Project 2

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1 ER Diagram
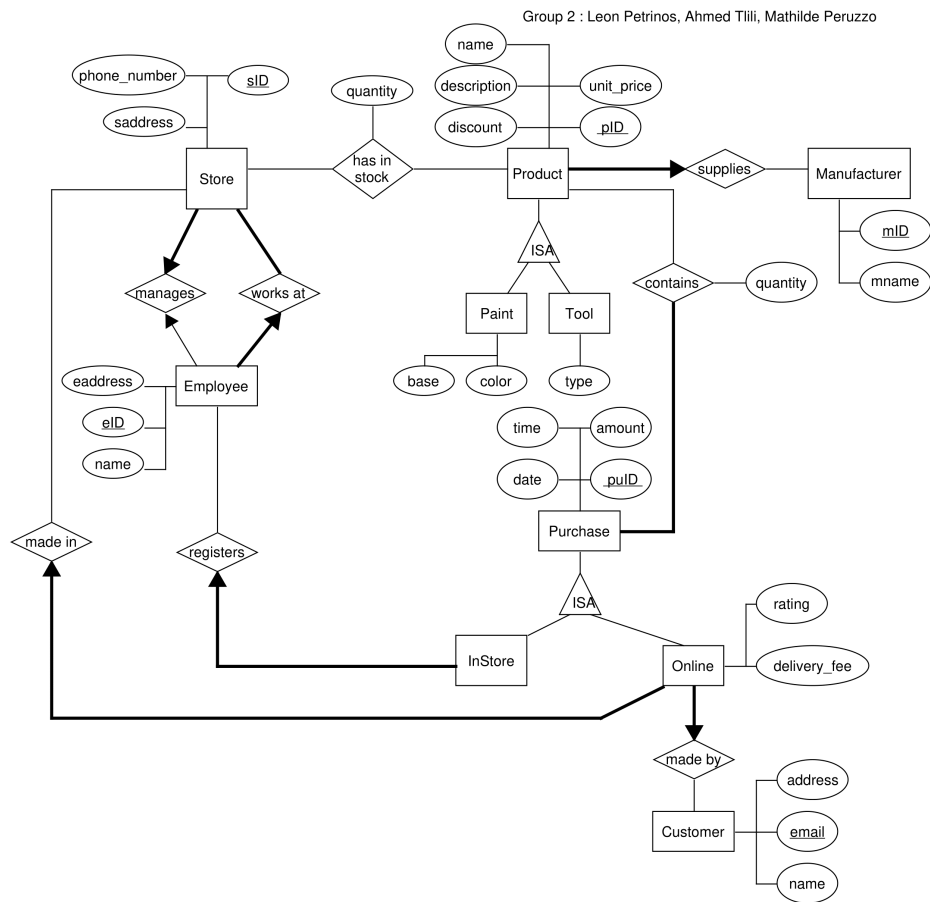

Figure 1: ER Diagram

2 Relational Schema

- **Store**(s_id, s_address, phone_number, manager_id UNIQUE NOT NULL)
  FOREIGN KEY(manager_id) REFERENCES Employee(employee_id)

- **Employee**(e_id, e_name, s_id)
  FOREIGN KEY(s_id) REFERENCES Store(s_id)

- **Manufacturer**(m_id, m_name)

- **Product**(p_id, p_name NOT NULL, unit_price NOT NULL, description, discount_percentage, m_id NOT NULL)
  FOREIGN KEY(m_id) REFERENCES Manufacturer(m_id)

- **Paint**(p_id, base, color)
  FOREIGN KEY(p_id) REFERENCES Product(p_id)

- **Tool**(p_id, type)

- **Has_in_stock**(p_id, s_id, quantity NOT NULL CHECK(quantity ≥ 0))
  FOREIGN KEY(p_id) REFERENCES Product(p_id)
  FOREIGN KEY(s_id) REFERENCES Store(s_id)

- **Customer**(email, c_name, c_address NOT NULL)
  PRIMARY KEY(email)

- **Purchase**(p_id, amount NOT NULL, p_date NOT NULL, p_time NOT NULL)

- **Contains_purchase**(p_id, product_id, quantity NOT NULL CHECK(quantity ≥ 0))
  FOREIGN KEY(p_id) REFERENCES Purchase(p_id)
  FOREIGN KEY(product_id) REFERENCES Product(p_id)

- **Instore**(p_id, e_id)
  FOREIGN KEY(p_id) REFERENCES Purchase(p_id)
  FOREIGN KEY(e_id) REFERENCES Employee(e_id)

- **Online**(p_id, rating CHECK(rating ≥ 0 AND rating ≤ 5 OR rating IS NULL), delivery_fee NOT NULL, email NOT NULL)
  FOREIGN KEY(p_id) REFERENCES Purchase(p_id)
  FOREIGN KEY(email) REFERENCES Customer(email)

3 Pending Constraints

- A store should have at least one employee. (TODO: might not be correct as a every store should have a manage which will work there as well)

- A purchase should have at least one product.

- Cannot have store manager_id referencing a row in the Employee table.
  As here we have two tables referencing each other (STORE, EMPLOYEE).
  One of them has to drop the foreign key constraint.

4 SQL Queries

Query 1

(a) List the id and address of every store with the respective quantities of the products (with p_id = 3) they have in stock.

(b)
```
SELECT STORE.s_id, s_address, COALESCE(quantity, 0) AS
        quantity
FROM STORE
LEFT JOIN HAS_IN_STOCK
ON STORE.s_id = HAS_IN_STOCK.s_id AND HAS_IN_STOCK.p_id = 3
ORDER BY STORE.s_id ASC;
```

(c)

```
db2 =>          SELECT STORE.s_id, s_address, COALESCE(quantity, 0) AS quantity
          FROM STORE
          LEFT JOIN HAS_IN_STOCK
          ON STORE.s_id = HAS_IN_STOCK.s_id AND HAS_IN_STOCK.p_id = 3
          ORDER BY STORE.s_id ASC;
db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) =>
S_ID        S_ADDRESS                                         QUANTITY
----------- ------------------------------------------------- -----------
          1 9301 Leopard St                                            0
          2 456 Oakwood Dr                                           180
          3 789 Maple Ave                                              0
          4 321 Pine St                                              195
          5 654 Cedar Ln                                               0
          6 987 Birch Rd                                             180
          7 159 Elm St                                               205
          8 753 Walnut Blvd                                            0

  8 record(s) selected.
```

Figure 2: Query 1 result

Query 2

(a) List the total amount of money spent by each customer in the store with id = 1.
Output should include the customer's email and the total amount of money spent.

(b)
SELECT CUSTOMER.email, **COALESCE**(**SUM**(amount), 0) **AS**
    total_amount
FROM CUSTOMER
LEFT JOIN ONLINE **ON** CUSTOMER.email = ONLINE.email
LEFT JOIN PURCHASE **ON** ONLINE.p_id = PURCHASE.p_id
LEFT JOIN STORE **ON** ONLINE.s_id = STORE.s_id
GROUP BY CUSTOMER.email
ORDER BY email **ASC**;

(c)

```
db2 =>          SELECT CUSTOMER.email, COALESCE(SUM(amount), 0) AS total_amount
          FROM CUSTOMER
          LEFT JOIN ONLINE ON CUSTOMER.email = ONLINE.email
          LEFT JOIN PURCHASE ON ONLINE.p_id = PURCHASE.p_id
          LEFT JOIN STORE ON ONLINE.s_id = Sdb2 (cont.) => TORE.s_id
          GROUP BY CUSTOMER.email
          ORDER BY email ASC;
db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) =>
EMAIL                                           TOTAL_AMOUNT
----------------------------------------------- -----------------------------------
david.miller@example.com                                                     238.87
emily.jones@example.com                                                       66.46
james.white@example.com                                                        0.00
jane.smith@example.com                                                         0.00
john.doe@example.com                                                           0.00
karen.martin@example.com                                                       0.00
lisa.brown@example.com                                                        66.45
mark.johnson@example.com                                                       0.00
michael.wilson@example.com                                                    88.45
susan.davis@example.com                                                        0.00

  10 record(s) selected.
```

Figure 3: Query 2 result

Query 3

(a) List the id of the biggest in-store purchase made by each store.
Output should include the store id, address and the purchase amount.

(b)
```
SELECT STORE.s_id, s_address, COALESCE(MAX(amount), 0) AS
    max_purchase_amount
FROM STORE
LEFT JOIN EMPLOYEE ON STORE.s_id = EMPLOYEE.s_id
LEFT JOIN INSTORE ON EMPLOYEE.e_id = INSTORE.e_id
LEFT JOIN PURCHASE ON INSTORE.p_id = PURCHASE.p_id
GROUP BY STORE.s_id, s_address
ORDER BY STORE.s_id ASC;
```

(c)

```
db2 =>        SELECT STORE.s_id, s_address, COALESCE(MAX(amount), 0) AS max_purchase_amount
        FROM STORE
        LEFT JOIN EMPLOYEE ON STORE.s_id = EMPLOYEE.s_id
        LEFT JOIN INSTORE ON EMPLOYEE.e_id = INSTORE.e_id
        LEFT JOIN PURCHASE ON INSTORE.p_id = PURCHASE.p_id
        GROUP BY STORE.s_id, s_address
        ORDER BY STORE.s_id ASC;
db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) =>
S_ID      S_ADDRESS                                       MAX_PURCHASE_AMOUNT
----------- ----------------------------------------------- -------------------
          1 9301 Leopard St                                               44.47
          2 456 Oakwood Dr                                               107.45
          3 789 Maple Ave                                                 90.95
          4 321 Pine St                                                   97.45
          5 654 Cedar Ln                                                 105.93
          6 987 Birch Rd                                                   0.00
          7 159 Elm St                                                     0.00
          8 753 Walnut Blvd                                                0.00

  8 record(s) selected.
```

Figure 4: Query 3 result

Query 4

(a) List the id and address of every store and the corresponding money ever spent at that store.

(b)
```
WITH TEMP_INSTORE AS (
SELECT STORE.s_id, s_address, COALESCE(SUM(amount), 0) AS
    total_amount
    FROM STORE
    LEFT JOIN EMPLOYEE ON STORE.s_id = EMPLOYEE.s_id
    LEFT JOIN INSTORE ON EMPLOYEE.e_id = INSTORE.e_id
    LEFT JOIN PURCHASE ON INSTORE.p_id = PURCHASE.p_id
    GROUP BY STORE.s_id, s_address
),
TEMP\_ONLINE AS (
    SELECT STORE.s_id, s_address, COALESCE(SUM(amount), 0) AS
        total_amount
    FROM STORE
    LEFT JOIN ONLINE ON STORE.s_id = ONLINE.s_id
    LEFT JOIN PURCHASE ON ONLINE.p_id = PURCHASE.p_id
    GROUP BY STORE.s_id, s_address
)
SELECT TEMP_INSTORE.s_id, TEMP_INSTORE.s_address,
```

4

```
        TEMP_INSTORE.total_amount + TEMP_ONLINE.total_amount AS
            total_amount
    FROM TEMP_INSTORE
    LEFT JOIN TEMP_ONLINE ON TEMP_INSTORE.s_id = TEMP_ONLINE.s_id
    ORDER BY TEMP_INSTORE.s_id ASC;
```

(c)

```
db2 =>    WITH TEMP_INSTORE AS (
      SELECT STORE.s_id, s_address, COALESCE(SUM(amount), 0) AS total_amount
      FROM STORE
      LEFT JOIN EMPLOYEE ON STORE.s_id = EMPLOYEE.s_id
      LEFT JOIN INSTORE ON EMPLOYEE.e_id = INSTORE.e_id
      LEFT JOIN PURCHASE ON INSTORE.p_id = PURCHASE.p_id
      GROUP BY STORE.s_id, s_address
    ),
    TEMP_ONLINE AS (
      SELECT STORE.s_id, s_address, COALESCE(SUM(amount), 0) AS total_amount
      FROM STORE
      LEFT JOIN ONLINE ON db2 (cont.) => STORE.s_id = ONLINE.s_id
      LEFT JOIN PURCHASE ON ONLINE.p_id = PURCHASE.p_id
      GROUP BY STORE.s_id, s_address
    )
    SELECT TEMP_INSTORE.s_id, TEMP_INSTORE.s_address, TEMP_INSTORE.total_amount + TEMP_ONLINE.total_amount AS total_amount
db2 (cont.) =>    FROM TEMP_INSTORE
  db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) =
> db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) =>  LEFT JOIN TEMP_ONLINE ON TEMP_INSTORE.s_id
= TEMP_ONLINE.s_id
    ORDER BY TEMP_INSTORE.s_id ASC;
db2 (cont.) =>
S_ID       S_ADDRESS                                        TOTAL_AMOUNT
---------- ------------------------------------------------ ------------------------------------
         1 9301 Leopard St                                                            110.92
         2 456 Oakwood Dr                                                             195.90
         3 789 Maple Ave                                                              157.41
         4 321 Pine St                                                                279.86
         5 654 Cedar Ln                                                               162.39
         6 987 Birch Rd                                                                 0.00
         7 159 Elm St                                                                   0.00
         8 753 Walnut Blvd                                                              0.00

  8 record(s) selected.
```

Figure 5: Query 4 result

Query 5

(a) List the Paint products that are in that are in maximum quantity in the store with id = 1. List the product id, name and quantity.

(b)
```
WITH TEMP AS (
    SELECT PRODUCT.p_id, p_name, COALESCE(quantity, 0) AS
        quantity
    FROM PAINT
    LEFT JOIN PRODUCT ON PRODUCT.p_id = PAINT.p_id
    LEFT JOIN HAS_IN_STOCK ON PRODUCT.p_id = HAS_IN_STOCK.p_id
    WHERE HAS_IN_STOCK.s_id = 1
    ORDER BY quantity DESC
)
SELECT p_id, p_name, quantity
FROM TEMP
WHERE quantity = (SELECT MAX(quantity) FROM TEMP);
```

(c)

```
db2 =>        WITH TEMP AS (
          SELECT PRODUCT.p_id, p_name, COALESCE(quantity, 0) AS quantity
          FROM PAINT
          LEFT JOIN PRODUCT ON PRODUCT.p_id = PAINT.p_id
          LEFT JOIN HAS_IN_STOCK ON PRODUCT.p_id = HAS_IN_STOCK.p_id
          WHERE HAS_IN_STOCK.s_id = 1
          ORDER BY quantity DESC
        )
        SELECT p_id, p_name, quantity
        FROM TEMP
        WHERE quantity = (SELECT MAX(quantity) FROM TEMP);
db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (
cont.) => db2 (cont.) =>
P_ID       P_NAME                                          QUANTITY
---------- ----------------------------------------------- -----------
         4 Sunset Orange                                        300

  1 record(s) selected.
```

Figure 6: Query 5 result

5 SQL Modifications

Mod 1

(a) Temporarily increase the price of products that where manufactured by the manufacturer with name that ends with "Industries" by 10%.

(b)
```
UPDATE PRODUCT
SET unit_price = unit_price * 1.1
WHERE m_id IN (
    SELECT m_id
    FROM MANUFACTURER
    WHERE m_name LIKE '%Industries'
);
```

(c)

```
db2 =>        UPDATE PRODUCT
        SET unit_price = unit_price * 1.1
        WHERE m_id IN (
            SELECT m_id
            FROM MANUFACTURER
            WHERE m_name LIKE '%Industries'
        );
db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => DB20000I  The SQL command completed
 successfully.
```

Figure 7: Mod 1 result

Mod 2

(a) Merge two manufacturers with the id1 = 1 and id2 = 2 into a new manufacturer with name "m_name1-m_name2".

(b)
```
-- Step 1: Insert a new manufacturer with the combined name
INSERT INTO MANUFACTURER (m_id, m_name)
SELECT MAX(m_id) + 1,
        (SELECT m_name FROM MANUFACTURER WHERE m_id = 1) || '-'
            || (SELECT m_name FROM MANUFACTURER WHERE m_id = 2)
FROM MANUFACTURER;

-- Step 2: Update products to assign the new manufacturer (
    with new m_id)
UPDATE PRODUCT
SET m_id = (SELECT MAX(m_id) FROM MANUFACTURER)
WHERE m_id IN (1, 2);
```

```
— Step 3: Delete the old manufacturers
DELETE FROM MANUFACTURER WHERE m_id IN (1, 2);
```

(c)


```
db2 =>        -- Step 1: Insert a new manufacturer with the combined name
       INSERT INTO MANUFACTURER (m_id, m_name)
       SELECT MAX(m_id) + 1,
              (SELECT m_name FROM MANUFACTURER WHERE m_id = 1) || '-' || (SELECT m_name FROM MANUFACTURER WHERE m_id = 2)
       FROM MANUFACTURER;

       -- Step 2: Update products to assign the new manufacturer (with new m_id)
       UPDATE PRODUCT
       SET m_id = (SELECT MAX(m_id) FROM MANUFACTURER)
       WHERE m_id IN (1, 2);

       -- Step 3: Delete the old manufacturers
       DELETE FROM MANUFACTURER WHERE m_id IN (1, 2);
db2 => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => DB20000I  The SQL command completed successfully.
db2 => db2 => db2 => db2 (cont.) => db2 (cont.) => DB20000I  The SQL command completed successfully.
db2 => db2 => db2 => DB20000I  The SQL command completed successfully.
```

Figure 8: Mod 2 result