

PHYSICALLY BASED RENDERING

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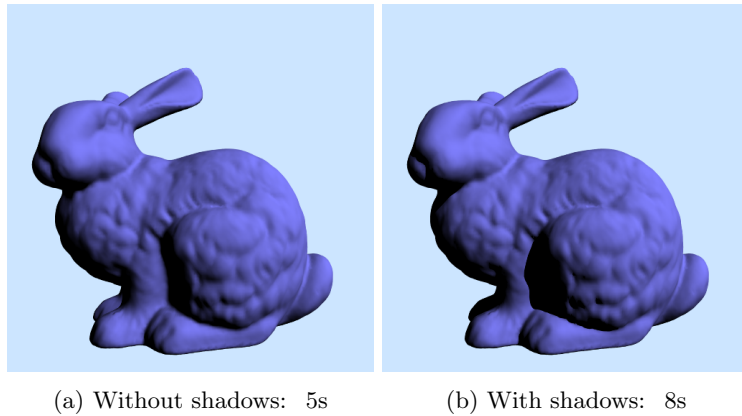


Figure 1: Bunny.obj, Tris: 69451, 36 samples, 1 directional light, Lambertian shader

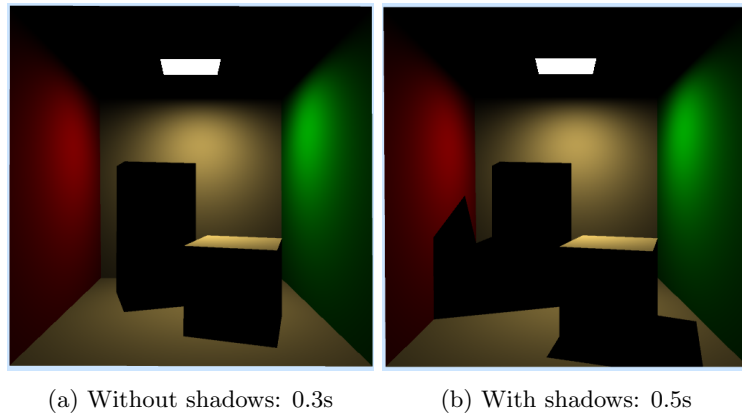


Figure 2: Cornellbox.obj and CornellBlocks.obj, Tris: 36, 4 samples, 1 area light, Lambertian shaders

1 Report Exercise 1

- Implemented a directional light with shadows
- Implemented an area light with shadows

Listing 1 : Directional.cpp

```

1 bool Directional::sample(const Vec3f& pos, Vec3f& dir, Vec3f& L)
  const
2 {
3     dir = -light_dir;
4     L = emission;
5
6     // test for shadow
7     Ray shadowRay(pos, -light_dir);
8     bool inShadow = false;
9
10    if (shadows)
11        inShadow = tracer->trace(shadowRay);
12
13    return !inShadow;
14 }

```

Listing 2 : Lambertian.cpp

```

1 Vec3f Lambertian::shade(Ray& r, bool emit) const
2 {
3     Vec3f rho_d = get_diffuse(r);
4     Vec3f result(0.0f);
5
6     // temp light direction and radiance
7     Vec3f lightDirection, radiance;
8     for (std::vector<Light*>::const_iterator it = lights.begin(); it
9         != lights.end(); it++)
10    {
11        if ((*it)->sample(r.hit_pos, lightDirection, radiance))
12        {
13            // output of Lambertian BRDF
14            Vec3f f = rho_d * M_1_PIf;
15
16            // directional light radiance
17            // f - scattered light radiance, radiance - current light
18            // radiance, last term: cosine cut off at 0
19            result += f * radiance * std::max(dot(r.hit_normal,
20                lightDirection), 0.0f);
21        }
22    }
23
24    return result + Emission::shade(r, emit);
25 }

```

Listing 3 : AreaLight.cpp

```

1 bool AreaLight::sample(const Vec3f& pos, Vec3f& dir, Vec3f& L)
  const
2 {
3     // Get geometry info
4     const IndexedFaceSet& geometry = mesh->geometry;
5     const IndexedFaceSet& normals = mesh->normals;
6
7     // averaged light position
8     Vec3f lightPosition = Vec3f(0.0f);
9     // averaged normals
10    Vec3f lightNormal = Vec3f(0.0f);
11    // emission summed up from all faces
12    Vec3f emission = Vec3f(0.0f);

```

```

14 // iterate over all faces
15 for (int i = 0; i < geometry.no_faces(); i++)
16 {
17     // get the center of the face
18     Vec3i face = geometry.face(i);
19     Vec3f v0 = geometry.vertex(face[0]);
20     Vec3f v1 = geometry.vertex(face[1]);
21     Vec3f v2 = geometry.vertex(face[2]);
22     Vec3f faceCenter = v0 + (v1 - v0 + v2 - v0) * 0.5f;
23
24     // combine light position
25     lightPosition += faceCenter;
26
27     // average normals
28     lightNormal += (normals.vertex(face[0]) + normals.vertex(face
29         [1]) + normals.vertex(face[2])) / 3;
30
31     // add emission
32     emission += mesh->face_areas[i] * get_emission(i);
33 }
34
35 // average light position
36 lightPosition /= geometry.no_faces();
37
38 lightNormal.normalize();
39
40 // get light direction and distance to light
41 Vec3f lightDirection = lightPosition - pos;
42 float lightDistance = length(lightDirection);
43
44 // set area light direction, normalize
45 dir = lightDirection / lightDistance;
46
47 // set radiance
48 L = emission * std::max(dot(-dir, lightNormal), 0.0f) / (
49     lightDistance * lightDistance);
50
51 // trace for shadows
52 bool inShadow = false;
53 if (shadows)
54 {
55     Ray shadowRay(pos, dir);
56     shadowRay.tmax = lightDistance - 0.1111f;
57     inShadow = tracer->trace(shadowRay);
58 }
59
60 return !inShadow;
61 }

```