SOFT8026 - Data-driven Microservices Assignment 1 Form

Instructions

Please complete the following form and include in the zip file you submit. Include screenshots / images in the appendices below the form.

Which dataset (e.g. from Kaggle) did you use (provide a download link)?

Dataset: https://www.kaggle.com/thiagoazen/all-pokemon-with-stats

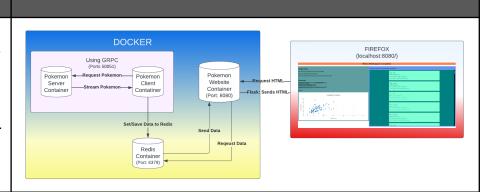
Briefly describe the data in the file and some of the columns you chose to analyse:

While this is only around 900 long I chose this as analyzing it was more interesting to be me. I worked out that it would still have roughly 9 minutes of data being streamed to do a rolling average.

I cleaned the data by removing any version of the pokemon with a mega evolution and then removed that column. I chose to analyze the types, health points and attack of the pokemon.

Discussion of Architecture

Put a diagram of your architecture opposite (e.g. paste an image); indicate the microservices, integration endpoints, messages being sent, etc.



Why did you opt for the microservices you did? You could address topics from the lectures, e.g. bounded contexts, independent pipelines, etc.

A **Server container**, which does some mild data clean up and randomizes the pokemon and then it waits for a **grpc** request.

A **client container** that will request that data from the server and decode the grpc response. I've set this to only happen once instead of continuously for demonstration purposes.

The client then analyses that data and saves the results to a **redis container** that can be asynchronously accessed.

The **Website container** uses flask to build and render the website, when firefox checks port 8080, flask will then request the relevant data that's stored by redis, render/combine the html template with the analytics and send it back to firefox to display.

I used redis as it proved to be an easier to implement system to sit between the website and the analytics client, it also functions asynchronously as the client is constantly sending it new data to store, but the website container only requests data on refresh it then gets the most up to date data on refresh.

This then means that you could have multiple **scalable website containers** to deal with large amounts of web traffic etc.

Checklist of

Delete as appropriate

requirements completed	
Do you have a Dockerfile	YES
per microservice that you	
have created?	
Do you have a gRPC	YES
proto file with a service,	
rpcs and messages for	
each microservice?	
Do you have your	YES
Dockerfiles and other	
microservice files (python	
scripts, requirements.txt,	
etc) in separate folders?	
Do you have a functioning	YES
Docker Compose file?	
Are you streaming data,	YES
simulating real-time	
throughout?	
Do you have 4 pieces of	YES
analytics calculated,	
including a	
window-on-data (e.g.	
rolling 3-minute window)?	VEO (II a. ta seferali a a casa de)
Are you displaying live	YES (It auto refreshes every 15 seconds)
analytics on a web page?	
Any other comments,	I set up the website to also link to the pekedey website so that you can see
e.g. anything you want	I set up the website to also link to the pokedex website so that you can see what type of pokemon I'm referring to as I didn't recognise many of the
to highlight that could otherwise be missed by	names of newer pokemon and found I was googling them out of interest. E.g.
the marker?	The toughest pokemon or anyone that grabs your attention.
me marker:	5 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	I would have also liked to retrieve images from the website but the images
	don't use a predictable https link like the pokemon specific pages do.

Appendix – Screenshot(s) of your application running (e.g. Log output as it starts up, any log output as it runs, any web pages, etc.)

pokemon_client_1 | Requesting Pokemon pokemon_client_1 | Sending Analytics

```
pokemon_website_1 | * Serving Flask app 'pokemon_website' (lazy loading)

pokemon_website_1 | * Environment: production

pokemon_website_1 | WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.

pokemon_website_1 | * Debug mode: on

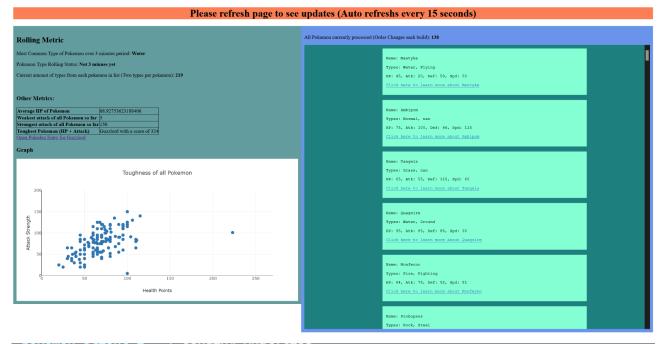
pokemon_website_1 | * Running on all addresses.

pokemon_website_1 | * Running on http://172.23.0.5:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)

pokemon_website_1 | * Restarting with stat

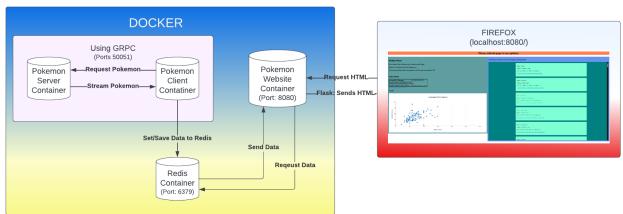
pokemon_website_1 | * Debugger PIN: 470-909-174
```

pokemon_server_1 | Recieved -> RequestPokemon: 1



pokemon_website_1 | Recieved Analytics
pokemon_website_1 | 172.23.0.1 - - [20/Mar/2022 21:55:05] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -





Name: Furfrou

Types: Normal, nan

HP: 75, Atk: 80, Def: 60, Spd: 102

Click here to learn more about Furfrou



Rolling Metric

Most Common Type of Pokemon over 3 minutes period: Water

Pokemon Type Rolling Status: Rolling has started

Current amount of types from each pokemon in list (Two types per pokemon): 538

Other Metrics:

Average HP of Pokemon	68.87757437070938
Weakest attack of all Pokemon so far	5
Strongest attack of all Pokemon so far	181
Toughest Pokemon (HP + Attack)	Guzzlord with a score of 324

Open Pokedex Entry for Guzzlord

Graph

