CS264 Laboratory Session 6

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21th November 2016

Deadline: Solutions to be submitted by 5pm 30^{th} November 2017.

1 Lab objectives

In this lab you will continue designing and implementing some classes in C++ that use inheritance. Further to this you will also use polymorphism invoke behaviours over a group of different concrete classes derived from the same abstract base class.

Finally you will implement some generic functions and develop some programs using containers from the STL.

Reference: C++ in the Lab: Lab Manuals to Accompany C++ How to Program 4ed. Chapter 9. Direly, Deitel & Nieto. Prentice Hall, NJ.

Learning Outcomes

Having completed this lab you will be able to create inheritance hierarchies in C++ and use polymorphism to avoid complicate selection statements. You will also be able to write simple generic functions and classes. You will also be able to use a subset of containers provided by the STL and use iterators to access elements in a container independent fashion.

2 Questions:

For each of the problems given below write a C++ program that provides a solution. Each box provides a filename to use (or in certain cases multiple filenames). Please ensure that you use those filenames. Failure to do so can result in loss of marks. You should include a comment at the top of each source file with your full name followed by your surname, the latter in capital letters (e.g., Edgar GALVAN) and student number (if you have one).

Step 0.1: For this week's exercises you should create eclipse projects for each exercise. Each project should be checked into a subdirectory of a top level directory called Lab6. Be sure to commit at least after each exercise with appropriate commit messages.

Remember:

- Add source files to subversion and to commit changes regularly.
- All commits should be accompanied by messages that would allow a lecturer or demonstrator to understand the purpose of the commit.
- Comment your code.

2 QUESTIONS:

• Use proper indentation for function and control structures.

Exercise 1.1: On the course website you will find a link to code to be downloaded for this lab. You should download this code and unpack it to its own directory. Next create an Eclipse project in that directory. This project should automatically import the .cpp and .h files

The code provides a partial implementation of a Vehicle hierarchy. Your task is to apply polymorphism to this hierarchy. From the existing code develop an *abstract* base class that includes the vehicle's name, colour, number of doors, number of cylinders, transmission type and fuel level. Add a member function named horn that displays the sound made by the Vehicle's horn. The print member functions and the horn member function should both be virtual functions; horn should be a pure virtual function. Classes Taxi and Truck should both be derived from Vehicle.

Complete the driver to test the class hierarchy. This driver instantiates one object of type Taxi and one object of type Truck. Insert those objects into a "container" – a vector of base-class pointers. For each object in the vector, call virtual functions horn and print.

Exercise 1.2: Rewrite the driver program such that all the Taxi and Truck objects are create dynamically (i.e. using new). Remember to delete these objects before the program terminates.

Exercise 1.3: Modify the program to include a new ParkingLot class. A header file for this class is included in the download from the previous exercise (i.e. your task is to provide the implementation file, ParkingLot.cpp). This class should use a vector of Vehicless to store each vehicle parked. Modify the driver program to place 10 Vehicles in the parking lot. Modify the for loop to honk the horn and to display information about each Vehicle.

Exercise 1.4: Review the notes from the course on creating template functions. Based on this write a template function, **print**, that takes as input an array and a variable that gives the number of elements in the array. The function should then step through the array printing out each element and separating the elements by a single space. The function should use templates in that the type of the array should be a template. You should provide a driver function that demonstrates the function on an array of doubles and an array of strings.

2 QUESTIONS:

Exercise 1.5: Add a second print function that takes as input a single STL container. The function should perform the same function, printing out each element of the container. To do this it should use a const_iterator (which is essentially just an iterator where you can't change the object to which it points).

Note: This exercise requires you to deal with a idiosyncrasy of C++ related to how it figures out what a templated name actually refers to. (For those interested in the details you should have a look at the explanation at this link.) In short the issue will cause the following function to cause an error:

```
template <typename T>
void foo(vector<T> v){
  vector<T>::iterator i; //ERROR: compiler can't determine this is a typename
}

To fix this issue you have to explicitly tell the compiler that the iterator is a type as
follows:
template <typename T>
void foo(vector<T> v){
  typename vector<T>::iterator i; //All is good again!
}
```