Probing_Upper_Left

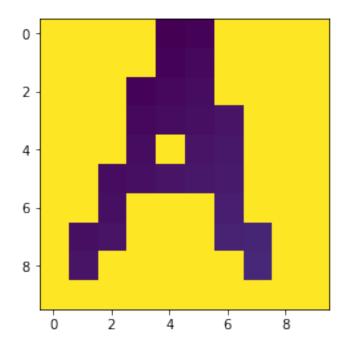
October 23, 2019

0.1 Probing_Upper_Left Scanning Example

Our function on the image will be very simple: if the value we see in the corresponding row is 0 then the value on the pixel is 100, if the value is 1 then the value is the x1 coordinate.

```
[3]: | ## Importing all the notebooks
[4]: import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import scipy
    from scipy import ndimage
    import PIL
    from persim import plot_diagrams
    from ripser import ripser, lower_star_img
    import csv
    import persim as pm
[5]: from numpy import genfromtxt
    import numpy as np
    # read in file of letters
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    letters = genfromtxt('letters.csv', delimiter=',') # take first letter
    letter_one_line=letters[0,:]
    # initialize matrix of size 10x10 with all values 100
    letter=np.full((10, 10), 100)
    # convert one line letter to 10x10 matrix replacing zeros with 100
    for k in range(1,101):
        if letter_one_line[k] == 1.0:
                row=int((k-1)/10)
                column=(k-1)\%10
                letter[row,column]=k\%10 + int((k-1)/10)
    print(letter.shape)
    print(letter)
    plt.imshow(letter)
    plt.show()
```

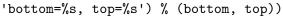
```
(10, 10)
[[100 100 100 100
                    6 100 100 100 100]
[100 100 100 100
                    7 100 100 100 100]
                 6
[100 100 100
             6
                 7
                    8 100 100 100 100]
[100 100 100
                    9 10 100 100 100]
             7
                 8
[100 100 100
             8 100 10
                      11 100 100 100]
             9 10 11 12 100 100 100]
[100 100
[100 100
          9 100 100 100 13 100 100 100]
[100
      9 10 100 100 100 14 15 100 100]
[100 10 100 100 100 100 10 16 100 100]
```

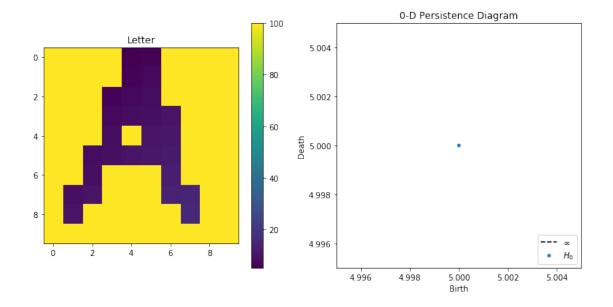


```
[6]: dgm = lower_star_img(letter)
    print(dgm)
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
    plt.subplot(121)
    plt.imshow(letter)
    plt.colorbar()
    plt.title("Letter")
    plt.subplot(122)
    plot_diagrams(dgm)
    plt.title("0-D Persistence Diagram")
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

[[5. inf]]

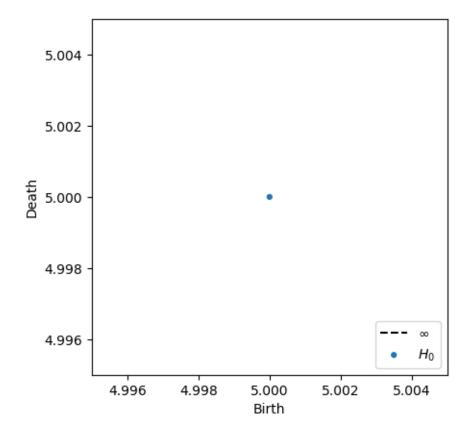
```
/Users/enzo/anaconda2/lib/python2.7/site-packages/matplotlib/axes/_base.py:3152:
UserWarning: Attempting to set identical left==right results
in singular transformations; automatically expanding.
left=5.0, right=5.0
  'left=%s, right=%s') % (left, right))
/Users/enzo/anaconda2/lib/python2.7/site-packages/matplotlib/axes/_base.py:3471:
UserWarning: Attempting to set identical bottom==top results
in singular transformations; automatically expanding.
bottom=5.0, top=5.0
```





```
[7]: dgm = lower_star_img(letter)
    print(dgm.shape)
    print(dgm)
    plot_diagrams(dgm)
   plt.show()
```

(1, 2)[[5. inf]]



[]: