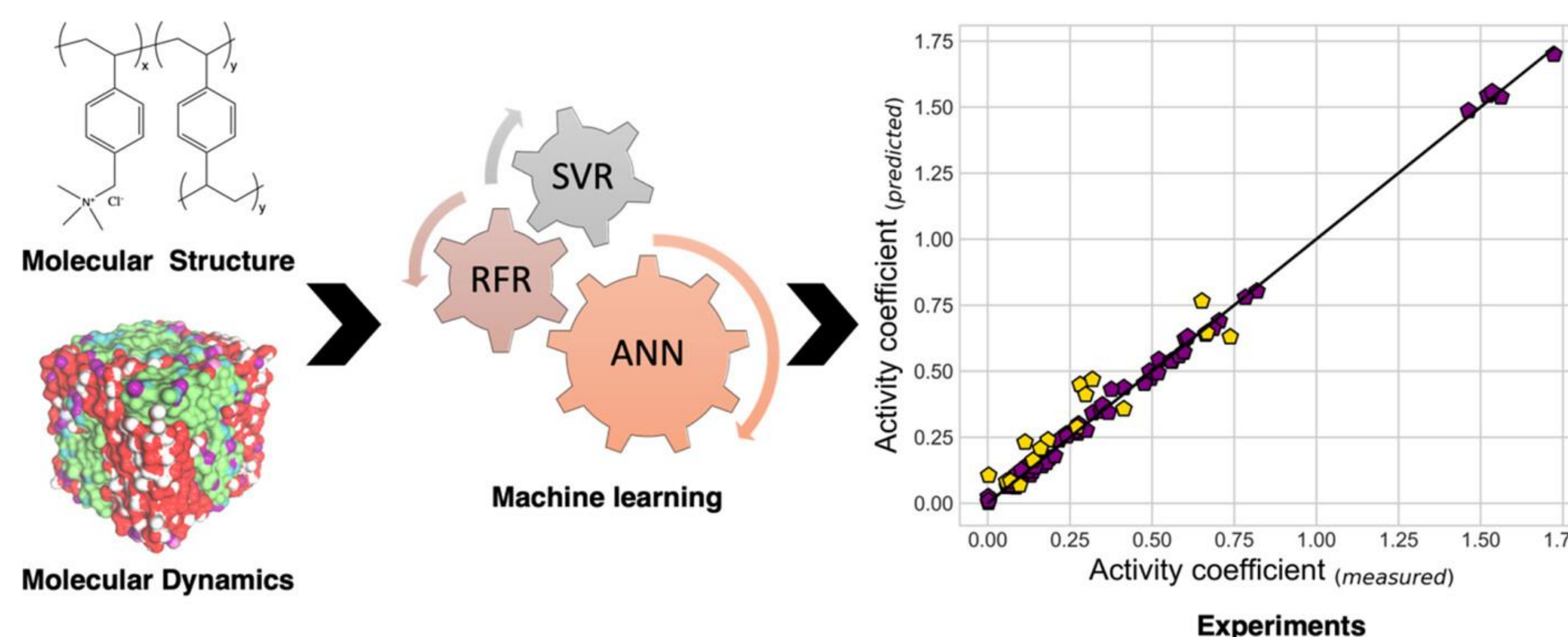


Molecular Dynamics (MD)

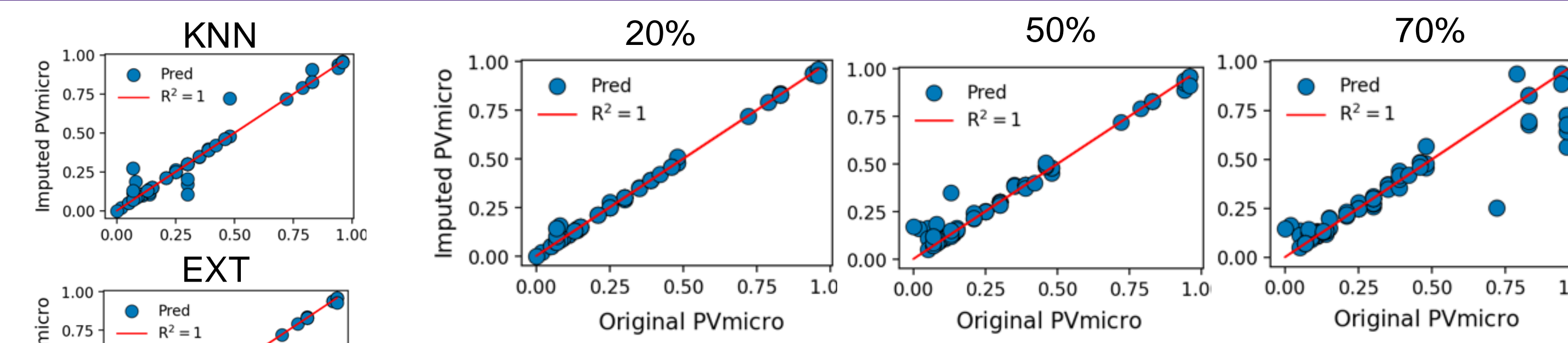
## Modeling of ion transport in membranes



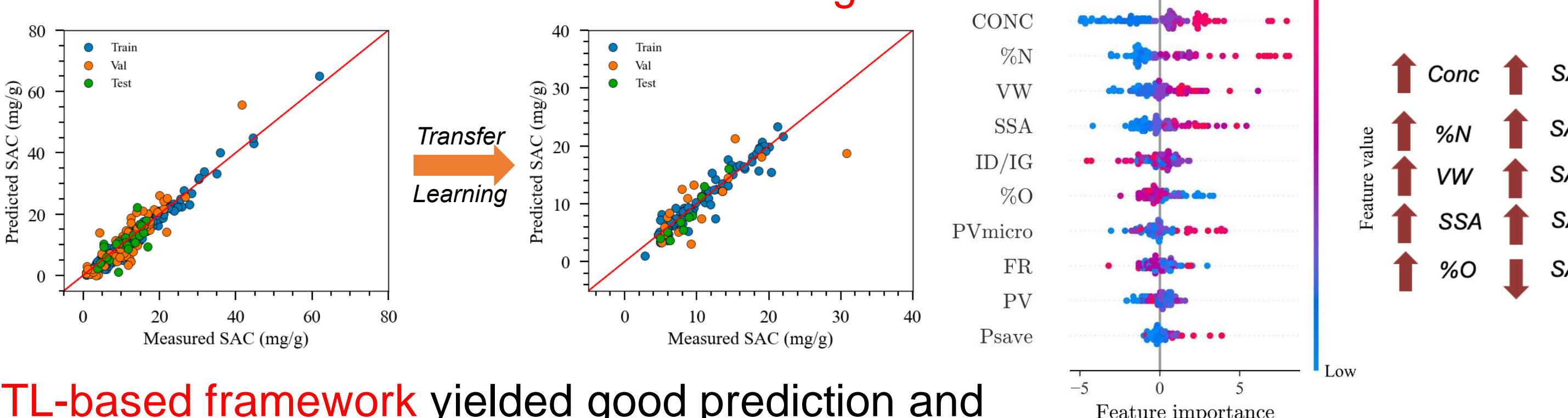
- Membrane structure & ion type impacts ion transport.
- Interest in ionic transport models applicable across different ionic systems.
- MD showed most counterions in (block or random) are inside the first solvation shell.
- Herein, combining MD and experiment can improve ion transport modeling.



## Missing data in Data-driven modeling



- Incomplete data hampers ML development in CDI.
- Imputation and data augmentation are solutions but could lead to inaccurate models.
- Proposed 'ImputeNet' to resolve inaccuracy in model with transfer learning.

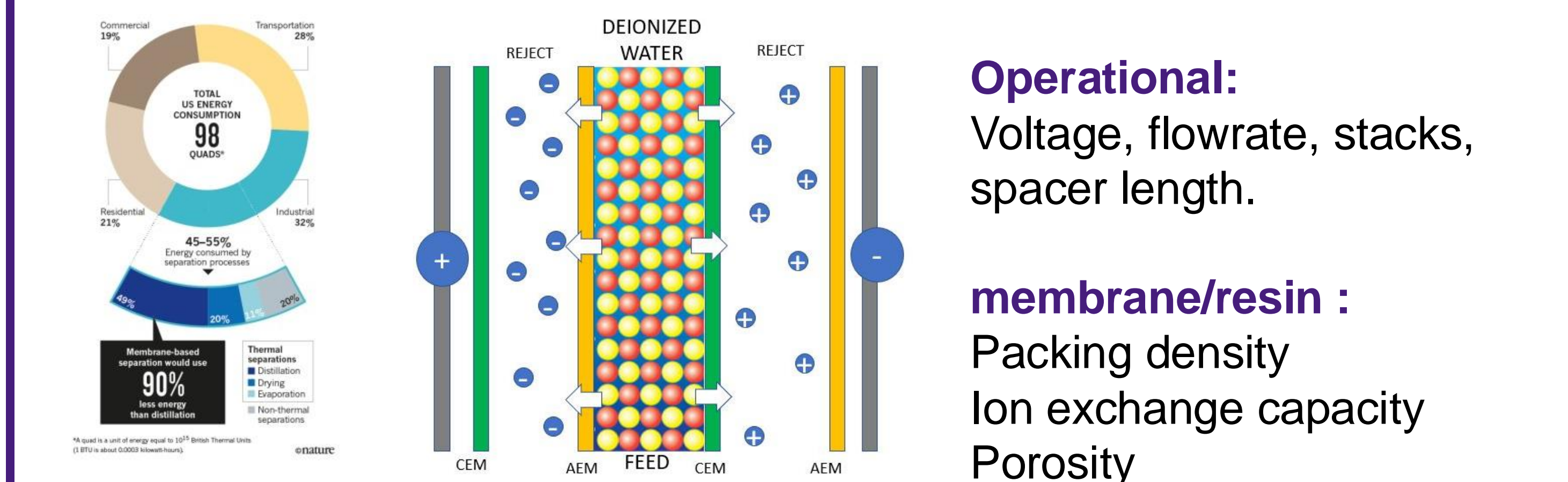


TL-based framework yielded good prediction and discovered new adsorption capacity with >200 mg/g.

## Ongoing Works

- Physics-Informed Machine Learning for Electrochemical Separation.
- Investigating real-time control of electrochemical separation with reinforcement learning.

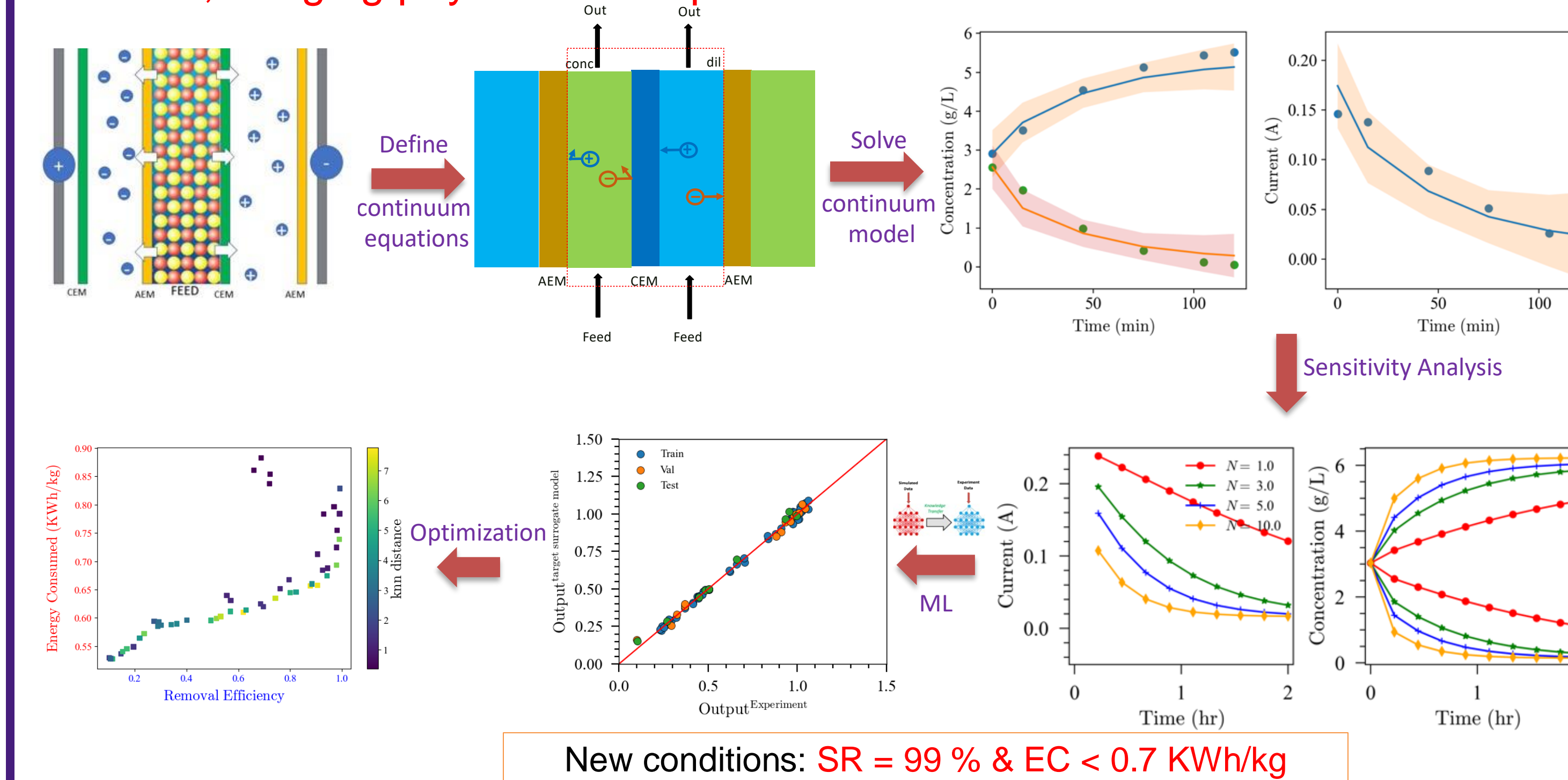
## Discovering Energy Efficient Separation



Operational:  
Voltage, flowrate, stacks, spacer length.

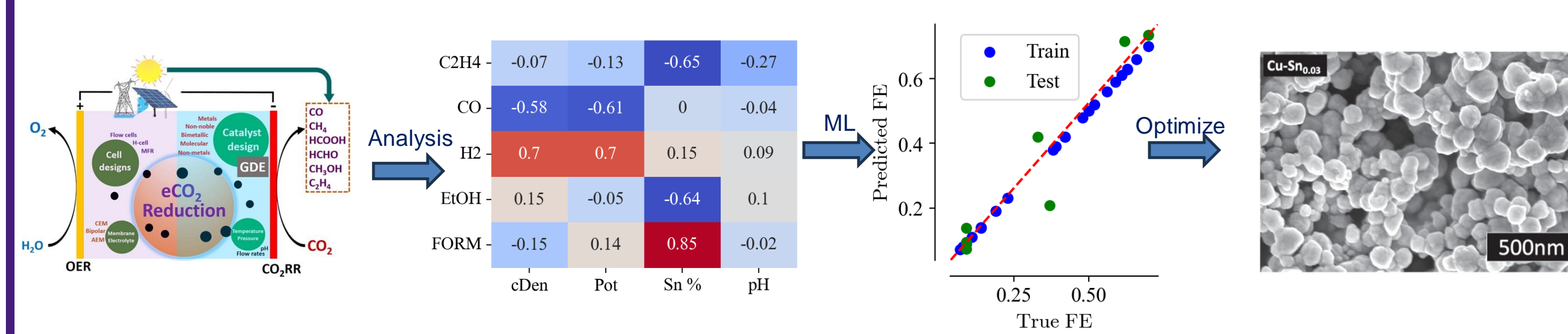
membrane/resin :  
Packing density  
Ion exchange capacity  
Porosity

- Searching for best condition is expensive.
- Limited dataset & no data-driven optimization strategy.
- Herein, bridging physics and experiment with ML discovered novel conditions.



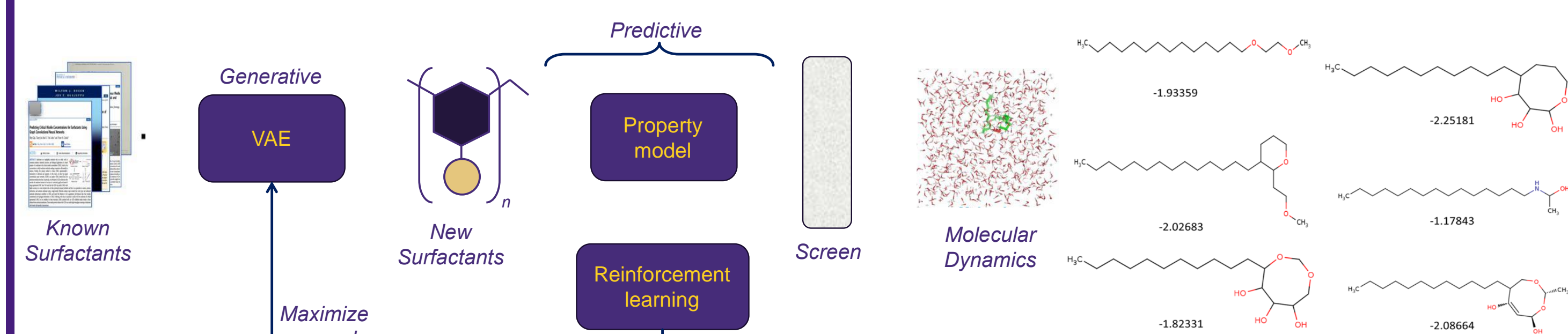
New conditions: SR = 99 % & EC < 0.7 KWh/kg

## Electrochemical CO<sub>2</sub> conversion



Novel framework yielded experimentally verifiable optimized conditions with 55% C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH FE, which surpasses experimental approach (~48%).

## Tailored Molecular Design



Novel stable molecules verified with MD simulation were discovered.

## Skillsets

