



Adapted from material by Philipp Koehn

Machine Translation

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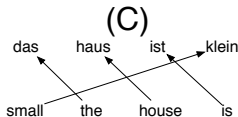
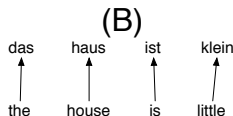
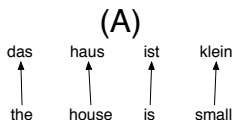
WORD-BASED MODELS

Example

<i>das</i>		<i>Haus</i>		<i>ist</i>		<i>klein</i>	
<i>e</i>	<i>t(e f)</i>	<i>e</i>	<i>t(e f)</i>	<i>e</i>	<i>t(e f)</i>	<i>e</i>	<i>t(e f)</i>
<i>the</i>	0.7	<i>house</i>	0.8	<i>is</i>	0.8	<i>small</i>	0.4
<i>that</i>	0.15	<i>building</i>	0.16	<i>'s</i>	0.16	<i>little</i>	0.4
<i>which</i>	0.075	<i>home</i>	0.02	<i>exists</i>	0.02	<i>short</i>	0.1
<i>who</i>	0.05	<i>household</i>	0.015	<i>has</i>	0.015	<i>minor</i>	0.06
<i>this</i>	0.025	<i>shell</i>	0.005	<i>are</i>	0.005	<i>petty</i>	0.04

$$p(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{a} | \mathbf{f}) =$$

$$\frac{\epsilon}{(l_f + 1)^{l_e}} \prod_{j=1}^{l_e} t(e_j | f_{a(j)})$$



Example

Example

A)

$$\frac{1.0}{(4+1)^4} \cdot .7 \cdot .8 \cdot .8 \cdot .4$$

Example

B)

Example

B)

$$\frac{1.0}{(4+1)^4} \cdot .7 \cdot .8 \cdot .8 \cdot .4 = 0.000287 \quad (1)$$

Example

C)

Example

C)

$$\frac{1.0}{(4+1)^4} \cdot .7 \cdot .8 \cdot .8 \cdot .4 = 0.000287 \quad (1)$$

Example

D)

Example

D)

$$\frac{1.0}{(4 + 1)} \cdot .7 \cdot .8 \cdot .8 \cdot .4 = 0.14 \quad (1)$$