

MARKING GUIDELINE

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE FLUID MECHANICS N6

5 August 2021

This marking guideline consists of 6 pages.

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QUESTION 1

1.1 1.1.1
$$\rho = 1.1 \times 1000 \sqrt{}$$

= 1 100 kg/m³ $\sqrt{}$ (1)

1.1.2
$$m = \frac{D}{4}$$

= $\frac{0.152}{4}$ \checkmark
= 0.038 m \checkmark (2)

1.1.3 The diameter 'x' of the biggest pipe if the total friction head in the $hf_T = \left(\frac{flQ^2}{3d^5}\right)_1 + \left(\frac{flQ^2}{3d^5}\right)_2 \checkmark$ $20 = \frac{0.01 \times 8 \times 0.193^2}{3 \times 0.152^5} \checkmark + \frac{0.025 \times 10 \times 0.193^2}{3 \times 5} \checkmark$

x = 209,142 mm

= 1,283 m√

OR

$$V_{1} = \frac{0.193 \times 4}{\pi \times 0.152^{2}} = 10,636 \text{ m/s} \sqrt{10}$$

$$V_{2} = \frac{0.193 \times 4}{\pi \times x^{2}} = \frac{0.246}{x^{2}} \sqrt{10}$$

$$\text{hf}_{T} = \left(\frac{4f l v^{2}}{3g d}\right)_{1} + \left(\frac{4f l v^{2}}{2g d}\right)_{2}$$

$$20 = \frac{4 \times 0.01 \times 8 \times 10,636^{2}}{2 \times 9.81 \times 0.152} \checkmark + \frac{0.01 \times 10 \times (0.246 / x^{2})^{2}}{2 \times 9.81 \times 0.152} \checkmark$$

$$x = 208,232 \text{ mm} \checkmark$$
(4)

1.1.4.
$$V_2 = \frac{0.193 \times 4}{\pi \times 0.209142^2}$$
 OR $V_2 = \frac{0.193 \times 4}{\pi \times 0.208232^2}$
= 5,618 m/s \checkmark = 5,667

= 5,618 m/s ✓ = 5,667 m/s ✓
$$h_{I} = \frac{(v_{1} - v_{2})^{2}}{2g}$$

$$h_{I} = \frac{(10,636 - 5,618)^{2}}{2 \times 9,81} \checkmark \qquad h_{I} = \frac{(10,636 - 5,667)^{2}}{2 \times 9,81} \checkmark$$

= 1,258 m✓

(3)

-3-FLUID MECHANICS N6

1.1.5.
$$\frac{Pr_{1}}{\rho g} + \frac{v_{1}^{2}}{2g} + Z_{1} = \frac{Pr_{2}}{\rho g} + \frac{v_{2}^{2}}{2g} + Z_{2} + \frac{(v_{1} - v_{2})^{2}}{2g} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{Pr_{1}}{1100 \times 9,81} + \frac{10,636^{2}}{2 \times 9,81} = \frac{Pr_{2}}{1100 \times 9,81} + \frac{5,618^{2}}{2 \times 9,81} + 1,283 \checkmark$$

$$Pr_{1} - Pr_{2} = -31,015 \text{ kPa} \checkmark$$

$$\text{alternatively}$$

$$Pr_{2} - Pr_{1} = 31,015 \text{ kPa} \checkmark$$

$$\text{Alternatively}$$

$$\frac{Pr_{1}}{\rho g} + \frac{v_{1}^{2}}{2g} + Z_{1} = \frac{Pr_{2}}{\rho g} + \frac{v_{2}^{2}}{2g} + Z_{2} + \frac{(v_{1} - v_{2})^{2}}{2g} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{Pr_{1}}{1100 \times 9,81} + \frac{10,636^{2}}{2 \times 9,81} = \frac{Pr_{2}}{1100 \times 9,81} + \frac{5,667^{2}}{2 \times 9,81} + 1,258 \checkmark$$

$$Pr_{1} - Pr_{2} = -30,979 \text{ kPa} \checkmark$$

$$\text{alternatively}$$

$$Pr_{2} - Pr_{1} = 30,979 \text{ kPa} \checkmark$$

$$(3)$$

1.2
$$\left(\frac{f l Q^2}{3 d^5}\right)_1 = \left(\frac{f l Q^2}{3 d^5}\right)_2$$

$$\left(\frac{0,01 \times Q^2}{(0,152)^5}\right)_1 = \left(\frac{0,025 \ Q^2}{(0,209142)^5}\right)_2 \checkmark$$

$$Q_2 = 1,405 \ Q_1 \dots \dots \dots (1) \text{ alternatively } Q_1 = 0,712 \ Q_2 \dots \dots (1) \checkmark$$

$$0,193 = 1,405 \ Q_1 + Q_1 \text{ alternatively } 0,193 = 0,712 \ Q_2 + Q_2 \checkmark$$

$$Q_1 = 0,0803 \ \text{m}^3/\text{s}\checkmark$$

$$Q_2 = 0,113 \ \text{m}^3/\text{s}\checkmark$$

$$(5)$$

1.3 1.3.1
$$h_{f} = \frac{4 f l v^{2}}{2g d}$$

$$= \frac{4 x 0,03 x 100 x 2,1^{2}}{2 x 9,81 x 0,1} \checkmark$$

$$= 26,972 \text{ m} \checkmark$$
(2)

1.3.2
$$C = \sqrt{\frac{2g}{f}} \qquad m = \frac{d}{4} \qquad A = \frac{\pi}{4} d^{2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 9.81}{0.03}} \checkmark \qquad = \frac{0.1}{4} \checkmark \qquad = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.2)^{2} \checkmark$$

$$= 25.573 \checkmark \qquad = 0.025 \text{ m} \qquad = 7.854 \times 10^{-3} \checkmark$$

$$2.1 = 25.573 \sqrt{0.025 \times i} \checkmark$$

$$i = 0.2697$$

$$\frac{h_{f}}{L} \checkmark = 0.2697$$

$$h_{f} = 26.972 \text{ m} \checkmark \qquad (7)$$
[27]

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-4-FLUID MECHANICS N6

QUESTION 2

2.2.
$$A = \frac{1}{2} \pi R^2 = 1,571 R^2 \qquad \text{alternatively} \qquad A = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi x D^2}{4} \right) = 0,393 D^2 \checkmark$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2} (2\pi R) = 3,142 R \qquad \text{alternatively} \qquad P = \frac{1}{2} (2\pi D) = 3,142 D \checkmark$$

$$m = \frac{1,571 R^2}{3.142 R} = 0,5 R \qquad \text{alternatively} \qquad m = \frac{0,393 D^2}{3.142 D} = 0,25 D \checkmark$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{3}{4000} = 7,5 \times 10^{-4} \checkmark$$

Q =
$$AC\sqrt{mi}$$

20 = 1,571 R² × $50\sqrt{0.5R \times 7.5 \times 10^{-4}}$

OR 20 =
$$(0.393D^2 \times 50)$$
 $\sqrt{0.25D \times 7.5 \times 10^{-4}}$ \checkmark
R = 2,803 m **OR** D = 5,605 m R = $\frac{5,605}{2}$ = 2,803 m \checkmark (7)

2.3
$$Q = C_d \times \frac{8}{15} \sqrt{2g} \tan \frac{\theta}{2} H^{2,5} \checkmark$$

$$= 0.7 \times \frac{8}{15} \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81} \tan \frac{90}{2} \times 0.899^{2,5} \checkmark$$

$$= 1,267 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \checkmark$$
(3)

2.4 2.4.1
$$h = \frac{P}{\rho g}$$

$$= \frac{480}{9.81} \sqrt{1}$$

$$= 48,93 \text{ m} \sqrt{1}$$

$$V = Cv\sqrt{2gh}$$

$$= 0.97\sqrt{2} \times 9.81 \times 48.93 \sqrt{1}$$

$$= 30,054 \text{ m/s} \sqrt{1}$$
(3)

2.4.2
$$F = PA$$

= $480 \times 10^{3} \times \frac{\pi}{4} (0.04)^{2} \checkmark$
= $603.186 \text{ N} \checkmark$ (2)

2.4.3 Force on the bolt = (Preassure x Area of pipe) – (Force exerted by nozzle) =
$$450 \times 10^3 \times \frac{\pi}{4} (0.3)^2 - 603.186$$
 = 33,326 kN \checkmark (2)

[25]

QUESTION 3

3.1 3.1.1 Q = va = ALSEN/60

$$v = \left(\frac{0.13}{0.09}\right)^{2} x \ 0.35 \ x \ 1 \ x \ 2 \ x \ \frac{75}{60} \checkmark$$

$$= 1,826 \ \text{m/s} \checkmark$$

$$h_{f} = \frac{4 \ f \ l v^{2}}{2 \ g d}$$

$$= \frac{4 \ x \ 0.007 \ x \ (80-4) \ x \ 1.826^{2}}{2 \ x \ 9.81 \ x \ 0.09} \checkmark$$

$$= 4,0165 \ \text{m} \checkmark$$

$$H_{pre} = H_{at} + h_{d} + h_{fd} \checkmark$$

$$= 10,4 + 42 + 4,0165 \checkmark$$

$$= 56,417 \ \text{m} \checkmark$$
(7)

3.1.2
$$h_{a} = \frac{4}{9,81} x \left(\frac{0,13}{0,09}\right)^{2} x \left(\frac{2\pi x 75}{60}\right)^{2} x \frac{0,35}{2} \checkmark$$

$$= 9,184 \text{ m}\checkmark$$

$$H_{pre} = H_{at} + h_{d} - h_{a}$$

$$= 10,4 + 42 - 9,184\checkmark$$

$$= 43,216 \text{ m}\checkmark$$
(4)

3.2 3.2.1
$$Q_{th} = \text{ALSEN/60}$$

 $= \frac{\pi}{4} 0.15^2 \times 0.4 \times 3 \times 1 \times \frac{50}{60} \checkmark$
 $= 0.01767 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \checkmark$
 $\% \text{ slip} = \frac{Q_{th} - Q_A}{Q_{th}} \times 100$
 $5 = \frac{0.01767 - Q_A}{0.01767} \times 100 \checkmark$
 $Q_A = 0.0168 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \checkmark$ (4)

3.2.2
$$P = \frac{\rho g Q H}{\eta}$$

$$= \frac{10^{3} x \, 9,81 \, x \, 0,0168 \, x \, 900}{0,92} \checkmark$$

$$= 161,109 \, \text{kW} \checkmark$$
(2)

3.3 3.3.1
$$Q = a \times V_{fo}$$

 $0,15 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times d^2 \times 2\checkmark$
 $d = 309,019 \text{ mm}\checkmark$
 $Q = a \times V_{fo}$
 $0,15 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times d^2 \times 3\checkmark$
 $d = 252,313 \text{ mm}\checkmark$ (4)

3.3.2
$$N = \frac{total\ head}{head/stage} \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{400}{150} \checkmark$$

$$= 2,667 \text{ say 3 stages} \checkmark$$
(3)

3.3.3
$$P = \frac{\rho g Q H_{total}}{\eta} \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{10^{3} x \, 9.81 \, x \, 0.15 \, x \, 400}{0.8} \checkmark$$

$$= 735,75 \, \text{kW} \checkmark$$
(3)

QUESTION 4

4.1.1
$$V_{1} = \frac{0.34 \times 4}{\pi \times 0.3^{2}} \checkmark = 4.81 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$$

$$V_{2} = \frac{0.34 \times 4}{\pi \times D_{2}^{2}} \checkmark = \frac{0.433}{D_{2}^{2}} \text{ m/s} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{Pr_{1}}{\rho g} + \frac{v_{1}^{2}}{2g} + Z_{A} \cdot H_{e} = \frac{Pr_{2}}{\rho g} + \frac{v_{2}^{2}}{2g} + Z_{2}$$

$$\frac{166}{9.81} + \frac{4.81^{2}}{2 \times 9.81} + 2 - 23 \checkmark = \frac{-60}{9.81} + \frac{9.552 \times 10^{-3}}{D_{2}^{4}} + 0 \checkmark$$

$$D_{2}^{4} = 2.9592 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$D = 233.431 \text{ mm} \checkmark$$

$$(7)$$

4.1.2 Power =
$$\rho gQH_e$$

= $10^3 \times 9.81 \times 0.34 \times 23\checkmark$
= $76.714 \text{ kW}\checkmark$ (2)

4.2 4.2.1
$$V_i = C_v \sqrt{2gh}$$

 $= 0.97 \sqrt{2} \times 9.81 \times 400 \checkmark$
 $= 85.931 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$
For maximum efficiency
 $U_i = 0.5 \text{ V}_i$
 $= (0.5 \times 85.931) \checkmark$
 $= 42.966 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$
 $N = \frac{60 \text{ U}_i}{\pi D}$
 $= \frac{60 \times 42.966}{\pi \times 1.6} \checkmark$
 $= 512.864 \text{ r/min} \checkmark$ (6)

4.2.2
$$\eta = \frac{U}{gh} (V - U)(1 + n\cos\theta) \times 100\%$$
$$= \frac{42,966}{9,81 \times 400} (85,931 - 42,966)(1 + 0,85\cos 14^{0}) \times 100\%$$
$$= 85,845 \% \checkmark \tag{2}$$

4.2.3 Q = VA
= 85,931 ×
$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$
 (0,2)² \checkmark
= 2,6996 m³/s \checkmark
 $P_{out} = \rho QU (V - U)(1 + nCos\theta)$
= 10³ × 2,6996 × 42,966 (85,931 – 42,966)(1 + 0,85Cos14⁰) \checkmark
= 9,094 MW \checkmark (4)

TOTAL: 100